

which, and *that*; as, "The man is happy *who* lives virtuously."*

What is a kind of compound relative, including both the antecedent and the relative, and is mostly equivalent to *that which*; as, "This is *what* I wanted;" that is to say, "*the thing which* I wanted."

Who is applied to persons, *which* to animals and inanimate things; as, "He is a friend, *who* is faithful in adversity;" "The *bird which* sung so sweetly, is flown;" "This is the *tree which* produces no fruit."

That, as a relative, is often used to prevent the too frequent repetition of *who* and *which*. It is applied to both persons and things; as, "He *that* acts wisely deserves praise;" "Modesty is a quality *that* highly adorns a woman."

Who is of both numbers, and is thus declined:

Singular and Plural.

<i>Nominative.</i>	Who.
<i>Possessive.</i>	Whose.
<i>Objective.</i>	Whom.

Who, *which*, *what*, are called *Interrogatives*, when they are used in asking questions; as, "*Who* is he?" "*Which* is the book?" "*What* are you doing?"

ADJECTIVE PRONOUNS.

Adjective Pronouns are of a mixed nature, participating the properties both of pronouns and adjectives.

* See Grammar, 14th, or any subsequent edition, p. 62 the note.