

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 11, 1907.

TRIED TO DRAW PUGSLEY.

It is about two weeks now since Hon. Mr. Pugsley, the Minister of Public Works, charged the Tory party of New Brunswick with spending large sums of money corruptly during the last general elections. The charges were made openly in public meeting in Ottawa, in the presence of the Premier, and most likely with his approval. Mr. Pugsley charged that Mr. Borden, the leader of the Opposition, was cognizant of these facts when he stamped the Northwest and the Pacific Coast with the hypocritical cry that the Liberals were so steeped in bribery and other things that are dark in election matters, that the country should rise and sweep them from office. He further declared that he was ready to give the names of the Tory gentlemen who handled the boodle that was used to corrupt the electorate down by the sea. He also challenged Mr. Borden to sue him for libel if the charges were not true. What was Mr. Borden's response to the serious charges thus made by a responsible Minister of the Crown? Silence! He has made no response. For two weeks he has been dumb. He is still dumb. But last night he put Mr. Kemp, one of the incapables of the House, up to try and badger Mr. Pugsley into addressing the House on the subject. Following the example of Mr. Clements with his offensive language towards Mr. Fisher, Mr. Kemp impudently referred to the Minister of Public Works as sitting in the House "like a whipped spaniel." Mr. Pugsley took no notice of him. He has made his charges, and it is for Mr. Borden to disprove them if he can. When the leader of the Opposition musters up courage to bring the matter before the House, Mr. Pugsley will speak, and if desired will no doubt supply the names of the gentlemen Mr. Borden is in no hurry to learn.

ALL AT SEA

It is announced that Mayor Stewart, the Chairman of the Fire and Water Committee, City Engineer Barrow and all others connected with the civic water department are all at sea about the offer made by the Cataract Power Company to do the pumping of city water. Of course they are. The strange thing is that they are willing to admit it. It is equally certain that they are also all at sea, but to an infinitely greater degree, about the Hydro-Electric scheme. No one has yet pretended to make an offer half as definite as the Cataract's offer on behalf of the Hydro-Electric people, yet the civic fathers have already made a plunge in the dark to the extent of asking the citizens to vote \$225,000 for the privilege of borrowing about \$200,000 from the rich money lenders for the purpose of installing a distributing plant which will be only the forerunner of an expenditure the magnitude of which no one has yet begun to figure upon. In respect to the Hydro-Electric scheme the Council is more than at sea. It is in the swamp of uncertainty, yet it proposes to load the city with a debt which is only the forerunner of the extent of asking the citizens to vote \$225,000 for the privilege of borrowing about \$200,000 from the rich money lenders for the purpose of installing a distributing plant which will be only the forerunner of an expenditure the magnitude of which no one has yet begun to figure upon.

JUST GIVE IT TIME.

The Montreal Gazette recalls that one of the benefits of "municipal ownership" of which we hear much is the keen interest it leads to in municipal affairs, thus ensuring careful and intelligent government and management. But it does not find much encouragement for that view in the case of Edmonton, a town which is heralded as a great example of municipalization. It says the other day the 2,000 ratepayers on the roll were invited to express their opinion upon by-laws adopted by the council involving the expenditure of the large sum, for Edmonton, of \$250,000 for various municipal improvements. Of the 2,000 qualified voters 153 only, or one out of every twelve, found their way to the polls. There is no necessity for pointing out the lesson. Edmonton will wake up some day and learn it.

A WANT SUPPLIED.

One reason for the appropriation by some people of the name of the continent as the designation of a fraction of it, is the lack of a name which may fit their own country. The abuse of calling the United States "America" is similar to the calling of Germany "Europe." This view of it takes no note of offensiveness of some "yellows," which boast that they are in appropriating the name of the continent merely anticipating a little the time when they will "drive the British into the sea," and annex Canada whether we will or not. Some Canadians have shown a disposition to excuse the appropriation, by reason of the difficulty presented to our neighbors, and to even present themselves to the bumpkins "yellows" in an attitude to be metaphorically kicked with ease and satisfaction. But there is a remedy. Esperanto is to apply it. When that scientific universal language becomes popular the difficulty will be removed. The name proposed is an infringement on none; it is short and easy. The initial letters of the words United States of North America form the word Usona. As the terminal "a" is the sign of the adjective in Esperanto and "o" that of the noun, Usona comes naturally to fill the want. The rules of the language applied we get from Usona, the name of the country, Usonestria, the President of the United States of North America. Of course, because the Esperantists have adopted the word, it is not to be assumed that it will at once become popular. Even Esperanto has its way to make yet. But if ever a language had a chance to give the world a useful word Esperanto has it. If Roosevelt could be lunched into Brander Mathews' spelling deform movement, perhaps he may be brought to give Usona his very serious consideration.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Listen to the sleigh bells. Buy early and often. The time is now short. "You can't pump me," is what some of the aldermen say. There is a good deal of romance about "His Lordship's Romance," our new story. Dispense with technicalities, Mr. Hawkins, and tell us just what your offer means. The School Board appropriation next year will be greater than has been. The "new blood" is going it some.

