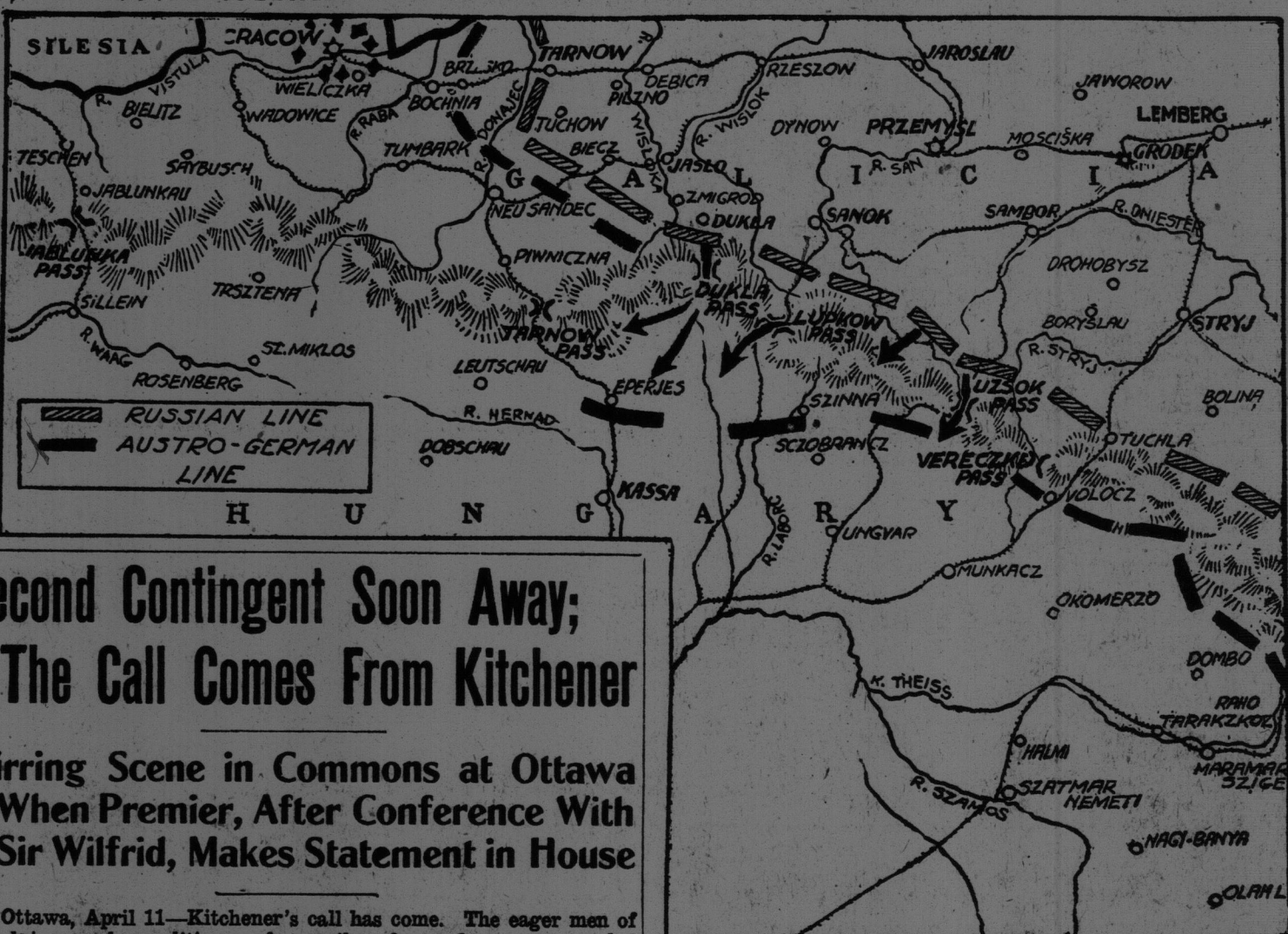


WHERE THE RUSSIANS ARE DRIVING THROUGH THE CARPATHIANS IN HUNGARY

Second Contingent Soon Away;
The Call Comes From KitchenerStirring Scene in Commons at Ottawa
When Premier, After Conference With
Sir Wilfrid, Makes Statement in House

Ottawa, April 11.—Kitchener's call has come. The eager men of Canada's second expeditionary force will go forward at an unrevealed date in the early future to join their comrades of the first contingent at the front. This date was approximately determined by the head of the British War Office nearly two months ago. Since that time he has been in constant communication with Canada's Minister of Militia. Now the definite summons has been received.

