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R. TOBEY

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XIV.

CHATHAM, ONT., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1905

NO. 219

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Have You Secured Your Share of that 5000 Rolls of Wall Paperat Half-Price?

5000 Rolls of Wall Paper is a good deal, but when it es out at the rate of 200 to 300 rolls a day, it does not st so very long. Have you secured your share? The nge of colorings and designs is still complete, but quanies are growing visibly less. Better not wait too long. 25c. Wall Papers for 12 1 2c

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A CLEAN-UP BARGAIN SALE

25 per cent. reduction on all Baby Cariages, Co-Carts, Refrigerators, Blue \$ Flame Oil Stoves, Hammocks, Lawn

They must go; we want the room. Come ind get a bargain.

WESTMAN BROS. Big ...

If You Know Style and Quality ... ONE LOOK Will Convince You That

Are Right at the Right Price,

They are found in every section because every shirt Our novelty effects this season are exceptionally

ong, both in Soft and Stiff Shirts. Exclusive effects in Madras, Oxfords, Silks, Cambrics, d all other favored fabrics, Plain and Plaited Bosoms, ttached or Detached Cuffs. Now on display at

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W. J. Bryan Makes a Suggestion to President Roosevelt.

An Impartial International Board For the Investigation of Disputes That Lead to War-Avoids the Objection Against Arbitration - Glorious to Have Brought About Arbitration

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 16.—A letter addressed to President Roosevelt from W. J. Bryan, in which a plan for the prevention of war is suggested, was made public Thursday night. Mr. Japan together, and says:

Why not ask Congress for authoriwhy not ask congress for author-ty to submit all international questions (when agreement cannot be reached by parties interested) to an impartial board for investigation and report? Investigation will, in nearly every case, remove the cause of complaint, and reconcile the parties. Questions which a nation might be unwilling to submit to arbitration in advance could

be settled by investigation by an impartial international board.

"It was a glorious thing to end the war between the Russians and the Japanese, but it would have been more Japanese, but it would have been more glorious to have prevented the war and saved the frightful loss of life. The moral prestige which our nation now enjoys would in all probability enable it to lead a successful peace movement. The congratulations which you have received from the hands of European Governments strengthen the chances of success. If the leading nations of the world would enter into nations of the world would enter into an agreement to join in the creation of such a board, and pledge themsel-ves to submit all disputes to the board for investigation before declaring war, the danger of war would be reduced to a minimum.

"Few men have had it in their power to do so much for humanity? Will you improve the opportunity? (Signed) W. J. Bryan."

TO LIVE IN JUNGLES.

Chicago Professor Will Stay Among Chicago, Sept. 16.—Prof. Frederick Starr, the University of Chicago anthropologist, has been granted a leave of absence of more than a year by the officials of the university, which time he will spend among the savage tribes of Central Africa.

The particular purpose of Prof. Starr's visit is to make a thorough an-Starrs visit is to make a thorough an-thropological study of the inhabitants of the land of Ndombi. Civilization has not reached this region, and little is known of the people. Prof. Verner, an American ethnologist, visited the country two years ago and brought specimens of one of the tribes to the St. Louis Exposition. It was here that Prof. Starr saw the strange people and decided that they were undoubtedly the most interesting in the world for anthropological people.

inthropological research. Alice Visits Dowager Empress. Pekin, Sept. 16.—Miss Alice Roose-elt, Mrs. Rockhill, wife of the Amer-can Minister, and the other ladies of ican Minister, and the other ladies of Miss Roosevelt's party, went to the summer palace Wednesday and spent the night. Thursday they were received in formal audience by the Dowager

UGLY STORM

Yesterdya's Hurricane Did Much Damage in Raleigh Township --Fences Blown Away

Reports of the damage done in yesterday's severe thunder and wind storm age very serious. Between Charing Cross and this city considerable havoc was wrought. Mr. Meloche, a Raleigh farmer, had four haystacks blown away, and George Wilson lost nearly all of his straws tack. Enges were blown down a stack. Fences were blown down all

over.

John Houston was driving in Ra-leigh during the whole storm. He says he never saw anything like it.

GUESS!

