had fought before. In the first battle in the last war he had Seminaries which, without all question, belong to the cou fought his ship, taken his antagonist a prize, and brought her I observe what you say with respect to the propriety or neces The action of Algiers showed vast determination, and sity of these colleges being under the exclusive management fleet were, he might say, almost terrific; but the walls had been battered down, and the first victory over slavery (if he might so express it) was obtained. But he must note another deed, which would mark the man. A ship, full of passengers, was wrecked off Plymouth; Lord Exmouth was passing in his carriage; he got a rope put round him, and himself placed on this wreck, and did not leave it till every person safely escaped. That act marked the man, and the navy felt grateful to the government and to the house for marking their approbation of some ecclesiastical community. This, I doubt not, is your honest conviction. But what signifies your opinion, Sir, or the nest convic government and to the house for marking their approbation of such a man. Speaking of Sir Jas. Saumarez, after the action of Algesiras, where he ran on a shoal under the batteries, and where for wrote for wrote for marking their approbation of all others, ought to be invested with the exclusive exclusion of all others, ought to be invested with the exclusive where for want of wind one ship got aground and could not be relieved, and the enterprise at last was obliged to be relinquished —on getting into Gibraltar he found the masts of his ships crippled in every way from the fire of the batteries, when he received it. The moment the seamen heard that, they begged they might work night and day in refitting and repairing the damage. The work night and day in refitting and repairing the damage. The officers set the example, and when the French and Spanish fleet hove in sight, the English ships were towed out, putting up their rigging as they were going on, and in the action that ensued they took 3 ships out of 10, blowing up 2 Spanish ships the apple? of the worthy journalist's eye. I promise him a single thing the state of the specific promise him a single thing. ensued they took 3 ships out of 10, blowing up 2 Spanish ships and taking a French ship a prize. It required the energy and determination of that commanding officer to attempt such a thing. The attempt showed the character of the officer in command; the carrying out of that attempt into execution was what he trusted the British sailor always did—to run at the enemy wherear he are him a more rough brush one of these days.*

It required the energy and the commanding officer to attempt such a three trusted the spirit of sectarianis mand party will soon become rampant amongst us, and the peace and unity of the Christian Church, as well as the tranquillity of the country, will, I fear, be not a little troubled.

I am, Sir. enemy wherever he saw him, and trust to his own valour for a victorious result. He trusted that this public memorial, in pration of the services of these gallant men, would excite others to imitate their acts when the country should He did not doubt but that it would have the best In the name of the navy he returned his thanks to the house for the manner in which it had received the proposition

Sir J. DUKE, who had been private secretary to Lord Exmouth, bore testimony to his services, and said he received his public testimonial of merit for his conduct in saving 600 lives under circumstances of great gallantry. He also stated the fact, that Lord Exmouth was on board the Indefatigable, off the Irish coast, in chase of a French vessel, in a perfect hurricane; he ordered the topsails to be reefed, as the only hope of safety. The men hesitated; upon which Lord Exmouth went aloft himself and in a chart time of the control of the c

Captain PLUMRIDGE, who had served with all three ers, expressed his approbation of the proposition, which was

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be Passed under the great seal, constituting and appointing Field
Marshal Arthur Duke of Wellington, Commander-in-Chief of
all Her Maintain all Her Majesty's Land Forces in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

We have news to the 12th of April from China, only eight days later than that last received. It appears that, after the attempt formerly mentioned, to destroy the garrison at Ningpo, the Chinese area. the Chinese encamped, about 6,000 strong, some eleven miles to the westward, with a view of cutting off our supplies. A force of about 1,100 men embarked, and were towed up the river by steement till. river by steamers till opposite the enemy. An attack having been made, the Chinese were dispersed in every direction, leaving from 500 to 700 dead upon the field. They fought with made. with much more determination than on any previous occasion—hence their loss. We had three killed and forty wounded. The troops returned next day to camp. It is said a force of no less than 30,000 is collecting, once more to attack Ningpo: it is also affirmed that Sir Hugh Gough is about to execute a movement on the capital of the province of Chekeang, and will probably carry the whole of the troops with him. After the first affair at Ningpo, the enemy's treasure chest fell into our hands. It contained no more than 2,000 dollars. By the time the less that the contained no more than 2,000 dollars. time the last of the reinforcements now on their way to China have arrived, we shall have 56 ships of war, 17 of which are steamers, in the Chinese waters, with from 40 to 50 transports and store-ships, and 15,000 fighting men, besides marines who may be employed on shore. We have already slain nearly 8.000 Chinamen, and captured and destroyed 1,819 pieces of artillars. artillery. It is said that the Chinese are preparing to rebuild the Bogue Forts; also, that they are about to offer us forty millions of dollars to get rid of us.

Canada.

M'GILL COLLEGE AND THE DISSENTING MINISTERS. (From the Montreal Herald, 6th September.)

From the Toronto Church we have much pleasure in copying the letter written by the Rev. Mr. Cartwright, with some remarks by our contemporary on the late "Appeal" fulminated by the Rev. Mr. Esson and a few other clergymen against McGill College. We are not at all surprised at any eccentricity which Mr. Esson may exhibit, for though peace and charity are Principles of his very nature, his imagination is so diseased on Presbyterian matters, and on what he believes to be the rights of the Church of Scotland, as opposed to the Church of England, that the bible with Buchanan's metrical version of the ms seems almost invariably associated with the dirk and a most jealous eye any thing in favour of Episcopacy, who enounce Scotch Episcopalians as almost traitors to their country, but who have no objections whatever to Scotch dis-Senters of any other persuasion. We have observed more bigotry and uncharitableness on this subject on the part of our own itrymen than on the part of any other of our fellow-subjects. This persecution is carried to an unwarrantable extent in this Churches without being taunted for it by people who stick to the form of worship in which they happened to be educated as firmly and with as little of the feeling of true religion as a Highlander adheres to the tartan of his clan.

