Sunday School.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON NO. VI
NOV. 18, 1906

Jesus Before Caiaphas.—Matt. 26: 57-68.

Commentary—I. Jesus before the Council (vs. 57, 58). 57. They .... led Him away—The band of soldiers led on by Judas (John xviii. 3). To the house of Caiaphas (F. V.)—In John xviii. 13 we are told that He was taken to Annas first. It is supposed that Annas and Caiaphas occupied different apartments in the same palace, which was probably situated on Mount Zion, near David's tomb, in the western part of the southwestern part of the city. Annas must have had great authority in his nation. It was Annas and Caiaphas who sent the band to arrest Jesus, and the leaders wanted the sanction of Annas before they proceeded against Jesus. The scribes, etc.—Scribes, that is, rabbis learned in the literature of the church; and elders, who were chosen from among the most influential of the laity; and chief priests (v. 59), that is, the heads of the twenty-four priestly classes. —Abbott. Were assembled—Annas sent Jesus bound to Caiaphas (John xviii. 24), and Caiaphas with all haste summoned the Sanhedrin, the highest Jewish Council, some time between two and four o'clock on Friday morning; but this was irregular and informal, because it was contrary to their law to carry on the trial by night.

58. Peter followed Him—Peter loved Jesus; he could not help but follow Him; he was anxious "to see the end"— to know what they did with his Lord. But, alas! Peter followed "afar off." This was the cause of his downfall. And went in—John also went with Peter and it probably was John who succeeded in getting Peter admitted into the court of the palace (John xviii. 15, 16). Sat with the servants—This was another great mistake. If he had stayed by the side of John he would not have denied his Master, for John seems to have had no such temptation. Peter put himself in the way of temptation.

II. Jesus witnessed against (vs. 59-62). 59. All the Council—The great Sanhedrin, composed of seventy or seventy-two members, and founded, it is supposed, by Moses (Num. 21), and was continued a long time after the days of our Lord on earth. At this time Nicodemus and Joseph of Arimathea were probably absent (Luke xxiii. 50, 51). Sought false witness—They have a criminal without a crime. They dared not sentence Jesus to death without some satisfactory charge and thus they were obliged to search for witnesses. "It seems to have been a common custom of this vile court to employ false witnesses; see Acts vi. 11-13."—Clarke. At least two witnesses were necessary (Num. xxxv. 30; Deut. xvii. 6). To death—They had already decided what the sentence was to be; the trial was a farce.

60. Found none—They had great difficulty in making up a case against Jesus. Out of the many false witnesses who came before the council, it was impossible to find two who agreed (Mark xiv. 56). Came two—From Mark xiv. 57-59 we see that the testimony of these witnesses did not agree in all points, and this accusation if agreed upon would not be sufficient for a death sentence. Falsehoods seldom agree; only the truth is harmonious. False witnesses—Their testimony was false because the facts were not correctly stated (see Mark xiv. 58), and because Christ's words had been misapplied. This is still a very common way of injuring others. 61. This fellow said—Here they are obliged to go back to the very beginning of Christ's public ministry and pervert a statement that He had made after He first cleansed the temple (John ii. 19). I am able, etc.—Jesus had never said this. What He did say was, that if they would destroy this temple, in three days He would raise it up, but He had reference to the temple of His body. 62. High priest...said—Their case had failed, and now the high priest arose and tried to force Jesus to criminate Himself. Answerest thou nothing—There was nothing to say. The witnesses had contradicted themselves. Give the enemy time and opportunity and he will destroy his own cause.

III. Jesus declares Himself to be the Christ (vs. 63, 64). 63. Held His peace—Thus fulfilling the prophecy in Isa. liii. 7. Jesus knew they were determined to put Him to death, and a reply would have been useless. I adjure thee—The high priest, puts a solemn oath to him. "The difficulty of this question consisted in this: If He confessed that He was the Son of God, they stood ready to condemn Him for blasphemy; if He denied it, they were prepared to condemn Him for being an importor, and for deluding the people under pretense of being the Messiah."—Barnes.