G. T. R. Crossings at Queen and William Streets in

William street crossings of the G. T. R. is varying his duties to-day. With pad and pencil he is busy keeping a tab of all the traffic which goes over pad and pencil he is busy keeping a tab of all the traffic which goes over either crossing—both pedestrians and rigs. By reason of this being Saturday the task is a strenuous one.

The work is undertaken at the request of the railway commission, now in session. As has been announced before "exclusively" in this journal the G. T. R. objects to the electric road crossing their tracks on the level and desires either a grade crossing or subway. To gain some idea of the average traffic over these crossings the commission has ordered that, for the next three days an account be kept of it.

It will be interesting to ascertain the figures.

Smoke Quail on Toast Cigars, 5c.

PLAN TO PREVENT WAR | HIS HONOR JUDGE BELL DESCRIBES TOUR AROUND WORLD

First Installment of his Description of a Fascinatingly Interesting Trip told for Planet Readers-New Zealand, its Physical Features, Customs and Government

His Honor Judge Bell has but late-returned from a trip such as it tils to the lot of but few men to ake. In the course of six months he girdled the globe—across the great American continent to San Francisco, thence to scenic New Zealand and progressive Australia, returning via Ceyfon and the Suez Canal. His Ceyfon and the Suez Canal. His Honor returns greatly invigorated physically and enriched mentally by the scenes and experiences met with on his globe-circling itinerary. As an incident to the main objects in view—those of health and pleasure seeking—His Honor has obtained a rich and variegated fund of information concerning the places and peoples met with—their customs and forms of government—what they do orms of government—what they do and how they do it. His data casual-y collected on all these points make conversation with him both plea-

surable and profitable.

The party, which left Chatham in

———, consisted of Judge Bell;
Mrs. Bell and Miss Margaret. The
trip across the American continent o San Francisco was made. Here the party embarked for New Zealand,



JUDGE BELL

NEW ZEALAND.

"Auckland, a city of twenty thousand inhabitants, was the first point visited," said His Honor. "The city is the largest on the island and has a most commodious harbor. The inhabitants are hospitable and pleasant and apparently, well off—there being no signs of destitution visible. throughout the whole of the island the hotels are comfortable and the prices reasonable. This may be due in part to the fact that the care of tourists is under the direct control of a department of the Government, who issue tickets, etc., and control several of the leading hotels."

ITS CLIMATE AND INHABITANTS "Comparatively speaking, the tem-perature of the island is more medium than here. It is neither so hot in summer nor so cold in winter, and is more moist. Those who have heard a great deal about the beauty of that far-famed constellation, The Southern Cross, are greatly disap-pointed on seeing it. In New Zealand it is nearly overhead and is not near-ly so brilliant as several of our northern constellations. None of the northern constellations are visible there and, at noonday the sun is to the north, due to the southerly position of the island. The white inhabitants number about 800,000, but there is toom for first times. habitants number about 800,000, but there is room for five times as many. The opportunities offered the immigrant are unparallelled. Of the Maoris, the native aboriginal inhabitants, only about 40,000 remain. They are kept on reservations as are the Indians here. Physically they are well developed and handsome, but the women marr their beauty by tatooing. They send four members to the New Zealand Parliament, who take an ac-Zealand Parliament, who take an active part in all the debates. I had an opportunity of seeing one of their war dances. Men and women dance separately, never comingling in these affairs. The race interested me very much."

COUNTRY'S RESOURCES. "Agriculturally speaking," continued the Judge, "the country is a very fine one. Sheep raising and wheat growing are the principal pursuits. Throughout the country there grows Throughout the country there grows wild a plant, known as the New Zealand flax. This is exported in large quantities. They grow more wheat than is needed for home consumption and so export some of this commodity also. The soil is most extraordinarily fertile and sells for \$200 an acre, irrespective of buildings.

"One is very much struck by the phenomenal exuberance of the forest growth—dense and rank. I noticed carefully," remarked the Judge, "but could not find a single tree with which we are acquainted in Canada. There the wood all sinks in water and some of them are beautifully grained. Moreover, the trees are nearly all in a continual state of foliage the year round."

THE GOVERNMENT.

