

The Colonist.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1894.

A NECESSARY EXPOSURE.

We are very glad that the Hon. Mr. Turner believed it to be worth his while to expose the ignorance and the foolishness—

People unused to weighing the words of a speaker carefully are impressed by his fluency and his confident air, and they are apt, before they find him out, to consider him an exceedingly wise man. But he is really the very reverse. He is intellectually shallow and weak. He belongs to that rather large class of men, of whom a good deal is heard in these days, who are sharp enough to be taken in by a specious fallacy, but who do not possess enough brain power to see through and to expose its sophistry.

Some seven-born financier has stuffed the gabby postmaster with what he in his ignorance considered sound information respecting the finances of the Province, and he is impelled by his uncontrollable desire to talk and "to show off" on a "happy occasion" poured it out in a flood, undigested, and most likely distorted, on his Westminster audience.

WHOLESALE BRIBERY.

Some revelations that were recently made in the United States Senate throw light on the true inwardness of the dawdling policy of that body with respect to the tariff bill.

There is no mystery about the attempt to bribe the Senators. The revelation was made in the Senate chamber by Senator Hutton respecting the way in which he was approached.

These revelations lead people to believe that Major Buttz may not have been unsuccessful in every case, and that if all the truth were known it would be found that some of the Democratic Senators who were some months ago strongly in favor of tariff reform, but who are now strangely reluctant to vote for a tariff reform measure, may have been approached in the same way as Senators Hutton and Kyle were approached, but with a very different result.

The most unapproachable and irreproachable of them (the Democratic Senators) will be circumvented in such times, and those ordinarily reckless will have a care about their walk and conversation.

There is no doubt that the people of the country will infer bribery in the case of every opposing vote, and every effort at deliberate obstruction. We are aware that this statement will be resented by the honorable Senators, but it is, we think, a statement of fact; and it is the fault of a few Democratic Senators that it is a fact.

boot, the thumbcrew, the rack, and other persuasive instruments, he would give up scores that would put his inquisitors on the trail of the actual principals in the business.

It is said that those who are interested in the protection of sugar have also been busy in the lobby of the Senate, and not unsuccess-fully. This is what the Oregonian says on the subject of the sugar ring:

The sugar scandal has passed that stage loftily designated by the United States Senate as "newspaper gossip." Through it at least five or six democratic senators have been brought under the gravest suspicion, and in common decency it should be ventilated from top to bottom, not behind closed doors, but in open session, so that the country may know exactly what is behind the mysterious operations by which the greatest and least defensible monopoly of the country has been granted special favor by the democratic administration which it contributed munificently to place in power.

There is good reason to expect that there will be lively times in the Senate before long. The inquiry asked for will be pretty sure to be made, for those who know that their skirts are clean will not be content to bear the odium that will attach to the whole Senate if a rigid inquiry is not made to find out how much truth there is in the rumors and to separate the Senators who are pure from those who are corrupt.

"APPROPRIATIONS."

A great deal of nonsense appears in the Opposition newspapers about "appropriations." And much of what is said, besides being nonsensical, is hypocritical. Every one knows that the policy of any Government in this Province that is worth its salt must be a policy of development.

The Secretary's speech was eminently pacific. There was not an allusion to war in it, or to the defenceless condition of the cities of the Sound, from the beginning to the end. But the Post-Intelligencer supplies the deficiency of the Secretary's speech. It enters into a long disquisition about the defence of the Sound and the protection which fortifications scientifically placed could give it.

The Opposition, if they are sincere, would, if the people elevated them to power, change this policy. They would cut down the appropriations. They would turn a deaf ear to the applications of the different districts and municipalities for aid, and tell them sternly that they did not propose, by giving them the help they asked for, to bribe them with their own money.

The Times finds fault with the leader of the Government for talking about the improvements that the district in which he happens to be speaking needs, and it sanctimoniously rebukes the electors of Vancouver for bringing to his attention a number of the requirements of their city. As the policy of the Government is, before and above everything else, a policy of progress and improvement, it is the most natural thing in the world that the Premier when he addresses them should talk about progress and improvement.

The organ of the Opposition in order to give the appearance of plausibility to its bribery theory tries to convey the impression that it is those districts only which support the Government that have any chance of getting a fair share of the appropriations. The Hon. Mr. Davis himself, at New Westminster, Cowichan and elsewhere some time ago demonstrated that this had not been the case in the past, and would therefore not likely be the case in the future. He showed that the appropriations had been fairly dis-

tributed over the whole Province, the needs of a district and not its political complexion having been considered by the Government. This makes it clear that what the Opposition condemn is the policy of progress and improvement itself. What they really object to are the appropriations themselves and not the manner of their distribution.

