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**UNION STREET STORE**



**\$3.48 for \$5.00 Shoes**  
**2.98 for 4.00 Shoes**  
**2.48 for 4.00 Shoes**

AND IN ADDITION  
A range of  
**Men's Calf Laced Boots**  
with battleship grey cloth  
tops, low heel and recede  
to all sizes.

At \$2.98 a pair.

**UNION ST. STORE**  
**Waterbury & Rising, Ltd.**

## Acetylene Lighting For Country Homes

A good light is most essential to the comforts of the suburban home. Acetylene is the most beautiful of artificial lights, easily installed, requires little attention and convenience for cooking. With the modern burner no matches are required for lighting. Send for circular.

**P. CAMPBELL & CO., 73 Prince Wm. St.**

Made in Canada

Perfect by Canadians, in Canada, in the most modern salt works on the Continent—and daily in use in thousands of Canadian homes.

**REGAL Table Salt**

is not affected by climate or weather changes. It never gets damp—never clogs the shaker—but is always dry and free running.

**ASK YOUR DEALER!**

**Five Roses Flour**

Not Bleached Not Blended

**ALWAYS AN EARLY RISER. A SMOOTH VELVET ELASTIC DOUGH. USE FIVE ROSES FLOUR.**

**Buchanan's Popular Scotch**

**Red Seal**

A Government Standard

### FOR DR. MACLAREN'S HOSPITAL

The following contributions toward the fund for No. 1 General Hospital, under the care of Col. MacLaren, are acknowledged by the secretary of the St. John Ambulance Association:

The Valcartier Chapter, I. O. O. F.	\$50.00
Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Hayes, (sent to the Brunswick Chapter, I. O. O. F.)	50.00
Mrs. D. V. Lawson	25.00
Mrs. T. Barclay Robinson	5.00
Mrs. Robert Cruikshank	5.00

The post office clerks began yesterday subscribing to a fund to provide a bed in Dr. MacLaren's hospital. Edwin B. Kierstead has the matter in hand.

### FUNERALS

The funeral of the late William Forrester Lane took place yesterday afternoon from 33 Winslow street. Services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson, interment being at Cedar Hill.

**Vardon and Ray are Coming.**

London, May 13.—Harry Vardon and Edward Ray, the famous golfers, who had arranged to sail for an extended tour of the United States next Saturday with George Duncan and C. H. Mayo, by the ill-fated Lusitania, have not canceled their trip, as reported by cable, but have deferred sailing until a later date.

## PRIN. CROCKET OBSERVES HIS 83RD BIRTHDAY

**Veteran Educationist Can Look Back on Many Active Years—Has Held Highest Position in Provincial Circles.**

Congratulations today to Principal William Crockett, L. L. D. of Fredericton on the completion of eighty-three years of active life. Congratulations, too, on the happy circumstances in which, at this advanced moment of his career, this respected educationalist finds himself surrounded.

The eighty-third birthday of anyone is worthy of more than passing remark, but when the fortunate person can at the same time give thanks that his life companion of fifty-seven years is still at his side, and that in these declining years they can enjoy the companionship of nine sons and daughters, all participating in the active life of the country, the anniversary becomes of more than ordinary interest.

William Crockett was born at Brechin, Scotland, in 1832 and after the ordinary school education entered Aberdeen University from which he graduated in due course. At the age of eighteen he came to New Brunswick, having been offered the position of Principal of the Superior School at Campbellton. Since that time Mr. Crockett's life has been practically entirely devoted to work along educational lines, and in this sphere he has in these many years played a prominent part. From Campbellton Mr. Crockett went to the principalship of the Chatham Academy and some years later removed to Fredericton where he became Principal of the Normal School. This post was followed by his appointment to the position of superintendent of education for New Brunswick, and on his retirement from that office Dr. Crockett engaged as professor of classics in Morin College, Quebec. Subsequently he resigned from that staff and, returning to the principalship of the Normal School, which office he held at the time of his retirement from active service a few years ago. During the King administration Dr. Crockett was called upon to frame the free school bill, which became the point of contention in the subsequent provincial campaign and on which was based the policy of the government in that memorable contest.

The William Crockett Scholarship at the University of New Brunswick, for the highest mark in classics, (\$100 per year), which was established three years ago, is a fitting recognition of the valuable services rendered by Principal Crockett to the cause of education in this province.

Mr. Crockett was married fifty-seven years ago to Miss Marion Caldwell, a sister of William Caldwell, M. P. for Restigouche. She shares the quiet calm of life's eventide, its memories and its joys, as she shared with her husband those earlier years when success, still in the future, was only to be won by hard work and perseverance.

