The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES — CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1919 — VOL. X. No. 40

LIME

We have on hand quantity of

St. John LIME!

In Barrels Casks.

C. LYONS & Co.

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire

ACT NOW. CALL UP

DEBLOIS BROS.,

Water Street, Phone 251

J. D. STEWART

Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public.

OFFICE:

NEWSON BLOCK

Charlottetown

Branch Office, Georgetown.

Canadian-West Land Regulations

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, who was at the commencement of the present war and who has since continued to be a British subject or a subject of an allied or neutral country, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion Land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for District. Entry by proxy may be made on certain conditions. Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of land in each of three years.

In certain districts a homesteader may secure an adjoining quarter-section as pre-emption. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Reside six months in each of three years after earning homestead patent and cultivate 50 extra acres. May obtain pre-emption patent as soon as homestead patent on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right, if he cannot secure a pre-emption, may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

Holders of entries may count time of employment as farm labourers in Canada during 1917, as residence duties under certain conditions.

When Dominion Lands are advertised for entry, returned soldiers who have served overseas and have been honourably discharged, receive one day priority in applying for entry at local Agent's Office (but not Sub-Agency). Discharge papers must be presented to Agent.

W. W. CORY,

Deputy Minister of the Interior

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Job Printing Done At The Herald

Minard's Liniment will cure Sprains

Legislative Assembly.

Prince Edward Island.

Rules Relating to Private Bills.

36 All petitions for Private Bills must be presented within fourteen days after the commencement of the season exclusive of adjournment.

37 No Private Bill shall be brought into the House, but upon a petition first presented, truly stating the case at the peril of the suitors for such Bill, and such petition must be signed by the said parties.

38 A committee shall be appointed at the commencement of every Session consisting of five members of whom three shall be a quorum, to be denominated. The Private Bills Committee to whom shall be referred every Private Bill, and no proceedings after the first reading shall be had upon such Bill until such Comimttee has reported thereon to the House.

39 So soon as the Committee has reported any Bill, such Bill together with any amendments that may be suggested by the Committee, shall be printed at the expense of the parties who are suitors for such Bill and printed copies thereof delivered to the members before the second reading if deemed necessary by the Committee.

40 No Bill for the particular interest of any person or persons, Corporation or Corporations or body or bodies of people shall be read a second time until all fees ba paid for the same into the hands of the Clerk of the House

41 No Bill having for its object the vesting in or conferring upon any person or persons, Municipality or Body corporate the title to any tract of land shall be received or read in the House unless at least four weeks notice containing a full description of the land in question has been published in the Royal Gazette and one other newspaper in this Province of the intention of such person or persons Municipality or body Corporate to apply for such Bill.

H. E. DAWSON,

Clerk Legislative Assembly

On 279 Special Trains, C. G. Railways

Up to March 1st 757,400 Troops have travelled over Government Railways.

Thousands arrive each week at Halifax and are sent forward to Dispersal Areas.

Since the war began in 1914 up to March 1st, when S.S. Belgic disembarked her returned soldier passengers at Halifax 757,400 troops have been carried on special trains over the Canadian Government Railways.

The first train which carried troops over the Government Railways the year the war was declared was numbered one and all special troop trains to and from Halifax since that time have been numbered consecutively. The last train from the Belgic on Saturday was No. 1279. Each train averages about twelve cars with an average of 50 men to a car, which figures up a total of 767,400 men carried. Of course in addition to this thousands of soldiers have journeyed between Montreal and Halifax by regular trains during the past two years.

The movement of troops back to Canada is now approaching its greatest activity. Last Sunday 5000 arrived at Halifax by the transports Lapland and Belgic, and fifteen special trains were despatched westward inside of fourteen hours.

S. S. Megantic with soldiers and dependents arrived Wednesday and S.S. Adriatic is due Sunday. The movement of returning men is to be kept up actively all summer.

The process of disembarkation at Halifax is being carried on without a hitch, and there is a fine system of co-operation between the Military and the Railway officials.

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS
Prince Edward Island.

