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JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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God's in his heaven,
 All's right with the world.
 —(BROWNING.)

London, Friday, Sept. 28.

The London Advertiser, with its morning and evening editions, covers the ground. With one exception, it is the ONLY EARLY MORNING DAILY IN ONTARIO, outside of Toronto.

—Only those communications to which the writers are willing to have their names appended in print will be published in these columns. Neither the writing nor the publication of anonymous letters can be justified.

WILL THE AMERICAN REPUBLIC ENDURE?

In the Forum for October are two striking articles that possess unusual interest for Canadians. The first is by President Eliot of Harvard University, and is entitled, "Some Reasons Why the American Republic May Endure," and the other is by Octave Thanet, and is named "The Contented Masses." The subject treated by President Eliot is of immense importance to us. Our Dominion lies side by side with the United States. No progress can be made by our neighbors that is not shared in some measure by us, and no disaster could come to that country that would not react prejudicially on Canada. Moreover, every student of history recognizes that the best destinies of the human race are connected with the stability and continuance of the English-speaking people, and as that is so, it is impossible that we can look with any other feeling than that of sympathetic solicitude on the largest member of that English-speaking body, and one which will undoubtedly hold numerical pre-eminence in the future.

President Eliot takes an optimistic view of the destiny of his country. The world has seen the rise and fall of great republics which possessed many elements of strength—notably those of Greece, Rome, Italy and France—but that causes no alarm to this eminent student of history and observer of current events. He finds that there are a number of very substantial intellectual and moral causes for permanence in the American republic that were unknown or were not given reasonable play in the earlier republics. The first moral cause enumerated is the advantage which the United States has in the principle of toleration of religion. It is a principle which is a positive promoter of good-will and mutual respect among men and of friendly intercourse unobscured by religious distinctions. Another mental and moral force which makes for the permanence of American institutions is universal education. Must we not hope, asks Dr. Eliot, everything from this new factor in civilized life—from the steady cultivation in all classes of correct observation, just reasoning, and the taste for good reading? It is reasonable to expect that even the evils of inherited vicious tendencies and habits will be mitigated by universal education. None of the republics which have died had anything more than a small educated class. The masses grew up in crass ignorance. It is claimed by Dr. Eliot that better family life prevails in the United States than was known to any of the republics that have perished, or, indeed, to any earlier century.

Then there is greater attention to the means of public health and pleasure by publicity in the press, that which is good is promoted, and that which is bad is exposed and punished; even corporations, with all their disadvantages, are conducted on an improved plan. There is further increased mutual dependence of man on man, and therewith a growing sense of brotherhood and unity. There is greater hopefulness and cheerfulness of men's outlook on man, the earth, the universe, and God; and finally the objects and methods of religion and its institutions are so changing as to more and more soften and elevate the characters and lives of men in this world and to ameliorate the common lot, thus making right living in this world the best preparation for life in the world to come. In conclusion, this representative citizen of the United States says:

"It is the working of these principles and forces, often unrecognized, which has carried the republic safely through many moral difficulties and dangers during the past 30 years. These things, and not its size and wealth, make our people love their country. These things, we believe, will give the American republic long life. These bulwarks of the commonwealth will prove all the stronger and more lasting because women as well as men can work on them, and help to transmit them, ever broader and firmer, from generation to generation."

Octave Thanet supplies a correspondingly pleasing picture of the prosperity, which, rightly governed, the country may look for. She claims that the exposure of degradation and crime which are made in the large cities do not represent the normal condition of the population. That is

so. Even in those crowded centers of population there are thousands of agencies working for the amelioration and advancement of the people, while in the rural districts there are millions of happy and contented settlers. Now that the country is getting pretty well filled up, the masses of "raw material" who have come from the poverty-stricken and ill-educated European countries, will gradually be absorbed and improved and better conditions will be established than have been possible in the past. We, who have one-fourth of our people resident in the United States, can read these bright and optimistic surmises regarding the future of our brethren with pleasure and with hope that they may be fulfilled. On the peace and progress of North America, we are convinced, depend much of the future of our race.