Such was the announcement of Premier Borden to parliament on Saturday night's sitting. Sir Robert Borden entered the house with the Minister of Militia. He rose almost at once to make his statement. Time and again during its progress he was interrupted by applause from both sides of the house, cheers which were heartily revived when Hon. Frank Oliver, who was momentarily leading the Liberal opposition, rose to express the sentiment of the minority.

"We Canadians are not outsiders in this fight," said Mr. Oliver. "It is our fight, too. This is not only a fight to preserve the neutrality of Belgium, but to preserve the British Empire, and all it stands for. Only in the months to come will we be able to realize the sacrifice it will be necessary for us to make. But we stand earnestly prepared to face whatever may come, with a courage and devotion that will ultimately bring victory."

Premier Borden opened by stating that he had just conferred with Sir Wilfrid Laurier, and now desired to make a statement in parliament and to the country concerning the exact condition and mobilization of the Canadian expeditionary forces. In October last announcement was made that until the end of the war Canada would keep continuously in training, and under arms, 30,000 men, and that contingents would be sent forward from time to time, as the war office desired them. A month later an arrangement was made that the number of men so kept in training would be increased to 50,000. This number was in addition to those in garrison and outpost duties. It was also announced that as soon as the second contingent was forwarded a further enlistment of 17,000 men would be made, bringing the total to 108,000 men.

"I have great pleasure," declared the premier, amid cheers, "in informing the house that this programme has been carried out to date."

Premier Borden gave figures, compiled by General G. Watkin, chief of the general staff, as to the enrolling and the present disposition of Canadian forces, which made a grand total of 101,568.

"In order," proceeded the premier, "to enable the house to estimate the numerical strength of that force I may point out that numerically it constitutes four times as many men as were under Wellington at Waterloo, and it is nearly double the total force of either Wellington or Napoleon at Waterloo. I think that the house and the country may congratulate themselves that in a period of not more than eight months so great a force as this has been organized to a very considerable extent, armed and equipped, and to know also that the number of men which went abroad with the first contingent considerably exceeds the total number of men that Wellington had at his disposal at the battle of Waterloo."

"There are in Canada now, in training under arms, more than 65,000 men," said the premier, and he paid high tribute to the character and quality of these men.

"It is proper," proceeded the premier, "that I should here make a statement which may set at rest more or less comment in the press, and more or less surprise which has been manifested, from time to time, at the delay which

has taken place in sending forward the second contingent. That contingent could have been dispatched, so far as we are concerned, at least three months ago, and the war office was fully informed of that fact, and has been fully informed from time to time, that it could be sent forward whenever desired. The date at which it shall go forward was arranged some two months ago.

He added that it was the view of the war office, especially of Lord Kitchener himself, that the second contingent should be accommodated and trained in England, so as to leave no room for criticism. It had been thought by Kitchener that a good deal of the training could proceed in Canada as well as in England, and the department of militia had followed precisely and absolutely the desire and expressed wish of the authorities of the war office."

Up to the present time, the premier proceeded, no call had been made on the Canadian Mounted Rifles, but their turn was likely to come whenever the situation changed in the western theatre of operations. The department of militia had been informed that it was within reasonable distance of time when a Canadian expeditionary force of some 50,000 men would be serving overseas. Therefore it was advised that in order to maintain that force in strength and efficiency a continuous supply of reinforcements, properly trained and fully equipped, would need to be provided. The total necessity could not be absolutely determined, because it was impossible to say, with certainty, how long the war would last, as conditions which at present govern the conduct of the campaign in Europe were regarded as likely to change with time.

In view of these representations, the premier said, the minister of militia, in consultation with his officers, had made provision for the establishment of overseas training depots, one or more for each branch of the service. Already some of the service units which embarked with the first contingent were being utilized for the purpose. These depots would be kept supplied with units maintained in Canada, and would furnish drafts for the units serving at the front.

