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THE CANADIANS.

Their Life on Board the Troopship Sardinian.

A Bright and Promising Regiment - Some Interesting Talk About Well-known Young Men in Its Ranks.

The following is part of a letter from W.Richmond Smith, the Montreal Star's Canadian correspondent attached to the Canadian contingent: Thursday, November 16, 1899, on

board the s.s. Sardinian, with Can-

adian contingent at sea, about 730 miles southeast of Cape Verde islands. The life of the troops on board since we left Quebec has been an exceedingly busy one. In addition to the regular guard, watch, fatigue and other duties, the men have regularly put in at squad and arm drill and musketry from six to eight hours each day. The very good improvement, an improvement so marked as to call forth eulo gistic criticisms from imperial army In the first place every officer on the general staff is a member of the per-manent corps or headquarters staff, and is, of course, well up in the work appertaining to his position on the staff. Then most of the non-con sioned officers in each company have been carefully selected from the schools, and they are good drill instructors. To this fact more than anything else is due the wonderful progress made by the troops in acquir

A KNOWLEDGE OF DRILL and duties since they came aboard ship at Quebec. The non-commissioned officers, of course, come more closely in contact with the men of the companies than do the company officers. Upon them largely devolves the duty of seeing that the regimental orders are systematically carried out and military discipline rigidly enforced. the crowded decks of a troopship anything like battalion drill is an impossibility, so that the work of squads and arms only has been possible, and that has been done almost entirely by the non-commissioned officers of the different companies. While competent instruction has, of course, had a good deal to do with the improvement which has taken place, the main cause has been the willingness of the men themselves and the cheerful and enthusiastic manner in which they have set about the work of fitting themselves for active service. During the first few days the ignorance of many men in nearly all of the companies was simply appalling. They did not know even the rudiments of military drill or training, and the tack of whipping them into line looked like an utterly hopeless one. Those who had experience did not hesitate to say would take at least three nonths in barracks at Cape Town to put the contingent in shape to march to the front. After two weeks those who all first freely expressed that their minds, so great was the propress made. It is now estimated that a couple of weeks en shore in her-racks or camp will be sufficient to

FIT THE FORCE FOR ACTIVE SERVICE. Nor was the want of military training and knowledge when the contingent left Quebec confined to the men alone, There were not a few of the company

fficers who should never have been selected for the positions which they fill. Though deficient in drill and training, these young officers are all bright and intelligent, and a little ex-perience in handling their companies in barracks or camp will doubtless

Speaking with an officer in the im perial service, who is attached to the contingent and who has perhaps more knowledge of imperial troops than any other officer on board, I asked him what he thought of the fitness of the force for active service. He replied that during the first few days after the contingent left Quebec he regarded their chance of being able to take the field in time to see active service as utterly hopeless. They were, he said, little more than an armed mob. The tremendous improvement noticeable after two weeks' work upon the unsteady decks of the ship, where only squad drill was possible, had inhim to change his opinion. The bright intelligence of the men, and the enthusiastic manner in which they entered into the spirit of their work, had worked a marvellous change. If the mprovement continued in the same ratio, and he saw no reason why it would not do so, he saw no good reason why the Canadian contingent should not prove their merit in the field and win both honor and respect for both themselves and their coun-

There have been any number of instances during the voyage of this

ENTHUSIASM OF THE MEN. For instance, an order was issued the other day calling upon all men in the ranks who were tradesmen, that is tailors, blacksmiths, carpenter. etc., to report to the sergeants of their companies. At first this order was almost disregarded, and only a few men reported as ordered. Captains Weeks who is in command of the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island company, was personally aware that there vere several men in his company who were tradesmen, and who had not obeyed the order to report. He taxed the men he knew about the matter. He was very promptly told by the men that they had enlisted to fight, and not to work at their trades. Extra pay and a soft snap so far as drill as concerned, was not what they

looking for. They absolutely rework at their trades, either board ship or in camp, unless he we them his word that they would be taken off the drilling and fight-

strength of the regiment. No would induce them to age this decision. This was reported to Colonel Otter, and the result was that the men got the assurance be done they would be in it. They then turned in willingly and worked at their trades. This is but one of many instances of the enthusiasm and officer of the Royal Scots and an ex- N. S.

