black or dark-colored flints, from 2 to 3 inches in diameter down to the finest particles, such as may have been flaked from an arrow-head in the finishing process.

Mingled with these rough fragments are some that bear unmistakable evidence of having been worked, together with roughly as well as finely finished arrow-heads and spear-head shaped knives of the same material. In other words we find these implements, in various stages of completion, along with the raw material from which they were fabricated.

The question which now arises, in regard to the presence of these flints, is somewhat similar to that once propounded by a novice upon seeing some large boulders at Deschênes station: "Have them stones been brought there or have they just growed"?

It is evident that this flint was not "growed" at Raymond's Point as it is not found in situ either in the Calciferous outcrop upon which it is strewn or in the contiguous Chazy, so that it means are other questions.

It does not appear to have been brought there by glacial action, as it is not found in the glacial drift on the main land or adjacent islands. It is not even found in the dark boulders which line the opposite shore of Chartrand's Island and which, a sapient friend of mine once suggested, may have been pine knots which had been washed ashore and petrified at the time of Noah's flood.

In the Trenton formation in the City of Hull, however, nodules of this flint are found in great abundance, especially along Brigham's Creek, both in situ and in detached masses of the same limestone from which latter they may have been removed with but little difficulty. Let some of this flint be broken up and mingled with similar fragments from Raymond's Point and I doubt if the most skilful geologist could distinguish the former from the latter by other evidence than the recency of the fracture.

This, therefore seems to be one of the several obvious reasons for supposing that the flint from both places is identical. That it was picked up or quarried at Hull or Ottawa and carried up the river by Indians who, at Raymond's Point, among places, fashioned it into their arrow-heads and knives. That the aforementioned