

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Vienna, 10th.—The Reichsrath has passed a bill prescribing new regulations for the army of reserve, and for soldiers of three years service. Before the passage of the bill, Baron Von Beust carefully explained his former speech, so as to remove all cause of anxiety.

London, 12.—It is announced that the Rev. Mr. Thomson, D. D., now Archbishop of York, succeeds the late Rev. Chas. Thomas Longley, Archbishop of Canterbury, and that the Rev. Mr. Wilberforce, D. D., now Bishop of Oxford, succeeds to the vacant See at York.

The Parliamentary elections commences tomorrow. The most extensive measures of precaution against any disturbance at the polls have been taken by the police authorities.

Troops have been sent to important boroughs in the County of Lancaster, where serious trouble is feared.

St. Petersburg, 12th.—The International Military Commission has agreed to prohibit the use, in time of war, of all explosive projectiles weighing less than 400 grammes.

Madrid, 11th.—The Apostolical Nuncio in Madrid refuses to join the other members of the diplomatic body, who are actually deliberating upon the propriety of acknowledging the present Provisional Government of Spain.

London, 11th.—At the meeting of the French Bishops and Cardinals, held recently in Rome, several reformatory measures were introduced, which, to the great surprise of a few Conservative members of the church, were favorably received by the majority. The first measure alluded to is to reverse the decision of the Council of Trent concerning the celibacy of the Catholic clergy. The second measure, as a consequence of the first, is to decide that every Catholic priest could with permission of his superiors, enter into the bonds of matrimony. The third measure is to abolish the Latin liturgy, and to substitute for it, as the Czar has done for the Greek church, the language of the nation in which the service would be performed. These measures are to be made the object of a report, which will be submitted to the Council as soon as it will be in a position to take them into consideration.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

The Colonial Mail puts in a claim from Canada for a special order of knighthood.

H. M. S. Simoom has been ordered on a cruise, during which she will carry the 83rd Regt. from Gibraltar to Nova Scotia; from Nova Scotia she will go to the West Indies with the 47th Regt., and will return to Gibraltar with the 2nd Battalion of the 16th.

We regret to notice by our English exchanges, the death, on the 23rd October, of SIR SIMON H. STUART, Bart., father of Lieut. Colonel STUART, Assistant Adjutant-General of Militia. It is scarcely six weeks ago we observed in the military obituary the announcement of the death of his brother, Major ARTHUR STUART.—Ottawa Citizen.

THE HAMILTON FIELD BATTERY.—The men of the Battery turned out in full force, at the Gun Sheds, on Thursday evening, and after the new Militia Act had been read and explained to them, every man present gave in his name for three years longer continuance in the service. At the close three rousing cheers were given for the Queen, and three more for Capt. Smith.—Hamilton Spectator.

A wag, speaking of the embarkment of troops, said, "Notwithstanding many of them leave blooming wives behind, they go away in transports!"

On Wednesday evening the "Passport" landed, at the St. Lawrence wharf, Kingston, from Montreal, 100 cases of Snider-Enfield Rifles—2,000 in all, which were removed to the Military Stores Department, and put into stores, to be issued at the proper time. The steamer "Osprey," from Montreal, also landed at H. M. Dockyard a large quantity of military clothing.

MOORE DRILL SHED.—We have been informed that the new Drill Shed at Corunna, was inspected and passed last month by the inspecting officer, Major Scoble. It is a fine, substantial building, 83x48 feet, and a credit to the Township. Mr. Wm. Beattie was the contractor. Major Scoble said he was highly gratified with the finished and substantial nature of the work, and the quality of the materials, and expressed the hope that Mr. Beattie, by his faithful and honest adherence to this contract, would be further employed by the public, and get other contracts of a better paying character.—Sarnia Observer.