Time Table in Effect June 2nd, 1919

ATLANTIC STANDARD TIME

Trains Outward, Read Down.					Trains Inward, Read Up			
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
4.30	3.30	12.50	6.15	Lep. Charlottetown	Arr. 10.35	1.40	7.05	11.20
6.20	4.30	2.17	7.11	Hunter River	9.00	12.42	5.47	10.20
7.10	5.05	2.55	7.45	Arr. Emerald Jct.	7.40	12.10	5.05	9.50
	6.20	4.00	8.35	Arr. Borden	Dep. 6.40		4.15	9.00

P.M.	P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
9.00	4.15	6.40	Dep. Borden	Arr.	8.35		4.00
10.00	5.15	8.00	Emerald Junction		8.00	12.10	2.55
10.30	5.40	8.40	Arr. Kensington		7.15	11.45	2.15
11.00	6.05	9.20	Arr. Summerside	Dep.	6.45	11.20	1.30
						A.M.	P.M.

P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
6.30	11.05	Dep. Summerside	Arr	10.30	12.35
7.28	12.51	Port Hill		8.56	11.39
8.17	2.22	O'Leary		7.36	10.50
8.58	3.31	Alberton		6.17	10.04
9.35	4.30	Arr. Tignish	Dep.	5.15	9.30
	P.M.				A.M.

P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
3.05	6.50	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr.	10.00	5.50
4.15	8.45	Mount Stewart		8.45	4.15
4.42	9.22	Morell		8.17	3.17
5.02	9.52	St. Peters		7.55	2.40
6.05	11.25	Arr. Souris	Dep.	6.55	1.15

P.M.			A.M.
7.20	Arr. Elmira	Dep.	5.35

P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
4.15	9.00	Dep. Mount Stewart	Arr.	8.45	3.55
5.04	10.10	Cardigan		7.47	2.39
5.25	10.56	Montague		7.23	2.10
6.00	11.30	Arr. Georgetown	Dep.	6.45	1.00

Sat. Only P.M.	Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. P.M.			Daily ex. Sat. & Sun. A.M	Sat. Only A.M.
4.00	3.30	Dep. Charlottetown	Arr.	10.40	10.05
5.15	5.15	Vernon River	Dep.	8.45	8.51
6.45	7.25	Murray Har.	Dep.	6.45	7.20

H. H. MELANSON,
Passenger Traffic Manager
Toronto, Ont.

W. T. HUGGAN
District Passenger Agent,
Charlottetown, P.E.I.

Look! Read! Realize.

We cater to the men's trade, and no other. If you were sick you wouldn't call to see a Tailor, or a Blacksmith, about the condition of your health. Of course not; you would call to see a Doctor

If you wanted a Suit or an Overcoat would you go to see a Doctor, or a Shoemaker? Not at all. You would go to see a First Class Tailor.

WELL, there's where we shine ! ! !
We study the business. We know what suits a young man

we knowwhat suits a middle-aged man, and we know what suits the old gentleman—both in goods and in style. It does not make any difference whether you want your clothes Ready-to-Wear, or Made-to-Order. We are equally in a position to suit you. We do not let a suit or overcoat leave our establishment until it suits and fits the man who is buying. Our prices are always right when you take the quality into consideration.

Do not forget that we are sole agents for the famous W. H. Leishman & Co., Wholesale Custom Tailors. We have an elegant stock of Overcoats to show you at the present time.

Overcoats, Made-to-Order-from....$30.00 to $48.00

Overcoats, Ready-to-Wear.....$15.00 to $36.00

Success Is a Habit

Our habits make us. We are creatures of habit. Whether we are a success or a failure is a question of how we do things without thinking. To Save is the only way to Success

Gloves

We have just the kind of Gloves you need, lined and unlined. Also Wool Gloves for this time of year. Suedes and Tans—both combination. Priec.....$1.00 to $4.00

Underwear

Come and get your Underwear before it is all sold. We have all kinds—two-piece and light and heavyweight. Prices per suit $1.90 to $5.50

MacLELLAN BROS.

