Catbird, Dumetella carolinensis Linn.; rare; observed only twice, once at Opeongo Lake, and once at Island Lake.

Brown Thrasher, Toxostoma rufum Linn.; rare; one observed in Park at Joe Lake and two on outskirts of Park near South River and Egan Estate.

House Wren, Troglodytes aëdon aëdon Vieill.; common. Winter Wren, Nannus hiemalis hiemalis Vieill.; abundant.

Brown Creeper, Certhia familiaris americana Bonap.; not common; nest seen once, at Canoe Lake, in bark of large dead hemlock in floodwater about three feet up from water level; at distance of about five yards heard its rather melodious song, a clear high-pitched whistle of five distinct notes, and first and third long, the other three short.

Red-breasted Nuthatch, Sitta canadensis Linn.; common.

Chickadee, Penthestes atricapillus atricapillus Linn.; common.

Golden-crowned Kinglet, Regulus satrapa satrapa Licht.; rare; seen only once, at Merchant's to White Trout Lake portage.

Wood Thrush, Hylocichla mustelina Gmel.; not common; never seen, but heard pretty clearly on several occasions; once when heard a half-breed at Manitou Lake with whom I was talking at the time told me the bird had a 'red head.'

Veery, Hylocichla fuscescens fuscescens Steph.; fairly common.

Olive-backed Thrush, Hylocichla ustulata swainsoni Tschudi; abundant; nests.

Hermit Thrush, Hylocichla guttata pallasi Cab.; faily common.

Robin, Planesticus migratorius migratorius Linn.; not common; nest. Bluebird, Sialia sialis sialis Linn.; uncommon.

1. Mr. Bartlett, the Park Superintendent, has in his office a specimen of the Golden Eagle, Aquila chrysaëtos; the bird took wolf poison near Tea Lake (Big Tea in n. part of Park) the winter of 1908-9.

2. Mr. Waters, one of the older rangers, and a man who knows the Algonquin birds perhaps better than any one else, told me that the Great Horned Owl, *Bubo virginianus virginianus* Gmel. is found in the Park.

3. Dr. Claghorne, a former forest ranger, told me that he had seen the Baltimore Oriole, *Icterus galbula* Linn., near Cache Lake in the spring of 1911 and had found the Cliff Swallow, *Petrochelidon lunifrons* Say, on the Madawaska River.

4. The Alder Flycatcher, Empidonax trailli alnorum, and the Yellow-bellied Flycatcher, E. flaviventris, probably both breed in the Park, but I have never been sufficiently sure of their songs and would not feel safe in identifying them in the bush.

5. Mergus, common, but whether americanus or serrator am uncertain. Oddly enough have never observed a male in the Park, though the female was seen nearly every day.