

OUR OWN AGE.

A Notable Pronouncement by Cardinal Gibbons.

Reason, Education, Liberty and Material Improvement of the Masses.

Cardinal Gibbons, in a recent article, writes: "The watchwords of the age are reason, education, liberty, the material improvement of the masses. Nor are these watchwords empty sounds. They represent solid realities, for which the age deserves praise. Despite its defects and mistakes, I love my age. I love its aspirations and resolves. I reveal in its feats of valor, its industries and its discoveries, I thank it for its many benefactions to my fellow-men, to the people rather than princes and rulers. I seek no backward voyage across the sea of time. I will even press forward."

"In our American parlance, let us go ahead. What if we do at times blunder? If we never venture, we shall never gain. The conservatism which is resolved to be ever safe is dry rot. Do not fear the novel, provided principles are well guarded. It is a time of novelties—and right novelties, to accord with the age, must take new forms and new attractions. As there be individual action. Laymen need not wait for priest or bishop, nor bishop for Pope. The timid move in crowds, the brave in single file. When combined effort is called for be ready, and at all times be prompt to obey when orders are given; but, with all this, there is vast room for individual action and vast good to be done by it."

"The strength of the Church to-day in all countries, particularly in America, is the people. This is essentially the age of democracy. The days of princes and of feudal lords are gone; monarchs hold their thrones to execute the will of the people. We to religion where this fact is not understood. He who holds the masses, reigns. The masses are held by their intellect and their heart. No power controls them save that which touches their own free souls. We have a dreadful lesson to learn from certain European countries, in which, from weight of tradition, the Church clings to thrones and classes, and loses her grasp upon the people. Let us not make a hereditary class. Still there is the danger that there be in religion a favored aristocracy, upon whom we lavish so much care that none remain for others. The time has come for 'salvation armies' to penetrate the wildest thickets of thorns and briars, and bring God's word to the ear of the most vile, the most ignorant and the most godless. Saving those who insist on being saved, as we are satisfied in doing, is not the mission of the Church—'Compel them to come in'—the command of the Master! This is not the religion we need to-day—to sing lovely anthems in cathedral stalls, and wear copes of brocade gold, while no multitude throng nave or aisle, and the world outside is dying of spiritual and moral starvation. Seek out men; speak to them not in stilted phrase or seventeenth century sermon style, but in burning words that go to their hearts as well as their minds."

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GRAND RELIGIOUS SERVICE.

Rev. Father Blais, Chaplain of the Bon Pasteur Convent, Consecrated Bishop.

Sixteen Bishops and Two Hundred and Twenty Priests Attend.

(Quebec Telegraph.)

Last Sunday Mgr. Blais, Doctor of Common Law, and formerly chaplain of the Bon Pasteur Convent in this city, and recently appointed bishop and coadjutor bishop of Rimouski, with Mgr. Langevin, who, through feebleness of health, has been obliged to ask for a co-adjutor, was consecrated to the high episcopal dignity by His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau, at the Basilica, in the presence of seventeen archbishops and two hundred and twenty priests. The religious ceremony took place at the Basilica at high mass yesterday morning, commencing at nine o'clock, which was attended with all the rich splendor of the Holy Catholic Church. His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau was the celebrant of a high Pontifical mass at the main altar, assisted by Rev. Father Langris, Ours de la Verbe, as deacon, and Father Gagnon, Curs of St. Anne, as sub-deacon. Mgr. Marois, Vicar-General, acted as assistant priest to His Eminence the Cardinal. Rev. Father O. Garzon, acted as master of ceremonies. At the same time Mgr. Blais, celebrated mass at a side altar erected within the main sanctuary on the left of the main altar facing the Cardinal's throne. Mgr. Laurin, Bishop of the diocese of Rimouski, and Mgr. Bagin, Bishop of Chicoutimi, the Rev. Father Garneau, of the Cardinal's household, acted as master of ceremonies. The following are the names of the Bishops who occupied seats within the Sanctuary rails and their dioceses:—Mgr. Fabre, Archbishop of Montreal; Mgr. Duhamel, Archbishop of Quebec; Mgr. Langevin, Bishop of Rimouski; Mgr. Faucher, Bishop of Three Rivers; Mgr. Gravel, Bishop of Nicolet; Mgr. Laurin, Bishop of Pontiac; Mgr. Bagin, Bishop of Chicoutimi; Mgr. Moreau, Bishop of St. Hyacinthe; Mgr. Racine, Bishop of Sherbrooke; Mgr. Marquis, Mgr. Hamel, Mgr. Tetre, Mgr. Tangway, Mgr. Gray, Mgr. Paquet, and Mgr. Fillion, besides priests from all dioceses in the Province, ecclesiastical students and pupils of the Seminary. His Honor Lieut-Governor A. B. Angers was present, and a very large congregation. It was, in fact, next to impossible to obtain standing room.

