

"Other Romans shall arise,  
Heedless of a soldier's name;  
*Sounds, not arms, shall win the prize,  
Harmony, the path to fame.*" [4]

"Then the progeny that springs  
From the forests of our land,  
Armed with thunder, clad with wings,  
Shall a wider world command." [4]

"Regions Cæsar never knew  
Thy posterity shall sway;  
Where his eagles never flew,  
None invincible as they." [4]

1. What is the subject of the foregoing extract, and under what circumstances is it supposed to be spoken? [2]

2. Explain fully the meaning of each of the italicized parts. [2]

3. Distinguish between the meanings of "resentment," line 3, and "anger;" and "tramples," l. 10, and "treads;" and supply the words left out in line 24. [6]

4. Write out in as simple language as you can, the meaning of each stanza, and tell how each part of the prophecy has been fulfilled. [18]

5. Point out the bad rhymes in the above extract. [2]

## II.

The battle commenced with a cannonade, in which *the artillery of the Nabob did scarcely any execution*, while the few field-pieces of the English produced great effect. Several of the most distinguished officers in Surajah Dowlah's service fell. Disorder began to spread through his ranks. His own terror increased every moment. One of his conspirators urged on him *the expediency of retreating*. *The insidious advice*, agreeing as it did with *what his own terrors suggested*, was readily received. He ordered his army to fall back, and this order *decided his fate*. Clive *snatched the moment*, and ordered his troops to advance. The confused and dispirited multitude gave way before *the onset of disciplined valour*. No mob attacked by regular soldiers was ever more completely routed. The little band of Frenchmen, who alone ventured to confront the English *were swept down by the stream of fugitives*. In an hour the forces of Surajah Dowlah were dispersed, never to reassemble. Only five

hundred of the vanquished were slain. But their camp, their guns, their baggage, innumerable waggons, innumerable cattle, remained in the power of the conquerors. With the loss of twenty-two soldiers killed and fifty wounded, Clive had scattered an army of near sixty thousand men, and subdued an empire larger and more populous than Great Britain.

1. (a) What is the subject of the foregoing extract? [2]

(b) Tell briefly the events that led to the battle. [4]

2. Explain the meaning of each of the italicized parts. [16]

3. (a) Distinguish between the meanings of "terror," l. 6, and "fear"; "mob," l. 15, and "crowd"; and "to confront," l. 17, and "to meet."

(b) Why is "innumerable," l. 22, repeated? [8]

4. Give briefly, in your own words, the meaning of the foregoing extract. [8]

## III.

Quote any one of the following :

The stanzas of the "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard," beginning with "Beneath those rugged elms" and ending with "The paths of glory lead but to the grave." "Lead, Kindly Light." The last two stanzas of "Yarrow Unvisited." [10]

## WRITING.

Examiners : J. S. Deacon, J. E. Hodgson, M.A.

1. Write the seven principles used in the formation of small and capital letters. [5]

2. Write the following title :  
Toronto, 2nd July, 1892. Sir, Dear Sir,  
My dear Sir. Lieut., Capt., Col., Maj.,  
Gen. inst., ult., prox., Yours truly. [10]

3. Write the following once :

Courage, brother ! do not stumble ;  
Though thy path be dark as night,  
There's a star to guide the humble,  
Trust in God, and do the right.

Who is the honest man ?

He who doth still and strongly good pursue,  
To God, his neighbour, and himself, most true :

Whom neither force nor fawning can  
Unpin, or wrench from giving all their due. [10]