registered medical practitioner would render himself liable to the censure of the Medical Council in case of the employment of an unqualified assistant in the practice of medicine, surgery or midwifery, on behalf and for the benefit of such registered practitioner, either in complete substitution for his own services, or under circumstances in which due personal supervision and control are not, or cannot be, exercised by the said registered practitioner."

4. In reference to the procedure known as "covering," the Executive Committee also stated that, in its view, a registered practitioner covers an unregistered person when he does, or assists in doing, or is party to, any act which enables such unqualified person to practise as if he were duly

aualified.

5. The Executive Committee furthermore called attention to a resolution, passed by the General Council, on April 21st, 1893, which implies that, in the Council's opinion, "any registered practitioner practising for gain, who knowingly and wilfully deputes a person not registered, or qualified to be registered, under the Medical Act to professionally treat on his behalf, in any matter requiring professional discretion or skill, any sick or injured person 'should' be subject to the same legal liabilities as a person who falsely represents himself to be a legally qualified medical practitioner; but with special proviso that such enactment 'should' not hinder any duly regulated training of pupils in medical schools, or otherwise by legally qualified practitioners, nor the use of trained pupils in partially treating the sick or injured under the direction, supervision and responsibility of such practitioners; nor any legitimate employment of nurses, midwives or dispensers."

6. From time to time the Council has investigated several cases in which registered medical practitioners have been charged with permitting and enabling unqualified persons to practise under cover of the names and qualifications of such registered practitioners; and when the charges have been proved the Council has adjudged these practitioners to have been guilty of "infamous conduct in a professional respect," and has ordered their names to be erased from the "Medical

Register."

Certified to be a true copy.

(Signed) R. A. Pyne, M.D., Registrar C.P. & S.O.

The ballots will be acceived by nearly all the medical men in the Province on the 17th of October, and must be filled in properly and returned to the returning officer of the Division before the 30th of October, at 2 p.m.

## ONTARIO MEDICAL COUNCIL PRESIDENT.

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Dr. D. L. Philip, Brantford, President of the Ontario Medical Council, whose photo-engravure appears in this number, has an excellent professional record as a physician. He was born in Richmond, near Ottawa, and was educated at the High School, Vankleek Hill, in the Ottawa Valley, and subsequently attended McGill College where he spent four years at that medical school, and graduated as M.D. in 1863. He graduated with honors, obtaining the Holmes prize for thesis and also the prize in clinical medicine. After leaving college he settled in Woodstock, where he entered into partnership with Dr. Turquanand, a well-known physician, and who was the second president of the Ontario Medical Council. The partnership only continued for a year, when he removed to Plattsville in the same county, where he remained six years, enjoying an extensive practice. Upon leaving Plattsville the medical profession of the county gave him a public banquet in the town hall and presented him with a valuable testimonial. In 1873, he came to Brantford, where he has since conducted a large and extensive practice. 1884, he was elected Vice-President of the Ontario Medical Association at the annual meeting of that body in Toronto, and in 1885, he was elected, after a vigorous contest, as the representative of the Erie and Niagara Division in the Ontario Medical Council for the usual term of five years, and again in 1890, for a second term without opposition. At the session of the Medical Council last year he was elected vice-president of that body and recently president without opposition. He has taken an active interest in educational matters in Brantford, and was Chairman of the Collegiate Institute Board for some years.

## THE MUTUAL RESERVE BANQUET.

Want of space in our September issue did not permit us to make mention of the magnificent banquet extended to President Edward B. Harper, Vice-President J. Douglas Wells and Councillor Frederick A. Burnham, of the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, by Mr. W. J. McMurtry, the Association's genial and general manager in Ontario, on September 7th.