

ROGERS OPENS HIS VOTES CAMPAIGN

Calls Liberals Horde of De-
signing "Grafters and
Simpletons."

CLERGY SIMPLE-MINDED

Says Liberal Press Is "Veno-
mous and Lying," Living on
"Graft, Loot, Plunder."

Hon. Robert Rogers, minister of public works, who has recently returned from Winnipeg where he attempted to hush the investigation into the public works scandal, yesterday before the Conservative Club of Montreal made a speech which may be regarded as the keynote of the Conservative campaign in the election which Mr. Rogers is endeavoring to force on the country against the wishes of many members of the Government. The Advertiser here- with prints the greater part of the address from copy given out in advance of the speech for the benefit of readers in Ontario.

"Vicious and Organized Attacks."
After referring to the loyalty of the French people in Canada the Minister of Public Works paid a tribute to Sir Robert Borden.

"No prime minister in Canada," he said, "ever had placed upon his shoulders the heavy responsibility that our leader, Sir Robert Borden, has been called upon to carry, and no prime minister could have carried these responsibilities with greater dignity and a greater consciousness of the part of duty to Canada and the British Empire, and no prime minister has ever been called upon to meet such cowardly and dishonest misrepresentation on the part of his opponents as has Sir Robert. But these vicious and organized attacks as made from day to day are not going to deter Sir Robert and his colleagues from carrying out the greatest task that has ever fallen to the lot of any Government to deal with in the carrying out of this great work I am confident that the old province of Quebec will remain true to its traditions of the past, in that it has never failed to do its duty by Canada on any great national issue. You did your duty on the great national issue of 1911, and if called upon to deal with the still greater national issue of 1915 I have every confidence that you will be true to your great traditions of the past."

"Grafters and Simpletons."
"I am sure that I only tell you that which you all know and which I say with no man living ever devoted more earnestly and more honestly to his country the great energy and great ability which Sir Robert has given him than has Sir Robert from the day he was honored with his present mandate from the citizens of Canada. During the last session he has honestly and honorably discharged the greatest responsibilities that have ever fallen to the lot of any public man in Canada, and he has done so with so much honesty and so much power that these great responsibilities apparently means nothing to a certain horde of designing Grafters and Simpletons who by reason of the wide scope given them in their field of operation during the fifteen years of the Liberal regime."

"Graft, Loot and Grit Plunder."
"For example: Who will deny the strength of the press of Canada that has been established by Sir Robert and Sir Robert's Graft, Grit and Grit Plunder? A press that in their desperation descend to the very lowest possible level, and when I make this statement I frankly acknowledge that I am thinking of The Montreal Herald, The Toronto Globe and The Winnipeg Free Press. All papers that have been used in one form or another by the Liberal leaders, by the purchase and sale of Liberal principles, or by pure and unadorned graft during the reign of the late administration. It is to be expected that a press of this degenerate type will oppose the present Government, no matter what they say."

"When the present Government took office they were pledged to the Canadian people to a policy that would have for its purpose the bringing in closer bonds of union our Dominion with the Mother Country. With this purpose in view, Sir Robert and several of his colleagues at the first available opportunity proceeded to England to consult with the Government of Great Britain and the admiralty as to what means could best be employed to give effect to such policy. They returned with a distinct and definite answer which is within the common knowledge of all. When our press for the carrying out of this policy were presented to Parliament they were received with general approval by Canadians everywhere, and the present Opposition in Parliament, and the press which I have just described."

"The Government Helpless."
"That Opposition, by the way, with the aid of an irresponsible majority in the upper chamber, prevented the Government, as representing the free will of the Canadian people, from giving effect to that policy, which, if we had been able to carry through, would have meant so much in this solemn hour, not alone to Canada, but to the British Empire as well. The defeat of our proposals, which simply meant waste and sound preparation for the then imminent day of Armageddon, has left about by the combination I have just named. We were challenged in season and out of season by this same combination to submit the matter to the country, and it is an open secret that Sir Robert has decided to appeal to the people in September last, fully realizing that our proposals to co-operate in binding in closer bonds of union our Dominion with the Mother Country would meet with an overwhelming approval from Canadians everywhere. We did not believe, then, and we do not believe now, that the policy of the Opposition and their press who, during their fifteen years of power opposed every move and every proposal that was designed to bring closer union our Great Dominion with the Mother Country (as the long line of reports of the Imperial conference held between 1897 and 1911 will prove), would



A GOOD CHEW IN A CLEAN WRAPPER

A beautiful Insert packed with each plug - Each Plug is wrapped separately in foil



ENEMIES CLAIMING GALICIAN VICTORY

Germany and Austria Say the Russian Centre Has Been Smashed.

