FIRSTIMPRESSIONS OF LON-DON LIFE.

I had much rather visit London from time to time, than live in it. There is, in fact, no right lite in it that I can find: the people here are situated like plants in a hot-house, to which the quiet influences of sky and earth are never in their unadulterated state admitted. It is the case with all ranks: the carman with his huge slouch-hat hanging half-way down his back, consumes his breakfast of bread and tallow or hog's lard, sometimes as he swags along the streets, always in a hurried and precarious fashion, and supplies the deficit by continual pipes and pots of beer. The fashionable lady rises at three in the afternoon and begins to live towards midnight. Between these two extremes, the same false and tumultuous manner of existence more or less infests all ranks. It seems as if you were forever in "an inn," the feeling of home in our acceptation of the term is not known to one of a thousand. You are packed into paltry shells of brick houses (calculated to endure for forty years and then fall); every door that slams to in the street is audible in your most secret chamber; the necessaries of life are hawked about through multitudes of hands, and reach you, frequently adulterated, always at rather more than twice their cost elsewhere; people's friends must visit them by rule and measure; and when you issue from your door, you are assailed by vast shoals of quacks, and showmen and street sweepers, and pickpockets, and mendicants of every degree and shape, all plying in noise or silent craft their several vocations, all in their hearts like "lions ravening for their prey." The blackguard population of the place is the most consummately blackguard of anything I ever saw. Yet the people are in general a frank, jolly, well-living, kindly people. You get a certain way in their good graces with great ease; they want little more with you than now and then a piece of recreating conversation, and you are quickly on terms for giving and receiving it. Farther, I suspect their nature or their habits seldom carry or admit them .-Early Letters of Thomas Carlyle.

An old Indian graveyard, which was recently discovered in Biscuiting Island, Nipissing, is attracting much attention. Goods and chattels of deseased left beside their grave have been eagerly siezed upon by relic-hunters who have obtained some great ouriosites.

THE LAST OF THE HERD

Two Denver citizens.buffalo hunting in Park couny, Colorado, walked twenty-five miles, and thought that they were amply repaid when they discovered a big bull bison standing alone in the "very heart of a mountain fastness" Of course they joyfully killed this lonely representative of a once mighty herd.

Hon. WILLIAM HOWELL, of Peoria City, Indian Territory, is a white man, but having married into the Cherokee tribe he became a citizen, and has won the confidence of the Indians so fully that they have elected him to the National Council. He is the first white man ever elected to the Cherokee council. -Council

A census of the Sisseton Sioux Indians in Minnesota has been forwarded to the Government, number 648 males and 789 females. The population according to the last census was 1540. They show a decided aptitude for civilized life, have raised this season some 36.980 bushels of wheat,9000 of corn 17,400 ofoats and other grains in less quantities: own 500 horses and mules,453 cattle and small herds of swine and sheep, and 5706 acres of land under cultivation. - Morning Star.

AN INTERESTING DISCOV-ERY.

Advices from Gaxaca, Mexico state that the sepulchre of an Azapoteca king has been discovered near there. In it were found Obsidian images well sculptured and an idol of gold weighing about fifty pounds.

In the same spot were found a skull and some other bones of such diminsions as to prove that the old ruler must have been a man of gigantic

What True Merit Will Do.

The unprecedented sale of Boschee's Ger-The unprecedented sale of Boschee's Germ'n Svrup within a few years, has astonished the world. It is without doubt the safeet and best remedy ever discovered for the speedy and effectual cure of Coughs, Colds, and the severest Lung troubles. It acts on an entirely different principle from the usual prescriptions given by Physicians; as it does not dry up a Cough and leave the disease still in the system, but on the contrary removes the eause of the trouble, heals them still in the system, but on the contrary removes the eause of the trouble, heals them in the parts affected and leaves them in a purely healthy condition. A bottle kept in the house for use when the diseases make their appearance, will save the doctor's bills and a long spell of serious illness. A trial will-convince you of these facts. It is positively sold by all druggists and general dealers; in the lead. Price 25 cts. large dealers in the land. Price 75 cts., large

Can live at home, and make money at twork for us, than at anything in this world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both suxes, all ages. Any one can do the work Large earnings sure from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Costs you nothing to send us your address and find out; if you are not send us your address and find out; if you have your address. H. Habsern & Costs and the second us your address and find out; if you have your address. H. Habsern & Costs and the second us your address.

The little school paper called The Indian Citizen, conducted by the pupils of the Indian Industrial Schools at Chemawa.Oregon, (near Salem,) quotes from The Council Fire for October Colonel Tappan's tribute to their industry and enterprise in buying a farm with money raised during vacation, and add::

This is very kind, and we thank you for it; bnt beg to say that one hundred of us carned \$1,500 to buy this 85-acre farm in less than three weeks. There is not a lazy boy, or girl in this school.