"The form of Government in vogue

in the country has many unique fea-tures. New Zealand is incorporated in Australasia but is not a part of the Australian Commonwealth, being independent. At the present time the labor party is in the ascendancy with the Handrable Mr. Seddon as Premier. An election is pending, however. The party opposed to the one in power is that headed by the capitalists.

"Under the legislation of the Labor party strikes are unknown. If any trouble arises it is settled by a Board of Arbitration, whose word is final. Moreover, colored labor is to-tally excluded and not allowed to compete with white labor. Of course this does not apply to the native Maoris but a discrimination is made against all other colored peoples, even those from the neighboring is-lands. These, called Kanakas, are to be deported in the near future.

"Municipal ownership is also being experimented upon, the Government owning the telegraph and telephone lines and nearly all the railways. In addition to this education is more directly under the control of the Gov erament than here, the teachers being paid directly by the Government. If possible the educational system is better than in Ontario and the teachers are paid about twice as much a

hey are here.
"In the coming election the labor sue is the predominant one. This faction now in power want a minimum wage of \$2 a day paid and all colored labor excluded as at present. Their opponents claim that things have gone too fast and are dissatisfied with the acceptance of the color of fied with the present legislation as to colored labor and strikes. The claim it prevents capitalists coming to the country and say that, if hard will be very detrimental to the pro

will be very detrimental to the progress of the country. They concede, however, that the country is in a very prosperous condition.

"Their legislation on the topics mentioned is unique and of an experimental nature. It will afford an excellent precedent for other nations whether successful or not. Personally speaking," continued the Judge, "I think they have gone a little too far and are too far in advance of the times. Premier Seddon, with whom I had a long chat is, however, confident of being returned."

SCENIC NEW ZEALAND. "The most transcendentally beauti-"The most transcendentally beautiful part of always interesting New Zealand is what is called the Thermal District. This is in the interior and is a great health resort. People come all the way from Australia, twelve hundred miles distant, the waters being a specific cure for rheumatism and other diseases. Throughout the district are hundreds of gaysers which spoul at regular of gaysers, which spout at regular intervals, throwing up scalding hot water. One of them, the Waymangau, throws water to a height of twelve hundred feet, higher than any in Yellowstone Park or in any other part of the world. They play at reg-ular intervals and, when quiescent, the natives use them for cooking purposes. I saw them baking bread on one."

on one."

Into one of the geysers, The Dragon's Mouth, the Judge and his party went. It spouts regularly every ten minutes and in the quiescent period the cavern was explored. Describing the experience, the Judge said, "it was just like a vapor bath. The water, which is thrown up, is far too hot to put your hand in. The most marvellous natural phenomena I ever witnessed, however, was what is called 'The Blow Hole.' A steady rush of steam pours from a hole in the side of a mountain with tremendous force. It is accompanied by a roaring sound. Tin cans thrown into the hole are hurled forth again as if shot from a cannon. From time immemorial this has continued. As the pressure is 180 pounds to the

time immemorial this has continued. As the pressure is 180 pounds to the square inch propositions have been made to harness it for commercial purposes but have always been rejected as it is considered the safety valve of the district.

"Another scenic wonder of this distrist," The Pink and White Terraces, were destroyed some 20 years ago by an erruption of lava which destroyed, at the same time, a native village, with great loss of life. The terraces were formed by the rushing of mineral impregnated water over the side of a hill. In bounding from ledge to ledge it left deposits which crusted and formed these celebrated terraces.

which crusted and formed these celebrated terraces.

"The district is quite extensive. One may go twenty or thirty miles without encountering any of the geysers and then there may be twenty or thirty of them closely grouped. It is dangerous to go through the district without a guide," continued the Judge. "A few years ago two lady tourists, not knowing the erruptive periods of the geysers, wentured too close to ome and were scalded to death.

"The beautiful is present as well as the marvellous, as witness the Wauganay, sometimes called "The Rhine of New Zealand." The country is well interspersed with streams and fresh water lakes.

"We spent three weeks in all in Lots of good ten cent Cigars, but only one best—the Logd Lake."

Continued on Page 8.

WHY NOT PAVE?