At nine o'clock His Eminence the Cardinal, consecrating prelate, with the two assisting prelates and the Bishop elect as also the other bishops and clergy, entered in procession into the Basilica, then ascended the throne, the Bishop elect being seated on the opposite side of the sanctuary. Both then assumed the Pontifical vestments. His Eminence then seated himself with his back to the altar, the elect being seated in front of him between the assisting prelates. After the production and reading of the Apostolic brief by the Vicar-General, the Bishop-elect approached His Eminence and kneeling before him, his hand laid on the open Gospels, took the solemn oath which binds him to submission to the Holy See and solemnly promised to fulfill all the duties incumbent on his exalted position. The Cardinal then put the usual question as to his profession of faith, after which mass began, the officiating prelate officiating at the high altar and the elect at a side altar.

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COOK'S FRIEND BAKING POWDER IS PURE, HONEST GOODS

Will do MORE WORK FOR SAME COST than any other composed of equally safe Ingredients. McLAREN'S COOK'S FRIEND THE ONLY GENUINE.

was recited, His Eminence pronouncing the usual blessing. He then placed the Gospel upon the shoulders of the prelate elect. Then the Cardinal and assisting prelates proceeded with the imposition of hands, saying "Receive the Holy Ghost," &c., with the prayer that accompanies that rite. Then followed the anointing with holy oil of the head and hands of the elect, the choir in the meantime singing the hymn Veni creator spiritus. After this ceremony the pastoral staff was placed in the hands of the newly consecrated Bishop and the mitre on his head, the ring put on a finger of the right hand and then followed the kiss of peace.

Mass was resumed and continued to the offertory, when the newly consecrated again approached the officiating prelate and presented him with the usual offerings, two lighted tapers, two small loaves of bread and two small barrels of wine. Both then repaired to the same altar, where both continued the Mass, consecrating together and receiving the predication blood out of the same chalice.

Mass being over, the newly consecrated was conducted to a throne prepared for him. Then followed the Te Deum, during the singing of which Mgr. Blais, passing through the aisles of the Basilica, gave his first pontifical blessing to all present.

THE MUSICAL portion of the service was very grand. Haydn's second mass was sung by the choir, which was composed of leading ladies and gentlemen of the city. The Union Musical and Sephor Haydn Club also assisted. At the Kyrie Madame Chouinard and Madame Legendre sang solos. At the Gloria, Mr. St. Laurent sang the solo, Qui Tollis. At the Offertory the orchestra rendered Mendelssohn's "Priests March" with organ accompaniment. Mr. Ernest Gagnon presided at the organ. The services finished at 12.30 noon.

THE DINNER. At one o'clock His Eminence Cardinal Taschereau entertained the Bishop elect, and all the other bishops and priests who attended the consecration, to dinner, which was served in the large dining hall of the Grand Seminary. Upwards of two hundred covers were laid for the guests. After dinner the Cardinal, the Bishop-elect, Mgr. Blais, D.O.L., adjourned to the drawing room in the Cardinal's palace, where a reception was held.

MAD AT GLADSTONE.

Hypocritical Politicians Exposed.