BERLIN IS CELEBRATING

Petrograd Merely Admits That Desperate Battle Was in Progress.

[Canadian Press.]

LONDON, May 3.—1915 p.m.—According to the official statements both of Berlin and Vienna, the German and Austrian arms have achieved a notable victory in West Galicia, an action of the greatest intensity developed. On the left bank of the Vistula the night of the 2nd, we repulsed strong enemy attacks. "In the direction of Stry and south-east of Golezitzko we captured Mount Makukwa and took three hundred prisoners, including ten officers."

"On the 1st our Black Sea fleet bombarded the forts of the Bosporus. The fire was very effective and caused great explosions and set fire to Fort Elanus. The Turkish batteries replied vigorously, but without result. We also destroyed a steamer with a cargo of coal and sank two large sailing boats."

BERLIN TELLS OF VICTORY.
BERLIN, May 3.—Via London.—The Berlin statement today says: "During further pursuit of the Russians who were fleeing in the direction of Riga, we yesterday captured four cannons and four machine guns. We also took 1,700 prisoners south of Mitau so that the total number of prisoners was increased to 5,200."

"Beyond the Russian attacks southeast of Kalvaryia failed with heavy losses on the enemy. The Russians were driven back across the Siesina. They left 330 prisoners and several guns. "Northeast of Sieradzko the Russians also suffered a heavy defeat in which they lost a great number of killed and 100 men and horses taken as prisoners."

"In the southeastern theatre: "In the presence of the Austrian Commander-in-Chief, Field Marshal Archduke Frederick, and under the leadership of Gen. von Mackensen, we landed troops yesterday after bitter fighting pierced everywhere and entered the entire Russian front in West Galicia from the neighborhood of the Hungarian frontier to the junction of the Dunajec River with the Vistula."

"Such of the enemy as succeeded in escaping are in hasty retreat toward the east, closely pursued by the allied troops. The trophies of the victory cannot yet be approximately estimated."

EMBARGO RAISED ON HORSES AND TRUCK
Government Notifies Windsor That Two May Cross the Line.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
WINDSOR, May 3.—After being in effect for several months, the embargo on horses crossing from Windsor to Detroit via the ferry boats, was raised today by the receipt of an order from the Dominion agricultural department.

"The department considers that there is now no further reason to prevent horses from crossing to and from Detroit."

"The action of the Government also takes the ban from racing stables, horses connected with which will now be permitted to enter Canada, provided they are shipped to jockey clubs or racing associations. Whether under the German forces, and on the Stry-Makukwa line the position is so dangerous as to be likely to involve a general retreat."

8,000 PRISONERS, SAYS VIENNA.
VIENNA (via London), May 3.—3.42 p.m.—The Austrian official statement issued today confirms the German reports of a big Austro-German victory along the entire front in West Galicia and says that eight thousand Russian prisoners were captured. The text of the statement follows:

"Austro-Hungarian and German forces yesterday attacked the fortified positions in West Galicia and repulsed the Russians along the entire front of Malastrow, Gorlice, Gromnik and north of these places. "The Russians suffered severe losses. We captured 8,000 Russians and took a great number of cannon and machine guns. Simultaneously we forced our way across the Dunajec River."

"On the Carpathian front the Beskid situation has changed. In the wooded Carpathians we gained ground to the east of Kozlowka. We repulsed several counter-attacks with great slaughter, capturing several hundred Russians and taking three machine guns."

"To the north of Osmaloda the enemy was thrown from several heights with heavy losses. The fighting in this region is progressing."

"On the Russian frontier between the

Pruth and Dniester there is nothing to report."

PETROGRAD SAYS BATTLE WAS INTENSE.