As our contemporary correctly states, we rejoice at the un-disguised avowal of enmity to Episcopacy which the "Appeal" of Mr. Esson displays, for the Church will benefit thereby.—

Church of England.

We should like to know upon what grounds any one individual elergyman who signed the "Appeal" can justify their conduct. Have they or any of their disciples subscribed, either into notorious that they, as representatives of certain religious persuasions, have used all their exertions to procure funds for their churches, their missionaries, and the support of their this "Appeal" is that it attempts to insinuate an exclusiveness in the appointments to Professorships in M'Gill College. Let us look at the names of the Professors, as advertised in numerous Provincial papers. The chairs of Medicine, of Chemistry and Pharmacy, and of Materia Medica are filled by Episcopalians; of Surgery, of Midwifery and of Anatomy, by Presbyterians; and of Anatomy and Physiology by a Roman Catholic; so that the three prominent Christian creeds are represented in

when selfishly and wrongly directed, is very small indeed. TO THE REV. R. D. CARTWRIGHT.

Sir,-I hasten to reply to your letter of the 26th August, addressed to me, which I have read in the Herald of this morning. The question is exceedingly simple, as you have put it, so that a child may understand and decide it, without a moment's hesitation; I shall, therefore, be very brief, more especially a am submitting my views on the general question, in its most important bearings, to the candid judgment of the country. It is, in the first place, a question purely of property and right in those institutions. Are they erected and endowed

solely for behoof of your Church and Sect, or of all Churches and Sects? In the former case you must have an undoubted right to do what you will with your own—as sole proprietors, most certain it is, that the sole right of government ought to be vested in you. But really, Sir, I cannot but express my astonishment that a gentleman of your candour and intelligence should confound what appears to me to be the most palpable ful aid in considering the amendments which will be prodistinctions. Your Church I understand is about to erect a posed, with the view of removing all obstacles to the smooth College in the Eastern Townships; she is now erecting several and efficient operation of these Institutions. new Churches in this city. Were we to invade her right in denominations, in this colony, erected at their expense and of order to insure its successful and beneficial operation. In the sanctioned.

fought the first brilliant action in the last American war as he course exclusively appropriated to their use, and those great tordinary efforts were made. The batteries opposed to his one ecclesiastical community. This, I doubt not, is your howere he mid-

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

Montreal, 6th September, 1842.

*[We beg to inform Mr. Esson that we are gradually om the effect produced by this awful threat.—ED. CH.]

(From the Patriot.)

our University of King's College to the United Church of England and Ivoland, have come forward to implore, first the government, and then the people at large to take steps to prevent either of these institutions from thus assuming an exclusive and sectarian character. We really thought that the taking in the first reef, having thus set a gallant example, which was instantly followed. He must say that he thought a monument ought to be erected to the Marquis Camden, whose disinterestedness had conferred such substantial benefits on the country (cheers). we are yet deeply chagrined to find that the only anticipated good in the settlement, viz.—the stoppage of agitation is likely to be frustrated by the wicked efforts of a number of nominal Ministers of Religion, who in their shameless attempts to set the Province again "by the ears," seem totally to have forgotten their position as self-dedicated servants of a Religion and

Provincial Parliament.

(From the Canada Gazette Extraordinary.) PROVINCE OF CANADA. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL CHAMBER,

Kingston, Sept. 8, 1842. This day, at Two o'clock, P. M., His Excellency the Goverto command the attendance of the Legislative Council being assembled, His Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the Legislative Assembly, and that House being present, His Excellency opened the Second Session of the First Parliament of the Province of Canada, with the following Speech from the Throne:-

Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: The melancholy event which marked the close of the last Session, and which must still be fresh in your memory and your regrets, has imposed upon me the responsibility of maturing and carrying into effect numerous important measures, and has caused a corresponding necessity for delay in calling you together.

Since you last met, several events of interest to this Province and the British Empire have occurred, the issue of which has been mercifully directed by Providence for the security and advantage of both.

The birth of a Prince destined, under God's protection, to occupy the British Throne, is a source of rejoicing to all Her Majesty's faithful subjects; and you will, I am sure, join with ne in cordial congratulations to the Queen and her August Consort upon this event, so conducive to their domestic happi-

ness, and so auspicious for the Nation. You will also, I am confident, unite with one voice in thanks-giving to Almighty God, that He has been pleased to avert from Government, on the subject of the Address of the Ad

dear to all classes of Her Majesty's subjects.

I rejoice that I am able to acquaint you that a Treaty between Great Britain and the United States has been signed on the part of Her Majesty, and since ratified by the Federal Seaate, by which the important questions affecting this Province and the United States have been adjusted. From this hope soon to be able to announce to you, I augur the most for a division—for the restoration of the house, and the development of the vast resources of the country. These have been among Her Majesty's chief objects in the negociation of this Treaty; and I am commanded by the Queen to state to you, that no wish is nearer to Her Majesty's heart to the to you, that no wish is nearer to Her Majesty's heart to that that, under Her rule and the protection of Her Crown, all Her faithful subjects in Canada may rest in undisturbed peace; in the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency, to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellency to have laid before the moved for an adress to his Excellenc for a Scotchman cannot be seen entering Christ or Trinity Han that, under Her fulle and the protection undisturbed peace;

