BLACK KISSED HER TWICE.

MRS. MARIE SUTTIE'S SUMMER VISIT TO TORONTO IN 1884.

Her Husband Wrote to her to Come Home, Which she Did After a While, in Mr. Black's Company—She Sues for Divorce.

From the N. Y. Sun, April 8.

Mrs. Marie Suttie's suit for a limited divorce from her husband, Wm. J. Suttie, was before Judge Andrews in Supreme court chambers yesterday, the motion being for alimony pending the trial, which has been in progress for some weeks before Referee Shepherd. Mr. Suttie is a manufacturing jeweler, and the plaintiff, who is quite young, is his second wife. The couple's marital troubles began in the summer of 1884, when the young wife was allowed to spend the heated term at Toronto on a visit to a Mrs. Potter. Mr. Suttie exacted a promise from his wife that she should write him on each day of her absence. This she did for a time, but soon three days passed without a letter. Then the anxious husband telegraphed an inquiry whether his wife was ill, sent her money, and in the letter directed that she "pack up by to-morrow and start the next day. If you don't get back by Tuesday, you must not come back to me at all, and when you get ready, you can go to your father's house."

This brought a despatch from her, which was followed by five letters of different dates, but all mailed together, which the husband asserts were written at the same time and after she got his telegram. What Mrs. Suttie was doing meantime appears from the evidence of Charles H. Black, one of her Toronto friends.

At first she was indignant at her husband's peremptory summons to return, and said she would do as she pleased. Then she concluded to go, but with Black as her travelling companion. Soon after she arrived at Toronto she, with three others, took a long drive, stopping for supper at a friend's house eighteen miles from the city. Mrs. Suttie sat on the back seat with Mr. Black, while the latter's younger brother, James Campbell Black, and Miss Maggie Potter occupied the front seat. Black says he kissed Mrs. Suttie twice, and the next day kissed her again once or twice.

That evening they went together to a flower show, and there he told her that he was feeling ill. They took a long walk, and she exerted herself to dispel his melancholy. The next day she wrote him this letter:

DEAR CHARLEY: I was sorry to detain you so long last night. If you have anything on your mind, tell me frankly what it is. You must not despair about your condition, as the future may not be as black as you think.
Your devoted friend, MAY.

After an interval, during which they met once or twice, it is alleged that Mrs. Suttie wrote to Black thus:

I am at a loss to know why you reproach me so. * * * If you have heard anything about me that displeases you, you must tell me about it. Your devoted friend, MAY.

Mrs. Suttie went riding with Benjamin Allen and other Toronto friends of hers two or three times, and on one occasion a violent thunder storm drove them into his boat house. She once told Black, it is alleged, that she once took in the night scenes of New York in male attire, with a young physician as a companion. When she concluded to obey her husband's summons to return to New York from Toronto she gladly accepted Black's offer to go with her, declaring that she would return with him if her husband didn't receive her pleasantly.

Mr. Suttie met his wife at the Grand Central depot as she alighted from the train, and proposed that they go for refreshments. She hesitated, and then said she first wished to speak to a young man who had travelled with her. When Suttie was introduced to Black. He noticed that the young man turned pale, though the fact escaped to him with greater force after he had learned what had transpired in Canada. Mrs. Suttie wished the next day to go with Black to Coney Island, but Mr. Suttie said it would be highly improper for her to be seen there with another man than her husband. Suttie then called to see Black at the United States hotel. He found a telegram on the tablejin Black's room which, he says, was from Mrs. Suttie, asking Black to meet her at the 125th street elevated station.

That evening, after upbraiding his wife, Suttie went from home in a passion. On returning, Suttie says, he found that she had gone and had left this letter:

DEAR HUSBAND: I am a guilty wretch and have brought disgrace upon a kind and honest husband. I shall not cause you any more shame by remaining in your home. Send my trunk to the Forty-second street depot to-morrow morning. Good bye. MAY.