To Recreate Louvain

It was on August 26th, 1914, that the main buildings of the ancient University of Louvain were burned to the ground, and its great library destroyed. Three hundred thousand volumes, 1,000 manuscripts, nearly as many incunnabula, an incomparable collection of portraits and medals, all were consumed; and of the historic walls which sheltered them only fragments remain. To restore them, to recreate these collections—so far as the material side of recreating them—and to furnish the University with the means of renewing and amplifying its life and activities are the objects of an appeal which has been made in the United Kingdom. Among the English members of the committee are the Duke of Connaught, Cardinal Bourne, Viscount Bryce and other prominent personages. Its warrant is in the universal indignation which the acts of destruction evoked, but also in the offers of practical assistance which followed. These led to the formation of an International Committee in various countries (twenty-one in all) from which expressions of sympathy have been received. The actual appeal was necessarily deferred until the conclusion of the war. The time for it has now arrived, and it should be prompt, vigorous and confident—prompt, because the needs of the University are urgent; vigorous because they are great; and, confident, because the cause is one upon which all men can unite who have any regard for history, for tradition, for the things of the spirit, and who would reprobate the wanton destruction, even in war, of the innocent institutions which preserve and foster them. And in proportion as the contributions are general, this reprobation will serve a larger purpose. It will express the community of interest and of ideal among men of learning and of true culture everywhere, that community which regards certain things—monuments, museums libraries, institutions of learning—as, of concern not merely to their immediate owners, but to the entire world of learning and culture, which deems their continuity indispensable to human progress and which insists, therefore, that they shall be inviolate, even in war.

Louvain in itself presents claims upon the gratitude of civilization which are quite its own; claims due to the part it has played, the services it has rendered in the preparation and advance of religion and of knowledge. It was among the earliest to flower at the breath of the Renaissance. It was here that Vesale discovered anatomy, and Lipsius taught philology. Its long career represents a continuous and consistent devotion to scholarship, to research, and to the enrichment of learning. It will be a tribute also to that noble people whose history it has shared, and whose dignity, whose heroism, and whose sorrows have gained the admiration of the world. It will be a token of that fraternity which, irrespective of race or nationality, binds men in the fellowship of science, of art, of decency, and of humanity. And it will be a lasting rebuke and warning to those who assume that even war is wholly outside the law, that treaties may be ignored, and that the things which preserve and foster the human spirit can be destroyed with impunity! It is with confidence born of these considerations that the committee urges this appeal, with the hope that the response will join with that of many others to raise Louvain from her ashes, enable her to resume her interrupted activities, and create in her a lasting memorial of the common conscience and true fellowship of mankind.

In connection with Louvain, friends of the University will not be likely to forget the work of the governors of the Rylands Library at Manchester. Almost before the ashes of Louvain were cold, they set to work collecting books for the day when the library could be rebuilt, and for that purpose secured duplicates in their own library, and collected some 20,000 volumes from other sympathizers. During the war, books were sent from all over the British Isles to Manchester, where the Rylands governors provided storage, and a substantial nucleus is now ready for the reconstituted library.

Orientals In Rome

To those anxious to see accomplished the reunion of the Orient to the center of Christianity the spectacle of many of the Oriental Patriarchs in union with Rome seated around the throne of Pope Benedict XV on the day of a recent gathering must have been one fraught with joy. Those aged dignitaries with their flowing white beards and gorgeous garments, each of them attended by a suite of Bishops, priests and laymen, such as few monarchs ever had, brought home to one the wide sway and lofty dignity of the Vicar of Christ.

The Patriarchs around the Papal throne were Elias Peter Huazek, Patriarch of Antioch of the Maronite rite; Ignatius Ephraim II Rahmani, Patriarch of Antioch of the Syrian rite Demetrius Kadi, Patriarch of Antioch of the Greek-Melchite rite; Monsignor Camassei, Latin Patriarch of Jerusalem, and Monsignor Zaleski, Patriarch of Antioch of the Latin rite. The two prelates mentioned last are Italians. Monsignor Camassei, as a resident of Jerusalem wears a beard. The people of the east cannot understand why all priests do not.

Patriarch Kadi was elected in April by unanimous vote of the Synod of the Greek-Melchite Bishops in the ancient monastery of Sarba in April and the Pope ratified their choice at the Consistory. His Beatitude was born in Damascus and made his studies at Saint Sulpice, Paris, where he was ordained a priest in 1888.

New Guinea and Its Difficulties

Since 1914 many of the islands of the Pacific have existed in a state of almost complete isolation and the priests would have starved but for their plantations and live stock.