But why should it be necessary to appoint an expert engineer to find out whether the Cataract or the hydro offer is the more advantageous to the city? Cannot the offers be made in terms that we all can understand?

Another wave of crime is due to pass over the city shortly. The criminals will be the otherwise reputable citizens and citizenesses who either forget or neglect to clean the snow off the sidewalks.

SPARE US THE INFLICTION.

It is devoutly to be hoped that the Trades and Labor Council's report on the filtering basins is not going to result in the infliction of another newspaper dose, ad nauseam, of Lottridge's creek, intake, sanducker, Hunting, Bongard, McFarlane and Barrow upon the already sickened people of Hamilton. If the water in the filtering basins were half as bad as some of the newspaper drivel on the subject has been the citizens would have been justified in rising in their might and sweeping the whole system out of existence. What the Trades and Labor representatives saw, what they did not see, how they were treated and what they think amount to little. For aught they know the weeds which they discovered may have been nature's water purifier. Who has not drunk water from a stream or clear pool and thought nothing of the weeds in its bed? The simple fact remains that Hamilton has purer water than 99 per cent. of the people of Canada are blessed with—and the 99 per cent. are not complaining. Good water and an abundant supply at a minimum of cost is what Hamilton wants and is fortunate enough to have. The city's low typhoid rate and general good health during all the time the water and all connected with the system have been under constant fire of criticism are the best answer to the critics. What is now wanted is a strong hand to insist upon the very best results being obtained from the facilities which the city possesses to give its people the fullest advantage of its excellent system. One head, no interference, and no quarreling among the staff; and then a dissolution of the knackers' club, and Hamilton will continue to enjoy its great blessing of pure water with an easy mind.

Englishmen who write home saying that they can't along here because the Canadians hate them, have themselves to blame for being hated, if they are hated. The city is full of Englishmen, new arrivals and old arrivals, and we venture to say that, with few exceptions, they are as much respected as any other nationality. There is too much of this nonsensical talk.

Hamilton is not the only city that had a wave of crime. New York has almost been submerged by one. Last week the New York papers reported more burglaries, larcenies and thefts of all kinds committed in that city than in any previous two months in its history. The burglary insurance companies are at their wits' end. It is pointed

out that, while the loss by fire in New York in a single year has reached a total of \$8,816,000, the loss by robberies amounted to \$15,875,000. The police seem to be taking the matter quietly.

The fact that Dinizulu, the son of Cetewayo, the one time Zulu Chief, had submitted to arrest, while the British Government the expense and trouble of sending out an expedition to reduce him and his tribe to submission. Dinizulu has been kicking over the traces lately, and fomenting rebellion. It seems he is enamored of the cry, "The Blacks for Africa," and he can hardly be blamed, when he has been shown of almost all authority over his own diggings and treated-as-of no account in the government of the Zulu territory. As has been well said, the blacks of Africa are not to be governed with guns and bayonets. They are there in their own country and in countless herds, and the British Government will find that it will pay to treat these men justly, if not kindly.

HERE AND THERE.

New York Sun: How long ago was it that the excellent George Dewey could read his history in a nation's eyes? The moment came of disillusionment, of exorcism, of a reaction as cruel as the ecstasy had been wrought. A worthy person and seaman, he was a drop of gilt left on the once dazzling aureole.

Brantford Examiner: The Grand Trunk Railway Company is erecting some very handsome stations throughout its system, of which those at Brantford and Paris are excellent examples and are a type of what the company is putting up wherever they are required. In this connection, a contemporary complains of the sign at the Paris station being erected where the travelling public cannot see it, and is anxious that the custom of England, and of the elevated and subway roads in New York City should be followed, and station signs erected in a level with the car windows. The suggestion is a good one, and as well one easily adopted.