Suttie went himself to the depot, and there found Black and his wife. The three went to the Grand Union hotel, when the testimony goes one to say:

"You are a guilty woman," said Suttie with tears in his eyes.

"My God, what do you mean? Your wife is virtuous," asserted Black with great earnestness.

The scene ended with a reconciliation between husband and wife. The two men were greatly affected, but Mrs. Suttie laughed at them, exclaiming, "Look at the two fools." She went back with her husband, though he refused her request to correspond with Black. Not long afterward Mr. Suttie found one of the letters Black wrote his wife while at Toronto, in which he wrote:

DEAR MAY: I am sorry I caused you pain. I was never so badly scared in my life as last night. We will have to spoon some more. Don't you think that it is not a fair deal with somebody in New York? A fly has just been tugging at my scalp, which reminds me that I should like to fly with you. * * * Why do you want to see me? It is dangerous, and might undo all our efforts to keep secret.

Mrs. Suttie was now sent to her mother, but was not cordially received, and soon after was an inmate of the House of the Good Shepherd, Newark, where her parents reside. Her husband once more took her back, but she says he abused her constantly and she was forced to leave him. Among other grievances, she says he seized her by the hair and cut off at least a yard of her fine long tresses. He asserts, however, that he only trimmed off a few inches at her request. She says that when she wished a mustard plaster he offered to get one, and saturating a flannel with turpentine, held it upon her chest until she shrieked with pain. He at one time struck her so as to blacken her eye, and once boxed her ears. As to the latter charge Mr. Suttie gives this explanation:

I am a member of the Roman Catholic church, and before making confession of my sins I believe that it is necessary to examine my conscience. On Sept. 6, 1884, I retired to my room. My wife at once began to play on the piano as loudly as possible to divert my mind. I put on my hat to go out, as I could not stand it. She was sitting on the piano stool, and as I passed I kissed her. She held me, and asked where I was going. I told her that while she was making so much noise I could not examine my conscience. "Your conscience! ha, ha, ha," she exclaimed, laughing; "you haven't got any, you jealous old fool." I was so angry that I could not restrain myself, so I boxed her ears and walked out. I grew repentent, however, and, though very much provoked a reconciliation was effected.

Judge Andrews reserved his decision.

"I Don't Want Relief, But Cure,"

—is the exclamation of thousands suffering from catarrh. To all such we says: Catarrh can be cured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It has been done in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your danger is in delay. Enclose a stamp to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

A Russian Moujik's Courage.

Paris Letter to London News.

While I was with the wolf-bitten subjects of the czar, a present of tea came into them from the Russian ambassador, and then a set of artists who were deputed to photograph them for an illustrated paper of St. Petersburg. One of the finest men I ever saw was a peasant coachman in his prime, who, to save a woman from the jaws of the wolf, engaged in an epic struggle with the abid animal. I did not know what his antecedents were when he entered, and was so struck with his quietly resolute air and lordly carriage that I asked whether he also was a nobleman in difficult circumstances. He saw the wolf on the woman, and went up to seize it by the scruff of the neck, knowing that if he did so it would relax its hold to turn on him. He meant to hold it in such a way that it could not bite him until he or somebody else could kill the brute, but it was too quick for him and caught him by the left arm. He seized the neck with the right hand and, getting astride on the wolf, pressed it down with all his weight on the ground and then got a knee firmly on its loins. When the brave Moujik coachman, with his left arm all the time in the mad wolf's maw, was kneeling on the animal, he saw a hatchet and called to the owner to give it to him, but the feeling of avarice prevailing in the latter, he cried, 'No, no; if I do, the skin will be spoiled." The unconscious hero then stretched out his right hand to seize the implement, in doing which he had to relax the pressure of his knee, which enabled the wolf to seize the other arm. His left arm was nearly dead from pain, loss of blood and injuries inflicted on the muscles, which were badly lacerated, but he resolved that either he or his rabid adversary should perish, and making a supreme effort, got it between his knees, with which he held the body tight, threw himself forward, clutched the hatchet, half raised himself and with the left hand inflicted such a blow on the neck and shoulders as to cleave the body in twain. What was remarkable in him was that he did not seem to know he was worthy of any sort of admiration. It is also noteworthy that his companions who described the fight did not elect the hero of it their head man when they were coming to Paris. His wounds were hideous, and the flesh of the right arm was in rags.