—Promiscuous kissing is strongly condemned by medical experts. The letter from Dr. Gardiner in another column certainly contains a startling warning. That any one of three of the worst diseases known to medical science should be easily transmitted from person to person by means of osculation should make grown people careful, and induce them to teach their children carefulness.

THE MORAL OF IT.

The Montreal Star supports the present Administration at Ottawa, therefore the following, which appears in a recent issue, is significant:

"One thing is reasonably sure, and that is that when Mr. George Foster, the purchaser, begins to meet the bills for the present revision of the voters' lists, he will be awed by his brand new deficit; that there will be no more revisions until another five years' lease of power is safely secured."

"Moral—Get on this list, for only by so doing will you have a vote at the next elections."

Young man of Ontario, take the hint, and save yourself the disfranchisement that otherwise awaits you, if you are known to be opposed to the trade restriction policy.

—It is understood that Thursday, Nov. 22 will be proclaimed Thanksgiving Day in the Dominion. Why should Thanksgiving, seeing it is generally observed as a holiday, not be fixed for an earlier date?

PRETTY THOROUGH-GOING-IF LIVED UP TO.

We are asked to state in brief the official attitude taken by the recent Quadrennial Methodist Conference in its declaration of principles as touching the liquor traffic. It is pretty far-reaching and thorough-going, if lived up to. Here is the pith of it:

1. That the liquor traffic cannot be legalized without sin.
2. That it is the duty of the civil government to prohibit the trade in intoxicating drinks.
3. That the candidate of no political party who refuses to publicly commit himself to the destruction of the liquor traffic at the earliest possible moment can have the support of the members of the Methodist Church.
4. And also a resolution deciding against the use of alcoholic wine in the Lord's Supper.

Ninety-five pages of the Ontario Gazette of last week are taken up with the list of Toronto and Toronto Junction lots that are to be sold for taxes. The "N. P." boom has been a bitter experience for many.

MR. HARTY AND HIS SEAT.

There has been some discussion by over-zealous newspaper opponents of the Mowat Administration with regard to the position of Hon. Mr. Hartly, Dr. Bourinot, clerk of the Dominion House of Commons, an acknowledged authority on parliamentary questions, now says:

"There is under the circumstances not the slightest impropriety in Mr. Hartly being retained in the Cabinet. This is true especially in view of the protest entered against the return of his opponent, which may result in showing that he was not legally defeated in Kingston. But even if there was no contest, the retention of Mr. Hartly in the Cabinet would be perfectly in accord with constitutional practice and precedent, and is justifiable on the score of public convenience. Of course, when the time draws near for the meeting of the Legislature, and if Mr. Hartly should be without a seat, and not intending to try for a new constituency, the question would then assume another color. There is not the slightest doubt about the matter. When Sir John Macdonald was defeated what a great public inconvenience it would have been if he had been compelled to immediately resign from the Cabinet."

A case will be found quoted in Todd, where Mr. Gladstone, though defeated, remained in the Cabinet and attended Cabinet meetings even during the session of Parliament. Long before the Legislature meets, Mr. Hartly will in all probability be in possession of his seat. What nonsense, then, to make a fuss now?

—Rev. Leo Gaetz, of Red Deer, N. W. T., formerly of this city, is proposed as a candidate for the Patrons and Prohibitionists for the Northwest Assembly. It is doubtful, however, if he will accept. He is devoted to his pastoral occupations.

WHY DESERT US?

Canadian rich men still continue to return to the old country, to buy castles, and to spend the money earned in the Dominion. This would be nobody's business if so many of them did not at first receive special consideration at the hands of the Government, under the excuse that they asked for these special privileges, at the expense of their fellows, in order that they might build up the country, for whose future they professed to be pining. Now, it is very patriotic for a sugar or a cotton lord, rendered so by the high tax policy, to pick up his traps, the moment he is enriched by the taxes of the people, and take all the money to be expended on an old world castle?

EAST MIDDLESEX LIBERALS.

