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SIXTEENTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING JUNE 20 1895. — ONE CENT.

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Senate Rdg Room 1 Jan 96
SENATE P O

French Conservatives Will Demand Remedial Legislation.

ONTARIO M.P.'s WILL OPPOSE

Four Lines of Action Open to the Government.

BUT REMEDIAL LAW MEANS DEFEAT

Quebec Liberals Will Vote Against It for Political Reasons.

The French-Canadian Press Asserts That the Ministers are Pledged to Remedial Legislation, but the Ministry Claim to be Free to Act or Do Nothing The Four Courses Open and Where Each Will Lead—Possibility of Action Being Postponed Until Next Session — An All-Night Session In the House.

Otawa, June 19.—The political situation continues highly interesting, as was pointed out in those columns to-day. It hinges of course on the Manitoba school question. There is no doubt that the French-Canadian Conservative members and Senators are and have been in close consultation, and that they have come to a unanimous decision to demand of the Government that Remedial Legislation on the line of the Remedial Order be introduced as soon as the Legislature of Manitoba votes its refusal to comply with the Remedial Order, and is received here, an event of a very few days at the most. Some Conservative representatives from Ontario pretend to see nothing going on, and consider that there is no danger at hand. Others, however, think that the majority of the Ministers are pledged to Remedial Legislation, and that they will bring it down. On this point the French-Canadian Conservative press is a unit; they insist that a remedial law will be introduced this session.

Remedial Legislation Would Defeat the Government

What tends to involve the question in some uncertainty is the fact that the Government has several courses open to it. These courses may be summarized as follows:

1. The Government can introduce Remedial Legislation of a much milder type than the Remedial Order. It is said the Ministry claim they are free to do anything or nothing, and that if they do anything it will be of a mild character. But mild or not, from 20 to 30 Conservatives from Ontario will vote against it. So will the majority of the four Conservatives from Manitoba, and perhaps certain of the British Columbia representatives. Some of the Maritime Conservatives will also vote against Remedial Legislation. On this line a proposal of Remedial Legislation would about defeat the Government, unless the better part of the 30 Liberals from Quebec voted with the Ministry. But it is said that party ties will impel them to vote against the Government's proposals, if for no other avowed reason than that the proposals do not go far enough. It is pretty certain that if the Government introduce Remedial Legislation the two controllers, Messrs. Wallace and Wood, would withdraw from their offices.

Effects of Non-Interference.

2. They can refuse Remedial Legislation. In such a decision they would probably force Hon. Mr. Ouimet and Hon. Mr. Angers to resign from the Cabinet, and 20 of the Quebec supporters of the Government would also withdraw their support. This would be a severe trial to the Government. They could stand it for a time, but they could not go to the country without Quebec representatives in the Cabinet.

The Third Option—No Action This Session

3. The Government may be able to persuade their friends from Quebec not to demand Remedial Legislation this session, on the understanding that if Manitoba does not remove the disabilities under which the Catholics of Manitoba labor that the Government will hold another session of Parliament and pass Remedial Legislation before going to the country. This seems to be the course favored by many Senator Frank Smith, so it is reported, being one of those who incline to this view.

Might Make it an Election Issue.

4. Another course, a modification of the first, is that the Government introduce a Remedial Legislation bill, allow their supporters from Ontario to defeat it, and then go to the country immediately on the issue.

There was no cessation to-day to the quiet little caucussings which have been going on this week on the Senate side A number of Quebec gentlemen met round the luncheon table of Mr. Speaker Ross to discuss the situation. Informal gatherings of this character have been in progress for the past few days. The Speaker to-day had eight gentlemen at his table, among them Messrs. Grandbois, Jeannotte, Belley and others.

Demand Action This Session.

For the first few days after the action of the Greenway Government was announced, French-Canadian Conservatives were chary about expressing their views, but to-day with one voice they say that Remedial Legislation must be introduced this session. They derive hope from the fact that they possess the active support of Sir Adolphe Caron Hon. J. A. Ouimet and Hon. A. R. Angers. The French Ministers have, however, pointed out to them the wisdom of keeping quiet until the official reply of the Manitoba Government reaches Ottawa.