The heat of summer easily prostrates a man whose blood has lost its vigor by excess of uric acid. It can be rapidly corrected by that great blood tonic, Warner's safe cure.

The Fishing Exploits of the Duke of Beaufort.

From the Fishing Gazette.

I have been at all sports all my life. Salmon and trout I have killed in England; in the Christchurch Avon salmon, in the Test trout only. I have fished the Wye, the Usk for salmon, the Monnow for trout, and many other rivers the names of which I forget for the moment. In Scotland I have fished the Spey, the Lochy, the Spean, the Roy, etc. In Ireland the Blackwater, the Bride, the Lee, and other rivers. In Canada, on the edge of Labrador, the Natasquhan.

In Lower Canada and New Brunswick the Bistiguche, the Metapediac, and the Apsulquitch. The best twenty-one consecutive days' salmon fishing I ever had was in September (I forget if it was 1882 or 1883, but I can ascertain). I killed 158 fish averaging about 14 pounds in the twenty-one days, an average of 7½ fish per diem. The largest number in one day was 12, and on another day 11 fish, and they were very pleasantly distributed over the time. I was alone; the friends who were coming for half the time unfortunately could not come. The largest fish I ever killed was 26 pounds. Have killed a good many between that weight and 20 pounds. In Great Britain and Ireland I think a 15-pound fish gives more sport than the larger ones. In Canada a 23-pound or 25 pound fish will run about and jump clean out of the water like a sea trout or grilse, perhaps seven or eight times while you have him on.

Incurable Changed to Curable.

DURHAM, N. C., Aug. 16th, 1885.—I had been in bad health for ten years. Case was pronounced incurable. Began to use Warner's safe cure, and three weeks after using it, gravels from the size of a large pea down to the size of shot commenced passing. Had fifteen pass in two months, and am now well.—MAURICE BERKECK.

The New Gold Mines in Asia.

From the Journal des Debats.

The new gold mines discovered in the valley of the Djolgute river are called the New California. This valley is upon the Chinese bank of the Amoor, opposite the Russian colony of Tgnachino, and as the soil is very marshy and there are no roads, it is only accessible in winter. Gold was first discovered there in May, 1884, and it soon attracted a great many adventurers, the earliest comers being Russian deserters and escaped convicts from Siberia, and by the month of January in last year there was a colony of 9,000 Russians, the total having been very much increased since, while there are also about 6,000 Chinese and 150 adventurers of different nationalities, the last named of whom have joined the Russians, the organization of the colony being altogether Russian.

The goldfinders are divided into 722 small groups of workmen, all of whom are absolutely equal. These groups elect twelve elders, who do not work themselves, but superintend the diggings, and receive a salary of 200 roubles a month. They are selected from among the dealers in gold and tavern keepers, and form a sort of districtt police corps. They do not meet with any interference from the Chinese authorities in this remote valley, the laws of which are very simple but severe, the penalty of death being inflicted for cheating at play, for adulterating the gold dust, or for theft; while flogging is inflicted for drunkenness during the hours of labor or for bringing females into the colony.

Since the foundation of the colony there have been only three murders and two inflictions of the death penalty; a Russian having been hung for adulterating the gold dust, and a Jew flogged to death for having spread false news as to the approach of a body of Russian troops, hoping thereby to send down the price of gold owing to the panic. There are twenty seven taverns in the colony, and, owing to the competition, the prices are not high, except for spirits. The gold fields, which are twenty-five miles in length by three miles broad, are said to be very rich, and 7 pounds of gold are obtained from 32 cwt. of gravel, even with the primitive mode of washing adopted there.

