

The Weekly Monitor

AND

Western Annapolis Sentinel

VOL. 42

BRIDGETOWN, ANnapolis, COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, FEBRUARY 3, 1915

NO 4

ANNAPOLIS, S.S.

In the Municipal Council, Annual Session 1915

Ordered that F. R. Elliott, A. D. Thomas, D. M. Ounit and the Warden be the Arbitration Committee for this Municipality for 1915.

Ordered that George Adams be the keeper of Victoria Bridge for 1915 at a salary of \$125.00 per year.

Ordered that the Council adopt the following resolution:

Resolved—That the Road Tax for 1915 be (50) fifty cents for each one hundred dollars of assessment.

That individual labor be fifteen (15) cents per hour. First Class Double teams, oxen or horses with competent teamster be Three Dollars per day of ten hours. One Horse teams or light pair oxen or steers with competent teamster be Two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) per day of ten hours.

The amount of labor, to constitute a reasonable day's work by the above mentioned men and teams to be left to the judgment of the Road overseer.

(Sgd.) ADELBERT THOMAS
W. A. MARSHALL
F. R. ELLIOTT
Annapolis, Jan. 13, 1915.

Ordered that Miles MacMillan be paid \$2.50 per week for Board of Prisoners instead of two dollars as heretofore.

Ordered that the Treasurer be empowered to draw upon the amount voted for patriotic purposes for the sum of \$500.00 and send the same at once to the Treasurer of the Belgian Relief Fund at Halifax.

Ordered that the committee appointed last year to revise jury tests be reappointed for this year.

Ordered that the Warden and Treasurer Ouhit be our delegates to Union of the Municipalities for 1915.

Ordered that the committee appointed to make some regulations in reference to Statute Labor be received and adopted. The following is the report:

COMMITTEE ON ROAD RETURN REPORT

To the Warden and Councillors of the Municipality of Annapolis—

Your committee on Road Returns beg leave to report as follows—

We find very little if any increase in the number of Road Returns forwarded to the Municipal Clerk. We believe the Statute Labor has been done in a very satisfactory manner in most cases.

(Sgd.) ISAAC T. COULSTON
MYERS GIBSON
JOSEPH I. FOSTER

Ordered that the Council adjourn until 2 o'clock p. m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

2 O'clock.

All Councillors present.

Minutes of previous session read and approved.

The report of the committee on assessment was then read and on motion adopted. The following is the report:

To the Warden and Councillors of the Municipality of Annapolis County.

We your committee on assessment beg leave to report as follows. We have examined the claims submitted and recommend that the following persons be relieved of the sums set opposite their names:

John I. Nixon	Ward 1	22.42
Henry Lietz	Ward 2	14.86
Norman Healy	Ward 3	20.9
Elias Messenger	Ward 4	10.20
Elias Messenger	Ward 5	6.71
Elias Messenger	Ward 12	15.22
John L. Amberman	Ward 6	10.48
Norman J. Rawding	Ward 8	5.49
Geo. T. Tupper	Ward 9	1.80
W. C. L. Dargie	Ward 10	13.09
Andrew Shaw	Ward 11	47.81
A. L. Beals	Ward 12	4.51
John Grimm	Ward 13	84.80
Andrew Shaw	Ward 15	.60
A. M. Sptansy	Ward 16	1.13
\$212.17		

ILLEGAL ASSESSMENTS

Mrs. Stephen Walker	1.48
Mrs. Alex Irvine	6.00
Taxes for 1913 and 1914 outstanding, which we recommend be recorded against the following properties:	
Hugh Gibson,	Ward 1 1.78
Benj. Shaffner Estate	Ward 7 8.81
Frank Whitmarsh	Ward 3 3.00

We would also recommend that Mr. A. M. Spiney, Collector of Ward 16 be relieved of the sum of \$127.67 charged against him by clerical error.

Respectfully submitted,
ERIC W. NEILY
C. L. PIGGOTT
W. A. MARSHALL

Ordered that the report of the committee on Tenders and Public Property be received and adopted.

Ordered that the Bye Law read in reference to the borrowing of money to meet the current expenses of this Municipality for the year 1915 be received and adopted.

Ordered that report of the Committee on Insigne as read be received and adopted. The following is the report:

To the Warden and Councillors of the Municipality of Annapolis County.

Gentlemen—We your Committee on Insigne beg leave to report as follows: We have examined the accounts of the Nova Scotia Hospital, and find that this Municipality paid to the above institution for the year 1914, the sum of \$2360.55.

And we recommend that the sum of \$2500.00 be placed in the Presentment of 1915.