64. Thou hast said—A common form of expression for, "Yes, it is so." See Mark xiv. 62. "Christ felt no disposition to remain silent when questioned concerning a truth for which He came into the world to shed His blood."—Clarke. Right hand of power—This is a reference to Dan. vii. 13, 14. "The prophet in describing Christ's coming into the presence of His Father to be invested with all power. Its true fulfilment took place at the resurrection (Matt. xxviii. 18), but the same Lord will come at the judgment day in the same glory."—Whedon. Clouds of heaven—"This evidently has reference (1) to the judgment executed on the wicked Jewish nation (Matt. xvi. 27, 28; xxiv. 30); (2) to the final judgment" (Clarke); (3) to the final triumph of His kingdom.

IV. Jesus condemned and maltreated (vs. 65-68). 65. Rent His clothes—An expression of violent grief (Gen. xxxvii. 29, 34; Job i. 20) and horror at what was considered to be blasphemous or impious. "The act was enjoined by the rabbinical rules. When the charge of blasphemy is proved, the judges rend their garments and do not sew them up again."—Carr. Blasphemy—They considered it blasphemy, for Jesus to say that He was the Christ (Mark xiv. 61, 62). Witnesses—Their witnesses had proved a failure to them and they had no more to bring. Jesus was condemned on His own testimony. "Note the contrasts in this lesson: 1. Between the seeming and the real high priest. Caiaphas for a brief time performed priestly offices; Jesus was the real high priest. 2. In the the spirits of these two men. Caiaphas represented hatred, prejudice and murder; Jesus represented love, truth, and a willingness to die for others. 3. In the witnesses. On the one hand false witnesses, on the other the true Witness."

66. What think ye—The high priest had urged the case against Him and now he puts it to vote. Guilty of death —Worthy of death. —R. V. The punishment for blasphemy was death (Lev. xxiv. 16.) The irregular court now adjourned.

67. Spit in His face, etc.—There is an interval before the regular session of the Sanhedrin could convene. During this time the judges delivered Him into the hands of the mob. They spat in His face as a mark of contempt. Buffeted—Smote with their fists.

68. Who....smote thee —They had blindfolded him (Mark xiv. 65). "They made sport with Him as the Philistines did with Samson." No less than five forms of beating are referred to by the evangelists in describing this scene. Doubtless everything abusive and vile was done that depraved natures could do, and yet Jesus meekly endured these terrible insults without a murmur.

PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS.

I. See your Saviour solitary. "All the disciples forsook Him, and fled. And they ..lead Him away" (vs. 56, 57). "He trod the wine press alone" (Isa. cxiii. 3) Where was Peter, who had boasted so vehemently that he would go with Him to prison and to death? Where were James and John, who had declared they weer able to be baptized with His baptism and to drink of His cup ? Where were the disciples who had witnessed His miracles and been His chosen companions? Where were the multitude who had strewn palm branches in his pathway. And cried "Hosanna?" Where were the blind, lame, deaf and diseased, who had been restored by His compassionate touch? Where were those He had brought back from deaths' dark portal? They all forsook Him. He stood alone, forgotten, forsaken, betrayed, denied, without comforters, without counsel, without a defense. Our hearts grow indignant. But have we never forsaken Him?

II. See your Saviour slandered. "Sought false witnesses" (v. 59). "Many false witnesses came (v. 60). It is not necessary to stand in court and swear to a lie to be a false witness. Every one who joins a Christian church with the thought of benefit in his business, or choses a church home for social standing, is a false witness. Every one who stands at the marriage altar impelled by any other motive than pure love, is a false witness. Every bit of chicory in the coffee. every bit of sand in the sugar, every light weight or small measure, is a false witness. The spirit that will put fair, large apples at the top of the barrel and small, rotten ones beneath, that will sell half cotton goods for all silk, is the spirit that will lead to perjury and blasphemy. The spirit that will allow poor material to be used in a building at the risk of human life, that will put water and chalk into milk used by poor little children, is the same spirit that witnessed falsely to condemn Jesus.

III. See the Saviour sinless. "Found none ..... found they none" (v. 60). Christ "knew no sin" (II. Cor. v. 21). He "did no sin" (I. Peter ii. 22). He was "without sin" (Heb. iv. 15). Truly it was a hopeless, herculean task to find stain upon the character of God. So all through the centuries men have sought for witness against Christ as the world's Saviour, against the Bible as an inspired book, but have not found one solid argument, not one truthful testimony against Christianity.

