

# Markets of the World

## Breadstuffs

Toronto, May 6.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.24 1/2; No. 2 Northern, \$2.21 1/2; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17 1/2; No. 4 wheat, \$2.11 1/2, in store, Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 78% c; No. 3 CW, 70% c; extra No. 1 feed, 70% c; No. 1 feed, 68% c; No. 2 feed, 65% c, in store Fort William.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, \$1.06 1/2; No. 4 CW, \$1.00 1/2; rejected, 94c; feed 94c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.77; No. 4 yellow, \$1.74, nominal, track Toronto, prompt shipment.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 72 to 74c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, \$2.14 to \$2.20; No. 2 do, \$2.11 to \$2.19; No. 3 do, \$2.07 to \$2.15, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Spring, \$2.09 to \$2.17; No. 2 do, \$2.06 to \$2.14; No. 3 do, \$2.02 to \$2.10, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Pass—No. 2, \$2.05, nominal, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, 98c to \$1.03, nominal.

Backwheat—No. 2, \$1.15, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, \$1.68, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, \$11, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, \$9.55 to \$9.75, in bags, Toronto and Montreal, prompt shipment in jute bags.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights included. Bran, \$42 per ton; shorts, \$44 per ton; good feed flour, \$2.65 to \$2.75 per bag.

Hay—No. 1, \$23 to \$28 per ton; mixed, \$20 to \$24 per ton, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, \$10 to \$11 per ton.

## Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Dairy, tubs and rolls, 33 to 40c; prints, 40 to 42c. Creamery, fresh made prints, 58 to 60c.

Eggs—New laid, 43 to 45c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, 20 to 34c; roasters, 25c; fowl, 30 to 32c; ducklings, 32c; turkeys, 45c; squabs, 40c.

Live poultry—Roasters, 22c; fowl, 28 to 32c; ducklings, 1b, 35c; turkeys 35c; chickens, 27c.

Wholesalers are seeking to the retail trade at the following prices:

Cheese—New York, 28c; Swiss, 29c; Stilton, 29c to 30c; old, large, 31 to 32c, twin, 32 to 32 1/2c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 50 to 52c; creamery, 48c to 50c; prints, 62 to 64c.

Margarine—54 to 57c.

Eggs—New laid, 47 to 48c; new laid in cartons, 48 to 50c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, 40 to 45c; spring chickens, 75 to 80c; turkeys, 25 to 30c; fowl, 27 to 28c; ducks, 15 to 16c; ducklings, 1b, 35 to 38c; squabs, doz, \$7, gross, 28 to 30c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 60 to 65c.

Poultry—Ontario, fresh, track Toronto, car lots, \$1.70 to \$1.75; on track outside, \$1.60 to \$1.65.

Beans—Can., hand-picked, bus., \$4.25 to \$4.60; primes, \$3 to \$3.25; Imported, hand-picked, Burma or India, \$4.00; Lima, \$3.75.

Honey—Extracted clover, 15 lb. tin, 25 to 26 1/2c; 10 lb. tin, 24 1/2 to 25c; 5 lb. tin, 21 to 22c; buckwheat, 60 lb. tin, 19 to 20c. Comb, 16 oz., \$4.50 to \$5.00; 10 oz., \$3.50 to \$4.00.

Maple products—Syrup, per imperial gallon, \$2.45 to \$2.50; per 5 imperial gallons, \$2.35 to \$2.40; sugar, 1b, 27c.

## Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium 37 to 38c; do, heavy, 33 to 34c; cooked, 52 to 54c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 43 to 47c; backs, plain, 45 to 47c; boneless, 52 to 55c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 29 to 30c; clear bellies, 28 to 29c.

Lard—Pure tierces, 32 to 32 1/2c; tubs, 32 1/2 to 33c; pails, 32 1/2 to 33 1/2c; prints, 33 1/2 to 34c. Compound tierces, 26 to 26 1/2c; tubs, 26 1/2 to 27c; pails, 27 1/2 to 28c; prints, 27 1/2 to 28c.

## Live Stock Markets

Toronto, May 6.—Good heavy steers, \$14.50 to \$15.50; choice butcher steers, \$14 to \$14.25; butchers' cattle, choice, \$13.50 to \$14; do, good \$13 to \$13.50; do, med, \$12 to \$12.50; do, com., \$10.25 to \$10.75; bulls,

## choice, \$11.75 to \$12.50; do, med, \$10.50 to \$11; do, rough, \$8 to \$8.50; butchers' cows, choice, \$12 to \$13; do, good, \$10.50 to \$11.50; do, med, \$9.25 to \$10; do, com., \$8 to \$8.50; stockers, \$8.75 to \$12; feeders, \$12 to \$13.50; canners and cullers, \$5 to \$6.75; milkers, good to choice, \$90 to \$160; do, com. and med., \$65 to \$75; springers, \$90 to \$160; light ewes, \$12 to \$15; yearlings, \$12 to \$14; choice lambs, \$18.50 to \$20; spring lambs, \$12 to \$15; calves, good to choice, \$14 to \$15; hogs, fed and watered, \$22.25; do, weighed off cars, \$22.50; do, f.o.b., \$21.25.