LONDON, May 19.—As we have been expected, very many of the occupants of the British "Glass House" are angry with one of their janitors for having denied them the delightful, but somewhat precarious, amusement of peeping through their Muscovite neighbors. It is somewhat strange, however, that one of these should be the Liberal London Telegraph. That newspaper attempts to ridicule Mr. Gladstone's recent caustic reply to certain amiable English goody-goodies who, forgetting the peculiar vulnerability of their political residence, have within the few days past attempted to hurl over the shoulders of a Tory administration a diplomatic stone at the head of the Great and the Liberator. These cherrubic, if senile, champions of the oppressed of all lands save British lands, innocently wrote to Mr. Gladstone inviting him to place himself on record in the matter of the Russian penal system. This astute reformer most thoroughly did by saying in effect that the people who would tranquilly and complacently view the antecedent and contemporaneous history of the English Government of Ireland were hardly in a position to adversely criticize the law of might as exercised by Russia in Siberia. As an Irish commoner said last evening, "Gladstone has been rather mad at the bankers." Stranger still, the Telegraph accuses Mr. Gladstone of manufacturing history in order to enforce upon the liberal and the trenchant incivilities of the satirical criticisms of the ex-Premier. Nothing, perhaps, better illustrates the present transitional state of English politics than does this most unexpected rebuff on the part of the Telegraph.

The Telegraph is not the only Liberal paper which is exasperated at Mr. Gladstone's comparison of Irish troubles with Russian atrocities in connection with the proposition that formal representations should be made to Russia by the British Government on the subject of the Siberian outrage.

The Pall Mall Gazette says that England is a land of constitutional liberty where, happily, the unjust shedding of the blood of a single citizen is enough to damn the Government. Mr. Gladstone's reference to the Mitchelltown affair, the Gazette says, has no weight with men like Stepienka, the noted Russian agitator, who is unable to see what more we want in free England than we have already got.

The Standard (Conservative) says it cannot find language to adequately express its disgust at the parallel drawn by Mr. Gladstone. What can be thought of a man who is trying to persuade his countrymen to believe that a street riot can be classed with the deliberate flogging of naked women and kindred barbarisms. It shocks moral sense to find that a party leader has reached a state of rancor where truth, decency and self-respect are obliterated.

The St James Gazette (Tory) says that in making such a comparison Gladstone showed himself an adventurer sticking at nothing.

Wipe Out the Separate Schools.

If any Catholic had a doubt of Mr. Meredith's policy on the Separate School question, the following statement made by him, in his speech at the Pavilion, Toronto, ought to fully satisfy them. Mr. Meredith is not like Mr. Metcalfe, an equivocator; he is bold; says:—"My position is this:—We have separate schools under the constitution. It is to be regretted our Roman Catholic friends cannot do without them. But if these schools are to exist only under the ideas pronounced by the bishops, then I am afraid they should be inaugurated that will wipe them out of existence. Some of our Tory friends that are looking for Government contracts or Government offices will try to explain away the above or deny it altogether, when talking to Catholics. This will be no easy matter as the words quoted are taken from Mr. Meredith's own organ, the Toronto Empire. We see by the same paper the

'wiping out' sentiment met with the approval of his audience, for it was received with cries of "You have got my vote, my boy." That Mr. Meredith expects only the support of his "Protestant friends" may be inferred from the resolution passed at the close of the meeting, as there is no provision made for any Catholic—not even Mr. Olney or Sul White. The following is what took place at the close of the meeting:

Mr. J. H. Morrill, Q. C., then came forward and read the following motion, which was seconded by Mr. J. H. Ferguson: Resolved—"That this meeting having heard Mr. Meredith's able declaration of the policy of himself and the Opposition in the Local Legislature, especially in regard to the question of Separate Schools and the trading of funds in the public schools, hereby express their cordial approval of the same and pledge themselves to do all in their power to return Mr. Meredith and his Protestant friends to power."

Mr. Worrall requested all who were in favor of the resolution to rise, and it was an extraordinary sight to see a single individual in the hall remaining seated. The vast multitude rose in a body and actually stood on the chairs, and the enthusiasm and cheering was so great that the rafters of the building shook.—Kingston Freeman.

THE POOR OF TUAM.

A Teaching Appeal for Help. The following letter, sent to the TRUE WITNESS for publication, speaks for itself. We commend it to the attention of the charitable:

CONVENT OF OUR LADY OF MERCY, TUAM, CO. GALWAY, IRELAND.