—Mr. H. F. Jackson, one of Montreal's prominent druggists, says the Lotus of the Nile perfume has taken splendidly. Every one of my customers who has tried it speaks in the highest terms of its great delicacy and richness, which are unusual qualities to find in a perfume of such strength. 36

Wealth on the stage.

Mary Anderson is computed to be worth $500,000, which is said to be safely invested in real estate, gas stocks and railway shares, both in England and America. A small portion of it is in American bonds. She expects to clear this year $150,000. But our Mary is not so rich as her sister professional, Lotta, who, as a rule, lives frugally, and is eminently businesslike. She claims to be, and probably is, the wealthiest woman on the stage. Her dollars are estimated as totalling up to considerable more than a clear million. Most of the money is held in the name of her mother, Mrs. Crabtree, who has been her daughter's business manager ever since she appeared on the stage. Lotta has sustained only one serious monetary loss. A man she was engaged to was at the bottom of it. She let him have $20,000 to speculate with. He lost the whole it, and Lotta's heart and hand at the same time.

GEORGE CLARKE,

Room H,

ARCADE

Real Estate Sold on Commission.

Loans Negotiated

The following properties are placed in my hands for sale or exchange by the owners, and all properties entrusted to me shall have careful personal attention:

$100000—A CLIENT has $100,000 to lend on approved securities at 6 per cent.

LITTLE YORK—30 acres, near Station, suitable for building lots. A bargain. Small payments down.

WEST TORONTO JUNCTION—Lots on Dundas st. and all main avenues at rock bottom figures.

HURON ST.—2 brick-fronted 2-roomed houses; all modern conveniences; let to good tenants.

QUEBEC avenue, West Toronto Junction—2 framed houses; let to good tenants.

QUEEN'S PARK—Yonge St. College Avenue, south side, at entrance to Queen's Park, and site of new Parliament Buildings, a very handsome detached brick residence, being fourth house west of Queen St. Avenue; 18 rooms, laundry with tubs, bath, two w.c's., very best plumbing, American furnace, handsome ebony and gold mantels with mirrors, mahogany-finished drawing-room, handsomely decorated bronze hardware, cut glass vestibule, stained glass windows, handsome porch and verandah; lot 40 x 292 with back entrance to Murray St., stable, etc.

CARLTON ST.—10-roomed solid brick house, detached, all modern conveniences, stable and sheds; lane in rear; side entrance; suitable for a doctor.

DUFFERIN ST.—Lot 237 feet frontage, very deep, west side, immediately south of Queen, close to railways, suitable for manufactory or mechanics' houses.

DUNDAS ST.—Corner lot at West Toronto Junction; a bargain.

DUNDAS ST.—200x150 to be sold; a bargain; an opportunity that should not be lost; terms easy; suitable for a good row of stores.

THREE HIRCHES—Ten-roomed house, with stabling, etc., 13 acres of land, with fruit trees in bearing, plenty of strawberries, currants, raspberries, etc., part of land tile underdrained, rest high and dry, with shade trees on it; magnificent view of lake and city, 10 minutes' walk from Humber Station.

NINE-ROOMED house adjoining, with stabling, 4 acres of land, with fruit trees in bearing, shade trees, etc., etc. Five view of lake and city, 10 minutes' walk from Humber Station.

FIVE-ROOMED Cottage, with about 5 acres of land, of which 3 are in young orchard 4 years planted. This cottage and 3 acres of land are let for 3 years at $100 per annum. 10 minutes' walk from Humber Station.

MANITOBA FARMS for sale or exchange, all first class; good localities.

YONGE STREET PARK—On Yonge street, within easy distance of the city. Metropolitan Street Railway runs past the property. Building lots for sale at prices and on terms to suit purchasers.

$2.00 PER foot will purchase good building lots at Little York.

