

**THE CANADIAN MINISTRY**  
(according to precedence)

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| <p>1. The Rt. Hon. W.L. Mackenzie King, C.M.G.,<br/>Prime Minister and<br/>President of the Privy Council.</p> <p>2. The Rt. Hon. Ian Alistair Mackenzie, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Veterans Affairs.</p> <p>3. The Rt. Hon. James Lorimer Ilsey, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Justice and Attorney General.</p> <p>4. The Rt. Hon. Clarence Decatur Howe,<br/>Minister of Reconstruction and Supply.</p> <p>5. The Rt. Hon. James Garfield Gardiner,<br/>Minister of Agriculture.</p> <p>6. The Honourable James Angus MacKinnon,<br/>Minister of Trade and Commerce.</p> <p>7. The Hon. Colin Gibson, M.C., K.C., V.D.,<br/>Secretary of State.</p> <p>8. The Rt. Hon. Louis Stephen St. Laurent, K.C.,<br/>Secretary of State for External Affairs.</p> <p>9. The Honourable Humphrey Mitchell,<br/>Minister of Labour.</p> <p>10. The Honourable Alphonse Fournier, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Public Works.</p> <p>11. The Honourable Ernest Bertrand, K.C.,<br/>Postmaster General.</p> <p>12. The Honourable Brooke Claxton, K.C.,<br/>Minister of National Defence.</p> | <p>13. The Honourable James Allison Glen, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Mines and Resources.</p> <p>14. The Honourable Joseph Jean, K.C.,<br/>Solicitor General.</p> <p>15. The Honourable Lionel Chevrier, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Transport.</p> <p>16. The Hon. Paul Joseph James Martin, K.C.,<br/>Minister of National Health and Welfare.</p> <p>17. The Hon. Douglas Charles Abbott, K.C.,<br/>Minister of Finance.</p> <p>18. The Honourable James J. McCann, M.D.,<br/>Minister of National Revenue and<br/>Minister of National War Services.</p> <p>19. The Honourable Wishart McL. Robertson,<br/>A Member of the Administration and<br/>Minister without Portfolio.</p> <p>20. The Honourable Milton Fowler Gregg, V.C.,<br/>Minister of Fisheries.</p> <p>.....</p> <p>Clerk of the Privy Council and Secretary to<br/>the Cabinet, A.D.P. Heeney, Esquire, K.C.</p> <p>Assistant Clerk of the Privy Council<br/>A.M. Hill, Esquire.</p> <p>Assistant Secretary to the Cabinet<br/>J.R. Baldwin, Esquire.</p> |
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**WEEKLY SECURITY PRICE INDEXES:** The following are security price index numbers of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on the base 1935-39=100, for the week ending November 27, a week and month earlier:

	Nov. 27	Nov. 20	Oct. 30
<b>INVESTORS' PRICE INDEX</b>			
(100 Common Stocks)...	107.3	108.1	105.0
74 Industrials.....	101.3	102.0	98.5
18 Utilities.....	112.8	114.8	115.4
8 Banks.....	135.8	135.4	129.6
<b>MINING STOCK PRICE INDEX</b>			
(27 Stocks).....	89.3	92.3	87.3
23 Golds.....	78.7	81.7	78.2
4 Base Metals.....	108.3	111.2	103.2

**W.P.T.B. CONTROL ORDERS**

**MARK-UP ON FRUIT JUICES:** All canned citrus juices are now subject to mark-up control at all trade levels.

The new order by Wartime Prices Board limits the mark-up which importers, wholesalers and retailers may take to the amount allowed when these goods were subject to price control previously or their basic period mark-up (Oct. 1941), whichever is the lower.

This action follows the statement made November 24, by the Minister of Finance, Mr. Abbott, (C.W.B. Nov. 28), that he had directed the Prices Board to re-impose price control on the more important canned fruits and vegetables and to be prepared to place mark-up controls on canned fruit juices.

Canned peas, corn, beans, tomatoes and tomato juice, and canned peaches, pears and plums were placed under control on November 27.