One of the many evil results of the 53rd follies, on which we have commented before, is the false view they present of the Service to foreign observers. For example, a respectable American paper has the following;—"Quebec has had a little affair of honor. A gay captain jostled a civilian at a recent ball, and the next day the latter thrashed the captain in the street. Thereupon every commissioned officer in the regiment, except the captain, challenged him. He naturally disclaimed any desire to fight all her Majesty's troops, when they cried in haste and in chorus, "we accept your apology," and there was no blood shed after all."

SUPPER TO THE MILITARY.—An impromptu supper was given to the non-commissioned officers of the 29th at Macabe's Volunteer Hotel before their departure. Mr. Wm. Gillespy took the chair, and after ample justice had been done to the edibles provided, the usual loyal and patriotic songs and toasts were given and responded to, which were followed by the toast of the evening—"The Non-Commissioned Officers of the 29th Regiment," which was replied to by Sergeant Fountain, who expressed the pleasure he and his brother sergeants had expressed in Hamilton during the stay which was now about to terminate. Mr. Alderman Farmer proposed the Sergeant-Major, which was replied to by Sergeant Clark, who gave "Our Military friends left behind." Sergt. Hudson returned thanks. Sergeant Selvy proposed "Our civilian friends and the community generally." The Press was proposed by Sergeant Fountain, and acknowledged by Mr. Gillespy, of the Spectator, and Mr. Nixon, of the Times. Mr. James Macabe responded for Volunteers, and Mr. Farmer for the Independents. The evening was very pleasantly spent in song and sentiment; several good songs having been given by Sergeant Clark, Mr. Macabe, Sergeants Lynden, White and Selvy.—Hamilton Times.

BRITISH AMERICAN ASSURANCE CO.

OLDEST ESTABLISHED U. CANADIAN OFFICE.

AGENCIES at all the principal places throughout the Province for the transaction of Fire and Marine business.

Head Office—Church street, Toronto. George Percival Ridout, Governor; T. W. Burchall, Managing Director. Agents for Ottawa, Herrick and Brush, Jan. 31st, 1890. 5-5m.



Intercolonial Railway.

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE undersigned is instructed by the Government of Canada, to inform intending Contractors, that at an early day tenders will be invited for the execution of certain portions of the Intercolonial Railway between Riviere du Loup and Rimouski, in the Province of Quebec; between Truro and Amherst, in the Province of Nova Scotia; and between Dalhousie and Bathurst, in the Province of New Brunswick.

It is intended to let the work in sections or divisions, ranging from 15 to 35 miles, according to the situation and local circumstances.

The surveys are now in progress, and in part completed, and the object of this notice is to afford intending Contractors ample opportunity of examining the ground at once.

The plans, profiles, specifications, conditions of contract, forms of tender, and other documents required for the information and guidance of contractors, are now being prepared, and when ready, (of which due notice will be given) will be seen at the Railway Engineer's office, in Halifax, St. John, Dalhousie, Rimouski, Riviere du Loup, and at Ottawa.

SANDFORD FLEMING

Chief Engineer.

Intercolonial Railway Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 12th, 1890.



GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

23rd day of October, 1890.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the 10th section of the Act passed during the late Session of the Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 44, intitled: "An Act to amend the Act of the present Session, intitled: "An Act imposing duties of Customs with the tariff of duties payable under it," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to approve of the following additional Regulations respecting Drawbacks claimed on the exportation of goods under the said 10th section of the Act above referred to, viz:—

REGULATIONS.

1st. Goods having been entered for duty and having passed into the hands of the importer, in cases where said goods are found not to be the goods ordered, notice of such fact may be given to the Collector of Customs at the Port of Entry, within one month of the date of such entry, accompanied by a request for leave to return the said goods to the place and party where and from whom the same were purchased, and that the duties paid thereon be refunded; whereupon the Collector having verified the statement of the importer, and having ascertained that the package to be exported is a whole package, and that its contents are identically the same as originally entered for duty, shall report the same to the Department, and the Minister of Customs shall thereupon issue an order to the Collector to refund the duties upon due proof of exportation: Provided that if such goods are not actually exported within one month from the date of such order it shall be void and of no effect.