"So far as can be foreseen at present," continued the premier, "a total of 150,000 men will be required, if the war should last another year. However, in the war the unexpected often happens, and our own arrangements must be subordinated to the needs of the empire as a whole."

Premier Borden concluded with an expression of very deep appreciation, which, Canadians felt, of the magnificent response given from the Atlantic to the Pacific to the call to arms.

Let none stand back as if his sins were too great to be forgiven, or his case too bad to be cured. Jesus is an advocate who never lost a cause, a physician who never lost a patient.—Dr. Guthrie.

The Japanese soldier on active service wears paper shirts for warmth, as did the French troops in 1870.

SULTAN STILL
IS OPTIMISTICSays Allies Cannot Force The
Dardanelles

HIGH OPINION OF GERMANS

Declares Words Fail to Express
Great Admiration For Kaiser's
Troops — Values Opinion of
Neutrals

Constantinople, April 10.—"I am convinced that the Dardanelles cannot be forced. The brave conduct of the Turkish troops in the recent operations against the Straits permits me to conclude that although the Allies bend every effort and use every means at their disposal they will be unable to achieve their purpose."

Thus spoke Mehmed V., the Sultan of Turkey in the course of an audience which he had granted to an Associated Press correspondent. The Sultan throughout the audience showed and expressed the greatest confidence in Turkey's ability to withstand the onslaught of the Allies forces, and followed with the keenest interest a description of the operations by the Allies on March 18 against the Dardanelles forts, given by the correspondent of the Associated Press, who acted as spokesman for those who had been accorded the audience.

The various phases of the bombardment were discussed by His Majesty in a manner demonstrating that he was well informed on the affair, but he was greatly interested in the human aspect of this tremendous action. What was the effect of the enemy's fire? What was the fate of the population of the towns near the forts bombarded? These were things in which the Sultan showed deep interest.

Mehmed V. was in a most cordial frame of mind. Many of the incidents related by the correspondents brought to the Sultan's face broad smiles of satisfaction, appreciation and amusement. How the correspondents had been obliged to make a hasty retreat when Kule Sultan was reached by the Allies' shells appeared to be of special interest to His Majesty.

When one of the correspondents told the Sultan that he had been rendered nervous in Chanak Kalesi by the explosions of large shells, which impelled him to stoop at every detonation, and how an old interpreter, who also was retreating, touched him on the arm each time, saying: "Yok Kismet," the Sultan was much amused and touched the newspaperman on the shoulder in a most friendly fashion and proceeded to explain that the use of the word "Kismet" was improper under such circumstances.

"The old man should have used the word 'Kader' instead," that the word expresses more fully what he wanted to convey," said His Majesty. "The word 'Kader' means that our fate is in the hands of a superior force and that what is to happen will happen any way. The Sultan is known among you to be a great realist. But 'Kader' alone will not do we also must work."

The Sultan then asked if his troops appeared to be happy and contented. The answer being emphatically in the affirmative, he smiled and said that he was very glad to hear that his troops were so happy and contented.

Lauds German Ally
"It appears very unjust to me that the Allies want to force the Dardanelles and take Constantinople just to import foodstuffs from Russia," said the Sultan. "The German ally of the Dardanelles but also of those Germans who have so efficiently and bravely co-operated with them."

"I would thank you if you would say to me that our fate is in the hands of a superior force and that what is to happen will happen any way. The Sultan is known among you to be a great realist. But 'Kader' alone will not do we also must work."

So far the Sultan had occupied himself entirely with recent developments, in the Dardanelles. Addressing himself to the Allied forces, he expressed his opinion of their valor and efficiency. Concerning their chief commander, Emperor Wilhelm I, he said that he was a great man, and that he was a great realist. But 'Kader' alone will not do we also must work."

With this, His Majesty indicated by a slight movement of the hand that the audience was ending. Although his visit to the palace was his first since the 1st day, the monarch arose from his divan with alacrity and shook hands with the correspondents in a democratic fashion.

The audience took place at Dolmabahce Palace. Brigadier-General Salih Pasha, the Sultan's first aide-de-camp, acting as marshal.

