oxymesterone, oxymetholone, prostanozol (17β-hydroxy-5αandrostano[3,2-c] pyrazole), quinbolone, stanozolol, stenbolone, 1testosterone (17β-hydroxy-5α-androst-1-en-3-one), tetrahydrogestrinone (18a-homo-pregna-4,9,11-trien-17β-ol-3-one), trenbolone and other substances with a similar chemical structure or similar biological effect(s).

Endogenous\*\* AAS when administered exogenously: (b)

Androstenediol (androst-5-ene-3β,17β-diol), androstenedione (androst-4-ene-3,17-dione), dihydrotestosterone (17β-hydroxy-5α-androstan-3-one), prasterone (dehydroepiandrosterone, DHEA), testosterone,

and the following metabolites and isomers:

5α-androstane-3α,17α-diol, 5α-androstane-3α,17β-diol, 5α-androstane-3β,17α-diol, 5α-androstane-3β,17β-diol, androst-4-ene-3α,17α-diol, androst-4-ene-3α,17β-diol, androst-4-ene-3β,17α-diol, androst-5-ene-3α,17α-diol, androst-5-ene-3α,17β-diol, androst-5-ene-3β,17α-diol, 4-androstenediol (androst-4-ene-3β,17β-diol), 5-androstenedione (androst-5-ene-3,17-dione), epi-dihydrotestosterone; epitestosterone; 3α-hydroxy-5α-androstan-17-one, 3β-hydroxy-5α-androstan-17-one, 19-norandrosterone, 19-noretiocholanolone.

## For purposes of this section:

"exogenous" refers to a substance which is not ordinarily capable of being produced by the body naturally. "endogenous" refers to a substance which is capable of being produced

by the body naturally.

## S1.2. Other Anabolic Agents, including but not limited to:

Clenbuterol, selective androgen receptor modulators (SARMs), tibolone, zeranol, zilpaterol.