PETROGRAD, May 3, via London, May 4.—2.23 a.m.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

"West of the Niemen River on May 2 the engagement continued along the upper reaches of the River Siesupa. On the evening of May 1 a battalion of the enemy attacked the village of Osnia near Ossowetz, but was dispersed by the fire from the fortress."

"On the Buzura River important skirmishes occurred near the village of Mitrovliza. "Since the evening of May 1, from the lower Nida to the Carpathians in the region of Glatycheff, an action of the greatest intensity developed. On the left bank of the Vistula the night of the 2nd, we repulsed strong enemy attacks."

"In the region of Tarnow and further southward the artillery fire attained great violence and fierce isolated combat took place. "On the 1st our Black Sea fleet bombarded the forts of the Bosporus. The fire was very effective and caused great explosions and set fire to Fort Elanus. The Turkish batteries replied vigorously, but without result. We also destroyed a steamer with a cargo of coal and sank two large sailing boats."

"On the 1st our Black Sea fleet bombarded the forts of the Bosporus. The fire was very effective and caused great explosions and set fire to Fort Elanus. The Turkish batteries replied vigorously, but without result. We also destroyed a steamer with a cargo of coal and sank two large sailing boats."

BERLIN TELLS OF VICTORY.
BERLIN, May 3.—Via London.—The Berlin statement today says: "During further pursuit of the Russians who were fleeing in the direction of Riga, we yesterday captured four cannons and four machine guns. We also took 1,700 prisoners south of Mitau so that the total number of prisoners was increased to 5,200."

"Beyond the Russian attacks southeast of Kalvaryia failed with heavy losses on the enemy. The Russians were driven back across the Siesina. They left 330 prisoners and several guns. "Northeast of Sieradzko the Russians also suffered a heavy defeat in which they lost a great number of killed and 100 men and horses taken as prisoners."

"In the southeastern theatre: "In the presence of the Austrian Commander-in-Chief, Field Marshal Archduke Frederick, and under the leadership of Gen. von Mackensen, we landed troops yesterday after bitter fighting pierced everywhere and entered the entire Russian front in West Galicia from the neighborhood of the Hungarian frontier to the junction of the Dunajec River with the Vistula."

"Such of the enemy as succeeded in escaping are in hasty retreat toward the east, closely pursued by the allied troops. The trophies of the victory cannot yet be approximately estimated."

EMBARGO RAISED ON HORSES AND TRUCK
Government Notifies Windsor That Two May Cross the Line.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
WINDSOR, May 3.—After being in effect for several months, the embargo on horses crossing from Windsor to Detroit via the ferry boats, was raised today by the receipt of an order from the Dominion agricultural department.

"The department considers that there is now no further reason to prevent horses from crossing to and from Detroit."

"The action of the Government also takes the ban from racing stables, horses connected with which will now be permitted to enter Canada, provided they are shipped to jockey clubs or racing associations. Whether under the German forces, and on the Stry-Makukwa line the position is so dangerous as to be likely to involve a general retreat."

8,000 PRISONERS, SAYS VIENNA.
VIENNA (via London), May 3.—3.42 p.m.—The Austrian official statement issued today confirms the German reports of a big Austro-German victory along the entire front in West Galicia and says that eight thousand Russian prisoners were captured. The text of the statement follows:

"Austro-Hungarian and German forces yesterday attacked the fortified positions in West Galicia and repulsed the Russians along the entire front of Malastrow, Gorlice, Gromnik and north of these places. "The Russians suffered severe losses. We captured 8,000 Russians and took a great number of cannon and machine guns. Simultaneously we forced our way across the Dunajec River."

"On the Carpathian front the Beskid situation has changed. In the wooded Carpathians we gained ground to the east of Kozlowka. We repulsed several counter-attacks with great slaughter, capturing several hundred Russians and taking three machine guns."

"To the north of Osmaloda the enemy was thrown from several heights with heavy losses. The fighting in this region is progressing."

"On the Russian frontier between the

TERRIFIC SHOCK SANK GULF LIGHT

Steamer Warned by Warships of Danger—Patrol Boats Ready.

[Canadian Press.]