From Tumleo, East New Guinea, Father Andrew Puff, S.V.D., writes:

"We are here very distant from Europe, living in a savage wilderness in the midst of poor tribes in a state of nature, unknown to the great world. We cannot exhibit extraordinary success and a numerous harvest which could attract the attention of men; the hearts of our natives are too stony, the field of cultivatinn is too fertile. We are satisfied that our Heavenly Father knows us and our work, and takes care of us. On account of the terrible war, we were more forgotten by the world than ever before.

"Burdened with many debts, we continued our work with confidence in God. The mission possesses plantations and livestock, from which we get now our sustenance. But the expenses are increasing every year, and we wish to pay a part of the enormous debts. If our work is blessed, we can help ourselves in favor of other missions after some years. Now, too, we wish to come only after other missions which are in a more precarious situation. But we ask a little help in order to diminish our debts.

"We are looking with special confidence from this distant Pacific island to the United States. From the States is coming much help to Protestant missions. Intentions for Masses would help us very much."

"Now, then! Line up alphabetically for pay," said the sergeant.

"What's your name, my lad?"

"Phillips, sir."

"Well, what yer doing down here? Get back with the F's at once."

ARE YOUR BOWELS Constipated?

If So, Watch Your Health.

Unless one has a free action of the bowels, at least once a day, constipation is sure to ensue and it is one of the ills that causes more ill-health than any other trouble of the human system.

Keep your bowels regular by using Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills and you won't be troubled with your stomach, you will have no sick or bilious headaches, no jaundice, piles, heartburn, water brash, catarrh of the stomach, floating specks before the eyes, and everything will not turn black and make you feel as if you were going to faint.

Mrs. George Hunt, Morrisburg, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled for years with constipation [illegible] a friend advised me to use Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills. I used four vials, and am completely cured. I can gladly recommend them to every one who suffers from constipation."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25 cents a vial at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Native Chiefs Help Cathedral

Mgr. Stretcher, Vicar Apostolic of Uganda, acknowledges some unexpected help in the building of the new Cathedral at Rubaga.

"When the war broke out the lack of funds put on a definite stop to the building, the foundations of which had been scarcely laid. This year our Catholic chiefs resolved to undertake the work at their own expense. The subscription which they opened has yielded 13,450 roupees ($4,440). This amount appears quite modest, no doubt, when compared with the $54,400 collected by the Bagnada Protestants for the construction of the temple which rears itself on the crest of Namirembe, facing Rubaga; but these $4,400 have the advantage of being a voluntary offering, an alms of the heart."

S.S. NORTHUMBERLAND BETWEEN PICTOU AND CHARLOTTETOWF.

Commencing Saturday, Sept. 20th, and continuing until Monday, Sept. 29th, S. S. Northumberland will be placed on the route between Pictou and Charlottetown, making daily round trips for the convenience of Passengers to and from Prince Edward Island points during the time of the Charlottetown Exhibition, and shippers of Freight or Exhibits.

Steamer will leave Charlottetown at 6.00 a. m., and returning leave Pictou at 4.00 p. m., after arrival of morning train from Sydney.

District Passenger Agent's Office,
Ch'town, P.E.I., Sept. 17, 1919.
Sept. 17, 1919.

..Canadian National.. Railways

S.S. NORTHUMBERLAND

SPECIAL SERVICE BETWEEN

Charlottetown & Pictou

September 20th to 29th

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY.)

Round Trips during period of Charlottetown Exhibition.

Leave Charlottetown 6.00 a. m.

Leave Pictou 4.00 p. m.

District Passenger Agent's Office,
Charlottetown, P.E.I.
Sept. 17, 1919—2i

HAD BOILS

All Over Back, Legs and Body For 39 Months.

Ex-Gnr. F. Plumridge, 156 Curzon St., Toronto, Ont., writes:—"I am writing these few lines to let you know how wonderful is the effect of Burdock Blood Bitters. For thirty-nine months, overseas, I had boils all over my back, legs and body, in fact I was simply covered with them. I tried several different remedies, and while in France had medicines sent from England, but all to no avail.

On reaching Canada, July 12th, 1918, I was told to try your B. B. B. and on taking six bottles I had not even a scar left."

The only way to rid yourself of boils, pimples and all skin blotches and blemishes, so that they will never return to bother you again, is to have the blood thoroughly cleansed of all of its impurities, and there is no remedy on the market to-day to equal Burdock Blood Bitters.

This old and reliable preparation has been on the market for the past 40 years.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.