## MONTECAL, MAY 6.—Choice select hogs, \$22 per cwt., off cars. Calves, \$7 to \$11 per cwt. Steers, \$11 to \$18.50, according to quality. Butcher cattle, \$7.50 to \$12.

## HOLLAND WILL GIVE UP THE EX-KAISER

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—The Dutch newspapers, excepting one thus far have not commented on the proposal to try former Emperor William of Germany. The exception is the Telegraaf, which in an editorial, says the extradition of the one-time Emperor will not conflict with Holland's national right of sanctuary.

## THE EX-KAISER, SAYS THE NEWSPAPER, "WOULD NOT BE PROSECUTED BECAUSE OF HIS INTENTION TO PLACE DEUTSCHLAND UNDER ALLIES, BUT ON ACCOUNT OF ACTIONS WHICH PLUNGED THE WORLD INTO MISERY AND A REPETITION OF WHICH WOULD BE CONTRARY TO THE VITAL INTERESTS OF THE DUTCH PEOPLE."

## PASSED DEMARCATION LINE BY MORE THAN SIX MILES

A despatch from Vienna says:—Seventeen thousand Jugo-Slav troops Monday night attacked Carinthian troops, numbering 4,000, in the sectors of Arnoldstein, Villach, Rosenbach and Rainer, and passed the demarcation line fixed by the Armistice Commission by six miles. The Jugo-Slavs Wednesday crossed the Drave River at several points and cut the line to Arnoldstein and Klagenfurt, preventing communication by German-Austria and Italy.

## GERMAN SHIPS TO BE DISTRIBUTED AMONG ALLIES

A despatch from Paris says:—The German fleet is not to be destroyed, but it will be distributed. Final decision has just been reached on this point. Great Britain, which at first was inclined to oppose the plan for the elimination of the German craft as war machines, shifted its position and came to the support of France and Italy, which had desired the partition of the craft among the allies. The American peace delegation opposed the plan of destruction from the first.

## GERMAN UNDERSEAS CABLES ARE SPOILS OF WAR

A despatch from Paris says:—David Lloyd George, Premier Clemenceau and President Wilson have settled the question of the German undersea cables. The decision was reached that the cables were spoils of war and belong to those powers which took possession of them.

## Great Britain to Exchange Prisoners With Bolsheviks

A despatch from London says:—The British Government announces that the Bolshevik Government has made a proposal to exchange the members of the British military mission to the caucus for certain Russian subjects now in the hands of the British Government. It is also announced that negotiations are proceeding for the exchange of all British prisoners in the hands of the Bolsheviks.

## STATUS OF KIEL CANAL HAS BEEN FINALLY SETTLED

A despatch from Paris says:—The Council of Three to-day settled the status of the Kiel Canal. Germany probably will retain proprietorship of the waterway but tolls for passage through it will be levied under international control.

## TWO BILLION FRANCES TO GO TO BELGIUM

A despatch from Paris says:—The Belgians have asked the Council of Three for a first advance of two billion francs on their share of the German indemnity, according to French circles, and it appears that they have received definite and satisfactory assurances.



"SOAKED" without knowing it is the condition of the man who boycotts his HOME TOWN. He SUFFERS, whether he KNOWS it or NOT. Every time he sends his money away he knocks a shingle off his neighbor's roof and two off his OWN. Start this habit ONCE, and it grows—and grows—and grows. Home values begin to suffer, and, after a while, DOWN comes the DELUGE. But OUR duty is clear. Our COMMUNITY'S duty—by all the rules of humanity and brotherhood—is to put this man WISE—by all the rules of humanity and brotherhood—is to put this man WISE. If we FAIL to point out the way, our community goes BACKWARD. Saying nothing, doing nothing, is NOT progress. Progress calls for ACTION. Let us then declare the TRUTH.

## FROM SUNSET COAST

What the Western People are Doing.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Calgary School Board will spend half a million dollars this year.

Purcher Creek is going to enforce its curfew by-law.

## Palace Along Lake Geneva As Permanent Seat of League

A despatch from Geneva says:—A palace for the permanent seat of the League of Nations will be constructed on one of several beautiful sites along Lake Geneva near the city. In the meantime the city authorities will place the Palais Eynard, near the University, at the disposition of the delegates.

