

3. (a) Translate: Le garçon voulut tenter l'aventure le premier et grimpâ à petit bruit sur le toit. Mais la sorcière entendit un frôlement et cria: Qui est-ce qui grignote là-haut sur mon toit?
 (b) Write the French words for: 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 21st, 90th.
 (c) Translate: Is not Sunday the first day of the week? We are now in the seventh month.
4. (a) Translate: Là-dessus la vieille se fâcha; mais le malin drôle la pria bien gentiment de se placer elle-même sur la pelle, et de leur faire voir comment il fallait s'y prendre.
 (b) "vieille." Write the *two* masculine forms of this adjective, and give the other adjectives that have *two* forms for the masculine.
 (c) Translate: She was very proud of her new dress.
 Have you been attentive during the lesson.
5. (a) Translate: Et puis, quel plaisir dans le bois. Des arbres à grimper, des nids à chercher, sans oublier une petite clairière couverte d'une herbe touffue, où gambadait une troupe de lapins sauvages.
 (b) How do the French express "*some*" or "*any*?"
 (c) Translate: Are there any trees in your garden? I have some paper, but I have no ink. (l'encre—the ink). He has no brothers.
6. (a) Translate: Angélica secoua la tête; elle n'était point persuadée de la sincérité de Paolo; mais quand il vit qu'elle ne le croyait pas, il se montra très désolé.
 (b) Write the principal parts of "montrer."
 (c) Translate: They showed themselves very grieved.
7. (a) Translate: Le roi, à qui cette idée plut particulièrement, tranquillisa son hôte à ce sujet, et mangea son souper de grand appétit.
 (b) Explain the *e* in *mangea*.
 (c) Translate: We do not eat that bread.
8. (a) Translate: Au bout de six semaines, cet immense bassin, qui naguère était un lac est devenu un champ fertile et est couvert d'une herbe épaisse.
 (b) "est devenu." Write six other verbs that are to be conjugated with *être* in the compound tenses.
 (c) Translate: When has he arrived? Where has he died? Would he have died?

DRAWING.—IX.

9 to 11 a. m., Friday, 25 June, 1915.

(Any eight questions to be answered).

1. From the top of a hill 480 feet high above a plain the angles of depression of the top and bottom of a tower standing on the same plain are 40° and 51° respectively. Find the height of the tower.
2. Find the area of a field ABCDE from these measurements: AB = 60 yards, AC = 130 yards, AD = 120 yards, AE = 100 yards, and the angles BAC, CAD and DAE, each equal to 30° .