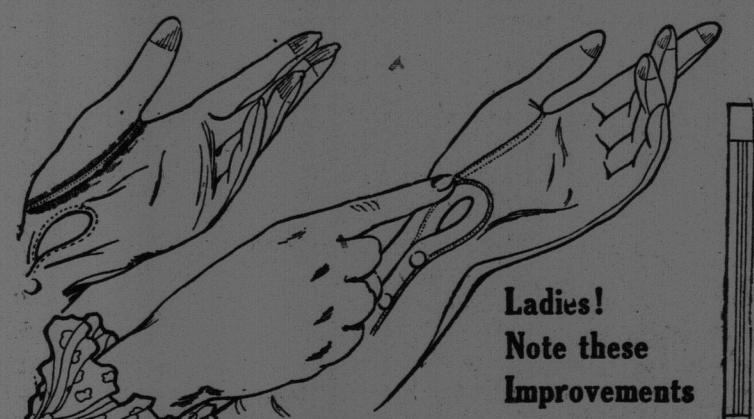
The audience was somewhat remarkable because of the absence of anything to remind one of the Orient. The Sultan was seated on a divan, but arose upon the entry of the correspondents and returned the salutations warmly. He then invited them to seats which were an unusual honor, for all but the highest officials are usually left standing.

This was the first audience granted by Mehmed V. to American newspapermen.

SUSSEX POINTS WAY
TO PROVINCIAL TOWNSA Clean-up Week Decided Upon
—Improvement Association Active

(Sussex Record)

The monthly meeting of the Town Improvement Association was held in the High School on Tuesday evening with a good attendance of members. The president, H. A. White, who takes a great interest in the association, was unavoidably absent, through illness, and the chair was occupied by the vice-



NO more ugly welts or bulges, caused by an excess of material in the thumb seam. Here, at last, is a glove so finely drafted that the double row of stitching takes up all the surplus.

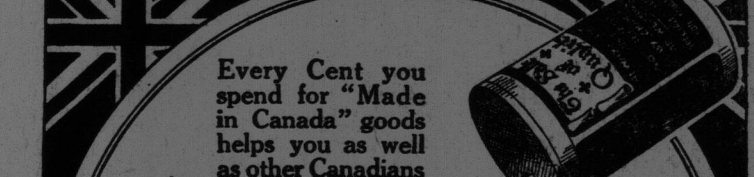
Queen Quality
Silk Gloves

are the result of 20 years' experience in the making of fine gloves for particular women. When a Queen Quality silk glove is pulled on, there isn't the slightest suspicion of a bulge at the thumb seam. Made with double tips, which pull well down—no more pointed, claw-like finger tips. Remember, "Queen Quality" and "Made in Canada" stamped in gold in every pair.

Prices: 50c. to \$1.50 the pair, at the smartest shops.

If you have difficulty in supplying your needs, write to the nearest branch of Queen Quality, Ltd., ST. CATHARINES SILK MILLS, Limited.

Dept. 3 ST. CATHARINES, ONT.
Makers of "Queen Quality" Italian Silk Hosiery

REGAL
Table Salt

is "MADE IN CANADA"

It is the finest grain of the famous Windsor Salt—blended with a very small quantity of Magnesium Carbonate.

Thursday, 13th—Vacant Lots, Friday, 14th—Paint Day, Saturday, 15th—General Arbor Day.

Citizens are requested to deposit their refuse matter on the edge of the street—not in the gutter. Teams will be provided to remove it. Persons owning teams are earnestly requested to assist. Those not members of the Association are invited to enroll and assist in the carrying on of the good work.

The following committees were appointed: Clean Up Committee—Walter J. Mills, W. E. McLeod, Harry Lison. Publicity Committee—Rev. W. P. Parker, Joseph Mills, S. H. Hargreaves.

S. H. White agreed to furnish a large number of elm and maple trees free of charge, also a team to haul them to town, and H. H. Red volunteered to furnish four men to assist in the digging of them.

His Worship Mayor Wallace thought it would be a good idea to appoint three ladies in each ward to sell trees at fifty cents each, the purchase of which would make those doing so members of the Town Improvement Association. His Worship's suggestion was adopted.

The following are the ladies selected by His Worship, all of whom have agreed to act: Mrs. W. D. Golding, Mrs. O. T. Friars, Miss Ella DeBoo, Mrs. Joseph Spears, Mrs. A. L. Robinson, Miss Mary Allen, Miss Mildred M. Wallace, Mrs. Lily Upham, Miss Lizette Howard, Mrs. Ethel Davis.