I have unfeigned satisfaction in informing you that Her Ma-The curtain which concealed the destructive designs of the jesty's Government have redeemed in the fullest manner the signers of the "Appeal" has been drawn aside, and they stand forth voluntarily to exhibit their shameless spirit of destructiveness, and their equally shameless object of self-aggrandized with the shameless object of self-aggrandized without delay the Act of the Imperial Parliament which ment. "Stand back, for I am holier than thou," is the Pharisaical motto of their standard, and the feeling which dictates their cry of "Down with the Church" is akin to the Chartists' cry of "Down with the Throne." Under a hypocritical pretence of zeal for education, a crusade has been commenced by Mr. Esson and his coadjutors, whose only bond of union is hostility to the Church of England, solely because she is the

their churches, their missionaries, and the support of their pastors? Have not Episcopalians liberally subscribed to one and all of their projects for instructing the rising generation, and spreading abroad a knowledge of the scriptures, without ber of Emigrants who have arrived directly from the Mother on the short of their projects for instructing the rising generation, and spreading abroad a knowledge of the scriptures, without ber of Emigrants who have arrived directly from the Mother on the short of their projects for instructing the rising generation, and spreading abroad a knowledge of the scriptures, without regard to merely doctrinal points? Is there not, in this very | Country, or through the neighbouring States, during the precity, a reverend signer of the "Appeal" whose education was superintended by the Reverend Drs. Wardlaw and Ewing of ding period of last year, no serious destitution has prevailed Glasgow, the respected professors of the Theological Academy in Scotland and Line an otland, and is not the admission into that Academy exclu- to you to devise means for their relief; and I have every reasive? We know that it is. But the extraordinary feature in son to hope that there are the best prospects of their ultimate

hans; of Surgery, of Midwilery and of Anatomy and Physiology by a Roman Catholic; rians; and of Anatomy and Physiology by a Roman Catholic; so that the three prominent Christian creeds are represented in the College. It is therefore evident that a desire to usurp the control of the institution is the ruling passion of these "messengers of peace," who have come forward at the present time sengers of peace," who have come forward at the present time for the British Possessions in North of the Imperial Parliament for the Im probably call for corresponding alterations in the Provincial scale of duties; and I shall at an early period require your advice and assistance in making the Revenue Laws of this Province consistent in themselves and harmonical with the

ments of the Imperial Parliament.

Her Majesty's Government have evinced a most liberal disthem, that although they wear black coats, and have the word "reverend" accidentally attached to their names, their influence, led to hope that an arrangement may be made to extend the Market for Canadian produce, in a manner alike advantageous

to this Province and the Mother Country.

I have directed that the Accounts of the Revenue and Ex-

with the spirit of those institutions under which they are also some who were brought into the house apparently dead,

these erections and to claim a joint property in them, we should be laughed to scorn by you and all the world as worse than motion of Education; and I have not hesitated to adopt blockheads. Now, Sir, I leave it to you to decide how ridicu- such measures as I deemed to be indispensable to the accomlous is the blunder of your party, in confounding the distinction between such Colleges, as that projected in Sherbrooke, and be brought under their consideration, but it will be necesthe could not give any official information on the subject, but others in actual constitutions with several religious.

meantime, it is gratifying to notice the impulse which has Mr. Cartwright introduced a bill to render lands in the hands

The re-organization of the Militia is also a subject to which I shall have to call your attention, as the present seems a favourable opportunity to alleviate unnecessary pressure upon the people, and to place this arm of the public defence upon a sounder and more satisfactory footing.

In perfecting these and other measures which will be brought before you, and in all your labours, for the advancement of the welfare of the Province, you may rely upon my cordial co-operation and support. It is my earnest hope, that a spirit of moderation and harmony may animate your councils, and direct your proceedings. The Province has at length happily recovered from a state of severe trial and danger, and a bright dawn now opens upon its prospects. The promise of peace, secured was opposed by several members. Sir Allan Macnab said that now opens upon its prospects. The promise of peace, secured upon an honourable and advantageous basis, the re-establishment of tranquillity and security, the restoration of financial credit and commercial confidence, with the enjoyment of free and permanent institutions, are blessings for which Canada has reason to be grateful, and which, I feel assured, it will be your effort to preserve, and your pride to perpetuate.

was opposed by several members. Sir Allan Macnab said that he was ready to go into the question, and saw no good reason for adjourning it. The Government members had already refused to give important information that had been asked for, on the ground that the House had not answered His Excellency's Speech, and now when they were ready to answer it, they asked for delay.

Mr. Duggan said no reason had been given for adjourning, which was no reason effort to preserve, and your pride to perpetuate.

(From the Kingston Chronicle.)

Thursday, Sept. 8. The Speaker took the chair, when Messrs. La Fontaine

The Speaker took the chair, when Messis. La Pontune, Leslie, Viger, [for Nicolet,] Forbes, Hincks, Turcotte, and the new member for Leinster, took the oaths and their seats. Mr. Harrison moved for leave to bring in a Bill for the better application of fines, forfeitures and penalties. The Bill was brought in, read a first time, and ordered for a second

The Speaker rose and read His Excellency's speech, the members standing.

Dr. H. Smith said, that in the absence of the member for quiring their attention, and therefore he wished to basten their work.

Lincoln, he should move, that the Clerk be directed to charge to the contingencies of the House, the postage of all letters, &c. not exceeding 1 oz. weight, with the exception of petitions,

Mr. Small gave notice, that on Monday he should bring in righteous indignation at the possibility of McGill College and our University of King's College numbering among their respective heads too many members of the University of King's College numbers of

Mr. Johnston gave notice, that on Monday, he should bring in a Bill to disqualify all members in that House, who derived profit from situations held directly under the Crown. It was quite impossible, that the business of the country could be conducted honestly, while Members of the House were so fettered.

Mr. Buldwin gave notice, that on Monday, he should move for leave to bring in a Bill regulating Elections. Mr. Draper moved for a new Writ for the Town of London, for the last session and three days of this. in consequence of the Hon. Mr. Killaly's acceptance of the office of President of the Board of Works.

of the Board of Works, and sat as such last Session. Mr. Draper explained. Mr. Killaly was President of the Board of Works, specially appointed by an Ordinance of Lower Canada, but when the Act of last Session became a law, he accepted office under that Act, and vacated his seat accordingly.—British Whig. Sir Allan Mc Nab said he thought Mr. Killaly was President

Mr. Durand objected to the issuing of the Writ, until the Election Bill was passed.

