

## BOIESTOWN NEWS

Jan. 10—Our school reopened after the Christmas vacation on Wednesday Jan. 6th. It has the same teacher in charge and its usual large attendance.

Mrs. Blanchard Estey is ill at her home and her sister, Mrs. Carroll of Carroll's Crossing is nursing her for the present.

The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Joshua McNabb on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. William Campbell, who has been away on a visit, returned home on Tuesday evening. She was accompanied from Fredericton by Mrs. Ambrose Holt of Holville.

Mrs. Ernest T. Norrad and granddaughter Miss Glenna Norrad are on a visit of their former home at Fairley.

The Misses Tena and Della Reid returned to Fredericton again on Monday morning's express.

Master Jefferson Carr is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. George Neagles of Ludlow.

Mrs. Moses Pond who recently underwent a serious operation in the Victoria hospital, Fredericton, returned home last Wednesday evening.

She was accompanied home by her daughter, Mrs. W. Widemore and her grandson, Master Arnold Wheeler.

The W. A. Society met at the home of Mrs. Joseph Sansom on Thursday evening.

The many friends of Mr. Festus Fairley will be sorry to hear that he has gone to Cobalt, Ont., to spend the winter.

Miss Lena Murphy was visiting friends in Ludlow last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Spencer are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby girl at their home.

Miss Gertrude Fowler of New York city, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Fowler, of Holville, left by this morning's express.

## SUNNY CORNER

Jan. 10—Messrs. Allen and Perley Tozer spent Monday afternoon the guest of Mrs. John Parks, Redbank.

Misses Bernice and Margaret Sherrard called on Miss Rose Tozer Thursday evening.

Miss Lula Mullin visited Sunny Corner Sunday, the guest of Miss Mary Nowlan.

Miss Edith Tozer called on friends here the latter part of the week.

**VOTE \$25,000 TO PATRIOTIC FUND**

Fredericton, Jan. 6—The municipal council of Sunbury county today voted to raise the sum of \$25,000 for the Patriotic Fund by general assessment. That amount is the share allotted to Sunbury in the general scheme to raise \$25,000 in 1910 from York and Sunbury counties, and the city of Fredericton. All three municipalities have entered into the scheme and the entire sum is now assured.

## ORANGEMEN TO E RAISE BATTALION

Winnipeg, Jan. 6—The Free Press this morning states that prominent Orangemen have asked permission of the Minister of Militia to raise a battalion entirely from Orange Lodges. The name of Alderman W. T. Edgecombe as commanding officer has been suggested.

## WILL BE RENOMINATED

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 8—All doubt about President Wilson's willingness to accept re-nomination, notwithstanding the one-term plank in the Democratic platform, was removed late this afternoon when authority came direct from the White House to place the President's name on the ballot to be voted at Indiana's first primary election to be held in March.

## METHODISTS WOULD COOPERATE WITH OTHER DENOMINATIONS

Special Committee Appointed to Investigate—Approve of Scheme to Increase Canada's Forces to 500,000

Toronto, Jan. 6—The general conference special committee of the Methodist today appointed a committee to make investigations with a view to cooperation with other denominations. Every province has representatives on the new committee. The committee endorsed the New Year announcement of Premier Borden in regard to increasing Canada's militia strength to 500,000. Premier Borden is formally assured that the Methodist church will do all in its power to aid recruiting. It was reported that 200 ministers' sons had offered their services to their country, and that fifty ministers had joined as combatants.

## 10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a still barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and unbecoming. A Cascaret tonight will give you constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.

## Big Game Report For Season 1915

Decrease in Number Shot—Northumberland County Leads as Hunting Ground

A very interesting and comprehensive report has been issued by Provincial Fire Inspector A. E. O'Leary, who is also chief game warden for this province.

The report, which covers the activities of the past year, draws attention to the fact that outside of the two counties of Gloucester and Restigouche there has been very little damage from forest fires.

Regarding big game the report intimates that there was a considerable decrease in the number of moose, deer, etc., shot during the "big game" season as compared with 1914.

This is due for the most part to the absence of many former hunters doing their "bit" at the front.

There were nine shooting accidents in the fall of 1914, of which three at least were fatal.