Will Oppose a Royal Commission.

The Catholic members will not hear a commission of enquiry mooted. There is nothing to be gained, they argue, by appointing a commission to investigate the former status of the Manitoba Catholic schools. The Imperial Privy Council, having decided that the minority were unjustly deprived of certain rights, the only thing that remains, in their opinion, is for Parliament to restore those rights. They pointed out, moreover, that the appointment of a commission would imply hasty action on the part of the Government in issuing the Remedial Order, or as one of them expressed to your correspondent to-night, "It will be taking evidence after the verdict has been rendered."

Ewart Will Amend His Draft Bill.

It wil be remembered that when the appeal of the Catholic minority was being heard before the Governor-in-Council, Mr. Ewart filed a draft bill which he asked should be enacted to restore to the Manitoba Catholics their educational rights. This draft measure, if passed, would practically give them the precise system of schools which they had before 1890. It is recognized, however, even by Quebec Catholics, that the old order of things cannot be restored; that some concessions must be made in the direction of certified teachers, authorized text books and Government inspection, in fact about all that the Catholics would strenuously insist upon in their schools is the teaching of religion and history. During Mr. Ewart's recent visit to Ottawa, it was pointed out to him that the draft bill was too sweeping. He accordingly left for St. Boniface yesterday to consult Archbishop Langevin about the matter, and to secure a modification of the measure. The French-Canadian contingent was augmented to-night by the arrival from St, Boniface of Mr. Larliviere, a gentleman who has persistently fought for the recognition of the rights of the Catholic minority.

Another Day of Curran Bridge.

Another sitting has been spent in discussing the Curran bridge matter. The speech of the day was Sir C.H. Tupper's who placed the position of the Government on this question fairl before the country. The Minister of Justice did not leave a point in the Opposition argument unpierced. It was clear, concise, and comprehensible. Mr. McCarthy spoke until after 2 o'clock this morning, and Mr. Foster had the floor at 2.30 a.m., with Sir Richard Cartwright taking copious votes for a reply.

No Government Guarantee of Atlantic Railway Bonds.

Mr. Flint asked if the Government guaranteed or proposed to guarantee the interest on the bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway Company issued or to be issued in London, as stated in the following telegram: "London, June 15, Robinson, Fleming & Co., London—Have invited applications for £500,000 first mortgage 4 per cent. 20 year bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, being a part of the authorized issue of £4,000,000. The issue price is 99. It is stated that the Government of Canada has guaranteed the interest on the bonds for the period of their currency, and that the coupons will be so endorsed."

Mr. Foster, in reply, said the Government has not guaranteed, nor does it intend to guarantee, the interest on the bonds. What the Government has done is this. It has agreed to accept from the company a sum of money, £300,000, as a loan for which it will pay 3 per cent. interest, the sum of money so loaned and the accumulated interest to be paid as directed by the company. The company's directions will be that it be paid to the coupon holders of the bonds. As to the character and quality of the road, or the scheme in any way, the Government takes no responsibility, and makes no guarantee.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell): What is the Government to do?

Mr. Foster: The Government receives the money and pays the interest.

Mr. Flint: Is it the intention of the Government, in case it undertakes to guarantee the bonds of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway Company, to compel the said road to purchase the South Shore Railway between Montreal and Sorel, and to use the same as a portion of its line, or is it the intention of the Government to permit the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway Company to build a road between Montreal and Sorel parallel with the said South Shore Railway?

Mr. Foster replied: As the Government does not undertake to guarantee the bonds, so far as that transaction is concerned, it makes no condition whatever.

Those Funeral Expenses

Mr. Macdonald (Huron) asked: Have the accounts re the expenses of the funeral of the late Sir John Thompson been examined and found correct? If not, what is the cause of the delay?

Mr. Ouimet replied: The accounts in question have been examined, and have in some cases been reduced.

Committee Meetings

Mr. Lister called attention to the fact that the Public Accounts Committee was only to hold one meting this week. Such conduct on the part of the Government in burking enquiry was disgraceful. (Loud cries of "order.") Mr. Lister had to withdraw the word.