Writ Ordered.

Mr. Neilson gave notice of an Address to the Crown, for copies of certain despatches relative to the Timber Duties.

Mr. Draper moved that the Governor General's Speech be

taken into consideration on Monday next. Carried. Mr. Simpson gave notice of an Address to the Crown, for copies of all Despatches, Surveys, Estimates, &c. &c., relative to the Beauharnois Canal. Mr. Neilson suggested some addi-

The House adjourned until 3 o'clock, to morrow.

as parliamantary usages would permit it.

Mr. Aylwin expressed himself satisfied to hear Mr. Harrison

Upon a division of the House, the motion was negatived by a large majority.

After some conversation respecting the Inspector General's supposed disqualifications to sit as a member of the committee for trying Mr. Duggan's election, he having resigned his seat, and been re-elected.—the House adjourned till 3 o'clock on Monda.

(From the Kingston Herald, 13th Sept.) Monday, Sept. 12.

[The House being so crowded that we were unable to obtain

day, but other business occupied the time until 6 o'clock, and

Various petitions were presented, 21 in all, most of which had to be withdrawn on account of some informality. One was not addressed to the House at all; some had no signatures on the sheet containing the petition; and several petitions from District Councils were without their respective seals, which all petitions from corporate bodies must have to be re-One petition from the Fourth Riding of York came near being rejected for disrespectful language, but Mr. Aylwin, Mr. Baldwin, Mr. Neilson, and others, defended the petition. Mr. Hincks said that he knew most of the petitioners,

cent, on the incomes of all officers of government rec England." The "Appealers" represent only themselves, and vince consistent in themselves, and harmonious with the enact-

Her Majesty's Government have evinced a most liberal disposition in the consideration of the Duties on Agricultural produce, in connection with the Trade of Canada; and I am ed to hope that an arrangement may be made to extend the Market for Canadian produce, in a manner alike advantageous of this Province and the Mother Country. lution had been read, Mr. Dunscombe, member for Beauharnois, I have directed that the Accounts of the Revenue and Exditure of the past year, with the Estimates for the ensuing
up to be laid before you.

Honourable Gentlemen and Gentlemen:

How directed that the Accounts of the Revenue and Excalled for the reading of the petition relating to the election
for that county, which being done, he called on the member for
Leinster (Mr. DeWitt), who was one of the petitioners, to say Honourable Gentlemen and Gentlemen:

I have given much attention to the operation of the great the election, were true. Mr. De Witt gave an obscure explanation of the great the election of the great t measures passed last Session, and I shall have occasion to nation, from which it seemed that this allegation was not co propose to you modifications in certain of them, with the view of giving effect to their provisions, in development of the principles on which they are founded, and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and in harmony with the spirit of these iestilicities and and left for each of the spirit of these iestilicities and and left for each of the spirit of these iestilicities and and left for each of the spirit of these iestilicities and and left for each of the spirit of the spiri but they had afterwards recovered. The Committee to con-The important measure for the establishment of District sider these cases was then struck, composed of Messrs. Morris,

and Holmes.

Mr. Baldwin introduced his bill to secure the freedom of elections, observing that it was the same as had passed the House and Council last session, and been reserved for Her I have endeavoured to work out the objects which the Legislature contemplated in passing an Act for the promotion of Education; and I have not hesitated to adopt would be sanctioned or not; but to mark the sense of the bill would be sanctioned or not; but to mark the sense of the Province.

Toronto.

The Subscribers offer for sale several hundred patterns, composing the best, as well as the cheapest, selection of English, Irish, French, and American PAPER-HANGINGS, ever imported into this bill would be sanctioned or not; but to mark the sense of the House and Council last session, and been reserved for Her Ton House on the subject he had introduced the bill afresh.

others in actual operation, in connexion with several religious sary to introduce several amendments into the measure, in he had reason to believe that the bill of last session would be

meantime, it is gratifying to notice the impose with the matter of the material being given to Education, in its higher as well as in its elementary branches. The result cannot fail to confer the most tary branches. The result cannot fail to confer the most material benefits upon the whole Province.

The re-organization of the Militia is also a subject to which I shall have to call your attention, as the present seems a I shall have to call your attention, as the present seems a language of the Rules and administrators.

Mr. Cartwright introducted a variable as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators available as assets for the payoff executors and administrators are payoff executors are payoff executors and administrators are payoff executors are payoff executors.

except that the other side were willing, which was no reason

Mr. Johnston said the House was ready to take up the Address now, and there was no reason for delay. The member for Kingston asked for delay, and what was it for? Was it because he had another office ready to give to some member Mr. Moffat said that the independent members of the House, who cared neither for office holders nor office seekers, had been forgotten by the two sides, who had agreed to the adjournment. Dr. Dunlop said that those who lived in Kingston, and had fat berths, might not care about spending time; but he and many others had come from far, and had business at home re-

The motion for adjournment prevailed; and then Mr. Aylwin moved that the House meet at 11 o'clock, A. M., instead of 3 P. M. He said that as the House had agreed to adjourn, he hoped they would agree to meet earlier, and that the mem-bers on the Treasury benches would come prepared. It was time for His Excellency the Governor General to know the opinion of the House and the country on the members and measures of his government. He had his Council, who were supposed to be his advisers, although there might be other advisers, anknown to that House, but known to the country. -Men who come out here to play the part of ambassadors or kings, a if they were invested with all the power of the British empire. It was time that his Excellency should hear other opinions and other advice. It was time that this House should make iself heard, and let the Governor General know what they tink of the men who have occupied the Treasury benches

Afer some conversation the motion was withdrawn, and It will be seen by this sketch, that a determined oppo

EXPECTED RESIGNATION OF MINISTERS .- It is confidently expected that when the House meets to-day, ministers will an nounce their resignation. Messrs. Baldwin and Lafontaine have cen summoned to Government House, and they will be included in the new ministry, which is a sufficient guarantee that it

Latest Parliamentary Intelligence. (From & Correspondent of the Toronto Herald.)

tional particulars.