YONGE street—Choice building lots (3) per foot; houses will rent in this locality as fast as erected. Soudan avenue $7 per foot.

LANSDOWNE avenue, Parkdale—lots 17 to 12, 30 ft. x 137 6 in.; Gwynne avenue, lot 42 x 171.

SPADINA avenue—west side—6 new stores in course of erection; a first-class investment.

$3500 WILL purchase a first-class house on Huron street, 10 rooms and bath; every modern convenience; a bargain.

SPECULATIVE lots—Dominion city $20 each, well situated and will grow into money.

$8 PER foot for choice building lots on Eglington avenue; cannot be surpassed for villa sites.

HAMILTON ST.—Lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38, registered plan 121.

CRAWFORD ST.—East side, lots 27 and 28.

CRAWFORD ST.—Lots on both sides from College to Bloor.

SHAW ST.—East side, lots 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28.

SHAW ST.—East side from College to Bloor.

SULLY ST.—West side from College to Bloor.

QUEEN ST. WEST—No. 163 to 169, 103 ft. by 111 ft.; 1 frame and 2 brick stores, well rented.

RICHMOND ST. WEST—No. 158 to 164, 105 x 112, two brick and one frame store, well rented.

LOMBARD ST.—500 x 90 feet.

SOUTH-EAST corner Richmond and Victoria Sts., 90 x 90.

QUEEN ST. EAST—No. 38, vacant lot, 20 x 183.

GEORGE CLARKE,

Room H,

ARCADE

"Keeping Pace With the Times."

UNAPPROACHABLE VALUES IN FINE DRY GOODS.

Our Mr. Edw'd. McKeown has just returned from the markets, for the second time this season, having made further extensive purchases of *new* and *advanced novelties*, which are now marked off and ready for inspection.

Special attention is directed to a *tremendous parcel* of

French Combination Dress Goods,

in 25 fashionable colorings, and *magnificent designs*, which will be sold during this day, and coming week, at the *marvellously low prices* of 15c, 17½c, 20c, 25c, 27½c, and 33c, which stand *par excellence* for value.

A large assortment of choice designs in TRIMMING SILKS, including Stripes, Brocheas, Velvet and Silk, Velvet and Tinsel, and Chene mixtures, which are *really superb*, prices commence at 35c, and range up to $2.00 a yard.

A full line of TRICOTINE SILKS, fashionable colorings at 65c, worth 85c, and a parcel of BLACK GROS GRAIN, TAFFETAS and MERVEILLEUX, purchased under advantageous circumstances, selling for $1 per yard, which cannot be repeated under $1.25 to $1.50. *Purchase now.*

Our *low prices for fine goods* should command the attention of every intending purchaser of

WRAPS AND JACKETS,

to which we particularly invite attention to added novelties, both in *Fabrics* and *Designs*. Their mode of combination is *pleasing* and the *styles* are elegant, and prices SURPRISINGLY MODERATE, *pretty little wraps and jackets* selling at $6, $8, $10 and $15.

☞ Our Mantle Cutting is the most perfect in Toronto, the productions of our factory being equal to any of our imported German or Berlin goods. *Inspection solicited.*

450 Cashmere Jerseys, manufacturers' samples (all wool), in every grade, style and fashionable colouring. Prices commence at $1.50, up.

EDW. McKEOWN,

182 YONGE STREET.

2 Doors North of Queen W.

PURLAND & DUFFETT

ARE OFFERING SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN

CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, RUGS, MATS, LACE CURTAINS, ETC., ETC.

JUST TO HAND—JOB LOT

White Spreads at 65c. Worth $1.25.

PURLAND & DUFFETT, 528 YONGE ST., COR. WILTON AVE.

THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

HEAD OFFICE, HAMILTON, CAN.

Guarantee Capital $700,000.00
Government Deposit 54,633.00

Recognizing the growing demand for Life Insurance on payment only for actual mortality, this company has adopted the

HOMANS PLAN

of Insurance by Mortuary Premiums. The only Company in Canada giving this system of Guaranteed Life Insurance at actual cost, with a small annual charge for expenses.

