

gaps in the chain of English authorities. The cases are classified in groups under the various appropriate headings. Part I. deals with the Law of Peace, Part II. with the Law of War, with subdivisions in each.

The Law of Arbitration and Award. By JOSHUA SLATER, Barrister-at-law. 5th edition, by ALBERT CREW, Barrister-at-law. London: Stevens & Haynes, law publishers, Temple Bar. 1913.

This compact summary of the law in relation to arbitrations is primarily intended for the use of commercial men, but has also been found useful for students, to whom it will give an interesting introduction to works of larger volume.

Justice and the Modern Law. By EVERETT V. ABBOTT, of the New York Bar. Boston and New York; Houghton Mifflin & Co 1913.

As the name and size of the volume (300 pages) indicates, this is necessarily a sketch, but an interesting one, setting forth the ethical principles of the law, as it has been, and as it is in modern days, and as now practised and administered; together with a discussion on the rule of stare decisis; the writer concluding with some observations based on his thought that the United States is now able to have an ideal system of justice. A pleasant dream, but not likely to be realised, we fear, until the Millenium.

Bench and Bar

JUDICIAL CHANGES IN ENGLAND.

Although the announcement was not unexpected, the whole Profession will have received with regret the news of the resignation of Lord Justice Farwell in consequence of ill-health, and his retirement from the Bench is a serious loss. It is to be hoped that no time will be lost in filling the vacancy thus created, for the work of the Court of Appeal is badly in arrear, and the services of Sir S. T. Evans or of a King's Bench judge cannot be dispensed with in their respective divisions.

That Mr. J. R. Atkin, K.C., was strongly in the running for the Bench was well known,, and his selection for the appoint-