THE DEFENCE OF THE SOUND.

The visit of the Honorable Hilary A. Herbert, secretary of the navy, to the Pacific Coast has naturally directed the thoughts of American newspaper editors and others to the defence of the cities of the Puget Sound. Secretary Herbert, at a banquet given to him in Tacoma, spoke in very high terms indeed of that great body of water and of its importance to the United States. This is what he said:

What the Mediterranean Sea was to the ancient world, this Puget Sound must be to the surrounding country. In some respects this sea of yours is better and must be greater than the Mediterranean, for that sea was unnecessarily wide and was consequently stormy at times. This Puget Sound is not only the most beautiful, but I assert that it is the greatest body of water in the world. (Long continued applause.)

You have got more water front, more land looked harbor than all the other States on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. You have here the foundation of a great state and the people who are to make it achieve its destiny. Your future looks toward China, Japan, and the rest of the east. If you are to become a great power, it is in this direction you will reach not only to China and Japan, but to Russia with her teeming millions of population to buy from you. You must have laws that shall encourage all this interchange between the nations.

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AMERICAN NEWS.

Talkative on His Travels.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—Dewitt Talmage arrived from New York to-day on a tour around the world. He will deliver a lecture here on Monday.

Robbing Green Goods Men.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 26.—Joseph Kohnowski was acquitted in the superior court yesterday on the charge of robbing green goods men here several months ago. Kohnowski came here from Ellsworth to meet "Big Walter," whom Kohnowski recognized as the man who had defrauded him out of \$4,000 two good years ago, and escaped. The police arrested both men, and subsequently Kohnowski's bond, and subsequently Lawyer Chamberlain turned the \$3,000 over to the green goods men. Lawyer Brun of Ellsworth, N. J., asked for an opportunity to show that Mr. Chamberlain was in conspiracy with the green goods men to get the \$3,000, but the court ruled against him. He took an exception.

Blatz, the Big Brewer, Dead.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 26.—Valentine Blatz, the millionaire brewer, who owns large manufacturing establishments at Milwaukee, St. Paul and elsewhere, died here at 10:20 this evening. He was en route to Milwaukee from California.

Letter Carriers Celebrate.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 26.—The letter carriers of San Francisco celebrated at the fair today. The postmen had made great preparations. Carriers to the number of 200 met outside the fair gates at noon and marched to the grounds, preceded by their own band. They went to recreation grounds, where athletic sports were held.

Minister Suspended for Heresy.

GUELPH, May 26.—Rev. Nelson Burns, of the Methodist church, and editor of the Examiner of Guelph, has been tried by a committee appointed for that purpose and found guilty of heresy. He has been suspended from the church.

Gene Agreed.

KINGABINE, May 26.—The Cambria met around about four miles north of this port in a fog yesterday. She is in about five feet of water. It will be some days before she is taken off.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

(Special to the Colonist.)

Mr. Cotton Sent to Jail for Three Months for Contempt of Court.

Queen's Birthday Celebrations—Losses of Westminster Fire—Change of Steamer Time.

(Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, May 26.—Vancouver was a deserted city on the royal birthday and was little better the following day. Five hundred people occupied themselves at English Bay, bathing, boating, etc. Twice as many people as the boats would hold crowded on the wharf to go to Nanaimo, and discretion had to be used by the captain as to what constituted a boatload.

A shark twelve feet long was captured at Coal Harbor by two boys yesterday. The monster had his head jammed between two logs. The boys secured him with ropes and then loosened the logs.

Martin Hynds fell from a scaffolding on Sixth avenue on Thursday, a distance of thirty feet to the ground. His left arm is injured and he is otherwise badly hurt.

Johnnie McDonald, a new baby 15 years old, and a companion 10 years old, secured a bottle of whiskey on Queen's Birthday and celebrated Her Majesty's birthday by getting drunk. The children were remanded until the man could be found who had sold them the whiskey.

Mrs. Thomas, wife of Mr. Thomas of the Oriental hotel, was thrown from a buggy and seriously injured to-day. Judgment in the Gordon vs. Cotton contempt of court case was delivered this morning by Mr. Justice Drake. Mr. F. C. Morton was committed on the above charge to the Westminister jail.

Sheriff Hall allowed Mr. Cotton three hours to prepare himself, and about 2 p.m. drove over to Westminster with Mr. Cotton. The affair caused but little comment in the city.