The Assured pays only his equitable proportion of the death losses actually occurring among the members. This plan furnishes Insurance Positive, free from anything foreign to pure Life Insurance, at the smallest possible cost consistent with safety.

The FEDERAL LIFE has securities deposited with the Receiver-General of Canada alone amounting to more than all its liabilities to Policy-holders and the public.

Send for circulars explanatory of the Homans Plan.

Agents wanted in every unrepresented town or district.

TORONTO OFFICE: 6

56 YONGE STREET

200 PAIRS

CORSETS

Worth 75c, $1, $1.25 for 25 and 33 Cents.

200 DOZEN NEW STYLES

Ladies' Spring Hats

Just to hand, 20, 25, 30 and 35 Cents, Worth Treble.

6

McKENDRY & CO

WALERLOO HOUSE,

278 YONGE ST., COR. ALICE

Mr. Hamilton MacCarthy,

SCULPTOR, of London, Eng.

147 Yorkville Avenue and 62 Arcade, Yonge St.

Portrait Busts, Medallions, Statuettes, Etc. 6

SHORTHAND.

NOTICE.

Pupils wanted to learn the swiftest English and American Systems of Shorthand and Typewriting, Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Commercial Correspondence, Commercial Arithmetic and Commercial Law, Reading, Arithmetic, Grammar and Composition. This Academy is daily proving itself to be the best in Canada, as it gives private lessons on all subjects, and can advance its students faster than other institutions. Each student may commence any time, and take any subject or subjects they desire. Shorthand thoroughly taught by mail. Teachers sent to places where classes can be formed. Shorthanders should send for application form and become Members of this Association, also enclose 10 cents for copy of "Union Shorthand Writer," the best shorthand Magazine published in America, or 15 cents for *Phonographic Pince*, a Comic Monthly 32 page Magazine, full of fun. Situations procured competent Shorthanders and Bookkeepers, etc. Shorthand books and periodicals of all systems for sale, wholesale and retail. Address all communications, etc., to the UNION SHORTHANDERS COMMERCIAL ACADEMY or ASSOCIATION, Yonge Street Arcade, Toronto. 246

FREE SHOW

Seed Grain Given Away.

THE

Canadian Pacific

RAILWAY CO.'S

CELEBRATED

Exhibition Car,

CONTAINING

Samples of the Products and Soils

OF

MANITOBA

AND THE

CANADIAN NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

Will be on Exhibition at the stations and hours below mentioned:

ARR. HAMILTON	9.30	"	April	8th.
LVE. "	7.40	"	"	12th.
ARR. HAGERSVILLE	8.55 a.m.	"	"	12 h.
LVE. "	8 55	"	"	13 h.
ARR. PORT DOVER	9.45	"	"	13th.
LVE. "	10.00	"	"	14th.
ARR. NEWMARKET	8.42	"	"	15th.
LVE. "	8 42	"	"	16th.
ARR. AURORA	8 55	"	"	16th.
LVE. "	6.25 p.m.	"	"	16th.

All are cordially invited. Do not fail to see it.

R. S. Williams & Son

FIRST PRIZE

AND HIGHEST AWARD

Over all Others at the Provincial Exhibition, Montreal, Sept. 1882, awarded to the Williams' Piano.

R. S. WILLIAMS & SON,

WAREROOMS, 76

143 YONGE ST., TORONTO.

TIMBER SALE.

Take notice that there will be offered for sale, subject to a reserve price, at Public Auction at the Queen's Hotel, in the Village of Forest, in the County of Lambton, in the Province of Ontario, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of APRIL next, at 2 o'clock p.m., all the Cedar of seven inches in diameter and over at the butt, and all other saleable Timber of thirteen inches in diameter and over at the butt, *excepting Beech and Maple*, on the Land Reserves at Kettle Point and on the River Aux Sable, in the said County of Lambton.