DEAR FRIENDS.—I cannot say how truly grateful I will feel if, in your kind charity, you will send me a little help, so as to enable us, even in a small way, to relieve the poor, the sick and the dying in Tuam and its neighborhood. For its size, Tuam is one of the poorest towns in the West of Ireland, principally owing to the fact that during the trying times of the great Irish famine, and during the numberless human evictions which followed in its wake, numbers of the evicted came in and settled down in Tuam, and since both themselves and their children have been a great incubus on the rates of the union. Another great cause of the general poverty is the want of employment.

It is heartbreaking to see many of them lying on the cold, damp earthen floor, with nothing under them but a handful of straw, often no covering but the few rags worn by day, and when it rains it is a very common thing to have it pouring through the decayed thatch.

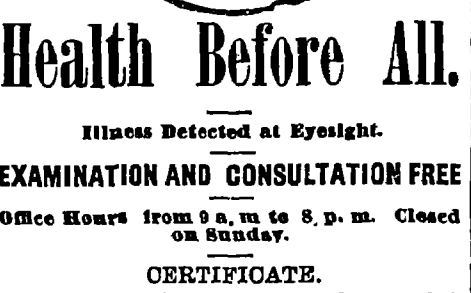
We have also a House of Mercy in which there are a number of young girls and children, some of whom are orphans, others whose parents are unable to support them, where they are clothed, supported, and taught domestic work, so as to enable them afterwards to provide for themselves.

With the exception of the little realized by the laundry, the House of Mercy depends entirely on the assistance of the good Archbishop, and the charity of the benevolent public, on whom we now call for their sympathy and support.

We also strive to give clothes to about 200 children every year to enable them to attend school, and a piece of bread each day to a large number of them; and a little money, clothes and nourishment to the old, sick and dying, written by the able and kind pen, which charity cannot be continued unless supported by the generous public.

We promise in return the prayers of the poor, and the united prayers of the community, which are daily offered through the year for all the benefactors of the institute, both living and dead, with a novena of masses when our benefactor is over for all who assist the charity.

Believe me dear friends, Respectfully yours in Christ, SISTER M. DE V. STOKES.



Health Before All.

Illness Detected at Eyesight. EXAMINATION AND CONSULTATION FREE. Office Hours from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Closed on Sunday.

CERTIFICATE. This is to certify that for nearly a week I suffered from swelling of hand, which was superinduced by a whitlow between my thumb and index finger. At that time I felt a peculiar sensation in my hand and also a horrible burning. After consulting private physicians I was informed I was confident that it would take six or seven weeks before I would be able to work, and this discouraged me not a little. I then went to see Mrs. Desmarais-Lacroix and it is with considerable astonishment that I now announce the complete extinction of the whitlow, as well as the complete cessation of my sufferings. And all this was done after four days' use of the ointment reduced from herbs and sold by Mrs. Desmarais-Lacroix. This is without doubt a marvellous cure, and it is with pleasure that I permit the publication of this certificate, especially as I desire to give justice to whom it is due.

JOSEPH G. SAVARD, 170 Beaudry Street. Montreal, Jan. 15, 1884. A. E. LACROIX FILS, Successeur à MME. DESMARAIS, 1963 Mignonne St., cor. St. Elizabeth.

The old wooden house, typical of the Indian, in imitation of whom we treat. We have always on hand all sorts of Roots, Herbs, Wild Plants, which we retail at moderate prices.

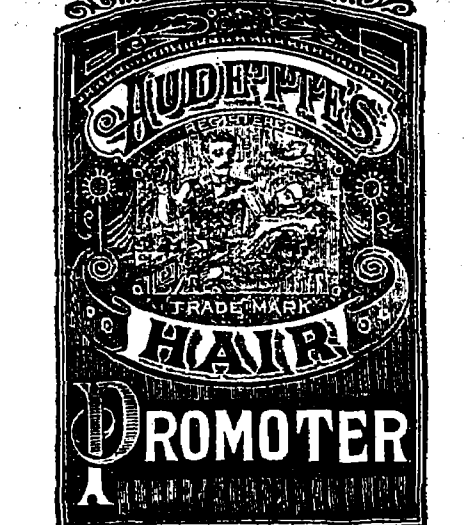
All are requested to peruse our Certificate before consulting us in order to be the better satisfied. Beware of imitations.