Without going into anything like full details of

THE DAILY ROUTINE and regimental orders issued since leaving Quebec, the following standing order of routine will give some idea of eaving Quebec, the following standing ander of routine will give some idea of the time of the men is employed:

Revellle sounds at six o'clock every affected with this distressing disease, procure The first breakfast bugle at a quar- before the damp weather sets in.

The second breakfast bell at seven

Morning parade at ten o'clock. First dinner bugle at a quarter to

Second dinner bugle at one o'clock. Afternoon parade at half-past two. First tea parade at a quarter past

Seomd tea bugle at half-past five. Retreat at sundown.

First post at half-past nine o'clock. Second post at ten o'clock.

Lights out at a quarter past ten. In addition to this, each company is divided into three watches of one subeltern and forty-one men each. These watches come on duty in their regular order at eight o'clock in the morning and remain on duty until eight clock in the evening. Then they are relieved by the night watch, which remains on duty until eight o'clock in the morning. In addition to doing watch duty, they have to be ready at any time to do various kinds of work, such as scrubbing the decks. MESSAGE FROM GENERAL HUT-

After the ship had sailed from Que-Dec, Colonel Otter had the following sage from Major-General Hutton: QUEBEC, October 30th, 1899. Colonel Otter, Commanding Royal Canadian Regiment, Steamship

Sardinian: I am directed by his excellency the governor-general to convey to your command and to yourself his sincere congratulations and pleasure upon your very soldierly embarkation this day. His excellency desires to wish all ranks bon voyage, and upon arrival success and honor in the campaign.

(Signed) GENERAL HUTTON. PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS. During the voyage thus far the foiowing provisional appointments have made by the commanding officer: To be paymaster provisionally, Cap-tain Todd of the Royal Dublin Fusi-

W. Greenshaw of "H" company. To be troop deck sergeants, Corporal dams of "E" company, Private Johnston and Corporal Lamothe of "C" COMMONNY.

To be acting corporal, Private P. C. Craft, while acting as medical orderly. Ward orderlies, Privates Aikens, Habcock, Bissette, Utton, Peterson and Peppiott of "F" company; Privates Sheldon, Pringle, Leslie and Hessien of "G" company; Private Ironsides.

To be orderly room clerk, Private Medhurst. In charge of the pioneer corps, Private V. E. Label of "A" com-

To be lance corporals, Privates R. W. Hoskin and A. Ramsay of "C" company; Privates Wheatley, Dixon, Polkingham, J. Desjardins, L. Vallee, E. Gratton and Warren of "E" company: Privates Norman, Wallace, Morrison, Russell, Withers, Aikens, Globe. Ward, Stewart, Dillon and O'Reilly of "C" and "G" companies; Privates E. Hodgins and J. Johnston of "C" company, while acting as troop deck ser-

Captain Todd of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers to be acting ship's quartermaster, with responsibility for the cleanliness of the ship. Sergeant-Major D. Borland is grant-

ed warrant rank from the 19th of May As might be expected, a regiment, brought into being under the circumstances of this one, is very much different from the average British regiment in its composition. The rank and file of the Canadian contingent are in no sense of the word of the regular "Tommy Atkins" type. Instead there are among the privates young fellows in almost every station in life, and not a few interesting circumstances have come to my notice in that connection since we left Quebec. Side by side with the men who have earned their bread by the sweat of their brows are young fellows who have been reared in the lap of luxury, and yet they occupy the same the same heavy menial work which falls to the lot of soldiers in the ranks. And vet there is no complaining. For instance, on the upper deck the other day, I noticed a detail scrubbing down the decks. In their bare feet, with

and armed with scrub brushes, they were SCRUBBING AWAY FOR DEAR

their trousers rolled up to their knees.