Mr. Foster pointed out that it was impossible to have another meeting this week. The Banking Committee was to meet to-morrow, and the Railway Committee on Friday, and many members of the Public Accounts Committee were members of both. After this week it would be possible to hold two metings of the committee each week. The subject then dropped.

Martin's Estimate of Human Nature.

Mr. Martin resumed the discussion on the Curran bridge affair. He held that the letting of a labor contract was a direct invitation to fraud. Mr. Martin's estimate of human nature is that it could not be expected to withstand the temptation to boodle under such circumstances. It was well enough for the Minister to state that the Government did not think $1.50 a day too much to pay laborers for working to their waists in water, but, said Mr. Martin, it was Mr. St. Louis who got the $1.50 a day, the laborers got $1.20 to $1.10 per day for their disagreeable work.

Mr. Curran's Effective Reply to Davies

Mr. Curran criticized severely the insinuations of Mr. Davies as to his personal connection with the Curran bridge matter. The recommendations in support of Mr. Kennedy's application were from gentlemen capable to judge of his merits and acquainted with his experience. The charge that Mr. Kennedy had benefited by the charge of change of materials from the original specifications was utterly unfounded, as was proven by the investigation. The proposal to commence work in December created consternation in Montreal, as it was said the unwatering of the canal at that time would throw thousands out of work. Accordingly a meeting of public men was held. Mr. Curran and Senator Ogilvie were deputed to come to Ottawa and urge that the work be not undertaken until the spring months. That was his sole connection with the work. He had never recommended a man for employment. The only letter he gave in that connection was to one O'Connor, who owned a lumber yard, a gentleman who, notwithstanding, never supplied so much as a box of matches to the Government. As to the insinuation that he (Mr. Curran) and Senator Drummond had prevented Mr. Kennedy going to the De-

Continued on Second Page.

IN THE MANITOBA HOUSE.

REMEDIAL ORDER REJECTED BY 15 MAJORITY.

Greenway's Supporters Defend the Action of the Government in Declining to Accede to the Order—Excitement in Winnipeg at the Demand to be Made by the French Members.

Winnipeg, June 19.—Feeling over the school question is intensified as the debate progresses in the Legislature, and the battle promises to be as bitterly fought as in the previous sittings of the House. This feeling was imbittered today when word reached the city from Ottawa that the French-Canadian representatives from the Province of Quebec are going to press the Government to carry out the Remedial Order on the Manitoba school question and to ask that a remedial law be passed this session, failing which they bolt from the Government side. Members of the Opposition in the Legislature deny the report that an amendment is to come from them advocating a secular school system in place of the present. They say that a vote was taken on secular schools a year ago, and that nothing can be gained by reviving the proposition.

Manitoba Within Her Rights.

Mr. Meyers was the first speaker for the Government. He claimed that the House had always been conciliatory and open to reason. They had done justice and did not intend to back down. When Manitoba entered the Confederation separate schools were never discussed. Manitoba was within her constitutional rights in passing the act abolishing separate schools a sthe judicial court of the Privy Council in England had held.

He claimed that the political power of the Church of Rome was a standing menace to the freedom of Canada, and especially the Manitoba Government. The Ottawa Government had the right to hear the Catholic appeal, but the order issued by them had been from unworthy motives, and was brought about by the power of the Quebec members. He hoped that the Ottawa Government would delay action before passing any laws affecting the educational system of Manitoba.

National Schools Best

Mr. Forsythe held that the question had been made a party one. One National school for the province was just and fair and honorable for all parties. He had known, under the old law, a Presbyterian, a Methodist and an Episcopalian who, to escape school taxation, had declared themselves to be Roman Catholics. The vast majority of the people of the province were opposed to giving way in connection with a National school system.

Treated Catholics Fairly.