IV. See your Saviour silent. "He held his peace" (v. 63). They slandered Jesus, they hired men to witness falsely against him, they spat in his face, they buffeted him, they mocked him, they blindfolded him and struck him with the palms of their hands, and tauntingly made him prophesy who smote him, they pressed the cruel thorns on his brow, they uttered vile blasphemies against him, but "he held his peace." Not one single word fell from his lips. The silence of Jesus was: 1. Vicarious. 2. Merciful. 3. Prudent. A godly life is the best reply to frivolous or false accusations. 4. Patient. One sentence from his lips could have destroyed all his enemies (v. 53)..

V. See your Savious speaking. "Jesus saith ..... thou hast said" (v. 64). When one word is questioned we may well be patiently silent; when God's word is assailed we may be bold to speak. An English lady was once confronted by an infidel, who demanded how she knew there was a God. She replied, "If you had appealed to a person you had never seen, of whose existence you only knew by report, for a thousand pounds, and he had responded by sending you the money, would you not know that such a person must be a living reality?" "Yes," he said, "I think I should." "Well," said she, "I made an appeal to God for that very sum, and he gave me the exact amount I asked for without my having to appeal to anyone else but himself. I therefore know that he exists." The man changed countenance and turned away without answering.

VI. See your Saviour sentenced. "He is guilty of death" (v. 66). "They all condemned him to be guilty of death" (Mark xiv. 64). They condemned him not on false testimony, but for his own true word. The witnesses they labored so hard to find did not "agree together" (vs. 56-59). His death was voluntary.

A. C. M.

SYMPATHY FOR SUFFRAGETTES.

Outcry Against Government's Treatment of Women—A Daughter of Cobden.

London , Nov. 5.—Although public opinion favors teaching the suffragettes a lesson, the action of the authorities in treating as common criminals the women who created a disturbance in the lobby of the House of Commons on Oct. 23 threatens to raise the prisoners to the level of martyrs and to secure them a measure of public support which they would never obtain otherwise. Some of them are of gentle birth and bringing up.

One is a daughter of the late Richard Cobden. The harsh treatment of all has aroused an outcry and indignant protest.

When they were sentenced to two months' imprisonment they were stripped and searched. They were then provided only with plank beds and the coarse prison diet, and were not allowed to correspond with their friends.

Some of them are now ill from the rigors of their imprisonment. It is contended that they are really political offenders and are entitled to be treated as first-class misdemeanants, which would give them privileges of comparative comfort, even to the employment of a servant.

The Government, recognizing the danger in the growth of agitation over the matter, has at length ordered the prisoners to be treated as first-class misdemeanants.

"SHAME!" CRIES LADY ABERDEEN.

One Child in Ten Dies Every Year in Britain.

Belfast, Nov. 5.—Lady Aberdeen has taken up municipal problems and has succeeded in working up great interest in industrial conditions and child labor and health problems in Belfast. She came down in her motor car from Baronscort, and made a rousing address before the city of Belfast Christian Civic Union.

Lady Aberdeen said that what was needed in Belfast and everywhere was an increase of the sense of corporate and individual responsibility and a way to understand how to discharge the responsibility. She said that the rate of infant mortality in Ireland was 96 per thousand, and that in Great Britain about 132 per thousand. She declared it was a crying shame that one-tenth of the children who came into the world died about a year after their birth.

OSCAR'S HEIR WILL LOSE WIFE.

NIECE OF KING EDWARD FINDS HUSBAND A BOOR.

Efforts to Avert Scandal—Birth of Heir-Presumptive Last April Used as Argument to Prevent Separation.

Stolkholm, Sweden, Nov. 5.—Although married only eighteen months and the mother of a little boy who is heir-presumptive to the throne of Sweden, Princess Margaret of Connaught, daughter of the Duke of Connaught and niece of King Edward, has determined to quit her husband, Prince Gustavus Adolphus, and every powerful appeal has failed thus far to shake her determination.

A high-strung and pretty woman, bred in the quiet and refinement of one of her rank in England, the princess declares she is absolutely unable to endure longer the boorishness of her royal husband.