His Worship said that Thomas Adams town planning expert, proposed visiting Sussex in the near future and asked the association to amalgamate with the churches and societies and hold a joint meeting sometime after his address so that the town might profit by his visit.

The meeting was very enthusiastic regarding the good work to be done this summer in cleaning and beautifying the town, and the go ahead policy adopted augurs well for the successful carrying out of the association's plans. Every citizen should lend a helping hand.

Monday, 10th—Back Yards.
Tuesday, 11th—Lawns and Front Yards.
Wednesday, 12th—Gutters.

Are you going to build?

The use of Wall Board as an improvement over lath and plaster is becoming universal. It is cleaner, more durable and more sanitary and does not dust, crack nor crumble. When you build be sure to buy

Certain-teed
Wall Board

As the name Certain-teed indicates, this Wall Board is designed to give the maximum service and it is sold at the most reasonable price. It is used extensively in houses, bungalows, temporary and permanent booths, factories, offices, etc. For sale by dealers everywhere.

General Roofing Mfg. Company
Works located at various places in Canada and the United States.
New York City Boston Chicago Pittsburgh
Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit St. Louis
Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis Seattle
San Francisco London Hamburg Sydney

Comparative Food Values

1 pound of rib roast beef
1 pound of Grape-Nuts food

Comparative Cost per Pound

1 pound of rib roast beef
1 pound of Grape-Nuts food

It would be difficult to find a food that affords the same abundance of true nourishment, at so low a cost, as does the famous wheat and malted barley food—

Grape-Nuts

At less cost, a package of Grape-Nuts supplies nearly one-third more nourishment than a pound of rib roast beef. And besides, in buying a roast you pay for about 20% refuse, and there's a shrinkage in cooking.

Grape-Nuts food comes ready cooked and every particle in the FRESH-SEALED package is good to eat. Its rich nutrient includes the 'vital salts' that are necessary for brain, bone and sturdy muscle. Grape-Nuts is delicious—easily digested—economical.

Thinking people everywhere are more and more adopting Grape-Nuts—

"There's a Reason"

MADE IN CANADA Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

GO AS NURSES AT
THEIR OWN EXPENSEParty of Ten, Prominent Socially,
Leave New York For France
—More to Follow

Montreal, April 10.—Ten Montreal women, members of families which are wealthy and prominent socially, sailed from New York on Friday for France where they will nurse French soldiers. They are paying all their expenses themselves, and they will do voluntary nursing until the war is over. Their work will be their reward. In their trunks are nursing caps and aprons. A Maple Leaf badge with the word "Canada" written through it is on each apron. The rest of the room in their trunks is filled with handbags and dressings for the wounded and with clothes and comforts for refugees at Cannes.

The ten ladies are in charge of a chaperone—a Westmount woman of high social standing who also hopes to do her "something." Among the ten is a girl of twenty years; another is an American woman whose sister lives at Dorval; a divan is from Halifax; the rest are from Montreal and Westmount. Some of them have a special interest in the war. The fiance of one is at the front, as is the brother of another. A Saskatoon woman whose husband and two sons are fighting the Germans was one of the ninety others who applied to go when only the ten were needed. She may get a chance soon.

The nurses expected to sail from New York on last Saturday by the steamer Chicago, of the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, but the sailing was delayed. Before they went to New York they requested Mrs. C. B. Keenan and Mrs. W. J. B. Drew that their names be placed with the word "Canada" written through it.

Belding possesses a pure rich tenor voice of high quality. This is a very interesting feature and a rare thing to have the father and two sons authors of "The Bugle Call."

THE BUGLE CALL

(Amherst News)
A patriotic vocal selection will be rendered at the Scottish Military Concert in Knox Building on Monday night by a very talented member of the 66th Mounted Rifles.

This song was written by A. M. Belding, St. John. The music was written by his son W. H. Belding, musical director of the Masonic Orchestra at Cleveland, Ohio, and sung by Elmer A. Belding, of the Mount Allison University. Belding possesses a pure rich tenor voice of high quality.

Modern Bookkeeping.
"Under what head shall I place your wife's millinery account, Mr. Blinks?"
"Overhead charges, Smith."