Mr. Henry Smith gave notice of his intention to move certain alterations in the Rules of the House.

Mr. Cartwright moved that 500 copies of the Speech, in both languages, be printed for the use of Members

Mr. Johnston chiected on the care of Members

Mr. Johnston chiected on the care of Members

Mr. Johnston chiected on the care of Members This afternson [13th Sept.] the great battle commenced anguages, be printed for the use of Members

Mr. Johnston objected on the score of unnecessary expense.

The motion was carried.

On motion of Mr. Morris, the Printing Committee was ruck, to consist of the following: Messrs Morris Johnston of Sergeant-at-Ams, &c. before them like a torrent—whereat the Sergeant and the Sergeant struck, to consist of the following: Messrs. Morris, Johnston, the Speaker mnifested great displeasure, and declared that upon a repetition of the offence, "strangers should withdraw." While this scene was enacting in the Lower House, one still September 9.

The speaker took the chair at three o'clock, and different embers gave notices of Bills which they intended bringing in embers gave notices of Bills which they intended bringing in. tive Council, rise and informed the House that he had ar ADDRESS TO HER MAJESTY. important communication to make respecting the state of the Provincial Government. He then said, that in conseupon Monday next, move a congratulatory address to Her Majesty and Prince Albert on the birth of the Prince of Wales, and also upon Her Majesty's happy deliverance from the assassin's attempt upon Her life.

Address to Governor General. Mr. Neilson moved an Address to the Governor General for copies of all despatches and conversations with the Home Government, on the subject of the Address of the House relating to duties on Canadian Timber.

of complaint,—an oner had been made to the French Canadian party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and despatches and conversations with the Home and details of the Union, Mr. Lafontaine should be appointed Attorney-General for Canada East, Mr. Baldwin for Canada West and the details of the French Canada and party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and oner had been made to the French Canadian party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party, that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that if they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that it is they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that it is they would consent to come into the Government, and foreign party that it is the government.

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Oatmeal, & barrel,					4		0	17	6	0	1	2	
Pork, W 100 fbs.		-					0	12	6	(0)	1	0	
Beef, 10 100 fbs.			*		*		0	15	0	(11)	1	2	
Mutton, (qr.) # 1b -				*		+	0	0	21	(2)	0	0	
Veal, ditto,				19	-		0	0	2	(1)	0	0	
Butter, (fresh), # 1b				*		*	0	0	10	@	0	1	
Ditto, (tub), ditto							0	0	4	(0)	0	0	
Cheese, & tb.						740	0	0	4	(1)	0	0	
Fowls, & pair,			-		-		0	1	3	@	0	2	
Eggs, & dozen,				-			0	0	5	(0)	0	0	
New Hay, & ton,					-		1	15	0	@	2	5	
Straw, ditto,		45		*		-	1	5	0	@	1	10	
New Potatoes 20 neck	110						0	0	44	@	0	0	

NIAGARA CLERICAL ASSOCIATION. The Members of this Association are hereby reminded that the nex lecting of the Association will be held (D. V.) at the residence of the ev. John Anderson, Rector of Fort Erie, on Wednesday and Thurs ay, the 5th and 6th of October next.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary N. C. A.

Thorold, September 10th, 1842. TO THE MEMBERS OF THE MIDLAND CLERICAL ASSOCIATION.

Reverend Brethren.—Permit me to remind you that the next Meet g of the Association is appointed to be held (D. V.) at Peterborough to Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th of September next.

SALTERN GIVINS, Secretary. Mohawk Parsonage, 22d August, 1842. CLASSICAL AND MERCANTILE EDUCATION.

A GENTLEMAN who is a sound Greek and Latin scholar, having here for several years principal assistant in one of the first Classical endowed Schools in Ireland, and having taught a Classical and Mercantile School for many years in Canada, is desirous to remove to a respectable neighbourhood in which he could open School with six or eight Classical and a fair number of English pupils. He can give every satisfaction by reference. Application, if by letter post paid, will receive due attention at the office of The Church. ORGANIST FOR WESTERN CANADA.

AN ORGANIST, from England, wishes to procure a situation where he may be settled in the above capacity. He would instruct the children to sing the Church Service if required. He would not object also to take charge of a Parish School. Address, Post paid, stating amount of salary, &c., to C. W., to be left at the Office of Mr. G. HAYWARD, No. 1, Platt Street, New York. September, 1842. ALEXANDER HAMILTON & JOSEPH WILSON TENDER their sincere thanks to their Friends and Customers, as well as the Public generally, for the liberal patronage with which they have been favoured in their individual capacities since their

have been tayoured in their individual capacities since the hisbament in Toronto; and conceiving it mutually advantageous, likely to enable them more promptly and energetically to protheir business, they have entered into Partnership—and now hemselves, under the Firm of HAMILTON & WILSON, to be any work in the Painting, Glazing, Carving, and Gilding, CABINET MAKING,

UPHOLSTERY, OR PAPER-HANGING BUSINESS.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF FIRE-BOARD PATTERNS. HAMILTON & WILSON, 5, Wellington Buildings, King Street, Toronto.

AUTUMN AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS.

THE Subscribers are now receiving a very large and well assorted stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, suited for the Fall and Winter Trade, and by the middle of this month their stock will be very full and complete.

They have also additional shipments coming forward by most of the regular Fall Ships from Great Britain, which will keep up the extent and variety of their stock during the next three months.

They also beg to intimate that their Importations of GROCERIES AND LIQUORS are very large and well assorted, and that they will continue to receive additions to their stock during the remainder of

Hamilton, 7th September, 1842.