Kingston Whig: The world owes no man a living, leastwise that particular part of it called Canada. It offers to all able-bodied men the chance to serve and save, to lay up, by strenuous labor, for the exigencies of the hour and the contingencies of old age.

Montreal Gazette: The Toronto electric companies have decided to make a campaign against the proposal that the city shall spend \$2,500,000 in establishing a distribution plant, to be fed from Niagara, and go into the business of buying and selling electricity. The majority of the City Council, including the Mayor and Council, will do all in its power to get a majority for the by-law. The outcome may be in greater doubt than many suppose. The scheme means additional debt for the city to bear, and debt always suggests the possibility of additional taxes, and the possibility of taxes may be proportionately fewer socialists among the voters than there appear to be among the newspapers of the city.

Our Exchanges

Bill Goes With Purchase. (Ottawa Free Press.) A Montreal poultier advertises that he is giving away bills with every pair of ducks which he will sell between now and New Year's. That might almost be described as a cork trick of trade.

For Her Husband. (Smart Set.) "Ethel has gone over to the church to pray. To pray? What for?" "For her husband of course." "Why, she hasn't any?" "I know it."

About Crops. (Toronto Telegram.) Let the champagne crop be a failure and let Hamilton papers give their first so long as the beer crop is a success.

Some Misconceptions. (N. Y. Sun.) One of our contemporaries referred yesterday to "little Paraguay." That republic is four-fifths as large as Germany.

Many persons have very erroneous notions as to geographical sizes and lengths in South America. They have not the slightest idea that Brazil is nearly as large as the whole of Europe, that the distance between the north and south ends of Chile is as great as that between the North Cape of Europe and Gibraltar, and that steamers ply almost straight north and south on the Panama and its Paraguan afloat for a distance about equal to that between New York and Omaha.

It is easy to see how depreciation of South America was suggested. For many years map makers thought that South America did not amount to very much in comparison with North America and Europe, so while they were turning out map after map of different parts of North America and Europe on large scales they would finally glance at South America and decide to crowd the whole continent into a single atlas sheet. This process made the great Amazon look very puny beside our widespread Mississippi.

As long as geographers and map makers were content to treat South America in this curt and summary fashion there was, of course, a great deal of misconception about the continent. But the more we study the land the more interesting it appears to be, and the large maps now made of South America show that her distances are as magnificent as the wealth of resources she will in future years pour into the lap of the world.

NO ENGLISHMAN NEED APPLY.

To the Editor of the "Daily Mail." Sir,—I have had three brothers residing in Canada for many years, and they inform me that the reason why the English are so much disliked there is because they always know better than anyone else and absolutely refuse to be taught anything. W. R. COSSHAM, Newport, Mon. To the Editor of the "Daily Mail." Sir,—I have this week received a letter from a friend in Hamilton, Ontario, who, after commencing on the country, remarks: "It is very difficult for Englishmen to get work out here as the Canadians hate the English, and always give the preference to buy other person, even a foreigner." INTERESTED. In a private letter to a friend in Hamilton, Mrs. Mathews, widow of the late Fred Mathews, who was for so long caretaker of the Hamilton Cricket Grounds and a great favorite with the boys, encloses the two letters to the London Daily Mail, which appear above. Mrs. Mathews is now residing in England, but has yet a warm heart.

Hamilton and Canada, and she feels indignant that such libels should be scattered broadcast over England. She says "Now, after living in Canada over thirty years, and in Hamilton most of the time, and receiving the greatest kindness from Canadians, I feel I should like such nonsense contradicted. Could not a short article be inserted in the papers. It seems to me such remarks give people on this side of the Atlantic a very wrong impression of Canadians." Statements like those given in the above letters to the Mail have very little foundation in fact, and those who make them are doing an injury to both England and Canada.

BLACK DAMP.