WESTMINSTER. NEW WESTMINSTER, May 26.—The total loss by last night's fire at the Royal City mills was \$60,000 with \$25,000 insurance. The work of rebuilding will commence on Monday. The fire was caused by an explosion of cedar dust.

Reports from Yale say that the water in the Fraser is up to the 1882 mark and is still rising. The body of a child found in the river at Mission on the 24th, was that of an Indian child, five years old, drowned at the Fountain reserve on the Upper Fraser. "Found drowned" was the verdict.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, May 26.—The nomination of candidates to fill the vacancy in the aldermanic board, caused by the death of Mr. Ralph Craig, take place on Monday; the election, if any, the following Thursday. The Nanaimo livery team is practicing regularly now every evening, and is really getting into first-rate condition.

Dr. E. A. Pracey, who will be leaving in a few days for California, will be tendered a banquet prior to his departure by the Board of Trade, of which body he has always been one of the most energetic members. Until the yearly meeting of the Miners' Medical association in July next Dr. McKeech will act as collary surgeon.

Rev. R. B. Mathiam will preach the customary oration on the occasion of the opening of the graves of departed members of the Pythian order on June 17. A number of Victoria brethren have intimated their intention of taking part in this memorial service.

At the request of a large number of citizens the Union Steamship Co. have agreed to allow the steamer Cutch to lie over here on Sundays, and to proceed to Vancouver on Monday morning, thus giving an opportunity to the people of the Mainland of spending the day here without having to wait until Tuesday to return, as at present.

On Tuesday evening the council will again take up the consideration of the guarantee to the electric railway, as proposed by the promoters of the company. This subject has been the principal topic of conversation in town all the week. The prevailing opinion is that an electric railway, with a Wellington branch, is just what is needed, and there is but little doubt that they will heartily endorse the guarantee of five per cent. interest on the required amount of capital for the time specified—twenty-five years.

In celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of the birth of Queen Victoria the miners belonging to the New Vancouver Coal Company, and the Wellington mines, mustering in full force with their families, a large excursion arrived from Vancouver on the latter morning, numbering fully 150 persons. The Joan left Comox at 5 a.m., reaching Nanaimo about 10, which the excursionists ample time to enjoy themselves in the Diamond City; leaving on the return trip between 9 and 10 p.m. The steamer Cutch, from Vancouver arrived about the same time as the Joan with a large complement of pleasure seekers, who joined in the sports without delay. The firemen's tournament was much admired and so was the regatta and athletic sports. The horse-race contests were grandly sustained. During the forenoon stage-loads from Northfield mines and surrounding country kept pouring in. An open air dance in the evening was largely patronized, with great eclat.

At the Union mines, Comox district, no special demonstration was made, as the majority of the inhabitants who cared about the flag and sport had left for Nanaimo. The British flag, however, was hoisted on the Union hotel and on the Cumberland House, and the U.S. flag displayed on the "Stars and Stripes" in honor of the occasion.

Many of the Union mines people went across a forest country, about seven miles, to witness a rural celebration. The country people turned out tolerably well, but the programme was neither so elaborate nor well carried out effect. The "sports" were held in a large field, without any protection from the sun, and the afternoon turning out hot incited large numbers to seek the shade and a lager beer. A ball in the evening was well attended.

There are seventy men at work in No. 1 slope. In No. 2 slope a tunnel is being driven into the new coal, which is reported to be of good quality. The Colliery company is sinking a prospect shaft about a mile from the east end of the town. It will probably last the work by contract as soon as they strike rock. It is in line of No. 1 slope. A track in connection with this will branch off from the main road.

An enterprising gentleman living near Courtenay proposes to sink a shaft about two miles into the earth so as to tap the underground heat for heating buildings, cooking, blacksmithing, brickmaking, iron and steel manufacturing, electric lighting and general power.

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INTERNATIONAL.

(Special to the Colonist.)

Dinner to Admiral Erbil of the U. S. Steamer "Chicago."

Inspiring Speech by Amherst—Long to Be Remembered Event.

(Special to the Colonist.)

LONDON, May 26.—The dinner to Admiral Erbil, Capt. Mahan, and other officers of the United States steamer "Chicago," was given at St. James hall, Lord George Hamilton, former lord of the admiralty, president of the dinner, and Admiral Erbil sat on his left and Ambassador Bayard on his right. The walls of the hall and the ball-draped with the colors of the United States and Great Britain. A chandelier was the inscription: "thicker than water." The Portsmouth division of the navy during the dinner and toasts. The first piece was "The Banner." At the place of every general remark, containing a compliment to the admiral, the chief guests, and the illuminated cover: "units, wide space divides hands may clasp across the main."