BUCHANAN, HARRIS & Co. 271-6 UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

THE College will be re-opened, after the Summer Vacation, on Thursday, September 22nd, at the usual hour. JOHN McCAUL, LL.D., Principal U. C. College.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE. THE Second Annual Public Examination of the Candidates for the Exhibitions, founded by the Council of King's College, will commence on Thursday, January 4th, 1843. NUMBER OF VACANCIES, 1843.

ar—tenable for three years; to two of which (the 3rd and 4th) is seed exemption from College dues for Tuition—to one (the 2nd), diltion to the above, the annual stipend of £10—and to one (the xemption from College dues for both Board and Tuition, with y to commute the privilege of Boarding for an annual stipend of SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION, 1843.

Greek: Valpy's Delectus. Latin: Extracts from Ovid's Fasti li Electa ex Ovidio et Tibullo," Eton, 1840, pp. 63 to 80.—These are o be considered as text-books, on which questions in Grammar rrosody, History, Geography, and Mythology will be founded, Geometry: Euclid's Elements, Book I. Algebra: to Simple Equations, (inclusive), and Arithmetic.

EXTRACT FROM THE REGULATIONS. "All candidates to be eligible, who shall produce testimonials of conduct and qualifications from the Principal or Head Master of good conduct and qualifications from the Principal or Head Master of any institution for education in Canada.

2. "The above testimonials to be lodged with the Collector of U. C. College one month before the first day of Examination.

3. "The names of the successful candidates to be published, specifying the schools at which they were educated."

Apy were educated."

JOHN McCAUL, LL.D.,
Principal U. C. College.
270-

September 6, 1842.

220-22

Editors of the following papers are requested to insert the above advertisements twice, and send their accounts to Mr. Duffy, Collector, U. C. College;—Toronto Patriot, British Colonist, Cobourg Star, Kingston Chronicle, Montreal Gazette and Herald, Quebec Gazette and Mercury, Hamilton Gazette, and Sandwich Herald. UNIVERSITY OF M'GILL COLLEGE.

PROPOSALS, addressed to the Governors of the College, at Moncreived until the 18th day of October next, from persons desirous of the following OFFICES in the College, viz.:—

Professor of Classical Literature,
Lecturer on the Mathematics and Natural Philosophy,
Lecturer on Logic and Rhetoric,
A Latin Tutorship.

The Montreal Gazette, the Morning Courier, the Quebec Mer-ury, the Kingston Chronicle, the Church newspaper (Toronto), the lalifax Times, and the Fredericton Sentinel, are requested to give ae above four insertions (once a fortnight) and transmit their accounts

HOME DISTRICT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE Pupils attending this Institution, will resume their studies, after the present recess, on Thursday the 15th instant. On re-opening the School, Elementary Classes in the English, Latin, and Greek languages,—also in Book-keeping, the Use of the Globes, and Algebra, will be formed. A few vacancies are open for in-door pupils. The business of Mrs. Cromble's Seminary will also be resumed on the same day. A French Master is wanted to give instruction in these institutions. Application to be made (if by letter, post paid) to Mr. Cromble.

M. C. CROMBIE,

Toronto, 2nd September, 1842. EDUCATION IN THE COUNTRY.

THE MISSES DUNN will receive a limited number of Young Ladies to board and instruct in the usual branches of an English Education. Terms, £25 per annum. French, Drawing, Music, and Italian, extra. The situation is healthy, on the Kingston road, 12 miles from Toronto. Particulars may be obtained on (prepaid) application; as also of Mr. Rows II, King Street, Toronto, or of the Rev. W. H. Norris, Parsonage, Scarborough.

Scarborough, September 2nd, 1842.

THE REV. W. H. NORRIS receives into the Pars

GOVERNESS.

A YOUNG LADY lately arrived in this country, is desirous of engaging as Governess in a respectable family. She is a member of the United Church of England and Ireland, and is highly ac-Address (post paid) to A. B., care of Rev. W. Brethour, Ormstown

EDUCATION ...

TERMS moderate. REFERENCE for character and abilities, to the MRS. RANSOME is desirons of receiving a few young Ladies to educate with her own daughters, who may be instructed in French, Italian, Music, &c. For Terms, apply at her residence Newgate Street, near Bishop's Buildings. N.B.—A Handsome Harp for sale, just received from England,

rery cheap. Toronto, July, 1842. WANTS A SITUATION, A S Book-keeper or Salesman, a person who can give every satisfactory reference. Apply to A. B., care of H. Rowsell Rsq. A factory reference. Apply to A. B., care of H. Rowsen Esq. Stationer, King Street.

N. B. Applicant has been accustomed to business generally for 10

years. Toronto, 23rd August, 1842. THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. THIS long-established Institution, incorporated in 1810 with a Perpetual Charter, has an unimpaired Capital of \$150,000, with power of increasing the same to \$250,000. For more than thirty year it has conducted its extensive business on the most just and libera principles, paying its losses with honourable promptness. It insure against loss or damage by fire, Public Buildings, Dwelling-houses Warehouses, Merchandize, Household Furniture, and property gene rally, on terms very favourable to the assured. Owners of Property in Toronto and its vicinity are invited to apply to THOMAS RIGNEY, Agent.

THOMAS RIGNEY, Agent.

THOMAS RIGNEY, Agent.

THOS. G. RIDOUT, ESQ.,
Cashier, Bank of Upper Canada.

WILLIAM WILSON, ESQ.,
Cashier, Branch Bank of Montreal.

JOHN CAMERON, ESQ.,
Cashier, Branch Commercial Bank, M. D.

A. O. MEDLEY, ESQ.,
Int'm. Manager, Toronto Branch Bank of British North America.

Messrs. J. F. Smith & Co.

September, 1842.