A special meeting of the Liberal Association of East Middlesex (Dominion) will be held in the Liberal rooms, Oddfellows' Hall, London, on Saturday next, 29th inst., at 2 p.m. As matters of importance will be discussed, a large attendance of the electors is requested. The fifth ward (London East) is in this riding.

GRIP IN THE ARGENTINE.

(Buenos Ayres Herald.)
 The influenza has practically paralyzed public business, two Ministers at least having been placed hors de combat by it.

HOW IT STRIKES EDITOR HAWKE.

(Moncton, N.B., Transcript.)
 By the Methodist Quadrennial Conference "the Methodist people are recommended to vote for those candidates only who are pledged to prohibition at earliest possible date." The ten commentaries do not read "You are recommended not to steal, etc."

A PASSING PHASE.

(Canada Presbyterian.)
 Badgering a public man on account of his religious creed is a comparatively new thing in Canadian politics. The past generation understood British liberty too well to engage in such miserable work. So little was then said about the altar at which a public man worshipped that we doubt very much if one in a thousand of the present population of Canada can tell the denomination that some of the most prominent men of 30 years ago belonged to. What church did Baldwin belong to? What did Sir Francis Hincks worship? To what denomination did Sir A. T. Galt belong? What creed did Holton profess? Where did Joseph Howe attend church? How many Ontario people knew that Dorion was a Roman Catholic? The personal friends of these great men could answer, but not one in a thousand outside of the list of personal friends could say what denomination these statesmen belonged to. Are the religious beliefs of public men dragged into politics now because this generation is more pious than the last one? Are we so much more holy than our fathers that we must know the altar at which every public servant worships God? Nay, verily! The reverse is sadly true in many cases. Secularism is narrow and bitter, has been dragged into politics as a substitute for the mental ability and moral worth that are indispensable to success in public affairs.

FOREIGNERS SHOT DOWN.

A Massacre by Native Soldiers in Rio de Janeiro.

Hundreds Killed and Wounded—The British Legation Filled with Refugees.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 23.—A cipher dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says deadly attacks have been made by native soldiers on Portuguese there.

Rio, it is reported, looks like a great military camp. The number of killed is stated to be 328 and 213 wounded entered the hospitals.

The British Minister has asked for a guard at the legation and residence. This was granted. The British legation is crowded with refugees, who, although promised protection by the authorities, are afraid to go on the streets.

The damage to the property of the Portuguese, British and other foreign residents will amount to \$1,500,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—A special (World) from Rio Janeiro says: One hundred and ninety-seven persons have been arrested for being implicated in the riots of the last four days. Italian and Portuguese houses have been fired. The police and marines are active. Many cries of "Death to the tyrant!" were heard. Troops are held in barracks and sailors with boats are ready to land.

TO REBUILD TALMAGE'S CHURCH

Plan to Issue Bonds Bearing His Portrait and Autograph.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—A novel plan for rebuilding the Brooklyn Tabernacle has been suggested by N. P. Stanton. It will shortly be laid before the trustees. "My plan comprises an issue of \$1,520 and \$100 bonds, non-interest bearing and payable in twenty years," said Mr. Stanton. "Upon each will be fine pictures of the tabernacle, of his pastor and of the church's autograph. It is a plan that would require no effort at all to dispose of \$300,000 worth of these bonds. How many of the people who listen to Dr. Talmage's sermons are there who would not jump at the chance to aid in this way in the rebuilding of his church home and keep him where he belongs—in Brooklyn?"

A Canadian Arrested.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 23.—John S. Foye, of Boston, Ont., was arrested yesterday at the request of the Chatham authorities on a charge of embezzlement, and he was taken across the river.

A Victory for Labor.

MASSILLON, O., Sept. 23.—The coal operators of this district have agreed to pay their miners 15 cents more per ton, and it is thought the strike will terminate in a day or two.

Queen of the Indians Dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Sarah Pierce, known as the Queen of the Indian colony in New York, died today. She was 39 years old, attractive and intelligent.

Mr. Converse, a friend, gave orders to have the body embalmed and prepared for shipment to Canada. The funeral services will be held tomorrow in the little St. John's Chapel at Caughnawaga, on the Mohawk reservation.