LIFE The detail was from the Montreal and St. John Malloch, a son of Dr. Malloch Quebec companies, and among them I of Ottawa; W. J. Ritchie, son of the noticed Percy Rae, a son of the late Jackson Rae, of Montreal, and a large shareholder in the Allan's company, a young Englishman from Bowman. and who probably has an interest in the ship, the dirty decks of which he was scrubbing down like an ordinary seaman. A little further on, in the same detail, I came across G. Wolferstan Thomas, son of F. Wolferstan Thomas, general manager of the Mol-son's Bank, Montreal. Another was Norman Barclay, the captain of the Montreal football team, and a son of the Rev. Dr. Barclay, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian church. It is the same enthusiasm which induced young fellows like these to leave their comfortable homes and to endure the discomforts and hard uncongenial work incident to the life of the common soldier that has made the Royal Canadian regiment one of the brightest and most promising regiments that was ever enrolled.

IN THE MONTREAL AND QUEBEC

COMPANIES there are quite a number of young

## Catarrh Cured Best Now.

Catarrhozone a Guaranteed Cure.

a Catarrhozone outfit, and cure your Catarrh

Catarrhozone-ozonated air cure-is guaranteed cure for Catarrh, Bronch Call for guard mounting at nine at no. No danger or risk; cures these diseases through the air you breathe, impregnate o'clock.

Orderly room enquiries at half-past nated by nature's own antiseptic. Catarrhone o'clock. diseases, bringing such relief to the sufferer as can be obtained in no other way.

For the first time in the history of medi-

cine, a remedy and treatment for the cure of these diseases, endorsed by the medical profession, has been given to the public. Hundreds of patent medicines have been advertised by the medicines have been advertised, but never before has the legit-imate physician in good standing sanctioned and recommended the use of any remedy for these diseases

Catarrhozone treatment is universally a Catarrhozone treatment is universally acknowledged to be the only one by which the diseased parts of the head, throat and lungs can be reached, and it never fails to effect a a permanent and lasting cure.

Catarrhozone outfit, consisting of a beautifully polished rubber inhaler, one end being adapted to nasal inhalation, the other for inhalation by the month dropper, and Catarrhozone.

halation by the mouth, dropper, and Catarrhozone sufficient for six weeks' use. Price \$1.00 at all druggists, or direct by mail.
Send 10c. in stamps for trial outfit to N. C.
Polson & Co., Mfg. Chemists, Box
Kingston, Ont.

officer in the Scottish Rifles; Arthur G. Price, a nephew of the late Senator Price of Quebec; J. O'Meara, who resigned his commission as lieutenant in the Eighth Royals to enlist; Charles Mitchell, a son of the well known broker on the Montreal corn exchange; A. J. Turner, a son of Hon. Richard Turner of Quebec; A. Molyeaux, a son of Colonel Molyneaux. the late commanding officer of the Tenth Hussars, who was himself for several years a subaltern in the same orps and of the same company of which the Duke of Clarence was captan G. A. Barry, son of G. Barry, leather merchant of Montreal; Frank as a sprinter, and a prominent mem-ber of the Montreal Amateur Athletic association; J. Wylle, late gymnastic nstructor for the Montreal Amateur Athletic association; Sidney F. Arnton, son of the late W. H. Arnton of real company there are some sixty or

THE ROYAL SCOTS, the largest number of any one corps with the contingent. The same is the case with the other companies. In that from Toronto there are some thirty officers and men from the Queen's Own Rides and some thirteen men and on-commissioned officers from the permanent corps, together with several students and graduates of the Reyal Military College, Kingston. of "G" company; Private Ironsides.

Among the privates are Gordon McGee, who is a well known young man about.