The returns of game killed are possibly not quite complete but in so far as it is able to secure figures, the returns are as follows, showing this county largely in the lead as a hunting ground:

| County      | Moose | Deer | Caribou | Bears |
|-------------|-------|------|---------|-------|
| Albert      | 127   | 239  | ...     | ...   |
| Carleton    | 78    | 227  | ...     | ...   |
| Kent        | 62    | 156  | 1       | 1     |
| Gloucester  | 52    | 49   | ...     | ...   |
| Restigouche | 37    | 39   | ...     | ...   |
| North       | 23    | 474  | ...     | 10    |
| Victoria    | 78    | 176  | 21      | ...   |
| Charlotte   | 60    | 67   | ...     | 4     |
| Kings       | 59    | 101  | 1       | ...   |
| Madawaska   | 17    | 31   | ...     | ...   |
| Queens      | 4     | 125  | 2       | ...   |
| St. John    | 36    | 20   | ...     | ...   |
| Sunbury     | 29    | 146  | 2       | ...   |
| Westmorland | 69    | 173  | ...     | ...   |
| York        | 55    | 150  | 3       | 13    |

Total number of animals killed, 3,616.

The figures for two previous years are:

1913—1,499 moose, 2,075 deer, 454 caribou—4,028.

1914—1,737 moose, 2,705 deer, 231 caribou—4,673.

## Prohibitory Legislation Decided Upon

Government Decides to Enact Measure Providing for Prohibition as Requested by Dominion Alliance

St. John, N. B., Jan. 6—At a meeting of the Provincial Government, in St. John yesterday it was decided that at the approaching session of the House, legislation providing for prohibition will be enacted.

Some time ago the Government was waited upon by representatives of the New Brunswick branch of the Dominion Alliance at a meeting in Fredericton, and requested to introduce prohibitory legislation. At that meeting the Premier promised the matter careful consideration.

## Parliament to Open to-morrow

Ottawa, Jan. 10—The advance guard of Senators and members for the assembling of Parliament on Wednesday and the formal opening on Thursday, arrived today. They came mostly from the west and the Maritime Provinces. Those from Ontario and Quebec are accustomed to show up only at the opening day. So far as this week is concerned, the proceedings will be only formal.

On Wednesday the election of Mr. Albert Seigney as Speaker will be a brief proceeding.

His Royal Highness the Governor General will deliver the Speech from the Throne on Thursday, after which the House will adjourn till Monday, when the oft-times preliminary debate on the address will commence. Until it is disposed of no public document will be tabled and another item of business disposed of. It is expected that as soon as the address is passed the Government will bring down its measure providing for the extension of the term of parliament for a year. The intimation is that no other business will be taken up until this item is concluded.

If such a plan is followed there may be difficulty. Prominent Liberals here assert that as the main business with which Parliament has to deal is that of providing war appropriations, it should have precedence, leaving the extension proposal to be considered afterwards.

## TWO HUNDRED LIVES LOST

Paris, Jan. 8, via London—Two hundred Montenegrins from America lost their lives by the sinking of an Italian steamship which struck a mine in the Adriatic.

## SPY SENTENCED TO DEATH BY COURT MARTIAL IN PARIS

Convicted of Sending Military Information to German Agents

Paris, Jan. 6—A court martial has sentenced to death Maria Jose Del Pasi, twenty-five years old, a naturalized Argentinean, who was convicted of sending military information from Marseilles and Paris to German agents.

According to the evidence given by the accused last September, which fell into the hands of the police, gave particulars of the departure, and told of the destination of the French cruiser Kieper. He also described the construction of a new long range gun.

## HUGE PROFITS MADE BY FARMERS' COMPANY

The Recent Annual Meeting of the Grain Growers' Grain Company Revealed a Most Successful Year

A glance over the balance sheet of the Grain Growers' Grain Company for the year ending August 31st last, as presented at their annual meeting, indicates that the farmers are not such amateurs in the business world as has often been alleged in controversies arising out of the sale of implements. The farmers' co-operative movement must be in good hands, judging by the splendid earnings of the parent company.