## Losses Imposed on Germany by Terms of Allies

A despatch from Paris says:—The terms presented to Germany include a loss of seventy per cent. of her iron ore, a third of her coal deposits, twenty per cent. of her potash, and between 7,400,000 and 8,000,000 of her pre-war population.

## Do Not Want Canadians To Volunteer for Russia

London, May 2.—No applications are being considered from Canadians of any rank for duty with the British forces operating in Russia.

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## TRANS-OCEAN FLIGHT STILL DELAYED

Mid-Ocean Winds Still Unfavorable to Waiting Airmen

St. John's, Nfld., May 4.—Harry G. Hawker and Capt. Frederick P. Raynham, the British aviators contending for first honors in a transatlantic flight to the Irish coast, were compelled to postpone their "hop off" again to-day when meteorological reports from mid-ocean in face of perfect flying conditions here, once more showed adverse winds and weather far at sea.

Official prediction of rain for England for the next two days was received here, and is accepted as indicating a delay of more than forty-eight hours.

## LONDON GREET'S OVERSEAS TROOPS

King George Reviewed 11,000 Soldiers From Dominions.

London, May 4.—Residents of the West End of London turned out in force yesterday to welcome 11,000 overseas troops, who marched through the main streets and were reviewed by King George at Buckingham Palace. Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Newfoundland were represented among the troops. Every arm of the overseas armies was represented in the parade, while famous Canadian airmen flew overhead.

General Currie of the Canadian army, with his Staff, including Prince Arthur of Connaught, headed the procession. Each unit was headed by Commanding Officers and their staffs. The parade was one of the many demonstrations designed to announce the coming of peace. Thousands viewed the parade, and special facilities were provided for children.

## ANOTHER ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF CLEMENCEAU

Paris, May 4.—Another attempt against Premier Clemenceau apparently has been frustrated by the arrest of a nineteen-year-old youth who was seized near the entrance of Clemenceau's home. The youth, whose name is Cornillon, was carrying a stick and had in his possession anarchist literature. He declared that he did not want to kill the Premier, but desired only to make a "gesture."

## May Be Another Week Yet Before Germans Get Treaty

London, May 4.—It is not improbable that the peace treaty will not be ready for presentation to the Germans before the end of the week, says Reuter's Paris correspondent, owing to the fact that several questions remain unsettled and also because the actual writing of the document is taking more time than had been anticipated.

## Roumanian and Czech Forces Make Further Advance

Copenhagen, May 4.—The Roumanians on Friday effected a crossing of the Theis River at Szolnok and Tiszapolgar, according to advices from Budapest. Miskolcz, 90 miles north-east of Budapest, has been evacuated.

## Do Not Want Canadians To Volunteer for Russia

London, May 2.—No applications are being considered from Canadians of any rank for duty with the British forces operating in Russia.

## CANADA BARS "UNDESIRABLES"

Order-in-Council Prohibits Immigration of Doukhobors, Mennonites and Hutterites.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Until further order, immigration of Doukhobors, Hutterites and Mennonites is prohibited. An order-in-council to this effect was signed by the Governor-General on Thursday. It was passed under the provisions of the existing Immigration Act which gives authority to this end.

The order recites that "owing to conditions prevailing as a result of the war, a widespread feeling exists throughout the Dominion, and more particularly in western Canada, that steps should be taken to prevent the entry into Canada of all persons who may be regarded as undesirable because, owing to their peculiar customs, habits, modes of living and methods of holding property, they are not likely to become readily assimilated or to assume the duties and responsibilities of Canadian citizenship within a reasonable time."

The order adds that numerous representations have been received that Doukhobors, Hutterites and Mennonites are of this class and character.

## FRENCH ACE FONCK CHAMPION OF AIR

Canadian Aviator, Lieut. Col. Wm. Bishop, Comes Second.

London, May 4.—The Air Ministry has decided that so far as can be ascertained the champion British aviator of the war was the late Major Edward Mannock. Lieut. Col. William A. Bishop, the Canadian aviator, who won the Victoria Cross, comes next. Major Mannock brought down 73 enemy machines and Lieut. Col. Bishop 72. Of all the allies, Lieutenant Rene Fonck, the French ace, holds the record with 78.

The late Baron Richthofen, of German circus fame, claimed to hold the world's record for the number of machines he had destroyed, but the Germans worked on a different system respecting official confirmation of each victory, and his record has not been confirmed.

Major Mannock was born in India of British parents, thirty years ago, and was considered the greatest aerial tactician the Royal Air Force produced. Among his awards was the War Medal of the Aero Club of America. He was finally shot down by fire from the ground.

