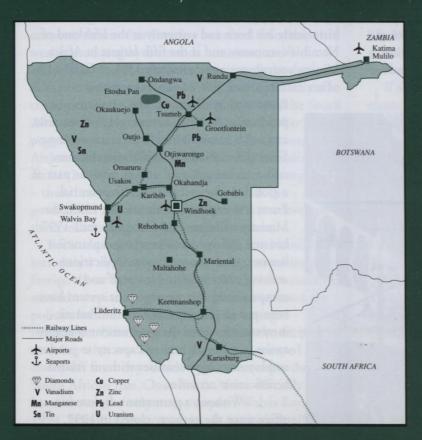
BIA





Official Name: Area:

Population:

Pop. Growth: Official Language:

Int. Organizations:

GDP Growth:

Debt: **Currency:**

Forex: Inflation:

Agriculture: **Main Exports:**

Main Imports:

Telecom:

Republic of Namibia 824,269 sq. km 2 million (1994 est.)

3.0% English

UN, Commonwealth, OAU, ADB, ACP-EU Lome Convention, SADC, COMESA, SACU, CMA,

MIGA

2.6% (1996)

US\$693.4 million (1996)

Namibian Dollar (N\$) / Pegged to SA Rand

\$1 Canadian = 3.3 N\$ (July 1997)

8% (1996)

<10% of GDP / 33% of labour force

Diamonds, uranium, copper, fish products,

beef, farm products

Machinery, transport equipment,

industrial inputs, consumer goods 4.5 mainlines per 100 people

Cellular system operational

amibia is a young country that became Nindependent in 1990. Canada supported the goal of independence through the United Nations prior to the transitional period of 1989-90, and sent a contingent of peacekeepers and police to assist during our first democratic elections. Now, we invite Canadian companies to explore what we have

Namibia enjoys economic and political stability, world class infrastructure of every type including a modern and efficient harbour, and a state-of-theart fibre optic telephone network supported by a growing cellular telephone system. The economy is firmly based on free enterprise and private initiative and the government regards the private business sector as the engine of economic growth.

With this in mind, an economic policy framework has been designed to stimulate private sector development by continuous improvement of the fiscal regime, provision of an attractive incentives scheme and Export Processing Zones, upgrading of the port of Walvis Bay, and the creation of industrial and SME parks to energize commercial and industrial activity.

Namibia is also a large country that is home to several phenomenal natural attractions - ranging from the world's oldest desert, the Namib, to spectacular game reserves like Etosha Park — and room exists for quality improvements in tourism services as the government looks at commercializing

Other specific sectors of opportunity include water and energy - especially as the availability of water is a constant concern - value-added manufacturing, agricultural and fish processing, oil and gas exploration, low-cost housing, and telecommunications.

We invite you to visit and invest in Namibia, a vast land of tremendous opportunities.

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