The statement shows that on a paid-up capital of about \$870,000, profits for the year were \$227,000, or more than 25% of the paid-up capital. A reader of the "Grain Growers' Guide," who sees the financial statement of the farmers' big company, and particularly if he subscribes to the policy of the "Guide," would be inclined to think that there must be a big mistake about this statement, and that it was really the balance sheet of one of the big railways, or banks or milling companies, or even a manufacturing concern, in which he has been taught to believe the profits are never less than 25%.

However much criticism might be heaped on a milling company (or some similar institution) which showed profits of 25% on its paid-up capital, by certain writers in the West, there is no business man, either in the East or the West, who will begrudge the farmers' company the excellent profits they have made. Whether the co-operative principle has been adhered to rigidly, by those behind the company in question, or not, there is no doubt that the investors in the company have received a substantial return, much higher than is usual in the average commercial enterprise.

If this company continues to make these huge profits, it would seem that those interested would have to be more guarded in the future in their condemnation of those who in enterprises which have come under the attack of the farmers are fortunate if they have an annual statement showing half the percentage of profits of the farmers' company.

## FREE WHEAT

Globe Saw Little in It Three Years Ago—Interesting Retrospect

When the free wheat question came up again this fall, some one with a good memory recalled that the Toronto "Globe," over two years ago, had an article setting forth the facts against free wheat in a very convincing way.

Recourse was had to the back files of the "Globe," and it was found that on Friday, April 25th, 1913, the "Globe," had a special article on its financial page, entitled "Canada's Grain and Flour and Wilson Tariff Bill." The burden of this article was that the flour and wheat trade would scarcely be affected. The most striking comment in the article in question is as follows, under the heading "Effect on our Wheat":

"The reduction proposed in the duty on wheat will affect the Canadian producer very little now. The United States is producing too much surplus wheat in these days to afford us a profitable market there. With reserves on March 31st amounting to about 156,000,000 bushels and a new winter crop coming in about the 1st of July, which promises to greatly exceed that of a year ago, the United States is a huge exporter yet. With her new irrigation methods there are large wheat areas yet untouched. There is promise that she will be a large exporter for many years to come. Prevailing prices in American markets reflect the relative position of the two countries. The present period is a good time to compare prices, as the export season, on this side of the water, is progressing towards its close. In Winnipeg yesterday futures were selling as follows: May, 93½; July, 94½; October, 89½. In Minneapolis they were selling May at 88½; July, 90½; September, 91½. In Kansas City, May at 86½; July, 87½; September, 85½. Except for some weeks in December last, cash and future prices in the United States markets have been below Winnipeg. Britain is the great consuming market of both Canada and the United States. In 1912, 60,243 bushels of wheat went from Canada to Britain. The past year Liverpool has largely controlled the future markets in both countries."

It will be seen from the above that the "Globe" is inclined to think that on the whole wheat would be gained by our wheat being admitted free to United States. The figures quoted show, in a striking manner, that the Winnipeg prices are higher than Minneapolis at times, and a careful review of these figures over a period of years would show that, while at times the Minneapolis prices may be higher than those in Winnipeg, on the whole what little difference there is in favor of Winnipeg.

## OUR SACRED DUTY

Splendid Sentiments Are Expressed by Industrial Leaders

One of Canada's biggest companies, in place of the usual advertisement of their product, has run the following Christmas message in all the periodicals they use:

"To contribute to a Fund for the relief of the unemployed does not discharge or liquidate the duty we owe to the brave men who are sacrificing their lives in the trenches that we may live and enjoy the Blessings of Liberty and Happiness.

"Better by far that we extend our consideration in an effort to use in our Mills, our Factories, in our Cities and our Homes all over this fair land, the products that Canadian labor produces, so that when the Boys come marching Home they will be welcomed back to a Prosperous and Happy Canada."

"Their sacrifice is worthy of our greatest effort—Our Duty is plain; Canada wins the Canadian Labor and Capital can produce, manufacture, and distribute, products sufficient to keep the Wheels of Industry turning to the limit. The Song of Prosperity and Happiness should ring out all over the land.

"Let us sincerely pledge, to the extent of our needs, to purchase materials produced in Canada by Canadian Workmen, and the result of our efforts will return to us the Blessings of a Prosperous and Happy Nation."