Sunk in the Thames.

CHATHAM, Sept. 23.—The schooner Barkalow, coal laden, from Cleveland to Chatham, struck a snag while crossing the bar at the mouth of the River Thames last night, making a hole in her bottom. The pumps were manned and the vessel was kept afloat for some miles, but the water gained too rapidly, and she finally sank opposite here in nine feet of water. Preparations are being made to raise the vessel.

A Terrible Bereavement.

HAMILTON, Sept. 23.—Ada Midgley, aged 10 years, daughter of Mr. Peter Midgley, Chestnut avenue, died of diphtheria yesterday. This is the third child of Mr. Midgley that has died in the last few weeks. Another little boy is very low at the hospital with the same disease. Ada Midgley was laid to the cemetery one week ago last Monday, putting flowers on her little brother's grave. The parents are almost heartbroken.

Lady Somerset at Auburn.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 23.—Lady Henry Somerset, president of the British Women's Temperance Association, is in Auburn attending the State convention of the W. C. T. U. The special object of her visit is to confer with Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens

and others, who are projecting a temperance organization of women which shall not only embrace the British Association and the W. C. T. U. of America but similar bodies of women in all parts of the world.

CAPTAIN SIPP'S BENEFIT.

Alerts vs. Guelph Again—Lord Hawkes' Second Cricket Match.

BASEBALL.
 The two best baseball clubs in Canada will meet tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon, in Kensington Park. The game is a benefit to the clever captain of the Alerts, Arthur Sippi, and local ball lovers should show their appreciation of him by packing the stands. The teams will be:

OUTFIELD.
 Bradford.....Pitcher.....Hiscock
 Snyder.....Catcher.....Thorpe
 Downes.....First base.....Burton
 Hower.....Second base.....Johnson
 Molloy.....Third base.....Play
 Gallagher.....Short stop.....Sippi
 Bonzie.....Left field.....Ball
 Connelton.....Center field.....Hynd
 McCracken.....Right field.....Farworth
 Powers.....Sub.....Sheere, Carney and Quinn.

CRICKET.

LORD HAWKES' SECOND MATCH.
 PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—The Gentlemen of Philadelphia and Lord Hawkes' English eleven began their second cricket match at Mannheim this forenoon. The visitors went to bat first.

C. E. De Trafford was caught by Muir of King. C. W. Wright was caught by Bailey of King; C. J. Mordant clean bowled by Patterson for 13; J. L. Hill caught by Scott of Patterson, Score, 58 for 4 wickets. With the score at 80 for 4 wickets play was stopped for luncheon at 1:30.

THE TURF.

A LIGHT SULKY.
 COLUMBUS, Ohio, Sept. 23.—The sulky in which Alix was driven her great mile yesterday was the lightest ever made, weighing only 21 pounds. The sulky is largely made of aluminum.

GREAT ENGLISH RACE.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—At Newmarket today the race (5 furlongs) for the Ross memorial stakes, 15 sovereigns each, with 500 sovereigns added, for 2-year-olds, winning penalties, was won by Lord Zetland's bay colt, Seaholm. Mr. Houldsworth's bay filly, Hazy, was second, and Mr. Daniel Cooper's bay or brown filly, Mintominy, third.

ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES.

It is necessary that copy for change of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) must be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.

A young lady from Buffalo, N. Y., who was attending a funeral in Sharon, Pa., a few days ago, rode in the same carriage with an editor of the latter city, and accepted his proposal of marriage, which was performed when they rode back from the funeral. It takes an expert to blue-pencil a courtship.

IT USED to be the custom in the Belgian parliament to supply not only the members but the reporters in the galleries with brandy and water ad libitum. Every member habitually spoke with a glass of brandy and water beside him, and when he had finished it an energetic attendant brought another.

You don't have long to wait, boys. Three chairs going all the time at John L. Fournier's barber shop, 219 Dundas street, opposite Oddfellows' Hall.