Work was commenced to-day in ock pavement on King St. West etween the Post Office and Aberdeen bridge, for the laying of the steam heating pines and electric road nes. It is a splendid opportunity to ecure on this part of the street good brick pavement. The cedar blocks have done worthy service, but their day is nearly over, and the presrofitable time to secure a new pave ment. The stones and much of the oundation could be utilized in the ork, thereby minimizing the ex

The matter is worthy of the imme diate attention of the ratepayers and

Acting upon the suggestions o Mayor Cowan, Ald. Austin has given otice that he will, at Monday night's Council meeting, move that the statute providing for a Board of Education be put in force in Chat

n this movement for centralization and direct responsibility in educa tional government. It is a move in the right direction. Yet this journal s impelled to raise a warning hand to a precipitate action such as is ontemplated by the Mayor and Ald. Austin. A careful reading of the statute shows that the new act aparently does not make provision for County representation on Collegiate natters and seems to leave out of onsideration a high school district uch as ours. The Planet, of course attempts no more than a layman's interpretion of the statute, but there is still time before the first of October for the Council to consult with the Attorney General and Minister of Education with a view to ecuring a definite interpretation to the applicability of the Act.

It would be a great misfortu if, by undue haste, the city and school boards were dragged into an tures are being prepared for the expenditure of \$19,000 in much-needed school improvements. It would never do to fritter this-or any part of it-Better go slowly.

THE PILGRIMS

Every Effort Being Made to Secure English Footballers for Chatham on Wednesday

The proposal to transfer the Interational football match, between the English Pilgrims and the Kent county team, on Wednesday next in Detroit to Chatham is now under con-ment. A generous offer has been sideration by the English manage-made by the local management to secure the great game for Chatham. The announcement of the result of the negotiations will be made as soon as they are concluded.

The photos of the touring English team are on exhibition in the win-dows of the A. I. McCall drug store, and are being much admired. They are a fine, athletic looking team.

HOUSES STRUCK

Two Maple City Residences Narrowly **Escaped Destruction in Yes**terday's Storm

Yesterday's electrical storm was ne of the most severe of the season. The lightning was sharp and did some damage, chiefly by burning out telephones. The whole circuit down William street and south of the G. T. R.

liam street and south of the G. T. R. was rendered useless. The rainfall reached the enormous total of 107 tosn to the acre, or .95 inches.

Two houses in the city narrowly escaped destruction. One, the home of Mr. Holey, Harvey St., was struck by lightning, the bolt entering via the chimney. It struck the floor in the interior and started a small blaze, which a few pails of water extinguished.

Lots of good ten cent Cigars, but only one best—the Lond Lake.

Fall Wall Paper

Now is the time clean up your rooms after the hot and dirty summer.

Make them plea. sant and attractive for the long winter months.

Interior decoration is a fine art, and it's something that cannot be too perfect. The wall decoration makes or mars the appearance of your rooms. Come to us and we give you the benefit of expert advice, and also give you the largest selection to choose from you will find in Western Ontario.

THREE THINGS TRUE Our papers are right. Our designs are cor-

Our prices are reason-

WHY NOT

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BEEHIVE King and Sixth Sts *****

School ...Shoes

GIRLS AND BOYS

THEY FIT THEY WEAR THEY DON'T TEAR

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Wm. Somerville & Son

-JUSTSO-

The People Know—Our Vinegars Are All the Go.

gars Are All the Go.

Their keeping qualities are righto keep your pickles crisp and bright Cider Vinegar, good quality, 27 per gallon. This Vinegar will ke your pickles.

White Wine, 37c per gallon. Fresh pickling spices; the qual will please.

Fresh mixed Biscuits, 3 lbs. Ceylon Green Tea, 20c lb. Brooms, 15c each.
Best Flour, 12 lb. sack 32c; 3 sack 63c.

ack 63c.
Two cans Salmon 25c.
Grand Soap, 4c per bar;

A reduction of 5c per dozer Fruit Jars.

Broken Soda Biscuits, 5c f Corn Starch, 6c per pack A knife sharpener given a every order on Saturday, t All Crockery, China and at lowest prices.

John McCon Park St. Phone

Minard's Liniment Cur

SERVICE TIME