The erection of a fine commodious and a second year man at the Royal Military College; J. Ramsay, an ex-captain of the Forty-eighth Highlanders: D. Christie, a young English militia officer, who has been in Canada for some time; J. Rorks, an ex-subaltern in the 31st Battalion; J. Finley, son of Rev. A. Finley of Barrie, Ont.; Norman Hendry, son of Wilham Hendry of Hamilton; J. Hector, a barrister of Toronto; L. McGivern, well known in athletic circles in Hamliten; A. Machin, son of C. J. Machin of Aurora; M. Stewart of Toronto, who was for a number of years a member of the Northwest Mounted Police force; N. Wilson, a young Canadian who was with the United States troops in Cuba; lace of Woodbridge, Ont., who resigned a captaincy in the 36th Battalion to enlist; H. C. Small, son of Dr. John Small of Toronto; A. M. Ross, who resigned his commission as captain in the 31st Battalion to come with the

> In the Ottawa and Kingston company there are some twenty of the GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S FOOT-

GUARDS, thirty-five of the Forty-third Battalion and several from the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards and the Field Battery. Among those in the ranks are Henry Cotton, a son of Lt.-Col. Henry Cotton, assistant adjutant-general of the of the 11th Hussars, and a graduate of the Royal Military College, Kingston; cloak room to the cellar of the superior A. G. Gilmour, son of John Gilmour, lumber merchant, of Ottawa: G. R. D. Lyon, a young man who was last year presented with a special medal by the Royal Humane Society for saving a number of people from drowning in the Rideau River; Zach Lewis, a tario; G. T. Lamothe, the well known left up. swordsman, of Ottawa; E. T. Morgans, son of John Morgans, the champion swordsman of Canada; A. J. Mathews, a son of A. J. Mathews, a large pork packer of Ottawa; Cameron McCulloch, son of George McCulloch, and a well known society man of the capital; E. late Sir William Ritchie, chief justice of the supreme court; Robert Southy, ville, son of Colonel Southy, in the Imperial service.

IN THE HALIFAX COMPANY there are in the ranks William Oxley, son of Lieut.-Col. Oxley of the 93rd Battalion. Oxford, N. S., who resigned a captaincy in that regiment to enlist; William Ferguson, a subaltern in the 93rd Battalion; Gerald Ward, a captain in the 68th Battalion of Kentville, N. S.; Charles Bingay, an officer in the Yarmouth, N. S., artillery; Norman Murray, son of Rev. Robert Murray of Halifax, editor of the Preshy. terian Witness; Ralph Keefler, a barrister of Bridgewater, N. S.; Campbell Macdonald, a graduate of Dalhousie University: J. D. Eustis of Halifax. son of Colonel Eustis, an officer in the Imperial service; J. Maclean, son of the cheriff of Shelbourne county, N. S.; W. Irving, on of the registrar of probates for the county of Shelbourne, N. S.; Danvers Osborne, a cable operator fellows in the ranks whose names are in the employ of the Commercial Cable well known. For instance, there are Company at Sydney, N. S.; Stanley Captain F. G. Gardner, an attached Plair, son of Lt.-Col. Blair of Amherst,

Kings County Let in for Heavy Scott Act Expenses.

Judge Wedderburn's Memorial Gift to the Foresters' Court—Orange Lodge Officers Installed by Philip Palmer, P. M.-It Pays to Advertise in the Sun.

HAMPTON, Kings Co., Dec. 7.-The station Baptist church pulpit on Sun-day last was occupied by Rev. Frederick Snell, who for the past two years has been pastor of the church at Havelock. There is some talk of giving him a call to the church here, but es there are four outstations, the adfied, the question of a successor to Rev. Mr. Wetmore may not be immediately settled.

discharging Peter Doherty, who was held under conviction for violation of the Scott act, will put the municipal council in for pretty heavy expenses, something like three hundred dollars it is said. Before the service of the writ which placed the offender in Hampton jail there was a rumor that Doherty was willing to pay all law expenses entailed up to that time and to eave the country. If such an offer was made its acceptance would have left the county funds in a better condition than they are now likely to be and the objects of the law, which pre sumably are preventive and remedial rather than primitive would have been answered by the suppression of the business. This at least is the way in which some of the councillors are likely to view the matter.