Mr. Cameron, Privincial Secretary, was the next speaker. He denied that the funds of the Catholic schools had been appropriated. Far from doing wrong, the Government had rather manifested throughout, a disposition to treat Roman Catholics fairly. The Ottawa Government was not a judicial body, rather than a political organization, and from this point he considered the

He said there was no analogy between the condition of affairs in Manitoba and Quebec. The reply of the Manitoba Government, as expressed by Premier Greenway, should simply clarify the atmosphere and lead to calmer consideration of the question. The Manitoba Government were not guilty of disregarding the remedial order. Concluding, Mr. Cameron said even if the Dominion Parliament passed remedial legislation the Province House will have power to amend and repeal such act as the Legislature has absolute power in educational matters. The present system was superior to denominational schools and to restore the old system the Government would be recreant in its duty to the people, while it would be unfortunate for the province.

The Final Vote.

The final vote on Premier Greenway's motion refusing the Ottawa Government's order on Separate schools was reached to-night. It resulted in a majority of 15. The vote stood 25 for and 10 against.

His Wife Brained and House Robbed.

Jackson, Miss., June 19.—Mr. Finnegan of Jasper county went to work yesterday morning, leaving his young wife and two-year-old baby at the house. At noon he returned for dinner, and found his wife lying dead at the door, the child playing by her. The woman's brains had been smashed out with a maul. The murderer had robbed the house.

Mishap to Dr. Willoughby, M.L.A.

Colborne, Ont., June 19.—While Dr. Willoughby, M.L.A., was getting in his rig in Percy-street, Colborne, this morning, his horse started up, throwing the doctor over the wheel, breaking one bone in the arm and dislocating his wrist.

Dropped Dead in a Harness Shop.

Bond Head, June 19.—Stephen Howard, a farmer of West Gwillimbury, dropped dead in Rennick's harness shop Monday. Heart disease.

Severe Snowstorm in Scotland

Edinburgh, June 19.—A snowstorm prevailed to-day on Ben Nevis, Inverness-shire, the loftiest mountain in Great Britain. The storm was accompanied by lightning, and a bolt struck the telegraph observatory, disabling the instruments. The building was set on fire, but the officials and two tourists extinguished the flames. Little damage was done.

THE LATEST SENSATIONAL NOV-L.

A New and Startling Book Just Received From New York.

The name of George Paston, author of "A Modern Amazon," appears on the latest New York novel. It is entitled "A Study of Prejudices," and is written in a remarkably clear and terse language. But the charm of this book, now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-st., Toronto, is that it deals with a phase of life not often touched upon by authors, viz., the relation of husband and wife. Under the guise of a thrilling romance, some surprisingly clever things are said and some bluut yet wholesome truths brought home.

The "Empress"

"Empress" Hotel, corner Yonge and Gould-streets, R. Dissette, proprietor. Large, airy bedrooms, private parlors, excellent table, every convenience; electric cars pass every few minutes. Rates $1 and $1.50 per day. 246

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea

Summer Resorts

Are you looking for a nice place to send your family to this summer? The Peninsular Park Hotel, Big Bay Point, Lake Simcoe, meets all requirements. Full Particulars, 46 Colborne-street. ed

Turkish baths open day and night 127-129 Yonge-st.

Ask your shoe dealer for Cerol Russet Dressing. Price 15 cents.

Every hotel in Toronto that keeps pure wines and liquors will sell you Sprudel if you ask for it.

TOTTENHAM'S LOSSES.

A List of the Victims of Tuesday's Fire.

Tottenham, Ont., June 19.—The following is a rough estimate of the loss at yesterday's fire here:

John Anderson, contents, $700; insurance $500.

Frank Wright, house, $500.

William Anderson, contents $200; no insurance.

Eliza Austin, three dwellings and contents, $1500; insurance $1200.

J. C. Anderson, blacksmith shop and contents, $500; no insurance,

J. L. Aikens, contents, $100; no insurance.

Eliza O'Brien, woodshed, $50; no insurance.

Frank Brawley, house, blacksmith shop and contents, $2000; insurance $1000.

J. M. Lyons, barns, two shops and bakery, $2000; insurance $1500.

M. J. Casserty, barber and shoe shops, $400; insurance $280.

Peter Doyle, house and contents, $600; no insurance,

B. Fanning, house, $600; insurance $550

Angus Gunn, contents, $500; no insurance,

D. H. Vincent, house, $600; fully insured.

P. Garrity, house, $1000, besides $600 in promissory notes. No insurance.

T. M. Greenaway, barn and contents, $1000. Insurance $750.

Walter Potter, house, $800. Insured.

