

OVERYERD, GURNEY & CO.

Overyerd, Gurney & Co. (Limited) is a national company. The reputation of this establishment has been so great since its re-organization from a private business into a limited liability company...

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The stock which agitated the city of London yesterday afternoon will, before this evening closes, be left in the remotest corners of the kingdom.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

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SEA-GOING MONITORS.

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and therefore despise them. Now, in all this they may be wrong, but there can be no question that they have demonstrated the possibility of putting the heaviest guns in the world on board a floating carriage which can take them all over the world...

DECLARATION OF THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT.

The Post sees in the speech of M. Rouher, in the French Chambers, a distinct declaration of the policy of France. The honest neutrality of which she speaks must be understood very much in the light by which we interpret our favorite phrase, Non-intervention—that is, a strict adherence, and a good advice.

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to Canada. Large shipments of arms have been made northward within a few days. There are signs that an expedition is about to be made upon Canada. Movement of men and transportation of arms have been in progress for several days with a degree of secrecy that indicates business. Gold 187.

GENERAL SCOTT DIED AT WEST POINT YESTERDAY FORENOON.

General Scott died at West Point yesterday forenoon. The steamer 'Peruvian' arrived yesterday with 700 passengers from Liverpool. She lost 38 from cholera, and has 28 cases now on board.

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THE FENIAN RAID INTO CANADA.

We learn that a telegram was received in this City yesterday, announcing that 1500 Fenians had taken possession of the Province of Ontario, and were marching on to Canada at Niagara. Fort Erie is on the Canadian side, nearly opposite the City of Buffalo, and so far as we are aware was not garrisoned by a single soldier.

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of various sizes and shapes, marked as 'machinery,' 'hardware,' 'agricultural implements,' &c., and directed to 'J. O'Brien.' They have not yet been opened, but probably will not be until the arrival of the Provost-Marshal. It is said that O'Brien denies that the arms are intended for use by the Fenians, but are to be sold, and points to an advertisement in the 'Daily Dispatch' as proof.

UNEASY FEELING ON THE FRONTIER—CONCEALMENT OF FENIAN ARMS?

A number of Fenians are still lurking around the border. On Saturday night a party numbering in all twenty-one men, left Eastport in a two-masted barge, called at Robinson on their way up, and arrived in Calais on Monday morning.

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extravagance and military despotism, you will, of course, sustain it on the day of election, and thus perpetuate the rule of those who have sunk the Colony thousands of pounds in debt; who have almost destroyed the Free Education Act; who have doubled taxation; who have oppressed the people, and squandered the revenue in mischievous dissipation, in building barracks, and in defraying the expenses of military expeditions against the people, and in paying enormous retroactive sums to needy hangers-on, and other bills for Wat, Swanley, Corrie, and more of that stamp. If, on the contrary, you think a change is necessary, you should, without delay, give upon the best men whom your judgment approves, without regard to party names—provided always they are anti-Confederate—and refer them to Parliament as your representatives. You may then rest satisfied that taxation will be diminished, if possible; that your political rights and privileges will be preserved; and that the general revenue of the Colony will be expended usefully in the internal improvement of the country, in promoting education, in fostering steam communication, trade, commerce, and the fisheries. You will soon have the chance to decide your own fate for the next four years. Beware, however, of the candidates, who will be sure to present all Confederate candidates—men who are more anxious to obtain the office at Ottawa than to serve you faithfully. This is the main necessary from the fact, that the present Government will, if sustained, have the power to send delegates to London to deprive us of Responsible Government and the privileges which we now enjoy, without the consent of the Legislature. It will be remembered that the Government, although declaring Confederation an open question, yet, when Mr. Siccardi proposed a simple resolution, to the effect that no further delegations, on the subject of Union, be appointed without the direct sanction of the people's representatives, it was voted down by the Government supporters and one Opposition member of Union principles. The Confederate members of the Executive Council, in number—very cunningly brought the party vote was to bear, and now those gentlemen are left unaided, and will probably enjoy themselves at the people's expense by taking a trip to London during the present summer, to consult with the Colonial Minister, and a delegation of Canadian and other Confederates, who will, of course, visit the metropolis of the Empire, to have the Queen's sanction for their visit, and no other—carried into law. You, the electors and taxpayers of P. E. Island, will soon have the power to put a stop to all these trifling delegations which our local politicians' conspiracy with pleasure. By electing a body that power as becomes free and intelligent men, you will rescue your rights and restore the rights of the Colonists, and will give us a Government of our own position, in which we will have a voice in the management of our affairs. The 'position' is in your hands, to-day—the power which you now wield may never revert to you—and in all human probability never will—if you sustain, at the coming election, a Government, one-half of whose members are avowed Unionists, and the other half implicitly so. Your only chance is to purge the Government and the Legislature of Unionists, and that you must do, or abide forever the inevitable consequences we have more than once pointed out.

The Fenian Invasion—Since our last issue the Town has been kept in a constant state of excitement by telegrams and stories of the most sensational character, respecting a Fenian invasion of Canada. As our readers will not doubt desire to see those despatches, we give them in full in today's paper. What truth there may be in them, we hardly know. They were swallowed by anxious crowds, with open mouths, at the Reading Room and at the street corners, according as they were received; but some few were inclined to view them with suspicion, and as having been either greatly exaggerated, or got up for electioneering purposes, by some partisan in Canada, for the purpose of influencing the pending elections in New Brunswick.