The Board also announced that at the same time its Statement of Policy concerning the equitable distribution of goods in short supply would be amended by adding to the list of goods subject to the policy, the canned fruits and vegetables and the canned citrus juices on which price controls have been re-imposed.

Board officials emphasized that at present there is an adequate supply of all the above goods but under the new equitable distribution regulations, processors, importers, wholesalers and others, will be required to allocate 10 per cent of their current supply of the above goods to their former customers. 'Former customers', in this case means those customers to whom a supplier delivered these goods during the year ending June 30, 1947.

The move to preserve equitable distribution, Board officials pointed out, was made to strengthen the administration of price controls on these particular items. Experience has shown that controls are more effective when customers know their suppliers are required to make this allocation.

The Board announcement also carries the information that adjustments have been made in the schedule of maximum canners' prices for the canned fruits and vegetables which were brought under control on November 27. The prices established in the adjusted schedule conform to the price levels which prevailed prior to November 17 and which were based on the canners' then costs.

It was also emphasized that although some canners may have entered into contracts at prices lower than those now established, the new order does not authorize them to increase these contract prices and they may not, in any event, sell at prices higher than those at which they sold on November 17, 1947.

**CANNED FRUIT ORDER CLARIFIED:** Wartime Prices and Trade Board has also issued an order amending and clarifying Order No. A-2459 which established maximum prices for certain canned fruits and vegetables on November 27.

The amending order provides that retailers and wholesalers may dispose of domestic stocks which they have on hand at prices based on laid-down cost plus the mark-up specified in the order, or their basic period mark-up, whichever is the lower.

For the purpose of establishing cost of the goods on hand, wholesalers and direct buying retailers are required to average the prices of all their stocks of each product by quality and size of container. They are also required to file with the Co-ordinator of Foods of the Prices Board an inventory of all their products to which the order applies as at November 29, 1947, together with a statement of their average costs and particulars of the manner in which such average costs were calculated.

The amending order also regulates the sale of imported canned fruits and vegetables which were in the hands of wholesalers and retailers in Canada on November 17, 1947, prior to imposition of import controls.

The cost of such goods in the hands of the trade had been established prior to the imposition of import restrictions and the amending order provides that such goods may be sold at laid down cost plus a reduced mark-up not to exceed one-half of the lawful maximum mark-up provided under the order for domestic goods, or their basic period mark-up, whichever is the lower.

The amending order contains the over-riding provision that no person may in any event sell goods covered by the order at prices higher than they sold those goods at November 17, 1947.

**CANADA'S PRACTICAL HELP:** How Canadian medical supplies have saved millions of lives in the devastated countries of Europe, particularly in the Balkans, and the extent of Canada's share in the work of the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Administration was explained by Leslie Atkins, director of medical supplies of UNRRA, during a press conference at the Mount Royal Hotel, Montreal, reports the Montreal Gazette.

Mr. Atkins and his assistant, Dr. J.J. Weisskopf, arrived in Montreal to complete arrangements for a shipment of supplies still to be sent to Europe under Canada's obligation toward UNRRA. The two officials are about to wind up their work and the present shipment is composed of remnants of former supplies.

Canada's contribution, particularly in the supply of medicines and medical machinery, has been most generous and the people of the devastated countries have become thoroughly acquainted with the Maple Leaf trucks that carry these supplies into their towns and villages, Mr. Atkins stated.

Mr. Atkins cited the case of Yugoslavia where 3,500,000 children were supplied with anti-toxin to protect them against diphtheria. He remarked that the delivery of these supplies was made within five weeks.

Among other shipments made by Canada to UNRRA in Europe were six Canadian-built plants for the manufacture of penicillin. The two UNRRA representatives will remain here for a few days.

**GOLD PRODUCTION UP:** Canadian production of gold in August amounted to 260,891 fine ounces compared with 261,397 in the preceding month and 231,200 in the corresponding month last year, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. During the eight months ending August, 2,036,208 fine ounces were produced compared with 1,898,999 in the like period of 1946, an increase of seven per cent.