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. WITHERS
ANSEL CASEY
LEBARON TROOP

(Concluded in our next issue)

Outram and Mt. Hanley Contribute to Belgian Relief

The following amounts have been collected and forwarded to Middleton for shipment:

Mr. Jas. Slocumb (2 bbls. flour)	\$14.00
Mr. David Marshall (2 bbls. potatoes)	2.50
Mr. Joshua Banks (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.25
Mr. Alfred Healy (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. John A. Balsor (clothing)	1.00
Mr. John C. Balsor (2 bbls. apples)	1.00
Mr. Frank Mosher (2 bbls. apples)	1.00
Mr. John C. Balsor, last Fall (2 bbls. apples)	1.00
Mrs. Balsor (2 quilts)	1.00
Mr. J. J. Fritz (2 bbls. potatoes)	1.00
Mrs. Israel J. Fritz (2 quilts, bag of clothing)	1.00
Mr. S. Bartheaux (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. E. C. Banks (2 bbls. apples)	1.00
Mr. Jas. Ben's (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. John Thompson (clothing, 1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. Lockard Hince (clothing, 1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. Edward Pierce (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. Benj. Bartheaux (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. A. W. Slocumb (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. C. Slocumb (1 bbl. potatoes)	1.00
Mr. Caleb Miller (1 bbl. flour)	7.00
Mrs. Josiah Miller (bag of clothing)	1.00
Mr. Joshua Miller (2 bbls. flour)	14.00
Family of Mr. J. Miller (clothing, apples and potatoes)	1.00
also Mr. B. M. Armstrong (1 bbl. potatoes and clothing)	1.00
Mr. E. J. Elliott (1 bbl. potatoes and clothing)	1.00
Mr. Zebulon Elliott (1 bbl. potatoes and clothing)	1.00
Mr. Lendley Banks (1 bbl. potatoes and clothing)	1.00
Mr. L. H. Elliott (2 bbls. potatoes, apples and clothing)	1.00
Milledge Slocumb (potatoes and clothing)	1.00
John Slocumb (Cash)	1.00

Entertainment at Round Hill

The children of the St. Thomas Sunday School, under the direction of Mrs. E. J. Echlin and Miss Reeks gave a very successful entertainment in the hall, Thursday evening, Jan. 21st. The program as follows was also presented to a very appreciative audience in Moschelle Hall last Thursday evening.

The proceeds, over \$30.00, will be forwarded to the Belgian Relief Fund. Song, "Union Jack." By the children. Recitation, "When I'm a Man." Laurence Hervey. Dialogue, "Old Woman in Shoe." Several children. Recitation, "That Mince Pie." Aidan Reeks.

Dialogue, "Recruiting Sergeant." Geo. DeLaney and Fred Reeks. Play, "Duffy Down Dilly and May Pole." Several children. Song, "Soldiers of the King." Children.

Flag Drill Children. Song, "I'm Going to be a Volunteer." Children.

Recitation, "A Tragic Story." Grace Echlin. Dialogue, "Japanese Umbrella." Recitation, "I Ain't Dead Yet." Beverly Robinson.

Bell Drill by eight girls. Recitation, "Grace's Get Up." Cyril Reeks. Recitation, "John Chinaman." Ena Echlin. Play, "Red Pepper." Children. God Save the King

THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

All Recent German Attacks Repulsed According to Paris Reports

PARIS, Feb. 1—(10.40 p. m.)—The official communication issued by the War Office tonight was as follows: "The night of January 31-February 1 was quiet. In the morning of February 1 the enemy made a violent attack on our trenches to the north of the road between Bethune and LaBassee. The attack was repulsed, and the Germans left a number of dead on the field.

"At Beaumont Hamel, to the north of Albert, the German infantry attempted a surprise against one of our trenches, but they were obliged to take to flight, abandoning the explosives with which they had been provided.

"In the Argonne there has been great activity in the region of Fontaine Madame and the forest of La Grurie.

"An attack by the Germans has been repelled near Bagatelle. One of our trenches, demolished by two mines, was evacuated without loss.

"In the Vosges and in Alsace there is no action to report. The snow fall has been very abundant."

WAR BRIEFS

The War Spirit has entered even into the British nursery.

"Pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake, Pan German,
"Make a world Empire, that is, if you can,
"Make it and shape it, and mark with G.,
"And put it on atlas for daddy and me."

—The Crown Prince's First Lesson Book

While the babies sing pat-a-cake, the little girls are not satisfied if their dolls are not all Red Cross Nurses.