## FORESTS TO BE PLANTED

England is Preparing for Task at Cost of \$17,000,000.

Two hundred thousand acres of forest land in Great Britain are to be replanted at a cost, for planting and maintenance the first ten years, of \$17,000,000, according to an announcement by the government. The trees will replace some of the heavy timber cut down during the war and provide additional forests, so that the country may be independent of other timber sources in cases of emergency.

## GERMANY MAY JOIN LEAGUE AT EXPIRATION OF ONE YEAR

A despatch from London says:—The Reuter correspondent at Paris says it is expected that Lord Robert Cecil will be appointed British member of the organizing committee of the League of Nations, and that Germany will be admitted to the League after a period of probation, probably one year.

## AUSTRIAN AND HUNGARIAN PEACE DELEGATES NOTIFIED

Paris, May 4.—The Council of Three has invited the Austrian and Hungarian peace delegates to come to Versailles next week to receive the peace terms relating to their respective countries, Reuter's correspondent is informed.

## NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

## Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commerce of the World

In future the Army Chaplains Department will be designated the Royal Army Chaplains Department.

All restrictions have been withdrawn regarding the sale and manufacture of farm and dairy implements.

Additional trains are being run to Scotland and the north, but no hope is held out for the reduction of fares.

The sum of £500,000 has been placed by Sir Ernest Cassel in the hands of London trustees, for educational purposes.

The Ministry of Supply is now considering the disposal of £1,000,000,000 worth of surplus Government stores now in the country.

The Postmaster-General has promised increased postal deliveries and other facilities shortly.

The bands of London Park will remain under private management, but will be sanctioned and subsidized by the London County Council.

The citizens of Hartlepool are asking for the removal of the three German guns stationed there, on the ground that they are a nuisance.

The British Wholesale Co-operative Society has agreed to lend £100,000 to the Belgian Society, without interest.

Sir Arthur Yapp has received from the King a cheque for £100 for Y.M.C.A. work abroad.

Sir Arthur Evans has given to the British Museum the collection of ancient Celtic coins collected by his late father.

Ernest Gaston, of Middleborough, was fined £5 for wasting food by throwing an egg on the fire.

The new principal medical officer of the Local Government Board, London, is Sir George Newman.

Lord Jellicoe has started on a voyage to India and the dominions which will probably last for fifteen months.

Sir Eric Geddes has severed his connection with the North Eastern Railway Company owing to his public duties.

A scheme has been started to erect a memorial to the old boys of the City of London schools who have been killed in the war.

It is proposed to erect commemorative tablets on spots where bombs fell in South London, with a record of what happened.

The Co-operative Wholesale Society of Manchester have decided that their employees, numbering 29,000, should join a trades union.

When a war widow of Reigate, with five children, was fined five shillings for not sending her eldest child to school, one of the magistrates paid her fine.

On a recent Sunday in Southwark Cathedral Sir Alexander MacKenzie read out the names of professional musicians killed or wounded in the war.

The omnibus service between Putney and Liverpool street, which was suspended during the war, has been revived.

The business of the Law Union and Rock Insurance Company has been taken over by the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.

The death took place recently of ex-Sergeant John Danagher, a Portsmouth publican, who won the Victoria Cross in South Africa.

## The Nurse Who Stayed Home

We have hailed with adoration our nurses overseas. And their worthy deeds of valor justly brought us to our knees; But there's still another ideal—and we haven't it to our glory— 'Tis the girl who nursed the old folks and the babies here at home.

Hers the task to heal the aged or the children left behind; Hers the lot to render comfort unto those of feeble mind; Hers to serve in ward and household in this land from sea to sea. While her sister nurses served the cause in winning victory.

And she had no thrill of battle to excite her to her task; And she had no dream of glory—ah! what honors could she ask? It was naught but simple goodness—love of home, of life and art—That has kept her at the bedside in her vigils with the chart.

Oh, the never-ending story of our womanhood in war! The imperishable glory that is heralded afar! Here's a health to her that ventured far beyond the ocean foam. And a double health forever to the nurse who stayed at home.

## The Front Line

Mr. Philip Gibbs, the famous war correspondent, recently told a London audience a good story. It was at the time of the Huns' first precipitate retreat to the Hindenburg Line, when it was dangerous to go in pursuit of the enemy. Mr. Gibbs was out with an officer, and, not knowing where the line ran, approached a sergeant who was standing by a ruin smoking a cigarette. "Can you tell me where the line is, sergeant?" queried the officer. The sergeant took the cigarette from his mouth and calmly replied: "As a matter of fact, sir, I am the front line."

## BRINGING UP FATHER

