# THE DOMINION PRESBYTERIAN

# SUNDAY SCHOOL

# The Quiet Hour

## PAUL A PRISONER-IN ROME.\*

### By Rev. J. M. Duncan, D.D.

By Rev. J. M. Duncan, D.D. The brethren, came to meet us, V. 15. At a critical moment in a great battle, a certain regiment was lying down in a dense wood. For a time the tring had ceased, and there was a vere filled with a nameless fear, and a compilete collapse seemed imminent, when suddenly a bird in the woods sent forth a joyous trill of song. In-stantiy the soldlers in their usony of suspense thought of their nomes and little ones, and of all that depended on their remaining itm. Their confi-dence came back, and when the back like the waves dashing upon the show of the collapse in the sold on who is renewed, it rolled back like the waves dashing upon the show of the collar the sold on the consider who is renewed, it rolled back like the waves dashing upon the show of the collar the the sold on the the sold of the sold the collar the the sold of the sold on the consider the sold of the sold of the sold of the sold of the sold the sold of the sol

whith new energy and hope. It is so easy to cheer others, and it may help so much. By himself with the soldier that guarded him (Rev. Ver.), v. 16. There was a college professor who frequently told in the class-room of thoughts that had come to him in his garden. The thoughts were often so beautiful that the students, none of whom had ever seen the professor in his home, pictured the garden as a very Eden-spacelous, and with a glory of trees and flowers. One day, two of the students made an exuse to visit the professor and get a glimpse, if possible, of the garden. They were taken into the garden, which, to their surprise, of the garden, which, to their surprise, they found was the narrow-est of strips shut in by high walls. "But, Professor," they ventured to say, "surely this is not the garden you are always talking about, in which such fine thoughts come to you?" "But is so small. We had imagined quite a large garden." "But," an-swered the professor, pointing to the clear sky studded with stars, "see how high it is!" So long as our hearts, ine imprisoning walls can shut its the point of our lives. The hope of Israel, v. 20. Right in the path of At aritic liners, off the coast of Anglesey in Was, as group of dangerous rocks called by the tide. Long before the source reaches them, a bright path of path were also ench to farmeless God's prophets sent to israel warmed them of many dan-gers in their course like those rocks concealed by the rising tide. But over every place of peril there shone the ingit revealing the way to deliverance and safety. That light came from Him who was israel's Hope, the long-promised and eagerly-desired Saviour. And He will lead us, too, so we only happy. We deare at fast, meriod shows on either side are. at fast, meriod saviour.

And He will lead us, too, so we only trust Him, in ways that are safe and happy. We desire to hear, v. 22. When a railway cutting is made, the banks on either side are, at first, perfectly bare —not a sign of vegetation appears on them. But presently, here and there, the seed of a thistle or a dandelion, or what not, finds a lodgement in the bare earth, and by and by the whole space is overspread with flowers and grasses and herbs. There is no longer any emptimess. Before one could well believe it, the bare banks are covered with the products of seeds that have drifted against it by chance on the wings of the breese. Our minds and hearts are like that railway cutting. They cannot remain unoccupied. They are always receiving, and never empty. What we hear gives substance and desires, which, in turn,

• S.S. Lesson, November 14, 1909.— Acts 28: 11-24, 30, 31. Commit to memory vs. 20, 31. Study Acts 28: 11-31. Golden Text:—1 am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ; for it is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth.—Romans 1: 16.

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#### PRAYER.

O Lord, Thou art ever the same Thy powers never fail. We thans Thee that Thou hast writeen this truth upon Thy works. It is not upon the surface, but as the water-mark in states income to some the same terms about any works it is not opon the surface, but as the water-mark in paper, innate, where it can never be destroyed. The leaf falls, but the life passes into the main reservoirs of the tree. The food we destroy in eating it becomes a part of our body's life. The work and sorrow of life wear out the strength of the body; but they incarnate into our character the vir-tues and the graces of Christ, as we do all things in His Spirit. And when the body and all things material fall us they fall from us, and let our high-er life rise nearer to Thee, where all that is mortal is swallowed up of Thy life everlasting. Amen.—A. W. Lewis.

#### A MISSIONARY GOSPEL.

The first message at the birth of hrist was a missionary message Christ

Chirst was a missionary message (Luke 2:10). The first prayer Christ taught men was a missionary prayer (Matt. 6:10). The first disciple, St. Andrew, was the first missionary (John 1:41). The first message of the risen Lord was a missionary message (John 20:17). The first command of the risen Lord to his disciples was a missionary com-mand (John 20:21). The first apostolic sermon was a mis-sionary sermon (Acts 2:17-39). Christ's great reason for Christian love was a missionary reason (John 13: 35).

35). Christ's great reason for unity was a missionary reason (John 17:21). The first coming of Christ was a mis-sionary work (Luke 4:18-21). The second coming of Christ is to be hastened by missionary work (Matt. hastened 24:14).

Our Saviour's last wish on earth was a missionary wish (Matt. 28:19).

a missionary way. The more we live, more brief appear Our lives' succeeding stages; A day to childhood seems a year, And years like passing ages. —Campbell.

## LIGHT FROM THE EAST.

YOUNG

PEOPLE

By Rev. James Ross, D.D.

Ship of Alexandria.-The needs of two millions of people in Rome detertwo millions of people in Rome deter-mined the course of the world's com-merce; all roads led to her gates, all lines of trading sitps sought her ports. Most of the carrying trade was in the hands of the Greeks, the Britons of the olden time, and while there was some commerce by land from the north, the great body of Rome's supplies came by sea. Spain sent wool for cloth. North Africa fine hardwood for furni-ture, and marble and granite for building. Asia Minor sent silks and spices from the Euphrates by the wharves of Ephesus, fish from the Black Sea, and wines from the Greek Archipelage. But the principal chan-nel of trade was from Egypt and the Far E-st through Alexandria. Goods from the Indian Ocean, spices, dyes, gems, gold and perfume came down the Red Sea and the Nile to fal-ginss, and, most important of all, her export of wheat. The Nile Valley grew the bread of Rome, and, at some sea-sons of the year, and delay of the grata bad Rome nuch auffering among the poor in the city. This line of ships caused nuch suffering among the poor in the city. This line of ships caused in coasting yees-sels to the ports where the grain ships touched, and there they were carried to the capital. mined the course of the world's com-

#### CHRIST IN YOU.

There must be some controlling pow-er in every life, something that gives strength and impulse state motive and disposition to do things, that energizes and stimulates. Is it the love of gain? Is it the desire for power? Is it Christ in us the hope of giory? The things that we eat strengthen us. We rise from the table and go forth to our la-bor with renewed energy, with added from the table and go forth to our la-bor with renewed energy, with added strength. The bread in us has been the occasion of activity. Before the moon hour we were hungry, weak, and carned not to carry on our work, but with the hunger supplied we rise from the table ready for any toil. Suppose we partake of the bread of life. Sup-pose we have caten of the bread that cometh down from heaven; then Christ in us becomes the source of our hope and our Christian enthusiasm. As without the sumpy of our physi-

the down from heaven; the Christian of the second of the supply of our physical interfluency for the day's labor, where we have supply of our physical down of the second of the second