harses left, and of that number 300 were day decombal. The larger amount of them died from sixtomest, exposure to the climate, and seweverk. The last of a cavely horse were being accificed for, and which were deviced in his communication to the hamilation the officers of all cliwish of fig. at the position they were called upon died the sixtomestics of horses arose from the dependence. He also adverted in his communication to the hamilation the officers of all cliwish offs, at the position they were called upon died the sixtomest cardite of horses arose from the dependence. He calculated that 800 cavely horses were worth £20,000. He could, from the internal necessress of Turkey in Earspea and Asia, have formed an efficient transport service apart and independent of the commissarit, and made a proposal to Lord Raglan to that effect, but no step was taken in the stature. They lost a large number of their hourse the removal of the partitions by which they were a parted. When the vessel relied, those partitions which romained gave way, and the whole must of the Chasseers d'Afrque undestedly stod the weather by far the best, but next to the partitions by which they were appeared to the frame Lord Raglan to appear the weather and the worth the far the partitions by which they were appeared to the frame Lord Raglan to the Franch cavelry horses. They were parted to the frame Lord Raglan to the frame Lord Raglan to the Franch cavelry horses. The were parted to the frame Lord Raglan to appear to the commission of the Crimes which were sent into the camp were in good to the county have been appeared to the partitions by which they were appeared to the partitions by which they were appeared to the continuation of the Crimes which were sent into the camp were in good to the county have been appeared to the county have been appear rement. With regard to cavalry equipment, in ought great improvements might be made. What as termed a patrol order, gave a man quite sufficient uage of clothing, and should always be the order on hich light cavalry entered upon a campaign. The hise was too large, and was, under certain circumances, too heavy for the horses. If, from any cause thatever, there were no means of transport, he rought Lord Ragian was justified and was quite right imploying cavalry horses to perform the duties to thich they were put rather than that the army should affer unnecessary privations. When he received the anish they were put rather than that the army should suffer unnecessary privations. When he received the first, batch of mules, he had them all clipped in the left, ear, and he recommended that a similar mark should be placed on every Government herse in the army, in order that they might be recognised at any time. He did not know whether the mules from Spain were branded with the initials "V. R."

The reble seed the ways or to state the number of

Spain were-branded with the initials "V. R."
The noble earl then went on to state the wumber of theses that were lost in the stemmer War Cloud and other vessels, but said he was not certain as to the numbers, upon which the chairman said, he would move the flouse to call for the returns. In the event nambers, upen which the chairman said, he would move the House to call for the returns. In the event of a long campaign, horses ought to be provided with clothing, but it was unusual. Fewer of the officers' horses died, because they had clothing. There never was such a campaign, as that in the Crimes. The light Mackintoch sheeting kept the wet off, but did not give the warmth. Our horses suffered much from the weather, and far more than the French: the condition of the latter was much higher. The horses suffered as much from want of water as of food. They cometimes and only half rations. No offer of arganlins was made to him by any one, and when he left every horse was hatted. He could not use the planking, for they had forgotten the nails. (Lunghter.) There was a mistake about them at Constantinople, and they were kept several days for want of anils, and the horses suffered, from not being covered in. When he left the Crimes, the mortality in the herses cased, and the '790 horses he left, if mot overworked, would be well. There was at first a great difficulty in getting "planking," and they were stopped for timber for rafters. A more ill-composed corps, or more ill-suited to the service, was more ill-suited to the service, was many attached to any army, than the ambulance copps. The ambulances were cumbrous, large, and exceedingly unessey. As soon as the roude became They committee would half ration. No offer of targanine was made to him by any one, and when he left overwhere we as a mixed a boat them at the could not use the planking, for they had forgotten the nails. I Valiant warriors, faithful defenders of the hurch, the throne, and the country it has pleased the planking, for they had forgotten the nails. I valiant warriors, faithful defenders of the hurch, the throne, and the country it has pleased the planking, for they had forgotten the nails. I valient warriors, faithful defenders of the hurch, the throne, and the country it has pleased the planking, for they had forgotten the nails. I valient warriors, faithful defenders of the hurch, the throne, and the country it has pleased the planking, for they had the country it has pleased the planking, for they had the country it has pleased the planking, for they had the country it has pleased the planking, for they had the country it has pleased the planking, for they had the planking, for the planking, fo

and north-west of the town are the most considerable.