We came here in the spring of 1885, and fo und this place a perfect wilderness. Upon the grounds where our be autifull buildings stand, the gigantic fir trees towered almost to the very skies. Come and look at it

The Indian boys, by their energy perseverance, and determinaton to do right, have wrought this change. Only give us a chance. Educate us. Teach us to work and we will solve the Indian problem of this age by becoming usefulmen and women. Councel Fire.

MARKET REPORTS.

PISH MARKET By J. LECKIE, 76 Front Street E. Toronto. TORONTO, NOV 12, 1886.

	BRICK ISIN.			CHMI LIGGS.	
No.	1 L. S	. Salmon	Trou	t, in hf bbls.	\$3.75
1	. "	**	64	gr "	2.15
7	. "	White	Fish,	in hi bbls,	4.75
		**	110	qr ''	2.65
	t L.H. Round Herring, in hf b				2.50
	* **			gr ··	1.50
	. "	**	**	kitts,	.85
,	. "	Split	"	hf bbls	3.00
			44	qr "	1.75
	. "	. "	**	kitts.	-95
1 Labrador			44	in bbls	5.50
Mackerel				**	5.50
	•		•	hf bbls	3.00
•	•			pr "	1.70
•	•			kitts.	.95
Ali G	sh are	inspecte	d befo	ere shipping.	
			-		

FUR MARKET. By C. N. BASTEDO & Co., 54 Young St.

Toronto. \$7.00, 10, \$4.00, \$.65 \$3.00, No. 1 85. \$7. \$3.00. \$.50 \$2.50 | Extra 82.50 | Medium. | MARTEN. | \$2.00. \$1.50. Dark. Prime. Spring | Winter | 810.00. 9.00. 7.00. 6.00. 5.00 80. 60. 50. 40. 30 IOC

KACCOON. | 80. | 60. | 50. | 40. | 30 | 100
SKUNK: Black Extra S.Loo, Short Stripe 75C, Medium 60C, Long Narrow 15C, Long Wide 10c to 30C.
WOLVERINE: Black Extra \$5.00, Short Stripe 3.
50, Medlum 2.50, Long Narrow 1.50.
DEER SKINS, Green, 10C, 12c per lb.
BUCK Indian Dressed, 81.50 to \$0.00 cach,
WILD CAT, 50C, 35C, 25C.
HOUSE 15C, 10C, 5C.
DOG, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75C, 50C. 25C.
Unprime and Damaged Skins according to value.

Unpreme and Damaged Skins according to various to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in may than anything else in this world. Any one can us this world and superior workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not start you capital not needed. The start you capital not needed.



Notice to Contractors.

ENDERS will be invited in a few days for the construction of the Section of the Cape Breton Railway extending from the Grand Narrows to Sydney, a distance of about 45 miles. This preliminary tance of about 45 miles. This preliminary notice is given in order that Contractors desiring to tender for the work may have an opportunity to example the winter sets in.

By order,
A. P. BRADLEY,
Secre opportunity to examine the location before

Secretary.

Dept. of Railwags and Canals, Ottawa, 26th Nov., 1886.

FURLONG & BEASLEY.

BARRISTERS, ETC.

Corner King and James Streets, next to the Moisons Bank.

E. Furlong, L. L. B., A. C. Beasley. HAMILTON, - CANADA.

WORKIG CLASSES We are now prepared to furnish all classes with employment at home,
the whole of the time, or for their spare moments.
Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 ceuts to \$5.00 per evaning, and a prportionial sum by devoing all their
time to the business. Boys and girls can carn near
ty as much as men. That all who see this may send
their address, and test the business, we make this
offer. To such as are nor well satisfied we will send
one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full
particulars and outsit free. Address George Stinson & Co., Portlaud Maine.

MICHIGAN ('ENTRAL



The Niagara Falls Route.

M. C. R. Canada Division.

Trains Leave Hagersville as follows **GOING EAST**

3-45 a.m 3-34 p. m 11-36 - 5-05

11.15 D.ID

All trains run by Ninetieth Meridian or Central Standard time.

Making connections for the East at Buffalo, and he west at Detroit. Connecting with the C. V. R.& L. & P. S. Railways at St. Thomas.

Through tickets issued to all parts of the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through No change of ears between Hagersville and Clieago. Tickets issued to the Old Country via, the Anchor Line of Ocean Steamers. O. W. RUGGLES, Gon'rl Passenger Ag't, Chicago.

J. G. LAVEN, Canada Passenger Agent Toronto. I. H. SALTER, Agen Hagersville,

N. & N. W. Railways. Trains leave Hagersville as follows:

TO PT. DOVER

TO HAMILTON

0.00 a. m. 7.35 n. m. II.10 a. m. 3.35 p.m. 6.35 p.m.