Supposed New Year's Greetings of the British Admiral and the German Admiral.

Jellicoe: May this glad day bring us nearer together.
Tirpitz: Let us each sink our differences.

A pension system for the Canadian Expeditionary Force has been proposed by the Military Department and will be dealt with by the Cabinet at an early date.

Cerebro-spinal meningitis seems to have been checked among the soldiers on Salisbury Plains.

The third Canadian Contingent consist of thirteen regiments of mounted rifles, and twenty two battalions of extra divisional infantry. There will be several organization centres.

The cost of the 12inch, 50 feet long gun of the Dreadnought is \$50,000, and one discharge costs \$500.

A special burying ground has been procured in England for Mohammedan soldiers who die in the war.

The entire fleet of British warships, great and small, is now provided with wireless, though in the smaller vessels, the range does not extend over twenty or thirty miles.

The Viceroy of India recently stated that 200,000 Indian troops are now fighting for Great Britain, in France, Egypt, Africa, the Persian Gulf, and China.

It is reported that 10,000 Jews are now enrolled in the British army and navy.

The Greek ambassador in England, has publicly said, that not only is the sympathy of Greece with England in this war, but Greece is convinced that the cause of England is just and also good for the world.

The Jews in Montreal are contributing to aid their Jewish brethren in countries affected by the European war.

The Russians claim to have now half a million Austrian and German prisoners to care for.

The Comm. appointed to enquire into the circumstances connected with the coming of the Sikhs to Canada last summer report there are suspicions that it was a German scheme to cause trouble to Great Britain. The vessel had been owned by Germans, and the first news of her sailing from Hong Kong came to London from Germany.

A Swiss mother married an Austrian and had two sons. She afterwards married a Frenchman and had two more sons. The four boys went to the war, the two former with the Austrians, the two latter with the French. They fought against each other in their first battle. It proved also to be their last battle, for they were all killed.

The Kaiser requested that all festivities and the customary messages of congratulation would be omitted on his birthday, January 27th. Only religious observances were to be as usual.

A German hydroplane loaded with bombs was found in an injured condition on a small island in the North Sea. The crew are believed to have perished.

The Russian Black Sea Fleet is reported to have sunk in a short time eight vessels carrying reinforcements to the Turkish army in Asia Minor.

Eighty tons of Christmas puddings reached different stations at the front between Dec. 24th and 26th.

Hand organs are in great demand at the front. The supply is exhausted, as they were all made in Germany. They help to cheer up the man in the trenches.

A note from Amsterdam reports that a combined sea and air raid upon the British Coast, and a strong advance in Alsace were planned for the 27th. ult. The Kaiser's birthday. But, the German loss on the Baltic, on Sunday last, changed the German plans

Monitor's Belgian Relief

THE MONITOR RELIEF FUND is beginning to look like quite a respectable figure. But it's not yet the size worthy of the generosity of the good people of this Valley. We can do better and we must.

Mr. E. B. Robinette of Philadelphia, who has recently returned from a motor trip through Belgium, writes:

"People are dying in Belgium for want of proper food. Old men and women and young children are going to their graves merely because the right kind of nourishment cannot be obtained for those suffering from dysentery and other diseases. And before long, unless supplies of relief food keep pouring into the country, healthy Belgian men and women will die from actual starvation. Before that happens the pangs of hunger will probably drive them to measures, futile but desperate, which will bring upon them the terrible retribution of the army of occupation.

"At the present time there is no wheat, flour or salt in Belgium, except that which is shipped in by the Commission for Relief. The percentage of the people now absolutely destitute is over thirty per cent. Everywhere I went I was told that by the end of January it would be over fifty per cent. This information I got from reliable business men and bankers.

"The appreciation of the Belgian people for what is being done for them is evident everywhere. But the problem confronting the Commission is staggering. It must be remembered that it is not only the poor and destitute that must be provided for, it is all Belgium. No one is working in Belgium today; her wheels of industry have stopped, her trade has disappeared, her credit is smashed. Her government has been broken up, her ports are closed, and there are no exports and no imports, except such foodstuffs as the Commission gets in through Rotterdam. Supposing we allow five cents a day for each Belgian for food, it will be readily seen that with 7,000,000 people still in the country the cost to supply food will come close to \$10,000,000 per month."

What about helping to bear some of that amount? It may be only a small share. You may not be in a position to contribute a large amount, but you can give something each month, and it is of many small contributions that the whole amount must be made up.