To Dr. and Mrs. Crockett eleven children—a real family—have been born, of whom two have died. One of these a boy, Thomas, died in infancy, while a daughter, Marion, passed away a few years ago at her home in Fredericton. They survive, to join in extending felicitations today to their father, James H. Crockett, managing director of The Gleaner; Dr. William C. Crockett, ex-mayor and one of Fredericton's most eminent physicians; Allan A. Crockett, mechanical engineer of San Francisco; Charles S. O. Crockett, now proprietor of the Campbellton Tribune; Oswald S. Crockett of Fredericton, justice of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick and for some years representative of York county in the House of Commons; A. Pierce Crockett, M. D. of St. John; Octavius Crockett of the general office staff of the I. C. R. at Moncton; Miss Decima Crockett, living with her parents in Fredericton, and Mrs. H. Harper Smith of Toronto.

With these, and with many friends throughout the province, The Standard joins in extending hearty congratulations to Dr. Crockett, wishing that he may enjoy in health and happiness, the years which may yet remain.

"It is a plain fact that peace is out of the question for any of us till that arch enemy of everything, not Germany, the Kaiser and his devilism come to an end and German militarism is completely crushed."

"The British Empire is engaged in a tremendously serious business today. Her very existence is in jeopardy. She is fighting for her life, for independence and liberty for herself and the whole world."

"There are people in St. John, I regret to know, who are indifferent. They express surprise that Canada should help Britain and enter into the war, and yet these people would be the first to cry for help should Canada be invaded."

"In the words of Lord Bryce, 'If there is anything upon which public opinion throughout the neutral world is absolutely agreed, it is that those who have brought the evil in Belgium, destroyed its cities, and inflicted poverty and hardship on its people ought to be made to pay to the uttermost farthing for the mischief they have done.' And they will—thank God—they will."

"I believe that the German Kaiser will go forth some of these days like Cain with the mark of God's wrath upon him—and the burden of hate and murder and sorrow which he will be compelled to carry will torture and destroy him."

"I heard of a woman last week in this city who said she couldn't see anything wrong in the sinking of the Lusitania—except that the people ought not to have gone to sea after they had been warned. Who warned them? Count Von Bernstorff and Dr. Derubure for the Imperial German government; men who should have been handed their passports months ago. The German attitude today is so insolent, and murderous and bitter, that I quite agree with Mr. Roosevelt when he says, 'A policy of blood and iron cannot be met efficaciously with a policy of milk and water.'"

"We are told that the sinking of the Lusitania was the occasion for much merriment and rejoicing in Germany. In Berlin, the horrible crime was commemorated by festivities; schools were given holiday, bands played, and festivities of various kinds were the order of the day. Such actions astound the world, but for Germany there is nothing too dastardly or devilish to do. The more hideous and fiendish and frightful the deed, the more Germans glow over it. And tonight the whole civilized world concurs in the verdict of the coroner's jury at Kinsale upon the loss of the Lusitania:—'The jury find that this appalling crime was contrary to international law and the conventions of all civilized nations, and we therefore charge the officers of the submarine, the German Emperor, and the government of Germany under whose orders they acted, with the crime of wilful and wholesale murder.'"

"Strong, but not too strong. All talk of peace under such conditions is useless, until this brute force which seeks the domination of the world is completely humbled and completely crushed."

Rev. Mr. Haughton showed by extracts from German papers that the spirit of the German people was to gain power and dominion. Their hatred of the English was particularly pronounced, but these papers also showed a feeling against every other nation that did not see eye to eye with the Germans. The religious leaders of Germany were also perverted in their ideas. They had characterized this war as a religious war.

In conclusion Mr. Haughton said "there can be no peace until Germany is crushed. The world must get Germany before Germany gets the world."

## THE WORLD MUST GET GERMANY BEFORE SHE GETS THE WORLD

**Rev. Ralph J. Haughton Speaks Strongly in Connection With the Sinking of the Lusitania by German Pirates—No Peace Possible Till German Militarism is Crushed.**

"The Lusitania Tragedy or War-mad Germany," was the subject of the sermon of Rev. Ralph J. Haughton in the Congregational church last evening. The preacher referred to the attitude of the German people in reference to the present war. He believed there could be no peace till Germany was perfectly humiliated and brought to see and feel the error of her ways. Rev. Mr. Haughton took several quotations from German papers to prove that the whole German spirit was for the conquest of the world and the forcing of her type of culture on everyone.

There was a large congregation in attendance and Mr. Haughton's words were given an attentive hearing. He took his text as follows: "They have heeded the hurt of the daughter of my people slightly, saying, peace, peace, when there was no peace. Were they ashamed when they committed abomination? Nay, they were not ashamed, neither could they blush therefore shall they fall among them that fall. In the day of their visitation they shall be cast down with the Lord."