Dover, Del., April 10, 1893.—In answer to your inquiry as to the reputation of your Pond's Extract in my community, can frankly say it stands at the head of all medicines of its kind. I have used it in my own family with great effect, and my neighbors have used it with extremely gratifying results. One lady, who is wife of my closest neighbor, had a perpetual sore throat, and after many years' failure with other medicines, your Pond's Extract made a final cure. I am, sincerely,
 ROBERT J. REYNOLDS.

The City Coal and Wood Yard

WE ARE GETTING in a splendid lot of soft maple wood, it being the best and cheapest for the house. Also a fresh supply of the genuine Scranton Coal. We do not buy second-class coal to sell at \$4.70 and \$4.90, and run the risk of getting a racket when the cold weather comes in.

Campbell & Chantler

176 Bathurst Street.

John Ferguson & Sons

FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.
 First-class in all appointments.
 Telephone—House No. 378; Store No. 425.

Lost Handkerchief and vigor quickly restored. Varicose veins, atrophy, etc., surely cured by INBAPO, the great Hindoo Remedy. With written guarantee given. By Anderson & Nelles, Druggists, LONDON, ONT.

WATSON'S MEXICAN SWEET CHOCOLATE

Is absolutely pure, nothing whatever being added but sugar and flavor. For icing cakes or making a cup of Good Chocolate it has no equal. Put up in 5c tablets. Try it.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

THE ONLY Absolute Cure for Piles, and all itching Skin Diseases. The first application relieves, and short treatment cures. The only remedy for Teeter, Itch, Pimples and all scaly eruptions of the skin.

CURES PILES CURES ALL ITCHING SKIN

I have suffered from piles for a long time and tried several remedies recommended for this complaint, but none of them benefited me till I tried Chase's Ointment, which has completely cured me.
 MRS. JOHN GERRIE
 R. Phillips, Junr., Druggist, witness.

Geo. W. Morris of Morris Machine Co., Bradford, Ont., twenty years with blind and itching piles, used so different remedies without relief. Chase's cured. SOLD BY DEALERS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF PRICE BY ADDRESS TO: CHAPMAN, BATES & CO., 125 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO. PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOX.

FRIDAY BARGAIN DAY.

You are invited to participate in our Bargain Day Sale. Goods exactly as advertised or money refunded.

SEPT. 28.