Every effort is being made at court to hush up the scandal, and the argument that the future of her infant son demands that she continue to live with her husband is being pressed upon Princess Margaret. Even the powerful influence of her uncle, King Edward, will be invoked to induce the young wife and mother to remain with her husband. But it is not believed that a reconciliation is possible.

Prince Gustavus Adolphus and the Princess Margaret were married in London in June, 1905. The husband and his bride were 23 years of age. A son was born to the princess on April 23 of this year.

It was known before that the princess was anxious to separate from her husband, but the birth of the heir to the throne was expected to make a change in the relations of the royal couple. The princess is heartsick again, and is preparing to return to her home in England.

STARVING IN TORONTO

FAMILY IN STABLE AND THE HUSBAND IN COBALT.

Only a Small Oil Stove to Keep Poorly Clad Woman and Five Children Warm—Sad Case of Destitution in the West End of Toronto.

Toronto Despatch—How would you like to live this sort of weather in a stable with crevices through which Policeman Chapman of the Morality Department could shove his hand, and with only an oil stove of the two-burner variety to supply heat and light?

It might not be so great a hardship if one were warmly clad, but how about youngsters with barely enough clothing to cover their limbs?

Policeman Chapman found a woman and five children existing under such circumstances in a stable in Mechanics avenue in the west end yesterday. He was accompanied by Mr. Duncan of the Children's Aid Society. When they got there the oil in the lamp was done, the woman was penniless and did not expect money from her husband until next month.

The place is inhabited by Mrs. Hector Hetu, the wife of a French-Canadian who is now in the Cobalt district prospecting, and their five children, aged 15 years, 13 years, 10 years, 6 years and four year. There was practically no furniture in the place, and the children slept on a mattress upon the floor covered up by what Chapman described as rags.

Mr. Duncan took away the three youngest children. The mother readily consented to let them go where they would be warmly clad and well fed. The older two children are working.

"What about the woman?" Mr. Chapman was asked.

"As far as I know she is a sober person, who would work if she could get work to do," he replied.

The authorities will endeavor to secure other quarters for Mrs. Hertu and the two elder children and look after them until the husband provides for them or returns. Hertu has been in the North since early spring.

ACID IN FRANKFURTERS.

German Sausage Placed in Same Category as U. S. Canned Goods.

Paris, Nov. 5.—Since the outcry over Chicago canned goods, German canned goods have largely replaced the American product in France. Now the German tins are likely to share the same fate as their predecessors in public favor.

Consignments of German canned goods examined at the municipal laboratory at Paris are said to have been found to contain, in every instance, a notable proportion of harmful preservatives.

The specimens of the celebrated Frankfurter sausage examined were found floating in a solution of "benzoic acid," which, in Germany, is extracted from the [illegible].

The Most Cruel Forms of Rheumatism

can be cured—are being cured every day—by the new, scientific remedy,

Dr. H. H. Mack's Rheumatism Compound

It clears away every trace of the Uric Acid, breaking up the most obstinate deposits; and strengthening, without dangerously exciting, the kidneys.

This compound has won the backing of the well-known rubber stamp manufacturer, Mr. C. W. Mack, cousin of the doctor. After careful investigation, Mr. Mack says: "From positive proof, I can state, this remedy is an absolutely sure and safe cure."

Write for Dr. Mack's booklet on Rheumatism. Address: Dr. H. H. Mack, 60 Yonge street, Toronto. (Home office, Mill Village, N. S.) 4

NAVAL POLICY POPULAR.

British People Welcome Formation of New Home Fleet.

London, Nov. 1.— The announcement that the first-class battleship Dreadnought will be the flagship of the new home fleet is welcomed in naval circles and by the general public as proof that the new fleet will by no means be mere reserve. It is learned that the home fleet will be quartered in three divisions at Sheerness, Portsmouth and Devonport, with a big nucleus of the crews on board the ships, and that they will be kept in such a constant state of preparedness that they can be brought up to their full war strength and be in readiness to go to sea within a few hours. The first division, at Sheerness, will have the Dreadnought and four other battleships, to be taken from the present sea-going squadrons, which, according to to-day's information, "will equal both in gun-power and speed any vessels that can be brought against them by any foe."