To the Editor of the Times: Sir,—Your correspondent, "A Seeker After Truth," is quite correct in saying that an explosion of "Black Damp" or carbon dioxide is an impossibility. The gas which is the cause of explosions in mines is Methane or Marsh gas, which, when mixed with air and ignited, burns with explosive violence. The Marsh gas of the mines is one of the products of the changes that take place in the vegetable material during the formation of coal. It is also the product of the decay of vegetable material when protected by water from the action of the air and is the gas which becomes enclosed in bubbles in the ice on our bay. Occasionally we hear of explosions being opened up by skaters on the bay and the gas is then ignited. Your correspondent is scarcely correct, however, in saying that "Black Damp" is a deadly poison. It is quite true that the inhalation of the gas in quantities will cause death, but that result is brought about rather by the exclusion of the oxygen of the air from the lungs and the prevention of the escape of the carbon dioxide contained in the different parts of the body to the lungs than by any poisonous action of the inhaled gas. J. B. Turner. The Collegiate Institute, Dec. 10th, 1907.

CAUSED HIS DEATH.

Too Much Money Worries New York Lawyer. New York, Dec. 10.—Many friends were shocked to-day to learn of the death in Bloomingdale Asylum Saturday of Augustus Browning Prentice, once a brilliant lawyer, who was driven insane two years ago by worry over the management of the \$2,000,000 fortune left by his father. Mr. Prentice was forty-two years old, and married Maud Flower Brewster. His father, Augustus Prentice, was twenty-five years ago one of the most prominent lawyers in New York, and reaped a fortune mostly in real estate on Staten Island. The son was graduated from Harvard in 1882, and when his father died in 1905 the management of the large estate devolved upon him, the only child. He was of a nervous temperament, and the worry was too great. In December, 1905, he was committed to Bloomingdale.

SAID TO BE CRAZY.

Rochester Editor Tries to Murder Two in Texas. El Paso, Tex., Dec. 10.—Pierre Purcell, formerly managing editor of the Rochester, N. Y., Union and Adviser, became violently insane yesterday at Las Cruces, where he had been brought by his wife for recuperation, and at tempted to kill his wife and Mrs. Gullett, his landlady, with an axe. He was adjudged insane to-day and sent to the New Mexico Territorial Asylum at Las Vegas. Overwork caused the collapse.

The Colliat special from New Liskeard was ditched through a collision with a contractor's engine. No one was injured.

SLEEP BROKEN BY ITCHING ECZEMA

Skin of Whole Body Covered for a Year—Awful Itching Kept Sufferer Awake Half the Night—Tried All Kinds of Remedies but They Had No Effect.

CUTICURA REMEDIES

A PERFECT SUCCESS "I wish to let you know that I have used one set of Cuticura Remedies—one cake of Cuticura Soap, one box of Cuticura, but two vials of Cuticura Resolvent Pills—which cost me a dollar and twenty-five cents in all. For a year I have had what they call eczema. I had an itching all over my body, and I would retire for the night, but I would keep me awake half the night, and the more I would scratch, the more it would itch. I tried all kinds of remedies, but could get no relief. A friend of mine told me to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I did, and an very glad I tried them, for I was completely cured. If any of my friends should be troubled with the same disease, I will cheerfully recommend the Cuticura Remedies, and if I know any one who wants to know how I cured myself, I shall be glad to tell them." Walter W. Paglusch, 207 N. Robey St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 8 and 16, 1906.

CUTICURA

The Great Skin Cure and Purest and Sweetest of Emollients. Cuticura Ointment is, beyond question, the most successful curative for itching, disfiguring humors of the skin and scalp, including loss of hair, yet compounded, in proof of which a single anointing with Cuticura Ointment, preceded by a hot bath with Cuticura Soap, and followed in the severest cases by a dose of Cuticura Resolvent (Liquid or Pills), is often sufficient to afford immediate relief in the most distressing forms of itching, burning, and scaly humors, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy cure when most, if not all, other remedies and even physicians fail. Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Itching, Disfiguring, and Scaly Humors of the Skin, Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Soothe and Protect, and Cuticura Resolvent (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, in Vials) to Purge the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Mfgs. and Retailers, Free, Cuticura Book on the Spot.