PLYMOUTH, Eng., May 4.—1.35 a.m.—The steamer Lyonesse last night brought from the Sicily Islands to Penzance 33 members of the crew and the body of Captain Alfred Gunther, of the American steamer Gulfight, which was torpedoed off the Sicily Islands last Saturday. The chief officer and chief engineer remain with the vessel, which is anchored in Crow Sound, to look after the interests of the steamer's owners.

In an interview at Penzance, Second Officer Paul Bower, of the Gulfight, whose home is in Chicago, said: "When the Gulfight left Port Arthur we were followed by a warship of some description, which kept on our sight, but in touch by wireless, and warned us not to disclose our position to anyone."

"At noon Saturday we were 25 miles west of Sicily. The weather was hazy, but not thick. About two and a half miles ahead I saw a submarine. I was on watch, and notified the captain and chief officer, who also saw the submarine. It remained on the surface for three minutes, and then disappeared."

Tremendous Shock.
"Twenty-five minutes later we were struck by a torpedo on the starboard side, and there was a tremendous shock. The submarine had not reappeared on the surface before discharging the torpedo."

"Previous to this we had been met by two patrol boats, which accompanied us on either side. The boat on our starboard side was so badly shaken by the explosion that her crew imagined that she had also been torpedoed."

"We immediately lowered the boats, and left our ship, and were quickly taken on board the patrol boats. But the fog increased, and we drifted about all night, and did not find our ship until 10.30 o'clock Sunday morning."

"At midnight of Saturday, while still on board the patrol boat, Captain Gunther summoned me, and found him in bed, and he said he wanted some one to roll a cigarette for him. He then threw up his arms and fainting. From then until the time of his death, which occurred about 3.30 Sunday morning, he remained unconscious."

Thought of His Wife.
"Captain Gunther's speech was thick and indistinct, but we could distinguish that he wished someone to take care of his wife. The crew had always regarded Captain Gunther as Sicily's champion, and had never heard him complain."

"Second Assistant Engineer Crist, of the Gulfight, said: "I was on watch in the engine-room when we were torpedoed, and so terrible was the blow that the Gulfight seemed to be tumbling to pieces. She appeared

"TIZ" FOR SORE, TIRED FEET—AH!

"TIZ" Is Grand for Aching, Swollen, Sore, Calloused Feet or Corns.

"Pull, Johnny, Pull!"

Ah! what relief. No more tired feet; no more burning feet, no more swollen, bad-smelling, sweaty feet. No more soreness in corns, callouses, bunions. No matter what ails your feet or what under the sun you've tried without getting relief, just use "TIZ." "TIZ" is the only remedy that draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet. "TIZ" cures your foot trouble so you'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't seem tight and your feet will never, never hurt or get sore and swollen. Think of it, no more foot misery, no more agony from corns, callouses or bunions. Get a 25-cent box at any drug store or department store and get instant relief. Wear smaller shoes. Just once try "TIZ." Get a whole year's foot comfort for only 25 cents. Think of it.

GREAT STRIKE IS ON AT WOOLWICH ARSENAL
LONDON, May 3.—5.05 p.m.—Two thousand laborers, who were engaged in constructing works to accommodate the workers at the Woolwich arsenal, the largest in Great Britain, went on strike today. The men demand higher wages.

START WAR IN DISHONOR, WAGE IT IN DEVILTRY

[Special to The Advertiser.]
STRATFORD, May 3.—In the school room of St. James Anglican Church tonight Archdeacon Cody, of St. Paul's Cathedral, Toronto, delivered an inspiring address on the war at the St. George's Day banquet. "Germany began the War in Dishonor," the speaker declared, "and continues to wage it in deviltry."

"The members of the crew of the Gulfight spoke enthusiastically of the crew of the patrol boat Lago, who, they say, did everything possible for them, to be lifted high in the air, and then to descend rapidly. I told the boys to 'beat it' as quickly as possible, and shut the engines down."

"Reaching the deck I found them launching both lifeboats. We got safely into them, with the exception of Wireless Operator Short, of Chicago, and a seaman, a Spaniard, who had dived overboard when they felt the shock, and was drowned."

All the members of the crew of the Gulfight spoke enthusiastically of the crew of the patrol boat Lago, who, they say, did everything possible for them, to be lifted high in the air, and then to descend rapidly. I told the boys to 'beat it' as quickly as possible, and shut the engines down."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

of

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