## A SUGGESTION BOX

A woman writing in a recent issue of the "Canadian Courier," says:

"We were talking the other day about buying Canadian manufactures, when a woman who prides herself on her smartness of attire said: 'There are certain things you simply cannot get in Canada—that is, if you wish to wear the best'."

## PREMIER ASQUITH AND HOME PRODUCTS

A Remarkable Speech—Home Production Makes For National Conservation Resources

One of the strongest pleas for the support of home industry was made by Mr. Asquith recently in the House of Commons. During his speech he said:

"The intention and object with which these taxes are put forward is of a very different kind, and entirely without prejudice to the general question between free trade and what is called fiscal reform. The object—and a very important object—is, on the one hand, to diminish or discourage the consumption of superfluous or unnecessary commodities of a luxurious kind, but still more—and this to my mind, is the really important point—to discourage unnecessary importation. In the conditions under which we now live everything that comes into this country from abroad which is not absolutely needed for the sustenance or carrying on of the industry of our population, involving, as it does, a corresponding obligation on us to export, tends still further to disturb and depress the exchanges, and therefore to embarrass the conduct of the war and the provision of the financial resources which are absolutely necessary for its successful prosecution."

Canada has carried to a greater extreme than almost any other country the reckless habit of buying more abroad than she sells. It is true that we are remedying our fault in this direction and that our formerly adverse trade balance is being rapidly transformed into a favorable trade balance. Our imports are falling and our exports are rising, but our imports are still too large. Consumers in Canada should take Mr. Asquith's advice and determine to buy goods made in their own country rather than to send abroad huge sums of money which are sorely needed at home.

Those who have criticised the "Made-in-Canada" policy while it has been advocated in Canada during the past few years, would do well to ponder carefully over the remarks of the greatest Prime Minister Great Britain has ever had.

## PROTECTION IN GREAT BRITAIN

Articles in many of the leading British papers indicate that after the war the policy of allowing the enemies of Great Britain to sell their goods in the British Isles in open competition with British manufacturers will be discontinued. British workmen who have struggled in the trenches will need positions when they return and a sufficient number of positions cannot be obtained for them if German and Austrian goods are permitted to be sold in the United Kingdom, replacing British goods and furnishing employment for German and Austrian instead of British workmen. It is scarcely likely that British Dominions who have supported the allies will be forced to compete in British markets with the former enemies of the Empire. Although it is too early to speculate on the exact form which the new fiscal legislation will take, it is reasonably safe to predict that it will at least provide a system of preferential tariffs among the various parts of the British Empire, concessionary tariffs among the present allies and discriminatory tariffs against their enemies.

## THE FORD PARTY NOW IN GERMANY

Copenhagen (via London), Jan. 7—The Ford peace party left Copenhagen today for The Hague. On board the special train, for the passage of which through part of the war zone permission has been granted by Germany, are 150 peace advocates. They will be in Germany for eleven hours. From the time they cross the frontier at Warnemunde this afternoon until Holland is reached, each person in the party is pledged to abide by military rules. Holland is the last country in Europe where the party will visit. It is expected that delegates from a large number of neutral countries will gather at The Hague for a protracted peace conference.

## SATISFACTION GUARANTEED WITH EVERY BARREL OF REGAL FLOUR

TRY A BARREL AND IF NOT THOROUGHLY SATISFIED RETURN IT AND GET YOUR MONEY BACK. YOU ARE THE JUDGE.

D. W. STOTHART, Newcastle, N. B.

## Early Advertisers In The Advocate

Successful Merchants of Today Were Advertisers in the Early Days.

Going back over the files of The Advocate of the earlier days, we find that a number of our prominent and successful merchants of today were advertisers in this paper then, and are today, having stood faithfully by The Advocate throughout the period of its existence. These merchants have never lost faith in printers' ink, and by its liberal use and a keen eye to business have reached the ranks of the leading business men of the town. Among those noticed in our hurry were Geo. Stables, groceries; John Ferguson, then hardware; J. D. Craggan, dry goods, and MacMillan's Shoe Store. Several changes in business were also noticed.

## AUSTRIAN AIRMEN ACTIVE

Cettinje, Montenegro, Jan. 6, via Paris, Jan. 7—The following statement was given out at the War Office today. Austrian aeroplanes were exceptionally active today. They dropped a quantity of bombs on our positions at Mount Locen and three on Cettinje, but without result.