Judge Wedderburn, in memory of his deceased son Edward, who at the time of his death a few years ago was filling a high position in the court of Foresters, has placed a life sized portrait of Dr. Oronohyteka, the supreme rarger, on the walls of the court room here, with a neat memorial card attached stating the object of the gift. It is a most decided embellishment to the room, and is highly appreciated by the local members of the lodge.

The annual meeting of L. O. L. No Irvine, well known in athletic circles 52 was held on Tuesday evening, 5th inst., when the following officers were elected for the ensuing year and duly er: W. H. Robertson, W. M.; James Merlin, D. M.: Alfred Kilpatrick, chaplain; P. Palmer, P. M., rec. sec.; Geo Montreal. In the ranks of the Mont- H. Barnes, P.M., fin. sec.; James Berry, treas.; Charles Robertson, D. of C.; Robert Beechim, lecturer; John W. Carson, F. of com.; Major Boulter, 2nd com.; Heary E. Frost, 3rd com; Arthur Crandall, 4th com.; Wm. Mitchell, 5th cem.; Andrew Dempster, I. T.; hall and building committee, P. Palmer, Geo. H. Barnes, James Berry, Henry C. Frost, W. H. Robertson. This lodge has now closed its fifth year of operation, having been organized in 1895, during which time it has advanced to a highly creditable position in the so-

fifteen months, at midway between the village and station, and which is used for religious as well as society puras enterprising undertaking, and gave an impetus to the order which will be felt during the coming year, upon which it enters with good prospects and the good will and best wishes the whole community. The following cases were before Judge Gilbert in the probate court to

day : W. H. Trueman, proctor, read the petition of Margaret Ann Stephenson executrix under the will of the late Charles Stephenson of Rothesay, pray T. Wallace, son of Hon. N. Clarke Wal- ing for letters testamentary. He also read the renunciation of John Stephenson, which was ordered to be filed The value of the estate as sworn to is \$1,200 real and \$300 personal. dered that letters issue as prayed for In the matter of the estate of the late Eleanor A. White of Sussex, Amon A. Wilson, proctor, read the petition of Gilbert J. Coulter White praying for letters of administration also submitted the bond of G. J. C. White, J. McCul. Hack, B. A. Stam ers and A. A. winon, which was ordered to be used rid letters granted. The estate is bus... to as \$4,990 per-

This morning at the opening school, Miss Eva Duke, daughter of militia department; B. Carruthers, late Rev. Mr. Duke, stepped through the open hatch leading from the girls' school building, which had inadvertently been left open, and sustained bruises and other injuries which called for her immediate removal to her home. As Miss Duke had just entered the semi-dark cloak room from the bright sunlight out of doors, she nephew of Archbishop Lewis of On- did not notice that the hatch had been

As an illustration of the value of the Daily Sun as an advertising medium it may be noted that an item in its columns some weeks ago referring to the resignation of Mr. Hubley, principal of the superior school, still bringing applications for the position to the trustees, although place has been filled for the past three

TELEPHONE EXTENSION. The Pennfield and St. George Tele hone company held their first meeting at Beaver Harbor on the 7th inst. the president, S. L. Dakin, in the chair. The company, which was only incorporated last October, has already constructed lines connecting St. George with Black's Harbor, Pennfield and Pennfield Centre. It was decided to build the line to Pennfield station this fall, and the extension of the line to Lepreaux and Bay Bay in the spring practically decided upon. lines already in use are working admirably and are filling a long felt want in that section of the province.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound 18 successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies, Safe, effectual. Ladies asia your druggist for Ceek's Cetten Reet Cempound. Take no other as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 21 per box, No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 25 per box. No. 1 or 1, mailed en receipt c. price and two 3-cent stamps. The Ceek Company Windsor, Ont. 127 Nos. 1 and 2 soid and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada. No. 1 and No. 2 sold in St. John by all Vholesale and Retail Druggists.

HAMPTON.