POPE OBJECTS

TO CERTAIN PUBLIC WORSHIP MEETINGS BEING LEGALIZED.

Paris, Nov. 5.—A prelate of high rank, whose name is not given is quoted in the press here to-day as saying that the Pope will reject the decision of the council of state, rendered Oct. 31, by which under the law of 1881, meetings organized by private individuals for the purpose of worship, will be recognized as legal after Dec. 11th, when the church and state separation law formally goes into effect. The prelate added that the Pontiff would never recognize that the functions of religion can assume the character of public meetings.

FOUND IN A SMALL BOAT.

Crew of Schooner Westside, Which Foundered in Lake Huron.

Port Huron, Mich., despatch: Captain Youngs, of Port Huron, his wife and three sons, comprising the crew of the schooner Westside, of Cleveland, were picked up in a small boat on Lake Huron yesterday and brought home by the steamer Frank Peavey. The Westside foundered 25 miles off Thunder Bay Island in Saturday night's storm, and the crew had a perilous experience in their small boat until sighted by the Peavey.

WOMEN WHO CHARM

HEALTH IS THE FIRST ESSENTIAL

It Helps Women to Win and Hold Men's Admiration, Respect and Love.

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature.

To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular periods, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

Mrs. T. E. Gillis, Windsor, N. S., describes her illness, and cures, in the following letter :

Dear Mrs. Pinkham :—

"When I commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was suffering with weakness and womb trouble, headaches, backaches, and that worn-out tired feeling. I have only taken the Vegetable Compound a few short weeks, and it has made me well, strong and robust. I believe that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is without equal for female troubles."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating, (or flatulence), inflammation or ulceration, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Market Reports —OF— The Week.

TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.

The receipts of grain to-day were moderate, with prices as a rule firm. Wheat is nominal for Fall grades, while 100 bushels of goose sold at 70c. Barley firm, 600 bushels selling at 54 to 55c. Oats firm, 100 bushels selling at 40c per bushel.

Butter in moderate offer, with prices firm at 25 to 30c per lb. Eggs firm at 28 to 32c a dozen. Poultry are easy.

Hay in good supply, with sales of 25 loads at $12 to $15 a ton. Straw is nominal at $14 a ton.

Dressed hogs are unchanged, light quoted at $8.50, and heavy at $8.

Wheat, white, bush.	$ 0 74	$ 0 75
Do., red, bush.	0 74	0 75
Do., spring, bush.	0 72	0 00
Do., goose, bush.	0 70	0 00
Oats, bush.	0 39	0 40
Barley, bush.	0 54	0 55
Rye, bush.	0 75	0 00
Peas, bush.	0 80	0 00
Hay, per ton	12 00	15 00
Straw, per ton	14 00	0 00
Seeds—		
Alsike, fancy, bush.	6 30	6 60
Do., No. 1, bush.	6 00	6 20
Do., 2, bush.	5 25	5 40
Red clover, bush.	6 50	7 35
Timothy, bush.	1 25	1 80
Dressed hogs	8 00	8 50
Eggs, dozen	0 28	0 32
Butter, dairy	0 25	0 30
Do., creamery	0 28	0 32
Chickens, lb.	0 09	0 12
Ducks, dressed, lb.	0 09	0 12
Hens, lb	0 08	0 09
Turkeys, per b.	0 15	0 17
Apples, per lb.	1 00	2 00
Potatoes, per bush.	0 60	0 70
Cabbage, per doz.	0 30	0 50
Onions, per bag	0 75	1 00
Beef, hindquarters	8 00	9 00
Do., forequarters	5 00	6 00
Do., choice, carcase	7 50	8 00
Do., medium, carcase	6 00	6 50
Mutton, per cwt.	8 50	9 00
Veal, per cwt.	9 00	10 50
Lamb, per cwt.	10 00	11 00

BRITISH APPLE MARKETS.

Messrs. Woodall & Co. cabled Eben James:—Market firm, with good demand at fast quotations.

Messrs. Boyd, Barrow & Co., Glasgow, cabled:—Market continues steady, with last quotations sustained.