The purchaser, in addition to the price paid as bonus (which must be in cash at the time of sale), will also be required to pay dues on all timber cut on the Reserves, according to the ordinary Tariff of Dues of the Department, and an annual ground rent of $1 per square mile.

The purchaser will also be required to furnish security by a bond to be executed by himself and two responsible parties as sureties that he will work the limits continuously and otherwise comply with the conditions of the License, which will not be renewed after the expiration of the year ending 30th April, 1889.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Supt. General of Indian Affairs.

Dept. of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 17th March, 1886. 36-5t

NOTICE.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon of TUESDAY, 20th APRIL, 1886, for the delivery of Indian Supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1887, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Beef, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Bulls, Agricultural Implements, Tools, &c., duty paid, at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, &c., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods for any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedules.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque in favor of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs on a Canadian Bank for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tenders for the Manitoba and North-west Territories, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

Tenderers must make up in the money columns in the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply, or their tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Ind'an Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa, 3rd March, 1886. 36

$65

For Volunteer Scrip

IN LARGE OR SMALL LOTS.

Halfbreed Scrip Bought at Highest Figures.

J. A. BANFIELD & CO.

4 KING STREET EAST.

TENDERS

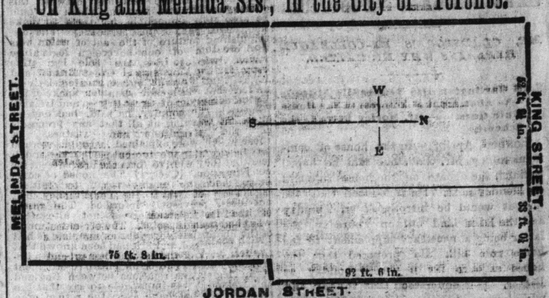
FOR

21 YEARS' LEASE, RENEWABLE

OF THE

VALUABLE PROPERTY OF R. HAY & CO.,

On King and Melinda Sts., in the City of Toronto.



THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RECEIVE SEALED TENDERS UP TO

MONDAY, 19TH APRIL, 1886,

at one o'clock p.m., for the purchase of the building and improvements on the above property, and for a lease for a term of twenty-one years from the 1st August next, rent payable quarterly with right of renewal at valuation.

The property is situate in the very heart of the business centre of Toronto, being on the south side of King street, immediately west of Jordan street, and only a few yards from the corner of Yonge street. It has a frontage on King street of about 85 feet, 9½ inches, and extends back 168 feet, more or less, to Melinda street. On the corner of Jordan street is erected a handsome and substantially built brick structure, which, with the upper floors of the adjoining premises, constituting the other part of the property, has been occupied by the firm of R. HAY & CO. for many years as furniture warerooms.

The price to be paid for the building must be stated separately.

Tenders may be for the whole or any part of the property, and each tender must be accompanied by a marked cheque for $500, to the order of the undersigned, which will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender, and forfeited to the owner in case of failure to carry out accepted tender.

For terms and conditions and other particulars apply to

THOMSON, HENDERSON & BELL,

18 Wellington Street East, Toronto,
Solicitors for R. Hay & Co.

Toronto, 31st March, 1886. 2616

Spring 1886 Styles.

We Have a Few Pairs

OF THOSE

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S

FINE

German Felt Slippers

Left, which we are Closing Out at COST PRICE. 46

W. PICKLES, 328 YONGE STREET.

THE BEST BOOT

In the City

FOR $3, AT

W. WINDELER'S

285 Queen Street West.

LADIES' RUBBERS 25C.

Ladies' Kid Button Boots,

With Worked Button Holes,

$1.50.

AT 46

ELLIOTT & SONS' SHOWROOMS

FOR

WALL PAPERS, STAINED GLASS,

TILE, ETC., ETC.,

ARE NOW OPEN

94 BAY STREET (NEAR KING). 36

ESTABLISHED OVER 40 YEARS.

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