After reading letters of regret from Rosebery, Lord Northbrook, Lord George Hamilton, former lord of the admiralty, president of the dinner, and Admiral Erbil sat on his left and Ambassador Bayard on his right. The walls of the hall and the ball-draped with the colors of the United States and Great Britain. A chandelier was the inscription: "thicker than water." The Portsmouth division of the navy during the dinner and toasts. The first piece was "The Banner." At the place of every general remark, containing a compliment to the admiral, the chief guests, and the illuminated cover: "units, wide space divides hands may clasp across the main."

In proposing the toast to the States, the chairman said: "I gathered here the presence of a statesman, whose career has raised him to the level of public men—the statesman who represents his country to Great Britain. (Cheers.) The last century the progress of the States in wealth and territory and in all the highest attributes of civilization—has been marked by a parallel in the history of the people proud of this progress, for we are proud to take a certain portion of credit for this marvelous development. We believe that the energy which accomplished these things was largely of British origin, transmitted to America. (Cheers.) While the material prosperity of the great country is so wonderfully equally satisfactory to know that it is a marked change. Better in the relations existing between the United States and Great Britain, and ten years ago we parted, after bloodshed. Now we meet to the reconciled members of one family more we come in contact, the more interests alike, the larger we number of the great mass of the people. This change is a marked one. The British admiral and the officers of his flag, and the officers of his flag, engaged in the less satisfactory occupation of taxing themselves in order, if possible, to secure punishment on the city of Boston. (Laughter.)

"These convivial gatherings form a small part of the contentment of our life, but they do infinite and far-reaching in league the two nations in those of mutual respect which alone bring us to a true friendship. (Cheers.) These opposite us the good old words: 'thicker than water.' Nobody would had the privilege of being on the side of the water and part of the hospitality of the States can come to any conclusion than that this sentiment. (Loud cheers.) Although the near of it, there exists between the two nations a community of interests and a common identity of language and a similar ideas and pursuits, such as exist between no two other nations on the face of the globe.

"The larger the history of these countries develops the more clearly proved that Providence has arranged either to maintain the position of strength which both had reached in that they might quarrel over it. (Cheers.) Their destiny is to raise their borders to the highest point of prosperity and comfort, and to carry to the dark places of the world the light of the inalienable privileges of civilization. I connect toast with the sentiment of a great Englishman, now departed, who said: 'England the United States are not two nations, one for they are bound together by the ties of parliament and the everlasting nature and fact.' (Loud cheerfulness.) The toast was drunk amid expressions of great enthusiasm. Ambassador Bayard responding to it, spoke substantially as follows: "I am sincerely grateful for the honor in which this toast has been received, and the very deeply my country to the envoy of the United Kingdom, and the graciousness of the reception which I have experienced in London and elsewhere in England made me feel the heartiness of the same thus given to me as a representative of my countrymen. For this welcome I give you my sincere thanks. (Cheers.) I am certain that a happy and cordial banquet on the birthday of the great lady whose devotion to the public, clear, beautiful private life, have endeared her not only to those living under her, but also to all right-minded and thinking men and women in America, as fully as in England. (Loud applause.) Well may she be commemorated with affection and admiration the home life of the mother of her country. Turning his eyes across the Atlantic, will may every man, whatever his party, congratulate himself that the virtues of grateful

SCROFULA CURED BY B.B.B. Mrs. Jas. Chase, Frankford, Ont. I had an abscess on my breast and scrofula the very worst kind, the doctors said I was incurable. I tried B.B.B. and it cured me. I have now a fine child and am as well as ever. I had Burdock Blood Bitters as a spring medicine.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM. ESELEW'S LIVER LOZESSES. They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness, and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

VICTORIA COLLEGE, BEACON HILL PARK, (LATE CORRIG COLLEGE). The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Bay. First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses. Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Chancellor of the Exchequer stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne, and that the whole story of the doctor's fraud was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—Times, July 13, 1885. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COLIC, CHOLERA, BILIOUSNESS, RHEUMATISM, &c. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "speak for itself."—Lancet, 1885. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is a certain cure for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, &c. CAUTION—None genuine without the name of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accounts for each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 57, Great Russell Street, London. Sold at all Chemists, &c.

BEECHAM'S PILLS (Tasteless—Effective.) For Sick-Headache, Impaired Digestion, Liver Disorders and Female Ailments. Renowned all over the World. Covered with a Tasteless and Soluble Coating. Ask for Beecham's and take no others. Made at St. Helens, England. Wholesale Agents, Evans & Sons, Ltd., Montreal. For sale by all druggists.