BRITISH CATTLE MARKET.

London.—Canadian cattle in the British markets are quoted at 11c to 13c per lb ; refrigerator beef, 10½c to 10½c per lb.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

At the Winnipeg option market to-day the following were the closing quotations: Nov. 74⅝c, Dec. 73⅛c, May 77c bid.

THE CHEESE MARKETS.

Brockville, Ont.—To-day 2 356 boxes of cheese were registered, of which 1,591 were white, balance colored; 400 sold on board at 12½c.

Belleville, Ont.—To-day were offered 2,229 white and 150 colored; 680 sold at 12 11-16c; balance at 12⅝c.

Canton.—To-day twelve hundred tubs of butter sold at 27c; 2,000 boxes cheese at 12c.

Cowansville, Ont.—To-day 24 creameries offered 941 boxes butter, 8 factories offered 251 cheese.Sales cheese:—Duckey, 45 at 12¼c; Gunn, 40 at 12½c; Froemcke, 21 at 12 7-16c. One hundred and forty-five boxes unsold.

Winchester, Ont.—To-night 391 white and 205 colored were registered; 391 white and 24 colored sold on the board at 12½c.

Vankleek Hill, Ont.—There were 888 boxes of cheese boarded here to-day, all selling on the board at 12⅝c. The bidding was brisk all through the meeting, as each buyer tried to outbid the other. The receipts this year were nearly half a million dollars, which almost doubled the receipts of the year 1900. The average price paid for cheese for the whole session was 12c. Board meets again the first Saturday in May, 1907.

Watertown, N.Y.—Cheese sales, 76 lots, 4,355 boxes; all at 12c.

TORONTO HIDES AND TALLOW.

Inspected hides, No. 1 steers		$0 11¾
Inspected hides, No. 2, steers		0 10¾
Inspected hides, No. 1, cows		0 11¾
Inspected hides, No. 2, cows		0 10¾
Country hides, cured	$0 10¾	$....
Calfskins, No. 1, city	0 12	....
Calfskins, No. 1, country	0 11	....
Pelts	0 75	....
Lambskins, each	0 90	....
Horsehides	3 25	3 60
Horsehair, per lb.	0 28	0 30
Tallow	0 05	0 05¼

LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

	Dec.	May.	July.
New York	83⅝	84¾	..
Detroit	78½	82¼	..
Toledo	77⅝	81⅝	79⅛
St. Louis	[illegible]	[illegible]	..
Minneapolis	76⅛	78½	..
Duluth	76	79	79½

BRADSTREET'S TRADE REVIEW.

Montreal—General trade is moving ingood volume and business men continue to regard the trade outlook as satisfactory. The purchasing of winter lines of wholesale goods was fairly heavy. Heavy shipments of all kinds of goods are being rushed to the eWst in order to take advantage of lake and rail freights which expire this month. Local bank clearings continue to reflect wide expansion in general trade. Collections are reported as generally satisfactory. The feature of the drygoods line is firmness for nearly all lines. The Dominion Textile Co. have withdrawn prices altogether on one line which is sold out and almost all other lines of cottons and sateens are advancing. Orders for spring lines are in good volume. Sugars are quieter and steadier. Hardware continues unusually active and trade is suffering from the fact that in many lines some scarcity is noticeable. There is a firm tone to almost the entire list.

Toronto—There has been little change in the trade situation here during the past week. The feature of business conditions at this centre and, indeed, throughout all Canada is the almost steady advance in values of almost all commodities. Textile values are particularly firm. Cotton prices are on the upward move and woolens are very stiff. Stocks of cotton are light and mills are reported behind with orders. The movement of general drygoods lines is very active. The volume of business has been much heavier than in any previous similar season. A particularly big trade is growing up in ready-to-wear clothing. Spring business in this respect is exceedingly heavy. General spring lines are moving well. There is still a very brisk trade for all lines of hardware and values are firm. Country retail trade is showing a brisk tone. Reports regarding collections are generally satisfactory.