- 1st—Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, worth 35c, on Friday 25c.
- 2nd—Ladies' Cashmere Hose, worth 40c, on Bargain Day 28c.
- 3rd—Ladies' Ribbed Cashmere Hose, worth 50c, to-day for 38c.
- 4th—Ladies' Wool Hose, spliced heel and toe, worth 35c, for 25c.
- 5th—Ladies' Fine Maco Cotton Hose, double sole, heel and toe, worth 35c for 21c.
- 6th—Children's Plain and Ribbed Cashmere Hose, worth 40c, on Friday 25c.
- 7th—Ladies' Laced Kid Gloves, all sizes in cold and black, worth \$1 25, on Friday 75c.
- 8th—Ladies' Tan Kid Gloves, worth 60c, on Friday 42c.
- 9th—Children's Tan Kid Gloves, worth 65c, on Friday 50c.
- 10th—Ladies' Cashmere Gloves, worth 25c, for 20c.
- 11th—Ladies' Lisle Gloves, worth 20c, on Friday 2 pairs for 25c.
- 12th—Ladies' Columbian Sets, Collars and Cuffs, worth 25c, on Friday for 19c.
- 13th—Children's Sailor Collars, worth 15c, for 10c.
- 14th—Ladies' Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 25c, for 16c.
- 15th—Ladies' Fancy Embroidery Handkerchiefs, worth 20c, on Friday 2 for 25c.
- 16th—Cambric Handkerchiefs, hemstitched, worth 10c, on Friday 4 for 25c.
- 17th—Ladies' Silk Taffeta Gauntlet Gloves, worth 40c, for 25c.
- 18th—Ladies' Leather Purse, leather lined, worth 30c, for 19c.
- 19th—Curling Tongs, worth 10c pair, on Bargain Day 5c.
- 20th—Curling Tong Heater, on Bargain Day only 10c.
- 21st—Fancy Japanese Cream and Sugar Sets, only 15c.
- 22nd—Ladies' Ribbed Wool Vests, worth 25c, on Bargain Day 20c.
- 23rd—Fine German Perfume, 6 ounce bottle, worth 75c, to-day for 38c.
- 24th—Ladies' Ribbed Wool Vests, worth 50c, on Friday 44c.
- 25th—Tam O'Shanter, worth 50c, on Friday 38c.
- 26th—Ladies' and Misses' Cashmere Covered Sailor Hats, worth 25c, for 15c.
- 27th—7 pieces Plaid Dress Goods, worth 35c per yard, on Friday for 25c.
- 28th—9 pieces 44-inch All-Wool Henrietta, in a variety of colors, worth 65c, for 25c.
- 29th—5 pieces 42-inch Union Cashmere, worth 25c, on Friday 12 1/2c.
- 30th—7 pieces All-Wool French Surah Serge, worth 25c, on Friday 12 1/2c.
- 31st—7 pieces All-Wool Whipcord Dress Goods, worth 50c per yard, to-day for 35c.
- 32nd—1 case Melton Cloth, worth 12 1/2c yard, on Friday for 8 1/2c.
- 33rd—1 case Double Width Ladies' Cloth, full assortment of colors, on Friday for 20c per yard.
- 34th—1 case Heavy Union Serge, black and colors, on Bargain Day only 25c yard.
- 35th—Oriental Muslins for Drapery, worth 10c, for 3c.
- 36th—1 case Ruche Trimmings, in all colors, for 10c yard.
- 37th—11 pieces Heavy Tweed Serge, suitable for ladies' wear, worth 75c, for 50c.
- 38th—15 pieces All-Wool Heavy Moleton Flannel, plain and striped, 30 inches wide, worth 38c, on Friday for 25c.
- 39th—1 piece Dark Scotch Plaid Flannel, worth 40c, for 25c.
- 40th—Flannel Sheet, 2 yards wide, worth 63c, for 50c.
- 41st—Gray Flannel Sheet, 36 inches wide, worth 35c, for 24c.
- 42nd—Large size All-Wool Blankets, worth \$3 50, for \$2 75.
- 43rd—1 bale Heavy Factory Cotton, worth 7 1/2c, on Friday for 5 1/2c.
- 44th—Full size White Quilts with fringe, worth \$1 50, for \$1 29.
- 45th—Chenille Table Covers, worth \$5, on Bargain Day \$3 25.
- 46th—Twill Shaker Flannel, worth 10c, for 6 1/2c.
- 47th—Eiderdown Flannel, worth 40c, on Friday 25c.
- 48th—10 pairs White Wool Blankets, large size, worth \$3, on Friday \$2 25.
- 49th—4 pieces Heavy Oxford Shirting, worth 15c, for 10c.
- 50th—6 pieces Wool Tweed, worth 50c, for 35c.
- 51st—10 pieces Unbleached Cotton, 40 inches wide, worth 8c, Friday 6 1/2c.
- 52nd—Linen Toweling, 27 inches wide, worth 13c, for 10c.
- 53rd—Best Feather Ticking, worth 25c, for 19c.
- 54th—Heavy Twill Crotone, on Bargain Day for 5c.
- 55th—Ladies' Mantles, fall weights, worth \$6 for \$2 50.
- 56th—The demand for Japanese Teakettles has been marvelous, another shipment containing 450 just received. On sale to-day, worth 30c, for 10c.
- 57th—Special bargains in Children's Eiderdown Mantles, all sizes, in cream and delicate shades. Prices, \$2 25, \$2 50, \$2 75 and \$3—Bargains.
- 58th—Don't forget that we have a first class dressmaker. All work guaranteed by the firm. Prices moderate. All dresses bought to day will be made in the best of styles to suit purchaser, at a considerable reduction. Ask for particulars.
- 59th—Ladies, do not buy your winter Mantles without inspecting our stock. We can show you one of the largest and best assorted stocks in London.

CHAPMAN'S
 126-128 DUNDAS STREET