John Hay, contents $200. No insurance.

W. Henry, house, $800. Insured.

G. P. Hughes, livery stable, $400. Insurance $300.

Mrs. Scott, house, $1000. Insurance $1000

George Gordon, loss on wagon shop and incidentals, $2000.

William Long, house, $700. Insurance $500.

H. Ledgerwood, house, $700.

Margaret Logan, house, $700. Insurance $500.

Mrs. Lowery, house, $700. No insurance.

D. McKinney, contents, $1000. No insurance.

J. A. Mercer, house, shop and contents, $2000. Insurance $1000.

W. J. McDermott, house and contents, $700. Insured.

Sarah McDermott, house and contents, $900. Insurance $500.

Thomas Moffatt, house, $400. No insurance.

Methodist Church $6000. Insurance $4000.

Newbury Estate, house and outbuildings, $1200. Insurance.

Eliza Mitchell, house, $250.

Joseph Preston, house $800. Insurance $600.

William Patter, two stores and two dwellings, contents insured for $5000.

Ira Phillips, house $500.

Stone house, $900. Insurance $700.

W. H. Sanford, shop and house, $2000. Insurance $1000.

Ellen Austin, house, $700.

J. R. Gregory, house $500.

T. J. Turner, house. No insurance; loss on store about $200. Insured.

H. J. Turner, loss on stock $500. No insurance.

Alex. Totten, house and contents $2500. Insurance $2000.

Mrs. Wilson, house $800. No insurance.

Margaret Woods, house, $800. No insurance.

L. G. Wolfe, loss unknown but very heavy.

Thomas Dale, house $600.

L. E. Williams, house and contents. Insurance $1500.

G. M. Robinson, contents insured for $500.

Gart & Lyons, horse-power and clover mill, $600. No insurance.

Robert Sanderson, steamer, $1000. No insurance.

Brownstown a Blackened Waste

Franklin, Ind., June 19.—The village of Brownstown was destroyed by fire Monday night. Loss $40,000.

DRANK DOG BLOOD.

Wasn't Nice, But Kept the Castaways Alive Until Rescued.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 19.—One of the survivors of the wrecked sloop Crest, who returned yesterday from San Clement's Islands, tells of the sufferings of himself and companions. After being struck by the storm the sloop drifted around for several days. The water and provisions giving out, they killed a dog and drank his blood, which kept them alive till the shore was reached.

One of the party went crazy from thirst before the camp of the hunters on the mainland was gained. Here they were fed and cared for, and after several days' rest were sent to San Pedro on a sloop.

Regrets the Government's Connection.

London, June 19.—The Canadian Gazette says, in connection with the Atlantic and Superior Railway: For the sake of the repute of Canada in Great Britain, we deeply regret that the Dominion Government is in any way associated in this issue, though there is little choice about the matter, as any one has the right to purchase an annuity, while there are precedents for undertaking to apply such an annuity in any way the buyer pleases. Does not this most recent experience show the importance of a new rule to prevent the use of the Government name in the promotion of individual schemes?

MIDSUMMER DRAWS APACE.

And the Merry Marriage Bells Ring Throughout the Land.

Now is the time when outdoor functions crowd on each other. And whether they be social or of sportive character, on land or water, straws are worn alike by ladies and gentlemen. There is only another week for their sale before the summer holiday season proper commences. Dineens' have all the latest styles and at cheapest rates. The highest in this case is the cheapest. Bicycle and other caps from 25 cents, straws from $1 to $3, silks from $3 to $8. Only at King and Yonge-streets.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Matured Investment Policies.

Investment insurance of late years has become quite popular. For some time past that solid and substantial home company, the North American Life, has been paying to the holders of its matured investment policies the results realized under the same, and it is exceedingly gratifying to know that in every case the results paid have been highly satisfactory.