H. C. Crowell, staff correspondent of the Halifax Chronicle, writing to his paper from Rotterdam, says:

"If there is anything that will thrill a Britisher it is the child-like faith the Belgian people have in us. They cling to the British people, whether from Canada or England, or the furthestmost parts of the Empire. Introduce a man to a Belgian as a British subject and the Belgian immediately becomes confident that care will be taken of him. It is one of the most touching features of the whole terrible catastrophe, and to witness the longing and hear them plead to be taken across to England where it seems to them there lies the only hope and sanctuary in the world, would turn the hardest heart to tears."

Thus far we of the British nation have proved to them that their confidence in us is well founded. Send in your contribution even though it may be small, that we may continue to prove that we are worthy of their confidence.

Previously acknowledged	\$504.48
S. B. Tupper, Tupperville	1.00
Alfred B. Messenger, Centrelea	2.00
A friend, Bridgetown	1.00
Proceeds of Prof. Hannay's lecture, under the auspices of the B. Y. P. U., Bridgetown	14.56
Proceeds of Bean Jar, Sold by Victor Walker and Arleigh Goodwin, Belleisle	5.75
Proceeds from Autograph Cushion Mrs. Archie L. Bent	9.50
Names from Upper Grenville and Belleisle	9.50
Proceeds of Concert, West Paradise	13.00
Proceeds of Parlor Concert at Ellenhurst, Paradise, per Miss Annie L. Jackson	10.50
Miss Helen Phinney, Lawrence town	1.00
\$562.78	

OBITUARY

Wesley D. Wheelock died at his home in Holliston, Mass., Jan. 15, 1915, after a week's illness of heart trouble. He was born in Aylesford, N. S., in 1841, but had resided in Holliston for fifty years. He had been in the employ of Milford & Uxbridge Street Railway Company for nine years without missing a single day. He was one of the oldest members of Mt. Hollis Lodge, A. F. and A. M., holding the same office for twenty-eight years. He is survived by three daughters, Mrs. J. A. Partridge, Miss Hattie Wheelock and Miss Jennie Wheelock. He also has a brother, John Wheelock, of Lynn, and a sister, Mrs. Frank Hutchinson of Dorchester.

The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitators."

British Steamer Washington, chartered by the American Commission for Relief in Belgium, sailed from Seattle on Tuesday for Rotterdam with a cargo of food, valued at \$512,000, for Belgium war sufferers. The Washington will pass through the Panama Canal. Much of the cargo consists of flour, canned salmon and condensed milk.

Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

Capital Paid up	\$11,560,000
Reserve Funds	13,575,000

Savings Department Accounts may be opened with an initial deposit of One Dollar. Interest is credited half yearly.

Joint Account An account in the name of two members of a family will be found convenient. Either person (or the survivor) may operate the account.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown
E. B. McDANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.



Prudence in Banking

He is a prudent man who saves his money; he adds wisdom to prudence in seeking a safe place in which to deposit it.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

has been established 83 years, has accumulated a Reserve Fund nearly double its Capital and carries ample cash reserves at all times. You are invited to become a depositor.

PAID-UP CAPITAL \$ 4,000,000
RESERVE FUND - 1,000,000
TOTAL ASSETS - 50,000,000

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH
J. S. Lewis, Manager

Meeting of the Valley Medical Society

The midwinter meeting of the Valley Medical Society was held at the St. James' Hotel, Bridgetown on Wednesday last week and brought together upwards of twenty of the medical gentlemen of the Valley, Counties.

A good number came in by the train, others by teams but Dr. MacDonal, of Metcogen, County Kent, accomplished the rather unusual feat of this season of the year of motoring from his town, and returned the same evening in his "Ford."

The afternoon session was devoted to business and a number of papers on medical and surgical subjects. Drs. MacKay and Hattie, of Halifax were present as guests of the society and contributed to the program.

A letter was read from Belgium telling of the absolute distress and complete loss of everything over one thousand Belgian doctors and assistance was solicited from the medical profession of Canada for these worthy men of their profession. Fifty dollars was voted by the society to be sent at once for this relief work.

The evening session, which was held in the Baptist Church, took the form of a public meeting. Dr. Armstrong, the President of the Society, presided. Dr. Hattie, Provincial Health Officer, Dr. Millar, of the Provincial Sanatorium, Kentville, and Dr. DeWitt, of Wolfville, gave interesting addresses on Tuberculosis which are referred to elsewhere in this issue. Afterward some discussion of the subject was participated in by the audience and medical men.

The cost of the church, enlightened the proceedings with a number of musical selections, that were much appreciated.

After the evening meeting a reception was held by Dr. and Mrs. Armstrong at their home, and the visiting physicians spent a social hour meeting a large number of our town people.