"To prevent the Turks annoying the reinforcements coming from Perekop the Russians have established moving columns in the vicinity of Eupatoria, who immediately give the alarm on any movement. During the bad weather, a portion of the Russian army found shelter in the villages in the interior of the Crimea. The Russian outposts of the valley of Baidar, which are near Kamara, have fallen back on Karlewka, and are in communication with the main body at Tehorgoun. Liprandi is a cheval on the Inkerman road, having his centre at Tehorgoun and his left wing in the valley of Baidar. His right wing touches the corps of General Osten-Sacken, which extends from the Inkerman ruins to the northern fort.

northern fort.

"The garrison of Sebastopol is at least 40,000 strong, and 20,000 men are concentrated near Backtshiserai, to cover the Perekop road or hasten to the assistance of any point menaged. Three divisions watch Eupatoria, whose duty it is to paralyse any operation attempted by the Turks against Sebastopol."

ADDRESS OF THE EMPEROR ALEXANDER T

HIS TROOPS.
St. PETERSBURG, March 4.—The following

St. PETERBURG, March 4.—The following addresses to the army appeared simultaneously with the manifesto of Alexander II to the nation:

I. Valiant warriors, faithful defenders of the church, the throne, and the country! it has pleased Almighty God to visit us with the most painful and grievous loss. We have all lost our common tather and benefactor.

In the midst of his unwearied care for Russia's presents and the clary of the Russian arms, the

d tendilly latters

hearts the last words of his tender and paternal effects of the Liquor Traffic; there is no man but

PRUSSIA.

PRUSSIA.

The Prussian Government has prohibited the exportation of articles contraband of war; also of sulphur, saltpetre, and lead, if not the produce of the States of the Zollverein.

## COLONIAL LEGISLATURE.

WEDNESDAY, April 4.

WEDNESDAY, April 4.

The Bill entitled "an Act relating to the office of Controller of Customs and Navigation Laws for Charlottetown, and Collector of Excise and Registrar, and his assistant and Surveyor of shippings," was read a third time and passed.

The Bill from the Council relating to the Lonatic asylum was read a third time and passed.

House in Committee on Temperance Petitions—Mr. Perry in the Chair.

Mr. Palmer moved the following Resolution—

Recollect. That it is exception to prohibit by law.

Mr. Paimer moved the following Resolution—

Resolved, That it is expedient to prohibit by law,

to take effect from the First day of
the manufacture, importation and sale of Spirituous
and all other intoxicating Liquors, except for Medicinal, Chemical and Mechanical purposes, and the Sacred Ordinances of Religion, and also to prohibit the
keeping of such Liquors for sale, except for the
purposes aforesaid,

And then spoke as follows—a similar resolution nd then spoke as follows—a similar resolution sed last year, and an act was framed founded eon, which was discussed in the Legislative seil, and ordered to be printed. Disappoint was felt, that it did not pass, but since that od the question had lost none of its interest, rather, had gained strength, for wherever it been agitated it had obtained favour. The tent numerously signed Petition had been intent to Hon. Mr. Lord, Mr. Haviland, and himted to Hon. Mr. Lord, Mr. Haviland, and himted to Hon. Mr. Lord, Mr. Haviland, and himted to Hon merons under 16 years, some females personality. passed last year, and an act was framed founded thereon, which was discussed in the Legislative thereon, which was discussed in the Legislative Council, and ordered to be printed. Disappointment was felt, that it did not pass, but since that period the question had lost none of its interest, but rather, had gained strength, for wherever it had been agitated it had obtained favour. The

shearts the last words of his tender and paternal fore for you. As a mark of this love to the troops of the guard, the 1st corps of cades, and the greatest extractive the general issimo, Prince Suvarrow (Suwarrow.) I present to you the uniforms of his majeay, these which tine emperor, your benefactor, deigned himself to wear. Preserve this pledge, which I trust may remain among you sacred as a relic, and like an enduring memorial for future generations. Moreover, I ordain as follows:—

1. In the companies and equadrons that have barree his Majesty's name, all the distinctive charges on the epaulettes and shoulder-kusta shall retain the initial letter of the Emperor Nicholas I., so long as one of those registered down to March 2, 1835, shall continue in the said companies and squadrons.