We guarantee a cure in all cases of Scrofula. Parents, bring your sick children. We cure completely. All those who treat this disease cause eruption by means of ointments, and consequently the disease is not eradicated but appears in a different form. We remove it completely with our medicines.

BOURGET COLLEGE, RIGAUD, P. Q.

(NEAR THE OTTAWA RIVER.)

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH COMMERCIAL COURSES. The Classical and English Courses are thorough. The Commercial Course is adapted to the needs of the best students and most approved system of teaching are adopted and taught by Competent Professors. Most careful attention is paid to the business training of young men. Piano, Telegraphy, Stenography and Typing are optional. Board, tuition, 250, wash, etc., \$120. Entrance examination on Wednesday, Sept. 3rd, 1880. Diplomas awarded. See Prospectus and Catalogue addressed to the D.D. REV. O. JOYE, C.M.A., President.



Good Hair, Good Health and Good Looks.

The AUDETTE'S HAIR PROMOTER cleanses the Scalp and removes Dandruff; it also prevents the hair from falling out and promotes a healthy growth. The AUDETTE'S HAIR PROMOTER is a certain refreshing lotion, it is unsurpassed in addressing and especially adapted for children. This preparation is not a dye, but simply a cleansing stimulant and a tonic.

S. LACHANCE, sole proprietor, 1532 and 1540 St. Catherine St., Montreal.

Stop that CHRONIC COUGH NOW!

For if you do not it may become consumptive. For Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility and Wasting Diseases, there is nothing like SCOTT'S EMULSION.

SCOTT'S EMULSION Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda.

It is almost as palatable as milk. Far better than other so-called Emulsions. A wonderful flesh producer. SCOTT'S EMULSION is put up in a salmon color wrapper. Be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Dealers at the cost of \$1.00.

JOHN FOSTER, Practical Sanitarian,

PLUMBER, GAS and STEAMFITTER, TIN and SHEET-IRON WORKER. 117 College Street. Telephone 2582.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL MARKET QUOTATIONS.

FLOUR, GRAIN, &c.

FLOUR.—Receipts during the week were 31,542 bbls against 17,105 bbls for the week previous. The market during the past week has been better active, although a fair volume of business has been reported. The tone is unquestionably strong, but buyers have evidently had their ardor checked by the advance in prices. There is quite a lot of American flour brought on here in bond for Newfoundland shipment, which says here instead of being sent forward promptly, which shows that Newfoundland receivers are not so eager for the stuff as they were expected to be. The local trade is quiet, sales of strong bakers' being reported at \$5.25 to \$5.50 as to brand. Spring patents are firm with sales at \$5.00 to \$5.30, and one sale is reported at high \$5. In straight rollers there have been transactions at \$5 to \$5.10. Ontario patents having realized \$5.25 to \$5.50 the latter figure being readily obtained for high grades. Extra has been placed at \$4.70, but some holders refuse to sell under \$4.80. Bakers are still agitating the question of doing away with the credit system and adopting cash terms instead.

Patent winter, \$5.20 to \$5.50; Patent spring, \$5.75 to \$6.00; Straight roller, \$5.00 to \$5.10; Extra, \$4.10 to \$4.30; Superior, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Fine, \$3.50 to \$4.00; City Strong Bakers, \$5.50; Strong Bakers, \$5.50; Ontario bags—superfine, \$2.00 to \$2.10; Ontario bags—fine, \$1.65 to \$1.90; Ontario bags—extra, \$2.25 to \$2.35.

OATMEAL, &c.—Market firm with higher. Standard in bbls \$4.30 to \$4.40, and in bags \$2.10 to \$2.20. Rolled oats \$4.25 to \$4.50 per bbl, and \$2.10 to \$2.30 in bags. Feed barley \$5 to \$5.25 per bbl, and pot barley \$4 to \$4.25. Split peas \$3.75 to \$4.00.

MILK FEED.—Bran remains quiet at \$15.00 to \$15.50 per ton. Shorts \$15 to \$18 as to quality, and millie at \$20 to \$21 for best grades, and \$18 to \$19 for seconds.