A CONTINUAL INCREASE OF BUSINESS is the order of the day. Thursday will be no exception. Thousands of dollars' worth of goods suitable for Christmas presents marked at such prices that your dollar bill will go further here than elsewhere. Buy early, buy often. Make out your Christmas list and start your purchasing Thursday morning

Special Lines from 9 to 10 o'clock The following lines of goods will go on sale only between the hours of 9 and 10 Thursday morning:

- 75c Chatterbox 59c 25 only Chatterbox, the book for boys, sold regularly at 75c, 9 to 10 Thursday morning 59c. Only one to a customer.
- 65c Chatterbox Zoo 39c 25 copies Chatterbox Zoo, a big book with stories and illustrations of animals, a great favorite with the children, regularly 65c, for 39c
- 25c Henty Books 10c 100 copies only Henty Books, sold everywhere for 25c, Thursday morning sale price 10c. Two copies only.
- 25c Alger's Books 10c 50 only copies of Alger's Books for boys, value regularly 25c, Thursday's price 10c
- 25c Novels 10c 200 Cloth Bound Novels, by the best known authors, sold regularly for 25c, Thursday morning price 10c. Only two to a customer.
- \$1.50 Calendars 75c 20 only handsome Picture Calendars, size 18 x 27, and sold everywhere for \$1.50, Thursday morning's sale price 75c

Embroidery Silks 2 for 5c Almost a full range of shades of Corticelli Embroidery Silks, on sale on Thursday, between 9 and 10.2 skeins 5c

Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 5c Handkerchief design, Thursday special 5c

Infants' and Children's Dept. 50c Toques 39c Fine Wool Toques, in white, navy, scarlet and cardinal, regular 50c, Thursday 39c

Infants' Jackets 50c Infants' Hand-made Wool Jackets, in pink and white, blue and white, and all white, special Thursday 50c

\$1.00 Bonnets 50c Cream Cashmere Bonnets, silk embroidered, full net ruching, regular \$1, Thursday's price 50c

\$3.00 Plush Coats \$1.75 Brown Plush Coats, with wide circular collar, coat front trimmed with frogs, regular \$3, Thursday 1.75

Boys' Caps \$1.00 Boys' Bear Caps, with earflaps, silk cord and brush, all sizes, special sale price Thursday 1.00

Extraordinary Values in This Season's Up-to-Date Plain Cloth Jackets Thursday morning we put on sale 50 in all Ladies' Jackets, plain colors and black, well tailored. You can see them on display in our windows to-night.

\$16.50 Black Cloth Jackets \$6.99 Black Beaver Cloth Jackets, three-quarter length, semi-fitting, double breasted, trimmed with wide straps over shoulder, lined to the waist with good sateen, regular price \$16.50, Thursday 6.99

\$17.50 Col'd Cloth Jackets \$6.99 Dark Brown Beaver Cloth Jackets, three-quarter length, double breasted, turn back cuff, regular price \$17.50, Thursday 6.99

\$15.00 Navy Cloth Jackets \$6.99 Navy Cloth Jackets, three-quarter length, loose back, trimmed with stitched straps, cuffs and pockets trimmed with straps and buttons, regular \$15.00, for 6.99

\$16.50 Broadcloth Jackets \$6.99 Black Broadcloth Jackets, three-quarter length, loose back, double breasted, trimmed with heavy silk stitching and bound with black silk braid, lined to waist, regular \$16.50, Thursday 6.99

\$13.75 Jackets \$4.99 Brown Serge Cloth Jackets, seven-eighth length, loose back, neck sleeve, trimmed with straps of self, double-breasted, regular \$13.75, Thursday 4.99

\$10.00 Cloth Coats \$4.49 Ladies' Black Frieze Cloth Coats, seven-eighth length, loose back, lined to waist, velvet collar, collar and cuffs trimmed with small straps and buttons, regular \$10.00, Thursday 4.49

\$7.50 Jackets \$2.99 Green Serge Cloth and Medium Grey Tweed Coats, seven-eighth length, loose back, double breasted, lined across shoulders, regular \$7.50, Thursday 2.99

\$4.99 Marmot Stoles \$2.50 Marmot Stoles, long points, satin lined, trimmed with brown cord ornaments and tails, regular price \$4.99, Thursday 2.50

\$8.50 Grey Lamb Collars \$6.99 Children's Grey Lamb Collars, big collar, nice large curl, regular \$8.50, for 6.99

\$32.50 Sable Stoles \$15.00 Natural Sable Stoles, wide shoulders, nice long points, satin lined, finished with heads and tails, regular \$32.50, for 15.00

Big Showing of Club Bags and Suit Cases A club bag or suit case is a suggestion for you as a Christmas present. We have an extra large assortment of club bags and suit cases in the regulation leather colors, price \$2.50 to 11.00

Women's Shoes \$1.50 Women's Street Shoes in Dongola Kid, Blucher cut, patent tip, military heel, heavy extension sole, back strap and solid insole, Thursday special 1.50

Men's House Slippers \$1.50 Men's fine Kid House Slippers in American cut, straight or Romeo high cut, very special Thursday 1.50

\$1.00 Children's Shoes 85c Children's good storm Shoes in pebble leather, self-tipped, spring heel or heel, buttoned or laced, size 5 to 10, regular \$1 for 85c

Black Spats Women's fine Spats in black, faced and finished with leather, different lengths, at 50, 60 and 75c

Sofa Cushions A special showing of Hand Painted Sofa Cushions, finished, ready for use.