2. Those who were attached to his Majesty's person as generals or aides-de-camp general, or as aides de-camp adlate, will retain the same institut.

May the sacred memory of Nicholas I., survive amongst our ranks, as a tegror to the foe and for the glory of Russia.

ALEXANDER.

St. Petersburg, March 3, 1855.

The funeral of the late Czar is to take place on the 20th.

A counts' from St. Petersburg state, that the taking of the oath of fidelity to the new emperor, and in general, all acts of homage to him, have been marked by a total absence of enthusiasm.

A gentleman at Marseilles has received a letter from his bruther, a French superier officer in the Crimes, in which, in addition to a request for the captes of a stin for a supply of garden seeds, such as said and opinsch, as he says the suil is rived to the conduction of the ampaign.

The Cresue, which arrived at Portsmouth a few days since, took out 100 tropps to Malta, and thought home from theace to England 300 invalide in three weeks, having gene a distance of 4000 miles in that time.

PRUSSIA.

The Prussing Government has prohibited the in the such as a since and a distance of 4000 miles in that time. they should educate them, and we have taxed them for that purpose; he saw little or no distinction between the two cases. Spirituous Liquors were aluxury, and such an one as could easily be dispensed with, and ought to be dispensed with, when it caused so much misery in ite train, and there was nothing to hinder them from prohibiting it altogether. They could not say, he was carried away by his zeal, he respected the Temperance budy, but he was not one of thein; he did not subscribe to their rules, therefore they could not say, he was particularly bound to them, in cummon with others he would use liquor, when did not subscribe to their rules, therefore they could not say, he was particularly bound to them, in common with others he would use liquer, when he conceived it did, him any good, but he would willingly give it up, when he found it would willingly give it up, when he found it would reap the full benefit of this measure, it was the rising youth of the Colony, that would feel the results of an entire prohibition. The temptation would be removed from them and they would not have the desire to partake of any of the destructive compounds. It has been said, that it was a political question; there may be persons that have made it such, but that is no reason, it should be condemed, there is no subject but what may be looked upon in that light; he looked upon it as a moral question, as one conducive to the happiness, to the wealth and to the improvement of the Community. He had dealt with the question generally; persons who read, would be fully conversant with it, and it would be useless to take up the time of the Committee in repeating or urging it upon the House. No person had over been

vinced of the utility He moved a resolute but afterwards with one offered by Mr. W (The debate on this

Tuvis Mr. Haviland mor lative Council Bill stated that the prin already debated, bu vision on the questi The following div For the Bill—Mer

Douse, Cooper, Lai Mbightman, M. Dor head—8. Mr. Palmer report of the Episcopal Ch

minister.
After some sever
Palmer, and Mr. Mr. Coles laid be of the Trustees of

of the Trustees of esseary repairs, at the Royal Agricult
The House wen for the appointme offices. After my which will be gir House agreed to the Salaries of the Probability among the salaries of the Probability and the salaries of the salaries of the Probability and the salaries of the salaries o

clerks the amoun from Treasurer Register of Deeds respondent and A (new office) £10 granted last year also agreed to Arrity. Assistants rity. Assistants ment during ples seat in the Hous

Holleway's Oir for the Cure of Fe nary effects these petuliarly incide incedible, if it wanderful sures I unquestionable fat equal them throug suffering from the Pills, particularly them in a like a.

HASZA Satur

THE MAILS .-The Ice in or

House or Assummary of the ment on Thursthe debate on the debate on the porter, Mr. Han extra. The titions, and command discussible from

The specia took place as submitted to t reduced from feet," which the numbers I For the Re The follow Charles Pain Resiolved, various expli-zise in the under the ci-were justific present and throughout and therefor