WHEAT.—Receipts during the past week were 29,383 bushels, against 23,445 bushels for the week previous. There is a marked scarcity of Manitoba wheat, and sales on 1st hand have advanced at \$1.18 to \$1.20 in Toronto, and a report from Port Arthur says that a lot of No. 1 hard was there at \$1.20. We quote prices here firm but nominal at \$1.20 for No. 1 hard and \$1.18 for No. 2. The Chicago market closes firm at 92½ to 97 for July, and on the curb sales were made at 88.

CORN.—Receipts during the past week were 385,877 bushels, against 679,879 bushels for the week previous. Prices remain steady at 42c to 43c in bond for round lots at 51c to 51½ duty paid.

PEAS.—Receipts during the past week were 44,477 bushels, against 21,847 bushels for the week previous. Prices quoted steady at 71c to 72c in store and 75c afloat.

BARLEY.—There has been some enquiry from the States and sales have been effected west for Buffalo at 60c to 65c delivered there. Market here is quiet, little business doing; 62c to 70c for malt and 45c for feed.

PROVISIONS.

PORK, LARD, &c.—The market remains firm and steady, with a fair business doing during the week and prospects indicating a firmer

trade. In prices there have been no changes to note. Canadian short cut has sold at \$16.50 to \$17 and Western short cut at \$16.50. Sales of Canadian lard in pails have been in demand at 11½, and bacon has changed hands at 10½ to 11c. We quote:—Canada short cut, clear, per bbl, \$16.50 to \$17.00; Chicago short cut, clear, per bbl, \$16.50 to \$17.00; Mess pork, Western, per bbl, \$16.50 to \$17.00; Hams, city cured, per lb, 11½ to 12c; Lard, Western, in pails, per lb, 9c to 10c; Lard, Canadian, in pails, per lb, 8c to 9c; Bacon, per lb, 11c to 12c; Shoulders, per lb, 10c; Tallow, common, refined, per lb, 8½ to 9c.

DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER.—All arrivals of choice new dairy butter are readily disposed of as soon as landed at 17c to 18c. The sale is reported of a lot of new creamery at 20c, and we quote 19c to 20c. In old butter the sale of old Western was made this week at 7c, and two round lots of Eastern Townships at 9c to 10c. In the case of the sale of Western above referred to, the buyer insisted upon having net weights, and the butter in each tub had to be stripped. The following telegram received from Halifax a few days ago shows the condition of affairs there:—"Advertised butter at auction, but never a bid came near to bid, not a soul being in attendance save the auctioneer. A baker subsequently offered \$8. Will wait further instructions." The answer to this was:—"Do as you think best." We understand that several thousand packages of oleomargarine have been bought in Chicago for shipment to Newfoundland. It seems that one or two Montreal buyers are trying to get up a little excitement in the Eastern Townships, about 100 tubs being picked up by them in the Bedford district at 17c, which is 1c higher than was previously paid. We quote new butter as follows:—Eastern Townships, 15c to 16c; Morrisburg, 15c to 17c; Western, 14c to 15c.

CHEESE.—Receipts during the week were 1,822 boxes, against 800 boxes for the same period last year. The market is fairly steady, and all offerings of new white cheese are readily absorbed at 9½ to 10c. In fact the bulk of the shipments this week were bought upon this basis. Sales in the Montreal section were made yesterday at 8½ to 9c. The New York market was firmer to-day and 1c higher on better advice from England. The season is very backward, and dealers do not look for shipments of grass cheese to any extent before the first week in June. Sales were made at Woodstock yesterday at 8½ to 9c. The Liverpool cable dropped for shipment to Newfoundland at 8c. Brockville market to-day 1,400 boxes were offered; and sales were made of 800 boxes at 8½ to 9c, ruling price 8c. At Listowel only 400 boxes were offered, the season being very backward, and all sold at 8c.

FRUITS, &c.

APPLES.—Market dull and quotations merely nominal. Fine russets \$4 to \$5 per bbl, good to fancy red stock \$5 to \$7 per bbl, poor stock \$2 to \$3. Sales for russets: There is a fair demand at 5½ to 6c per lb. EVAPORATED APPLES.—Steady demand, at 12c to 12½ per lb. PINE APPLES.—Fair supply; market brisk at 10c to 25c each.