Sofa Cushions 89c Sofa Cushions, made of Satin Hand-painted Top, colors red, pale blue, Nile and pink, frilled edge, size 18x18, will make a lovely present, price 89c

\$2.75 Shirt Waists \$1.59 White Lawn and Mull Shirt Waists, made with tucks and insertion, also embroidered fronts, with long and short sleeves, cuffs and collar edged with lace, regular price \$2.25 and \$2.75, on sale Thursday 1.59

White Lawn Aprons 25c Ladies' White Lawn Aprons, made of fine quality of lawn, with hem and tucks, price 25c and 45c each, also Aprons with embroidered bib and shoulder strap, at 29 to 59c

\$6.00 Silk Waists \$2.99 50 only Ladies' Silk Waists, made of Japanese and tafeta silk, in black, white and colors, nicely made with tucks, insertion and lace. These are worth up to \$6.00, on sale Thursday 2.99

Ladies' Night Gowns 89c Ladies' Night Gowns, made of best quality flannel, tucked yoke, finished with ruffles edged with lace, neck and sleeves also trimmed with ruffles, Thursday's special price 89c

Do not neglect to take advantage of the sale of Ladies' Jackets. Thursday's prices less than half.

Santa Claus

Will be in our great basement Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. Bring along the little folks to see him.

Again We Advise You To make your purchases early. Come to-morrow. We will offer the following lists of special inducements, commencing at 9 o'clock Thursday:

Bulb Toys 15c 12 dozen Mechanical Bulb Toys, such as Dogs, Donkeys, etc., will be sold to-morrow morning from 9 to 11 for only 15c each

Boys' Sleighs 19c Little Boys' Sleighs, with hardwood runners, nicely painted top, will be sold for 19c each at 9 o'clock Thursday morning.

Bottle Trumpets, 15c value 8c About 6 dozen Colored Bottle Trumpets, value at 15c, on sale Thursday for 8c

Iron Trains 9c 6 dozen Iron Trains, consisting of engine and coach, regular 15c, on sale Thursday at 9 o'clock for 9c each

Beautiful Fine China Beautiful Dressed Dolls at 20 per cent. Discount From 9 to 11 a. m. Thursday morning we will place on sale every Dressed Doll from \$1.00 up to 20 per cent. off the regular prices.

Kid Body and Undressed Dolls on sale at 19c 6 dozen Kid Body and Undressed Dolls, marked to sell regular at 29c, on sale Thursday morning for 19c each

\$1.35 Cups and Saucers 35c each 2 dozen very thin China Cups and Saucers, in brown, fawn and grey decorations, gilt scroll designs, value \$1.35 each, on sale Thursday 35c

China Articles at 25c Including Salad Dishes, Cake Plates, Cream and Sugar Sets, Hat Pin Holders, Salt and Pepper Sets and many other useful pieces, on sale at 25c each

Big Selling in Fresh Groceries 12 lbs. Redpath's Best Sugar 52c Or 7 pounds for 32c to customers buying \$1.00 worth of other groceries.

- 100 pounds Lemon and Orange Peel, at per pound 13c
- 100 pounds Ceylon Black Tea, 40c, for 25c
- 100 pounds Special Blend Coffee, at per pound 19c
- 3 cans of Corn or Peas for 25c
- 4 pounds of Fresh Cooking Figs for 25c
- 3 pounds Best Valencia Praisins 25c
- 4 pounds Best White Icing Sugar 25c
- 7 pounds Fresh Rolled Oats 25c
- Good Lard, per pound 15c; Mince-meat, package 10c
- 6 pounds Dark Brown Sugar, for cooking 25c
- 2 pound Plum Pudding, 50c, for 30c

THE T. H. PRATT CO. LIMITED