Copies of letters received from holders of the company's matured investment policies will be cheerfully furnished on application to William McCabe, F.I.A., Managing Director, North American Life Assurance Company, 22 to 28 King-street west, Toronto, or any of the company's agents. 246

Sprudel is the most healthful mineral water sold on this continent.

To lay up a store of health and maintain sound Digestion, Adams' Tutti Frutti does that. Refuse imitations.

Turkish baths day and night, 204 King w

Ask for Dewar's Scotch whisky, as supplied to her Majesty, Queen Victoria. 246

Turkish baths open all night, 204 King w

Sprudel $1.70 per dozen quarts or $6 per case 50 quart bottles, if empties are returned. William Mara, 79 Yonge-st.

A FAVORITE WEAPON.

WILFRID: Give him the mud, Lou. Our tariff pea-shooter don't work right, and we've got to pepper 'em with something.

WILL GLADSTONE DIE A TORY?

HIS ACTION ON THE WELSH BILL INDICATES IT.

The Disestablishment Measure Regarded by Him as too Harsh and Changed to Meet His Views—A Change in His Pairing Causes Comment He Will Not Speak on the Bill.

London, June 19.—The House of Commons, in the course of the debate on the Welsh Disestablishment bill to-day, accepted the amendments offered by the Opposition, placing the church schools and public chapels under a representative body, instead of wholly disendowing them, as the bill originally proposed.

C. J. Darling, Unionist member for Deptford, asked whether the Government intended to proceed with the Welsh Church disestablishment bill in view of the fact that Mr. Gladstone had intimated that the measure did not have his approval.

The question was not answered.

GLADSTONE KILLS HIS VOTE.

So The Times Avers, But the Man He Paired With Says Not.

London, June 19.—The Times says: "Mr. Gladstone has requested the whips to terminate his pair with Right Hon. Charles Pelham Villiers, which has been operative since he retired, and which has been regarded as permanent. The reason assigned is that Mr. Gladstone wishes to retain an open mind on the Welsh disestablishment question, but as the breaking of the pair will deprive the Ministers of his vote at all times, it is believed he really intends to signify his dissatisfaction with the methods of the Government generally."

The Times says editorially that Mr. Gladstone's withdrawal is a portent of the dissolution of Parliament that cannot be misconstrued.

The Westminster Gazette says that of the Government bills Mr. Gladstone is interested only in the Welsh Church disestablishment measure, upon which he is desirous of freedom to vote on one or two points.

The Bill Changed to Suit the G.O.M.

It is learned that Mr. Gladstone asked the Liberal whips to break his pair with Mr. Villiers at the time of the Welsh Church Disestablishment bill entered the committee stage, because he thought that the proposals for dealing with the property of the church after disestablishment had become a fact were somewhat harsh. As he had not wished to make his appearance in the House, he paired in favor of the bill. He does not now intend to appear in the House, either to speak or to vote.

The committee stage of the bill began to-day. The Government has further accepted two or three small amendments of similar nature to the ones placing schools and pubblic chapels under a representative body, instead of disendowing them entirely. This was done with the object of obviating Mr. Gladstone's objection to the bill. Nevertheless, the Welsh Radicals are displeased and declare that Mr. Gladstone is returning to the political faith of his youth and will die a Conservative.

Denied By Mr Villiers.

Mr. Charles Villiers, member for the south division of Wolverhampton, declares that he has received no intimation, as reported, that Mr. Gladstone desires to withdraw from his agreement to pair with Mr. Villiers in Parliamentary voting.

Still Paired, But With Another.

Rt. Hon. Jacob Bright, M.P. for Southwest Manchester, a nephew of the late John Bright, succeeds Mr. Villiers as Mr. Gladstone's pair.

New Turkish baths open all night 127-129 Yonge-street

Arlington Hotel.

The cool piazzas and central location of this comfortable hotel make it most desirable for summer tourists.

FOUGHT ON THE HOUSE FLOOR.

Lively Scene in the Italian Parliament—Socialistic Radicals Precipitate a Row.