We confess to have looked upon these telegrams in the same light ourselves, but the latest intelligence from the 'seat of war' confirms the statements that several hundreds of Fenian desperadoes have actually made a raid into Canada, with the view, no doubt, of blinding all they could lay their hands upon. While it is satisfactory to know that these ruffians, who strangle not to rob and murder an unoffending people, have been ignominiously driven from Canada by Her Majesty's troops and the brave volunteers in that Province, it is to be regretted that the greater portion of them were not captured and hanged as a warning to their turbulent competitors in the United States. Some plans are attached to the American authorities for having permitted this infraction of neutrality to have taken place, and we think, also, judging from the information received, that the Canadian authorities are not free from serious blame in the Province to be taken by surprise at a raid of this kind. The first is suggestive as to what we may expect when we shall have to depend wholly or in great part upon the Canadian Confederate Government for protection.

Since writing the foregoing, other despatches have been received, stating that a number of the Fenian robbers still lurk in Canada, and appear to be making their way towards Montreal. We can scarcely credit this statement, and the probability is, that the next despatch will contain news the very opposite of its predecessor.

A CAUTION—A few 'red-hot' unionists, 'Irish' agents, and property tools, who, while they have long flattered on this country, have never yet conferred a benefit upon it, are secretly hawking about for sale, addresses expressive of a desire for Union upon favorable terms—don't they win they may get them?—and thanking those members of the House of Assembly who supported Mr. Wilson's resolution on the subject of Colonial Union. The particular object of this secret address, which is afraid of the daylight, and is said to grow and thrive in darkness, is to secure at the coming election, a Confederate triumph in the city and ten country districts, where a majority of the inhabitants may be captivated or unwittingly led into signing a seemingly harmless address. Let the people beware of all such specious addresses, for we know no hesitation in pronouncing that man either a fool or a knave who represents that Prince Edward Island, in giving in her adhesion to the principle of union, will ever obtain more favorable terms than those contained in the Quebec Scheme. We have clearly and unmistakably shown this in last week's paper, and what is more, our 'red-hot' Unionists know that no other scheme and no other terms will ever be offered—their own equivocations or assertions to the contrary notwithstanding. Our readers know—or ought to know—that

What must the tenants of this Island think of the honesty of the Leader of the Government if his local attempts to settle the Land Question, which they are informed that, whilst home in England last winter, he covered the agency of 'Father John's' efforts in this Island? Yes, the Hon. J. C. Pope now stands in the shoes of 'Father John,' and does not disdain the encomiums arising from such a position. We are not aware of the *modus operandi* by which J. R. Bourke, Esq., has been ousted from the agency of this estate, and perhaps it would hardly be fair to inquire too minutely into the matter. We may say, however, that we have heard that one reason why the Legislature was delayed until such an unseasonable period as that in which it was called together at its last session, was to enable the Hon. Leader of the Government to secure the agency just mentioned, and also to thwart the Superior Court of Nova Scotia in the matter of the old ferry steamer *Isis*, which was somehow disposed of by a Fenian company as a suitable boat, but that company having refused to pay for or receive the *Isis*—the remains of which, we believe, now lie scattered elsewhere along the banks of Pictou harbor—a law suit resulted, terminating adversely to Mr. Pope. The case having been brought before the Superior Court in Nova Scotia, the decision of the Inferior Court was sustained; yet, still determined to win, Mr. Pope appealed to the Court of Chancery in England, and hence his mission to that country. These, and another little affair connected with a stranded vessel near Sea Cove Head, which, together with her cargo, was bought for a nominal sum—an affair in which a certain English Insurance Company had something unpleasant to say—caused the delay in calling the Legislature together. Of course, Mr. Pope indignantly denies these soft impeachment, and we give them for what they are worth. There is no doubt, however, as to Mr. Pope's being 'Father John's' agent in this Island, in the place of J. R. Bourke, Esq.; but whether the change will be justifying or not to the tenants in question, the leaseholders generally throughout the Island may derive some benefit from the reflection that the leader of a Government which professes to be anxious to abolish landlordism, agencies, and every evil connected with that system, in this Colony, is himself a land agent, and that he has secured that agency within the past six months. *Vive la bagatelle.*

The Elections—It is now generally understood that the General Elections in this Island will come off in the early part of July—perhaps the first week. Electors, you have an important duty to discharge, and we would caution you to beware how you discharge that duty! If you still retain confidence in the existing Government, notwithstanding its broken pledges, its

notwithstanding the sorry failure of Killian in his Eastport expedition, and the besetting of the province of the spirit of Fenian aggressiveness is still active. Campo Bello and Buffalo have given place as *point d'appui* to Erie. On Friday last, Gen. H. L. Brown, the Sheriff of this County, received a telegram from the District Provost-Marshal at Pittsburg, stating that a large number of Fenian arms would arrive in Erie that day or the next, and that Mr. J. O'Brien, an auctioneer in this city, was directed to seize and hold them until the Provost-Marshal could arrive. They came on Sunday, and were conveyed to O'Brien's premises, where the Sheriff attacked them, and a guard from the barracks of the 4th U. S. Artillery, now stationed here, was placed over them. The arms are contained in 31 boxes.