270-3m

RIDOUT BROTHERS & Co. IMPORTERS OF BRITISH HARDWARE,

BIRMINGHAM, SHEFFIELD, & WOOLVERHAMPTON WAREHOUSE. CORNER OF KING & YONGE STREETS, TORONTO,

NEW SUPPLIES OF Iron, Steel, and Shelf Hardware Goods, DIRECT from the Manufactories in England, which, with their Stock previously on hand, will comprise an assortment including every article usually forming a part of the Ironmongery business, and which they offer to Country Dealers at their old credit terms of simonths, for approved paper, or in Retail at their customary low prices

Toronto, September, 1842. BANK STOCK. FOR SALE, 116 Shares in the Bank of Upper Canada. Apply to MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co. Toronto, 8th September, 1842.

ENGLISH BOOTS AND SHOES.

ENGLISH BOOTS AND SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, by consignment, nearly 4,000 pairs of the above articles, made to order by some of the best manufacturers in Europe, and which the Subscriber feels assured require only to be examined to be pronounced the largest, most varied and elegant assortment ever imported into Canada.

The stock consists, in part, as follows, viz :—
Ladies' Boots, in Silk, Merino, Prunella, Cloth, Morecco, fur trimmed and lined; Ladies' Shoes, in Morecco, Silk, Prunella, Kid, Bronze and Black; together with a beautiful assortment of Victoria Stippers, of the latest fashion, Dressing Slippers, in Worsted, Velvet, Morecco, Carpet, Lamb Skin, &c. &c. Gentlemen's Dress Morocco Boots (patent fronts), Cloth ditto, Clarence Boots in great variety, Wellington ditto; Patent Dress Shoes, Albert's Dressing Slippers, and an elegant assortment of Children's Boots and Shoes. To be Sold WHOLESABE AND RETAIL.

JAMES FOSTER, 4. City Buildings, Sign of the Golden Boot N.B.—A separate Ware-room is fitted up for the use of Ladies.

THE Subscribers beg to announce their intention of shortly closing their business at Kingston, and continuing it in future at Toronto only. In order to avoid the incouvenience of moving it, they for a few days only, offer the large and valuable stock of Books and Stationery now at the Kingston Establishment, at very reduced prices.

H. & W. ROWSELL,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Sept. 1, 1842.

Toronto and Kingston.

TO LET. A LARGE THREE STORY NEW BRICK BUILDING, WITH EXTENSIVE AND CONVENIENT CELLARAGE.

HESE Premises are well adapted for a wholesale business, being in one of the most central situations in the city. They are situated in West Market Place, opposite to the West side of the Market, adjoining to the Wholesale Stores of Messrs. Thorne & Parsons, and within a short distance of the principal wharves of the city. The building will be finished and ready for occupation on the 1st of October next. Apply to W. DAVIS, Front Street.

Toronto, 22nd August, 1842.

FOR PRIVATE SALE. THE property of John Barwick, Esq., at Thornhill, Yonge Street, in all respects one of the most desirable residences in Canada for a genteel family.—A SAW MILL, in full operation, about the centre, with a quantity of Pine. Reference to Capr. Leg, on the spot, or Messrs. GAMBLE & BOULTON.

King Street, Toronto.

FOR SALE.

A CAPITAL TONED SQUARE PIANO FORTE BY STODART, TMPORTED from Loudon in November last by Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell, the property of Capt. Biscoe, Royal Engineers, under orders for England. Apply to H. & W. ROWSELL, Toronto. August 4, 1842.

CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

THE ORGAN now in use at St. George's Church, Kingston. will be for SALE as soon as the New one is built, which will be some time in the month of September next. It is well adapted for a Country Church, is of a sweet Tone, and of quite sufficient Power for a Church containing 500 People. For Terms, apply to either of the Churchwardens, Hon. Johns Macaulax, or Charles Whlard, Esq. Kingston, August 3rd, 1842. 265-tf.

JUST PUBLISHED. For the use of Magistrates, Township Officers, &c., Price 7s. 6d.,

BECHER'S DIGEST, CONTAINING the Criminal Laws, (including the Bailing and Commitment of Prisoners, and the Petty Trespass and Summary Conviction Enactment.) the laws relating to Township Officers, Statute Labour, Highways, Inns and Inukeepers, Distilleries, &c., passed since 1835, with the late

Currency Bill. all Alphabetically arranged—to which are added some Forms for the se of Magistrates.
For sale at H. & W. ROWSELL'S, Toronto, and the principal London, July 1, 1842.

The Church Society of the Diocese of Quebec. A CLEEGYMAN is wanted, to act as Secserary to this Society. He will receive a stated Salary, but will not be allowed to derive any emolument from the performance of Clerical or other duties. It will be necessary for him to reside in Montreal, and he will be required to act under the direction of the Central Board. Application is to be inside to the Rev. Wm. Dawes, (Secretary pro. tem.) St. John, anada East. 26th July, 1842.

THE CONSTITUTION AND OBJECTS

THE CHURCH SOCIETY

OF THE DIOCESE OF TORONTO:

AS SET FORTH IN !

II. The Correspondence between the Lord Bishop of Toronto and the Hon. Mr. Chief Justice Robinson. III. The Report of the Speeches at the Meeting held on the 28th April, 1842.

IV. The Lord Bishop's Pastoral Letter. Price, £1 12s. 6d. per 100,-for single copy, 4d. For Sale at the Depository, 144 King Street, Toronto.

At a Meeting of the Central Board held on the 7th September, it was "Resolved.—That the District and Parochial Associations be furnished with the publications of this Society at cost and charges."
"Resolved.—That, as this Society is required to pay cash for purchases made of The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, no credit be given to any individual or Association, for any publications sold at the Depository of this Society."