Winnipeg—There is a continued good tone to general trade throughout the West. The movement of money is fairly satisfactory and the steady growth of the population throughout the country largely accounts for the trade expansion. The sorting trade in general lines is showing a good tone. This is particularly true to drygoods, there being a big movement in heavy lines. It is reported Western manufacturers are generally behind with their orders. Hardware trade is not quite so brisk but the business has been exceedingly heavy. Groceries are very active. Canned goods are scarce and firm.

Vancouver and Victoria—Wholesale trade all along the Pacific Coast continues brisk. The demand for goods keeps pace with the activity in all branches of industry and collections are good.

Quebec—Collections, as a rule, are reported slow and no improvement is expected until the weather is more settled.

Hamilton—Spring wholesale trade is opening out well and indications are that a good business will be done in this connection. The sorting trade for all winter lines is fair and collections are generally satisfactory. Values of country produce are generally steady.

London—The outlook for future trade is bright. Spring orders call for a good range of general lines. A feature of conditions is the activity general inall lines of manufacture here. Preparations for the holiday trade are heavy.

Ottawa—Reports to Bradstreet's say retail and wholesale trade there is active in all lines. The drygoods business is particularly brisk and values are firm. Country trade is showing a good tone and local industries continues busy. Collections are fair to good.

STRANGE NATIVE RITES

In the Virgin forests of that wonderful land, Australia, the ancient natives practised their weird and mysterious rites of healing. Much of their ancient lore will never now be known by modern man. Some of it, however, is known in certain quarters, and even modern scientists have been amazed at the deep knowledge of medicinal plants possessed by these ancient natives. When discovered by Capt. Cook, the great explorer, he wrote of them: "I did not observe amongst them any sign of disease. Old men without hair and teeth were full of life and activity." This wonderful health was found to be due to the fact that they used certain herbal essences as medicine. What stronger proof could be had than this, of the fact that the herbs of the field and the trees of the forest constitute nature's medicine chest for mankind? In Bileans for Biliousness, the great Australian household remedy, you have the finest known medicinal essences. From coating to kernel they are purely vegetable. They are an absolutely natural remedy for indigestion, headache, biliousness, constipation, piles, and all disorders arising from liver and stomach disorders.

It is now well known that liver medicines hitherto in use mostly contain bismuth, mercury and other harmful mineral products. These mineral constituents are very injurious if taken for long, and produce such effects as that of loosening the teeth, causing the hair to fall out, etc. Bileans are entirely different and superior. They are purely vegetable and contain no trace of any such harmful ingredients as the above. They cure that which they are taken to cure, and do not leave behind them evils worse than the original ones.

Bileans are mild in their action, and are thus suitable for the most delicate constitution. They never cause griping or pain. Taken at night, they work while you sleep —toning up and stimulating the liver, strengthening the digestive organs, removing the causes of headache—and when you awaken it is to feel "like another person altogether," as the saying goes. Bileans cure headache, constipation, piles, liver trouble, biliousness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, foul breath, dizziness, fainting, buzzing noises in the head, feelings of uncomfortable fulness even after a light meal, anaemia, debility, etc. They also act as a general tonic, and by improving the tone of the whole system enable it to throw off colds, chills, etc. They improve the general circulation and are a boon to pale faced girls and weak women. All druggists sell at 50 cents a box, or post free from the Bilean Co., Toronto, on receipt of price.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

ONE MAN KILLED AND ANOTHER HURT AT CHATTANOOGA.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 5.—An explosion occurred in the yard storeroom of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad shops here at 1 o'clock this morning, killing one man and fatally injuring another. At least a half dozen others were badly hurt.

The storehouse was entirely destroyed, the coaling station badly damaged, several cars were burned, and the windows in the offices and for some blocks around were broken by the force of the explosion.

This explosion shook every building in the city, causing the greatest alarm. It is impossible to estimate the property damage at this hour. The cause of the explosion is a complete mystery.

Anarchists Arrested.

New York, Nov. 5.—Emma Goldman and ten other persons were arrested at an Anarchistic meeting in East 4th st. The police pushed their way through the crowd towards the speakers' stand, arrested Julius Edelson, twenty years of age wha was speaking. As they did so there were shouts of "Down with the police! Kill the police. They are worse than the Russian officers. " The arrests followed quickly. In the Police Court they were admitted to bail in $1,000 each. One was given six months in the workhouse.

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