At the present time the people of the world were living under a very great and unusual strain. The whole world was at war or living in fear of war. Twelve months ago it was somewhat difficult to conceive that such conditions as exist today could ever possibly come about. To many people who entertained Christian ideals and cherished visions of peace it was almost impossible to imagine that such a war as this could actually take place.

Germany had evidently been taking advantage of the desires and plans of the rest of the world for peace, for German imperialism was all the time deliberately planning for war and getting ready for war.

Many people in Great Britain, only a year ago, believed that it was impossible that the country would ever be called upon to arm millions of men for war. Germany knew this and took advantage of it. It is possible to assume too much. The captain of the Lusitania said, and no doubt he believed, that a torpedo could not get his ship.

Many people were saying Germany cannot beat us, Germany cannot win, but these same people do not show any disposition to do anything to help those who are fighting so that Germany may not win.

"It is high time," said Mr. Haughton "for us all to bestir ourselves. The time is already here for us all to realize the seriousness of the present world situation and to awake to the stubborn fact that German militarism is out to get the world, and the world must smite this monster of German force and cruelty which seek to dominate and master the earth, and smite it hard, so hard that it shall be crushed, so that the world may again live in peace. Let us realize this fact—that there can be no peace for the world until Germany gets a chance of heart—no peace until her spirit of insolence and boastfulness and brutality is completely crushed and she is willing to behave herself and allow the world to live in peace."

"Germany is found of accusing other nations of hypocrisy, and yet what greater hypocrisy could there be than that displayed by Germany herself in attending peace conferences and then going home to prepare for war, and plan to catch the world napping."

The speaker then referred to the conditions that existed at the time of Napoleon, when the liberty of Europe was threatened.

"Let us get a firm grip on the fact that there can be no peace until Germany is perfectly humiliated," continued he, "and she is made to realize the error of her ways. In German eyes, might alone is right and the world can have no peace as long as that theory prevails."

### The Lusitania.

"The terrible tragedy of a week ago of the cold blooded destruction of the Lusitania at the hands of the German pirates and murderers has stirred the world as it has not been stirred since the world began. The whole world must see tonight more clearly than ever before that much as we desire peace we might just as well face the facts as they actually exist, for there can be no peace for the rest of the world so long as German self-sufficiency and intolerance and brutality stalk abroad over the earth seeking victims to devour."

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## LETTER FROM WEST END LAD

**J. Wesley Pike Writes Home of Experiences with Canadian Heavy Artillery**

J. Wesley Pike of Queen street, West St. John, has received a letter from his son, Gunner Harry Pike, who is in France fighting Germans. Gunner Pike is with the heavy artillery under the command of Major Frank Magee. The letter is dated April 25th and Gunner Pike states that he is well and happy. The men had recently had a good fight but at the time of writing had been shifted to another section of the country and were having a little rest. He says that the weather is fine like summer, and that among the soldiers with him is "Bunny" Cobham of West St. John, who is also in the best of health and looking fine.

Gunner Pike refers to the way the towns and villages in France have been torn to pieces. He has passed through a number of them and says fine buildings have been destroyed by German shells. These include many churches. In another section of the letter Gunner Pike states that the soldiers are getting plenty of good food, but the St. John boys who have always been used to a good "chew" of tobacco are now without any and there is none to be obtained. He remarks that the only thing scarce in the "food stuff line" is chewing tobacco and the boys would give almost anything for a good supply.

The soldier says the censorship is very strict and he could not tell what part of France he is in. He expects in a short time to be once more on the firing line. The boys, he says, have had their baptism of fire and are taking things now as a matter of course; the waiting for a scrap is worse than getting into it.

Gunner Pike is no new hand as a warrior, having gone through the South African campaign; as regards the Boer war he says it has nothing on this war as the latter is entirely different. There is more of it, and from present indications there will be plenty more of it before it is finished.

The letters being received from the front now are in different envelopes from those previously received. The soldiers are supplied with green envelopes. On the top of the envelopes are the words "On active service," while under these words is the following: "Contents in this envelope need not be censored regimentally. The contents are liable to examination at the base. The certificate on the flap must be signed by the writer." On the flap of the envelope, which also bears the writer's signature, are the words: "I certify on my honor that the contents of this envelope refer to nothing but private and family matters."

### OBITUARY.

**Mrs. William O'Hara.**

The death occurred yesterday, at 462 Main street, of Mrs. Maud O'Hara, wife of William O'Hara, aged thirty years. Besides her husband, Mrs. O'Hara leaves a brother and a sister to mourn. The brother is James McFarlane, who went away with the first contingent; the sister resides in Alberta. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 8.45 to St. Peter's church.