1842. LAKE ONTARIO. THREE TIMES A-WEEK, FROM TORONTO TO ROCHESTER. THE STEAMER AMERICA. CAPTAIN TWOHY,

W ILL, until further notice, leave Toronto for Rochester, touching at Port Hope and Cobourg, every Monday, Wednesday, and criday Afternoon, at 1 o'clock; and will leave Rochester for Toronto, ouching at Cobourg and Port Hope, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Member. 2 o'clock aturday Morning, at 8 o'clock.
The Steamer Britannia, between Toronto and Hamilton, runs in mnexion with the America.
Toronto, August 16, 1842.

1842.—ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS. THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED THAT THE FOLLOWING ARE THE ARRANGE-MENTS FOR THIS SEASON: IL & IK IB © EV TF & IR II © 9

BETWEEN KINGSTON AND TORONTO, Drincess Royal, Cololeugh; Niagara, Elmsley; City of Toronto, Dick;

At 7 o'clock, Evening-Monday, and 8 Thursday, PRINCESS ROYAL; At 8 o'clock, Evening—Tuesday and Friday, NIAGARA; At 8 o'clock, Evening—Wednesday and Saturday, CITY OF TORONTO; -and arrive at Toronto early next day.

From Kingston:

From Toronto: At 12 o'clock, Noon-Monday and Thursday, NIAGARA; At 12 o'clock, Noon-Tuesday, and 12, Noon, Friday, CITY OF TORONTO; At 12 o'clock, Noon-Wednesday and Saturday, PRINCESS ROYAL: and arrive at Kingston early next morning.

The above Steamers call at Cobourg and Port Hope each way. Toronto, June 24, 1842. STEAMER BRITANNIA,

CAPTAIN JOHN GORDON, TEAVES Toronto daily at Two P.M. for Hamilton. Returning, leaves Hamilton at Seven o'clock, A.M. for Toronto, calling at the intermediate Ports both ways, weather permitting. Hamilton and Rochester S eamboat Office, May 30th, 1842.

POSTSCRIPT.

THURSDAY, 2 o'clock, P.M. It is difficult to collect any thing like accurate nformation.

On Tuesday night, the 13th, the Debate was going on very warmly in the Lower House. The Hon. R. Baldwin and several other members severely castigated Mr. Hincks, who attempted a defence of himself, in which of course he was exceedingly lame and impotent. It is rumoured that Messrs. Baldwin and Lafontaine have succeeded to the Attorney-Generalships held by Messrs. Draper and Ogden, and that the Executive

Council, with these exceptions, will remain unaltered.

This we do not believe. It is also said that the de-

bate is adjourned to Friday, and if this be the case,

it is probably done for the purpose of enabling His Excellency, during the interim, to procure a new set of advisers. It appears from the Kingston Chronicle of the 14th, that Mr. Baldwin has actually moved a vote of wunt of confidence in the present Executive Councillors. From the tone of the Chronicle, and from private information which we have received, we surmise that it will be carried. Mr. Draper,-as we learn from the apparently inconsistent, and, towards him, unfair account given in the Chronicle, -tendered his resignation months ago, rather than consent to the overtures,

which, as will be seen elsewhere, Mr. Sullivan mentioned had been made to the French Canadian party. It further appears that Mr. Draper had tendered his resignation three times during the 48 hours preceding the meeting of the House. The Chronicle, contemptuously denounced by Mr.

Hincks a short time ago, is now the warm supporter

of that individual. We will, next week, give a character of the Chronicle from the pen of Mr. Hincks. BIRTHS. On the evening of the 2nd instant, the lady of the Rev. B. C. Hill, of a son.

At the Glebe House, Binsted, Hampshire, England, on the 27th
July, Mrs. Lockhart, niece of the late Dr. Stewart, Lord Bishop of

Quebec, of a son.

At Quebec, on the 10th instant, the lady of Christian Wurtele, Esquire, of a son.

At Hamilton, on the 11th instant, the lady of D. C. Beasley, Esq., of a daughter. Sept. 1, 1842.

Booksellers and Stationers,
Toronto and Kingston.

TO LET,

THE Premises in King Street, Kingston, at present occupied by
H. & W. Rowsell, Booksellers and Stationers. It is a Stone
House, and decidedly one of the best situations for business in Kingston. Possession can be given immediately. Apply to H. & W. Rowsell on the Premises, or at King Street, Toronto.

Sept. 1, 1842.

MARRIED.

At Belleville, on the 7th September, by the Rev. J. Grier, Mr. Wm.
At Montreal, on the 9th September, by the Rev. James Ramsay,
Henry Driscoll, Esq., Q. C., to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Mr.
At Montreal, on the 6th instant, by the Rev. D. Robertson, Mr.
both of that city.

DIFD.

On the morning of the 3rd instant, the infant son of the Rev. B. C. Hill.

At Quebec, on the 19th August, Caroline Anna, infant daughter of J. W. Leayeraft, Esquire, aged 14 months.

In Glandford, on the 6th instant, after a short illness of fourteen hours, Henry Wetenhall, Esq., in his 33rd year.

On the 18th July, at Leamington, England, Charlotte, second daughter of the late Lieutenant General Simcoe, of Wolford Lodge, Decon.

LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, Sept. 15th:-Lord Bishop of Montreal (2) with a packet; Rev. J. Pyke; Rev. H. Patton [parcel will be sent from Depository at first opportunity]; J. Myles Esq., rem. in full vol. 6; Mr. F. Burk, rem.; H. Charles Esq. [Index for vol. 5 will be ready in about 3 weeks]; Rev. T. B. Fuller, add. subs.; J. Fitzgibbon Esq., add. sub.; Rev. G. R. F. Grout, add. sub. and rem.; W. Spiller Esq.; Col. Burweil.

N.B.—Paper-hanging neatly and promptly attended to as usual.

Toronto, August 17, 1842.

To Correspondents.—Our friend Claud Halcro—ever true to his office.

To Correspondents.—Our friend Claud Halcro—ever true to his office.

of the