in a mass which was removed. The ovaries were perfectly riddled with blood cysts. The second specimen was from a woman suffering from menorrhagia and constant pain, and in whom he had diagnosed a myomatous uterus. There was also subinvolution of the tubes.

In all these cases he had used catgut instead of silk for ligatures, and had found no evidence of want of strength.

Total Extirpation of the Uterus for a Myoma .- DR. WM. GARDNER exhibited the specimen of a large myoma on the posterior wall of the uterus from a woman, aged 50, who had been suffering from profuse hemorrhages, having bled almost continuously during the summer. He had diagnosed the tumour several years ago, and its growth had been slow. There was nothing peculiar about the case, but he wished to speak of the method of operation. He had removed every part of the uterus through the abdominal incision by the method explained in detail at the last meeting of the Society. He had used catgut for ligatures, and considered that it had great advantages in pelvic surgery. Silk ligatures may become infected from contact with the drainage tube, and act as a constant source of irritation until they come away, while catgut holds just as well, and if it should be infected by contact with the drainage-tube it is a small matter as it is so quickly absorbed. He thought that the severe pain so often complained of after the removal of the appendages was due, to a certain extent, to the persistent constriction of the pedicle by the silk ligature.

DR. ALLOWAY assisted Dr. Gardner, and thought this method would be the one of the future. The operation would be very difficult if the abdominal walls were large and thick. Another disadvantage was the enormous amount of physical endurance required on the part of the operators, for the operation was undoubtedly the most difficult in pelvic surgery, but it offered the great advantage of leaving no sloughing tissue behind.

DR. McConnell did not agree with Dr. Gardner's explanation of pain after removal of the appendages. He did not think that the constriction of the ligature could last long enough to produce the pain.