**Mrs. Jane Sealey.**

There passed peacefully away at the residence of her son, 25 King square, on Friday evening, one of the oldest residents of Charlottetown. Jane Sealey, widow of the late Wm. Chandler, in the eighty-second year of her age. The deceased lady was a faithful attendant at St. Paul's Episcopal church for many years and was highly esteemed by all who knew her. She was a devoted mother and leaves to mourn, the following children, four others having predeceased her: Mrs. John R. Copp, of St. John, N. B.; Mrs. F. H. Seller, George of the P. E. I. Railway, and Fred of Auld Bros. Ltd. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 3.45 to the People's cemetery from her son's residence, 25 King square, Rev. T. W. Murphy officiating.—Charlottetown Guardian, May 15.

**Murray Miles.**

Arnold R. Miles of Margerville, has received word of the death of his brother, Murray Miles, in Yakima, Washington, May 6th, aged 49 years. There are two other brothers, Thomas, of Montana, and Charles of Calgary.

**Mrs. Ellen Cassidy.**

The death of Miss Ellen Cassidy took place on Friday at 301 Brussels street. She was a daughter of the late James and Jane Cassidy, of Barnesville, Kings county, and is survived by two brothers and one sister, Edward, of Lynn, Mass., and Charles, of Presque Isle, Me., and Mrs. James Riley of Hampton.

**Mrs. George V. Knight.**

At her home, corner Duke and Watson streets, Carleton, Mrs. Elizabeth Knight died on Friday. Before her marriage she was a Miss Borthwick of Scottish descent, her parents having come to this country many years ago from Edinburgh. She leaves three daughters and two sisters, Mrs. G. Seward Foster, of East Orange, N. J.; Miss Anna, who resided with her; Mrs. G. M. Smith, of Sussex; Mrs. Chas. Mann, of Boston, and Miss Borthwick of Halifax.

**James S. Rooney.**

The death took place on May 3 at

**Painless Dentistry!**  
We extract teeth free of pain.  
**Only 25c.**

We do all kinds of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.

**BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS.**  
627 Main St.—245 Union St.  
Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor.  
Tel. Main 682.  
Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

## MOLASCUIT

If you wish your horse to have a nice coat this summer try mixing some Molascuit with his grain each meal during April and May while he is shedding his old hair.

For Sale by

**A. C. SMITH & CO.**  
New Brunswick Agents  
**UNION STREET - WEST END**

## STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:—

One "Inclined" Type ..... 50 H. P.  
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.  
One Locomotive Type ..... 20 H. P.  
Two Vertical Type ..... 20 H. P.

Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request.

**I. MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.**  
BOILER MAKERS  
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA



**Send this artist a sketch**

and he will give you a frank and free criticism of your work.

He has had years of experience and is prepared to teach you, either personally or by correspondence how to draw for the newspapers.

**Children's Lessons Also Given**

Address,

**The Commercial Art School**

106 Dorchester, St. John.

### Rubber Goods

Clothing of all kinds. Rubber Hose for all purposes. Rubber Tubing. Steam Packings. Sanitary and Domestic Rubber Goods. Bicycle and Automobile Tires and Accessories. "IF IT'S MADE OF RUBBER" we supply it.

**ESTEY & CO.,**

49 Dock Street.

the hospital, Lynn, Mass., of James S. Rooney, aged 68 years. He conducted a barber shop on Water street, St. Andrews, for many years, and went to Lynn eleven years ago. He leaves three sons, all of Lynn, William, a barber, and James and Frank, who are members of the Lynn fire department. He is also survived by one brother, Theobald, keeper of the Sand Reef light, St. Andrews.

**Frank G. Purdy.**

Recently at Springfield, N. S., Frank G. Purdy, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Purdy, passed away. He was 26 years of age. Mrs. F. Wayland Porter of Fredericton is a sister.

**Mrs. A. H. Lauder.**

J. Walter Lauder of Moncton has received a telegram announcing the death of his sister, Mrs. A. H. Lauder of Butte, Montana. She is survived by her husband and six children, her aged mother, two sisters and five brothers.

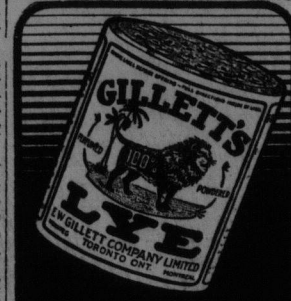
**Mrs. S. Bancroft.**

Mrs. Shadrach Bancroft, of White Head, Charlotte county, is dead. Her husband died about two years ago. She leaves one son and five daughters, three sisters and three brothers.

**Miss M. McFarlane.**

Miss Mary McFarlane died in Boston on Tuesday. She was a daughter of the late Archibald McFarlane and a sister of Alexander and Arthur McFarlane, St. Andrews, and Mrs. John Nesbitt of Cambridge, Mass.

Orchestra every afternoon and evening. All welcome. J. Clark & Son, Ltd., 17 German St.



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