ANVIL CITY.

Former St. John Man Tells of His Part in the Founding of this New Town.

George O. Dunphy, at one time doing ousiness in this city, but at present one of the heads of a mercantile tablishment in Anvil City, Alaska, is in the city in the interests of the South-Western Mining and Reduction

In conversation with a Sun man ver terday, Mr. Dunphy said that he left Seattle on the 22nd of June, 1898, for the Alaska gold fields. When he got as far as St. Michaels the company with which he was employed broke up, and Mr. Dunphy was left without any resources and in a strange land. He hired with a man of St. Michaels to cut cordwood at \$10 per cord. was also taken down the Yukon river to Rampart City, in the Manook district. Here Mr. Dunphy met his future partner. J. F. Kerney, and the two men joined strength and built for themselves a shanty 14 x 16, which

they made their headquarters. Their first trip down river prospect ing was not very much of a success The boatman miscalculated the distance, and for three days of the return journey the party lived on one box of sardines. The second trip was nearly as bad. The party started for Garnett Creek, where they staked out claims. On the return journey they were lost in the mountains for several days, but this time the provisions held

Late in the winter Mr. Dunphy and his partner drove with dog teams 400 miles to the Koyukuk mining district on the river of the same name. Provisions again ran out and the two men were forced to kill and eat the dogs which drew their sleds. Dog meat, Chinese taste to the contrary, does not make a very pleasant diet. However, this time it saved the lives of the two men, and they got back to Rampart

There being very little gold to be obtained at Rampart, Mr. Dunphy and his partner travelled by dog teams to Cape Nome, a distance of about 700 miles, reaching there in July, 1899.
About 75 people at that time formed the nucleus of the present Anvil City, with its 5,000 people. Messrs. Dunphy and Kerney built a store in which they carried on a general mercantile business, besides staking out several claims which panned out very suc-

Anvil City is a growing little place with one newspaper, a church and a hospital. Prices of all kinds of goods rule high. Cigars go at 50 cents a piece, whiskey and beer at 50 cents a drink, coal \$125 a ton, lumber at \$250 a thousand, and other things in proportion. With whiskey and beer at 50 cents a drink, twenty saloons do a mishing husiness

On the 19th of August, Mr. Dunphy left Anvil City in order to obtain supplies for his establishment and to dis-pose of some of his mining shares. The latter he sold to the company which he is representing here. He intends himself to return to his new home in the near future.

ANOTHER DRY GOODS ADVANCE.

The Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Co. have issued another advanced price list, dated Dec. 6th, containing increased prices on every line manufactured by them, including awning stripes, cottonades, tickings, checked shirtings, galateas, Oxford shirtings, skirtings, flannelettes, ginghams, apron ginghams, nap sheetings, denims, saxonys, shakers, blankets.

The advances that have taken place since Sept. 1st vary considerably according to the class of goods. In awnings it is 11-2c. to 21-2c.; cottonades. 1c. to 3c.; tickings, 11-2c. to 13-4c.; shirtings, 1-2c. to 11-2c.; galateas, 1-2c. to 11-2c.; Oxfords, 1-4c. to 1-2c.; skirtirgs, 11-2c; flannelettes, 1-2c. to 11-2c.; ginghams, 1-2c.; apron ginghams, 1-4c. to 1-2c.; nap sheetings, 31-2c.; denims 1-2c. to 23-4c.; saxonys, 1-2c.; shakers 1-2c. to 3-4c. per yard; cotton blankets, 25 to 50 per cent.

The Sun is informed that the prices now asked by the St. John wholesald jobbers for these goods are considerably less than, in most cases, the mills are now asking for the same goods.

## TWENTIETH CENTURY FUND.

TORONTO, Dec. 8.-Rev. Dr. Potts nnounced tonight that the Methodis century fund had crossed the half million mark and now stands \$508,856.

A GOOD RUN.

