

proceedings incident thereto, are found by the Court to be in all things correct and according to law. except after examination.

XII. No formal written pleading shall be put in, as touching any Opposition ; but the Court may order the taking of evidence on such Court may take evidence ---and grant or refuse the Decree, or grant it on terms.
 5 points and in such manner as it may deem requisite,—and if it see fit, may allow the statement or declaration to be withdrawn, and an amended statement or declaration, acknowledged before the Prothonotary or Clerk, to be substituted therefor, without further notice, or with such further notice only as it may specially ordain ; and after finally hearing the Appeal from the decision of the Court.
 10 parties, it shall either grant or refuse the Decree prayed for.

XIII. During one month after the granting or refusal of the Decree, the Attorney or Solicitor General for Lower or Upper Canada, whether at the instance of a private opposant or otherwise, in the one case, or the parties applicant in the other case, by fying in the office of the Transmission of the Record.
 15 Prothonotary or Clerk, a summary petition to that effect, together with a certified copy thereof for communication to the parties applicant in the one case, or to each party opposant in the other case, may appeal to the Court of Queen's Bench for Lower Canada, or to either of the Superior Courts of Common Law for Upper Canada, according as the Proceedings on the appeal.
 20 decision in question may be that of the Superior Court for Lower Canada, or of a County Court in Upper Canada.

XIV. On the fying of such petition, the Prothonotary or Clerk shall forthwith transmit the same, together with the whole of the Record in question, to the Court thereby appealed to. Court may grant or refuse the Decree.

XV. No formal written pleading shall there be put in ; but the Court, if it see fit, may allow the substitution of an amended statement or declaration, acknowledged before the Clerk of the Court, in like manner as the Superior or County Court may ; and after due examination of the Record, and hearing of the parties, it shall finally grant or refuse the Incorporation after the granting of the Decree by the Court of Appeal, or after the lapse after time for appealing, if granted by the first Court.
 25 Decree, in its discretion, and shall remit the Record, with such its judgment, to the Court appealed from.

XVI. On the granting of such Decree in appeal, or (if there have been no appeal, then) at the expiration of one month after the granting of such Decree by the Superior Court for Lower Canada, or by a County Corporate Powers of the Company after Decree.
 35 Court in Upper Canada, the parties applicant may require and cause an authentic copy thereof, and of the statement or declaration whereon the same is based, to be fyled and recorded in the Office of the Provincial Secretary,—and a notice to that effect, in the form of Schedule B annexed to this Act, under the signature of the Provincial Secretary, to Corporate Powers of the Company after Decree.
 40 be inserted in the Canada Gazette; and thereupon, from the date of such fying, the persons named in such statement or declaration, and their successors, shall be a Body Politic and Corporate by the name mentioned therein.

XVII. Any Company so incorporated may, in its corporate name, acquire, hold, alienate and convey any real estate necessary or requisite for the carrying on of its operations, as set forth in its statement or declaration, so judicially confirmed as aforesaid ; and shall have every other attribute and power whatsoever necessary or requisite to the carrying on of such its operations, to all intents as though incorporated by a special Act of Parliament embodying the provisions of this Act, and Corporate Powers of the Company after Decree.
 45 of such statement or declaration, and of such Decree.
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