Rome, June 19.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, during the debate on the address in reply to the King's speech, a Radical deputy spoke in favor of amnesty to political and other offenders, whereupon Premier Crispi declared that the Government would propose that the King's mercy should extend to peasants and others who had been misled, but certainly not to the leaders of revolt. The utterance was vociferously applauded by the majority. Crispi was interrupted by cries of all sorts from the Radicals. Some members of the majority reproached the Radicals for their conduct and for a time there was a violent exchange of invectives. A number of deputies descended to the centre of the Chamber, which soon became packed. A struggle followed, in which there were many blows struck, and the sitting had to be suspended. The President ordered the galleries cleared. A deafening uproar followed, which was continued for 15 minutes. Finally order was restored and the sitting resumed. The President severely rebuked the disorderly deputies. The address was carried by a large majority.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S LOAN BILL.

It Was Drafted in Britain and is All Right.

St. John's, Nfld., June 19.—It is learned that the Loan bill is all right. It was framed in and telegraphed from England. It is modeled in conformity with the English law, known as the Colonial Stock Act. This act provides that Colonies raising loans in England shall appoint an agent there, who registers certificates for such amounts as are received, issuing such certificates as inscribed stock, which is equivalent to debenture bonds. The Whiteway ministry received an answer from England late last night, explaining the matter.

To-day the Assembly was engaged in the consideration of ways and means. The revenue bill will probably be passed to-night. The Government is rushing business, desiring to close the House at the end of June.

The flagship Cleopatra returned to-day from a cruise around the island, distributing relief goods. She reports much destitution at the northern outports. The French despatch vessel Hussar arrived to-day on fishery protection service.

The steamer Alaska, from Glasgow, at Tilt Cove for ore, reports an immense body of ice 200 miles off land. The Alaska did not get clear of it until she was within 150 miles of the coast.

Marble and Granite

Robert Powell, 336 Yonge-street, is giving up business and disposing of his large stock, marble and granite monuments, etc., at cost. Rare bargains are offered those looking for monuments, etc. Telephone 1627. 246

MARRIAGES.

ARMOUR—DRYNAN—At St. Peter's Church, Cobourg, Ont., on Wednesday, June 19, 1895, by the Rev. Canon Spragge, rector, Nora, fifth daughter of the Hon. Chief Justice Armour, to John William Drynan of Toronto.

CASSELS—CHRISTIE—On June 19, at St. Anne's Church, by the Rev. Lenox Ingall Smith, assisted by the Rev. A. McLean Ballard, Larratt Godfrey Cassels of the Dominion Bank, Oshawa, to Elizabeth May Christie, youngest daughter of the late Charles Christie, Esq.

SIMPSON—CUNNINGHAM—At the residence of the bride's father, 126 Euclid-avenue, by the Rev. Mr Morrow of Copetown, Miss Nellie Cunningham to Mr. W. J. Simpson, both of Toronto.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, the leading sculptors, have best designs and most complete facilities for turning out best work in monuments, etc., in the Dominion. Showrooms, 524 Yonge-street; works, Yonge street, Deer Park. 246

JUDGE DESNOYERS' PROTEST.

OBJECTS TO SIR C. H. TUPPER'S "HUMILIATING INSINUATIONS."

Abe Orpen's Montreal Pool Rooms Raided—More Trouble Between Poet Frechette and the Clergy—Bank Manager's Regret at Newfoundland Not Coming Into the Union.

Montreal, June 19.—The following is the text of Judge Resnoyers' letter of protest to the Minister of Justice in connection with the latter's remarks on the St. Louis case:

If the reports of the public press are true, you have lately qualified my decision in the St. Louis matter as a "miscarriage of justice." Such a term involves in itself a slur on the administration of justice in Montreal, and also upon myself, which I cannot help resenting. Whilst I am always ready to submit to any honest criticism of my actions as a public functionary, I feel it is my right to protest against any humiliating insinuation, which such terms or any similar terms may involve, whether it comes from the Minister of Justice, the natural protector of tribunals and judges of the country, or from any other individual. I have no other way of defending myself against such unfair attacks but this protest, and I take the liberty of using it. I may add that such remarks on the part of the Minister of Justice who has probably not read the evidence and certainly not seen the witnesses cannot but have the most demoralizing effect upon the administration of justice. I remain, sir, yours respectfully, M. C. Desnoyers, J.S.P.