BOSTON, Dec. 8.-In what was re garded as a race last night, between the Dominion Atlantic flyer Prince Arthur, and the International liner St Croix, from St. John to Boston, Dominion boat scored a beat. The Prince Arthur left her dock in St John at sharp five o'clock yesterday afternoon, the St. Croix swinging ou into the stream at 5.10. The Prince Arthur arrived at her dock in Boston at 11 o'clock. The St. Croix arrived and was docked at 2.30 this afternoon

THE OPEN DOOR.

LONDON, Dec. 9.-The Berlin con espondent of the Standard says: "All the powers concerned have favorably received the proposal of the United States regarding the maintenance of the "open door" in China, each offering to sign the desired assurance if the others will do so."

THE CROWN AND WAR. The Power of Royalty and of Parliament in Relation to a Declaration.
(London Law Times.)

Some misapprehension seems to have arisen, in connection with the critical state of the relations subsisting between this country and a certain South African government, as to the powers of the crown to direct questions in dispute to be left to the stern arbitrament of war. It appears to be thought in some quarters that parliamentary sanction is necessary before war can be declared; a glance at the leading authorities on the constitutional history of Great Britain shows that such an idea is altogether inac-

Today the crown is able on the advice of its ministers to make war or peace. This powers is, speaking relatively, a plant of fairly modern In the Anglo-Saxon times, when society was based on more elementary and simple conceptions, the question of war was a matter for the people to decide, and without their assent no national struggle could be in-augurated. In Norman times this sysseems difficult to follow, but there can be traced the foundations of the royal throne, the king reserved the ques-tions of war and peace for his own decision, feeling, doubtless, that his grasp of military and foreign relations was far more reliable than that possessed by the persons who purported to advise him. In 1806, however, the prerogative was to some extent challenged by Lord Grenville, and the result seems to have been to increase the popular control over the army, though Lord Granville undertook that any changes proposed should be effeeted subject to the royal approba-

At the present time, as we have said, the Queen can declare war or peace, but practically there is considerable popular control over the prerogative, inasmuch as the house of commons can deny supplies or hamper the royal action by passing resolutions condemning the policy in dispute. At the same time a strong ruler or 'a strong ministry can treat with scant courtesy some merely manufactured opposition. Thus in 1857, Lord Pala resolution disapproving the with China, with a result favorable to his views; on the other hand, the war against the American colonies was stopped by the pressure of parliament-

ary opinion It appears, therefore, that a genuine popular disapproval of war will overbalance the royal prerogative, while fanatical or petty provincial opposi-tion can be easily surmounted.

WALLACE ROSS'S DEATH. L. R. Ross on Thursday received a letter from Capt. Paul Boynton, partner of Wallace Ross. The latter gave particulars of the death of the famous oarsman in London, G. B. It appears that Mr. Ross was returning to home after a performance on Friday evening, November 24, when he was stricken with paralysis. The attack ing his left side. He was taken at once to Charing Cross Hospital and the doctors there held out every hope of his recovery, as he seemed to be progressing favorably, but on Sunday morning at 9 o'clock he died quite suddenly. Mr. Ross was conscious to the last. He was buried in Fulham cemetery. The funeral was attended by a large number of his English friends and was a very impressive ceremony.

Take Laxuive Bromo Quining Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. E. W. Grove's signature to one each box.

A HEARTLESS SET OF OFFICIALS.

A Mrs. Julias Leary, the mother of twosons who are fighting in an Irish regiment
in the Transvaal, appeared before the Traiee board of guardians to claim aid for herself and her blind and helpless husband.
The Tralee guardians heckled the poor women as to the whereabouts of her sons, and
finally cut her off with an allowance of one
shilling a week. "We would give her
more," said Guardian Slattery, "only she is
against the Boers." The case attracted attention, and the old lady is getting numerous subscriptions from other parts of Ireland and England which promise to make
her pretty well-to-do.



EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavour, Superior Quality, and highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grate-ful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptie Sold only in 1.4 lb. tins. labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homeopat-hie Chemists. Linuon, Eng.

BREAKFAST EPPS'S COCOA