COCONUTS.—Market firm at \$4.75 to \$5.00. BANANAS.—Market active, good supply coming to hand. Good yellows have been sold in car lots at \$1.25. We quote smaller quantities at \$1.50 to \$1.75. STRAWBERRIES.—Good supply of New York berries. Sales active at from 20c to 25c per quart.

POTATOES.—Three cars of potatoes were sold this week at 60c per bag f.o.b. in the West for this market with a 13c freight. They consisted of Early Rose and Hudson mixed. In this market sales have taken place at 85c to 90c in car lots on track, and at 80c to \$1 in broken lots. The market is firm. In Scotland they are selling at 4c per lb, whilst here they are over 1c per lb.

VEGETABLES.—A good supply of Southern vegetables is now arriving. Cucumbers at \$7.00 per crate, cabbage \$7.00 per crate, string beans at \$3.00 per box, onions 50c per lb for Egyptian in bags, which are scarce. Asparagus \$4.00 to \$4.50 per dozen bunches.

THE FRUIT SALE.—At the second auction sale of lemons and oranges from the Mediterranean, held on Monday last, there was a good attendance. Mr. J. Foster acted as auctioneer, and very high prices were realized. In fact it is safe to say that oranges and lemons bring higher prices in Montreal than in any other place in the world. At the sale lemons realized from \$1.50 to \$3.00 per box, a few fancy fruits selling up to \$6. The oranges sold at 50c up to \$1.75 to \$4 per box. Amongst the principal houses reported were Messrs. Harb & Tuckwell, Vipond, McRide & Co., McRide, Harris & Co., J. J. V. Wood & Co., O. E. Hart, John Barry, Jones & McWilliams, Joseph Brown, R. J. Clugg & Co., E. Boncher, and others.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EGGS.—Between here and Toronto Boston buyers have been picking up all the lots they could find and shipping them to the latter city. West of Toronto Canadian dealers have been buying lively at 9c and shipping them to Buffalo where they are storing them, in expectation of the McKinley bill being passed with the 5c per dozen duty on eggs.

BEANS.—Jobbing lots \$1.00 to \$1.80 old lots \$1.50. Market firm. Supply ample. Quotations nominally unchanged, but concessions might be made to shift old stock 9c to 10c per lb. comb; white clover in 1 lb. sections, 13c to 14c per lb.

BEEF.—Market quiet under small demand. Quotations unchanged at 25c to 26c per lb. MAPLE SUGAR AND SYRUP.—There is a fair steady demand for Western shipments and sales of sugar have been made at 7c to 7½ per lb. round lots. Quotations here at 7c to 8c. Syrup 60c to 75c per tin, and 5½ to 5¾ per lb. in wood.

HOGS.—Fine to choice Canadian steady at 17c to 18c per lb, fair to good at 16c to 17c. Old hogs unchanged at 6c to 10c. Market quiet.

HAY.—Enquiry is a little brisk and a good quantity is still coming to market. Good timothy on track is quoted \$8 to \$9, ordinary \$6 to \$7.50. Hay \$6.50 to \$10.

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS.

The receipts of live stock at these yards for week ending May 16th, 1880, were as follows:—Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Calves, 3731 89 348 481. Over from last week. 165. Total for week. 3896 89 348 481. Left on hand. 968.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

Great Bargains, Great Bargains at S. Carsley's sale of White Underwear. Great Rush at S. Carsley's cheap sale of White Cotton Underwear.

The largest stock of Youth's Clothing in Canada. YOUTH'S SUITS FROM \$3.40. YOUTH'S SUITS FROM \$3.40. YOUTH'S SUITS FROM \$3.40.

BOYS' SUITS (3 PIECES) BOYS' SUITS (3 PIECES) BOYS' SUITS (3 PIECES). IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX.

YOUTH'S SUITS, LONG PANTS YOUTH'S SUITS, LONG PANTS YOUTH'S SUITS, LONG PANTS. IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX IN TWEED, SERGE, HALIFAX.