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## Apples..... Apples.....

## Apples..... Apples.....

## --A SUPPLY OF--

Gravenstein Bishop Pippins Baldwins and Spys

On hand which are being sold cheap by the barrel. Place a barrel of these apples in your cellar now while the price is low.

H. W. BRIGHTMAN THE BAKERY

NEWCASTLE. — N.B.

## Start the New Year Right....

and trade at the Red Store in rear of the Post Office, where you will find a full line of the Choicest

Groceries, Provisions, Crockeryware Etc.

and at Lowest Prices. It will pay you to give us a call when in need of any of the above lines.

THOS. RUSSELL RED STORE

Rear Post Office. Phone 79

## BARGAINS

--AT--

## EVERY COUNTER

If you want Bargains that are Bargains, call at our store any time you like, and as often as you like, and you can have them galore. We keep

Everything in Clothing and Dry Goods.

We can fit you out from top to bottom with the very best of Clothing and Men's Furnishings. Come and visit our Big New Store.

A. D. Farrah & Co.

MITCHELL ST.

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

No man ever got nervous prostration pushing his business, it's only when the business pushes him that he gets it.

## Armstrong's Grocery

Everything New and Fresh for New Years. No Old Stock. Fresh Creamery, Dairy and Country Butter.

Turkeys, Geese and Chickens Cheapest in Town.

Everything for Cakes—and Cakes already Baked—all you have to do to the latter is mix a little frosting, plaster it on, and when your friends drop in for tea they go home with a taste in their mouths that lingers, and they say: "Well, she's developed into some cook all right. Did you ever taste such delicious cake?"

## CANDY! CANDY! CANDY!

We have it in every variety and from the best makers: MACKINTOSH'S Toffee de luxe, delicious beyond description.

1/2 lb Slab 20c, and 5 and 10c Packages.

MACKINTOSH'S (Toasted) Coconut Eclairs, 5 and 10c Packages.

TOBLER'S Real Swiss Milk Chocolate with Hazelnuts, 5 and 10c Bars.

Real Swiss Berna Chocolate, 5 and 10c Bars.

Mor's Plain Pound, Sultana and Currant Cake 35, 30 and 25c each. Also a beautiful line of their Chocolates in Bulk and 1 and 1/2 lb Boxes. Something to make your best girl remember you for a year. Think of

R. H. ARMSTRONG

PHONE 63

## Kaiser William Had Most Narrow Escape

While Making a Flight in a Zeppelin Over Warsaw Last Fall

Petrograd, Jan. 8—The Bourse Gazette today prints a sensational story of a narrow escape from death by Emperor William, during a flight in a Zeppelin airship over Warsaw. Although the story is officially denied in Germany, the Bourse Gazette correspondent claims that he is in possession of circumstantial details of the entire incident, and as corroboration of the verity of his statement, says the crews and officers of the airship were especially rewarded for having saved the Emperor's life during the flight at the front.

## THREE HAMILTON YOUTHS DROWNED WHILE SKATING

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 9—Three young men were drowned while skating on Hamilton Bay yesterday afternoon. They were Edward Roseburg, 98 James street, south aged 16; Earl Robbins, 244 Rosslyn avenue, aged 16; and Joseph Smiley, Aldershot street, aged 18.

## COST OF WAR TO ITALY PASSES HALF BILLION MARK

Rome, Jan. 6—The sum of \$411,500,000 is, according to statistics, just made public, the expense sustained by Italy for her army and navy from June to November 30: Adding \$120,000,000, she spent in May and December, the total cost of the war to Italy is more than \$561,000,000, without including the expenses of the military preparations before the opening of hostilities. These expenses have been covered by war loans and new taxes. Besides, economies have been introduced in all departments, except that of instruction, which in the last five months spent more than \$3,000,000 more than in the same period last year.

## STUDENT GOES TO THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

Ossining, N. Y., Jan. 7—Antonio Ponton, the Porto Rican student, put to death in the electric chair this morning shortly after six o'clock for the murder of Miss Bessie Kromer, a Schenectady, N. Y., school teacher with whom he was infatuated. Three checks were administered before Ponton was pronounced dead.