In the discussion on the case in the House on June 6, Sir Charles used these words: "It could noth ave been anticipated, it was not anticipated by the law officers of the Crown, that such an unfortunate miscarriage of justice would take place in Montreal."

In the same debate Mr. Laurier said: "The hon. gentleman says there was a miscarriage of justice, and I must say for my part I would not have come to the conclusion that the magistrate came to."

Canada's Bright Prospects.

The annual meetingo fthe Merchants' Bank of Canada is always looked forward to with interest, and in his address to-day General Manager George Hague said that the outlook for Canada was bright, and he regretted that Newfoundland had not come into the Union and thus enjoy the splendid banking system of the Dominion.

Lieutenant-Governor Chapleau, in company with Rabbi Veldt, visited the Baron Hirsch Institute to-day, and was cordialy received.

Only Missed One Race.

Abe Orpen's pool-room in Craig-street was raided to-day, and the proprietor taken to the police station. Abe, however, was liberated soon after on personal bail, and his frinds claim that he went back at once to business, only missing one race.

The Demers' Murder.

The only thing that came out to-day in the inquest in the Mrs. Demers murder case was the fact that the doctor reported that no food was found in the victim's stomach, leaving it to be inferred that the crime might have been committed earlier than at first supposed.

The Poet Frechette Insulted.

There is a big sensation in French circles over an insult which the friends of Mr. Louis Frechette allege has been offered the famous Canadian poet just named. There is a literary society in this city known as the "National Alliance," and its members meet quite frequently to hear lectures from eminent litterateur. A lecture had been announced from Dr. Louis Frechette and in the meantime a hall had been secured from the parish priest of St. Joseph, Richmond-street. It will be remembered that the poet has had several bouts of late with different members of the French clergy regarding educational and other matters, and consequently is not in an odor of sanctity among the cloth generally. Rev. Mr. Leclerie, the cure in question, countermanded his offer of the hall as soon as he learned who the lecturer was to be, hence the row in the literary camp. It is said that an action will follow, and all sorts of threats are indulged in.

Three Deaths From a Freight Wreck.

Buffalo, June 19.—Samuel McCormick, the Erie fireman who was so terribly burned in the freight wreck near Darian on the night of June 5, died in terrible agony at the Emergency Hospital last night. This makes the third death resulting from the wreck.

Dived to His Death.

Belleville, June 19.—George Wilson, a young man who lives at Consecon, died last night from the effect of striking his head on a log whilst diving on Saturday.

Sought Death in the Atlantic.

Queenstown, June 19.—The steamer Aurania, which sailed from Liverpool for New York yesterday, reported upon her arrival here to-day that Isabella Gortey, an intermediate passenger, had committed suicide by jumping overboard. She was on her way to New York to join her husband.

June at the Queen's Royal.

These June days can be most perfectly and happily spent at Niagara-on-the Lake and the comfortable Queen's Royal Hotel. The brigade camp adds to the many other recreations and occupations. The opening hop of the season will be held on Saturday evening, June 22nd. H. Winnett, proprietor.

When you ask for Sprudel, don't have any other mineral water pawned off on you, as is very often done.

Force, vigor, health are maintained by good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti aids digestion wonderfully. Refuse imitations.

We Deliver Wines at the Island.

Wm. Mara, 79 Yonge-street, has made arrangements with the Island Supply Company to deliver Sprudel, ales, wines and liquors, including the celebrated California Tokay, from the Santa Clara Valley, to the residents of Centre Island and Hanlan's Point.

Turkish baths day and night, 204 King w

Fine and Cooler.

Lowest and highest temperatures: Calgary 40—66; Prince Albert 38—58; Qu'Appelle 42—64; Winnipeg 44—66; Port Arthur 50—76; Parry Sound 60—76; Toronto 60—81; Kingston 66—86; Quebec 58—88; Halifax 52—88.

Probs.—Light to moderate variable winds; fine, slightly lower temperature.

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