WELL SUN STRICKLY SERVED AND THE TOP TO THE

all those two separate lots of land ises, situate and being in Welling-i, in the City of Saint John, and as follows, namely: Beginning on rn side line of Garden Street, at a by deed dated the fifteenth day
D. 1889, and registered in Lib singular the buildings, fences, and ments thereon, and the rights and ances to the said lands or premises ng or appertaining. erms of sale and other particulars the Plaintiff's Solicitor or the under-

HANINGTON, E. H. McALPINE, iff's Solicitor. Refere

this fifth day of December, A. D.

UITY SALE.

will be sold at Public Auction 's Corner (so called), in the City of John, in the City and County of John, in the Province of New Brunson SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of on SATURDAY, the sixteenth day of lary next, at the hour of Twelve k noon, pursuant to the directions of ecretal Order of the Supreme Court in y, made on Friday, the thirtieth day pvember, A. D. 1894, in a cause therein ng, wherein Sarah Nicholson, Murray aren and Joseph R. Stone, Trustees of ast Will and Testament of John W. ast Will and Testament or John W.
Jison, deceased, are plaintiffs, and
las Kyffin and Mary Jane Kyffin, his
Margaret Kyffin, widow of George
n, deceased; Thomas Kyffin, John
n, Charles Kyffin and George Kyffin, Thomas Kyffin, guardian of Charles n and George Kyffin, infants, are de-ints, with the approbation of the rsigned Referee in Equity, duly ap-ted in and for the said City and County aint John, the mortgaged premises libed in the said Decretal Order as:

that certain lot, piece or parcel of situate, lying and being in the parish ortland (now city of Saint John), and ded as follows: That is to say, Beginaded as follows: That is to say, Begin-at the southeast corner of the house the said lot formerly occupied by the William McDermott, deceased, front-on Portland street (so called); thence ning northerly along the eastern side of said house to the northeast corner of same; thence north nine degrees, east hundred feet, more or less; thence heighty-seven degrees, west twenty; thence south nine degrees, west to prolongation of the northern side line aid house; and thence southerly by the heast corner of the old McMakin house Divine house), to the main or Port-istreet aforesaid; and thence easterly the northern line of said street twenty to the place of beginning, together the said dwelling house and all other ses, buildings, erections and improveses, buildings, erections and all other ses, buildings, erections and improve-tis thereon standing and being, w iso, all that certain lot, piece or parcel land, situate, lying and being in the parish of Portland (now city of Saint n), on the north side of Portland street, the Mill Bridge, for called the n), on the north side of Portland street, rite Mill Bridge (so called), the house on the said lot being known as the old-fakin house, and the said lot being and the said lot being and dad and described as follows: Having out of forty feet on the said street, and miding back in a northerly direction one dred feet, more or less, losing in width a said distance of one hundred feet, six less, making the said lot thirty-nine feet inches in width in the rear, the said lot go bounded on the west by a lot or see of land heretofore sold by the said a trustees to one John Haggerty, and the east by a lot or piece of land also ley the then trustees to one William Dermott, together with a right of way the western side of the said lot herefore described, six feet three inches, thereabouts, on Portland street afored, and extending northerly from the street, preserving the same width the freet, or thereabouts, the said right way to be held and enjoyed in common the proprietors of the adjoining lot. so all that certain lot, piece of parcel of d, situate, lying and being in the said ish of Portland (now city of St. John), I bounded and described as follows, that to say: Beginning upon the northern line Portland street (so called), at the souththe occupation of John Dalton: thence st angle of the dwelling house forme the occupation of John Dalton; the the occupation of John Dalton; thence unning easterly along the said line of the sid street, south eighty-three degrees, ast thirty-six feet, or until it comes to a ne two feet eleven inches west from the est line of the house there (called Cars ouse); thence on a line parallel to the bid west end of the said house, north four egrees, east one hundred and ten feet to northeast angle of the fence there; hence north eighty-two degrees, west hirty-six feet to the east line of the said hould be said hould be said though the said six of the said hould be said the said ohn Dalton's lot; and thence along the did line, south four degrees, west one undred and ten feet, more or less, to the acc of beginning.

undred and ten feet, more or less, to the lace of beginning.
Also, all that tract, piece or parcel of land tuate and being in the parish of Lancaser, in the county of Saint John, any ounded as follows: Commencing at a narked fir tree standing on the southwest ngle of lot number six, located to C. licholis; thence running by the magnet rest seventy-six chains of four poles each nd sixty-seven links to a marked spruce take standing on the eastern side of a eserved road; thence north five degrees, yest thirty-nine chains and twelve links to notner marked spruce stake; thence east eventy-six chains and sixty-seven links to a marked fir tree; and thence south five legrees, east thirty-nine chains and twelve links to the place of beginning, containing hree hundred acres, more or less, the same having been granted to the crown to one John McNamara, by grant dated the lirst day of March A. D. 1835. Together with all and singular the buildings, fences and improvements thereon, and the rights and id improvements thereon, and the appurtenances to the said lands and appurtenances to the said lands and nises belonging or appertaining, and reversion and reversions, remainder remainders, rents, issues and profits eof, and all the estate title, dower, to of dower, property, claim and

CLARENCE H. FERGUSON,

GEORGE STEWART,

OTTAWA.

Ottawa, Jan. 16.—At the last session of parliament an act was passed providing for an election or appointment of a deputy speaker of the senate in the absence through illness or otherwise of the speaker. A measure was introduced the year before and was strongly opposed by Senator Gowan and other gentlemen on the ground of unconstitutionality. It was held that in the passing of such a bill par-liament wo 'd be exceeding the bounds of its assigned jurisdiction under the British North America act, inasmuch as the proposed act would change the terms and conditions of sections provided for in the constitution of the enate as part of the machinery of legislation; that in fact it would be an amendment of the imperial statutes. The necessity for providing a means by which a speaker could be relieved from duty at times has forced itself in the senate, and last session the measure was passed with a proviso to meet the objections of Senator Gow-an and others, that before taking effect it should be submitted to the imperial law officers for an opinion as to its constitutionality. A despatch has been received from the colonial office stating that the law officers consider the measure quite within the juris-diction of the government of Canada, but in view of the strong opinions but in view of the strong opinions whole thing appears to be a myth. advanced by some senators it may be Nothing is known at the war office in well for the imperial parliament to pass a declaratory act, and this will loubtless be done at the coming ses-

Sir Mackenzie Bowell took a short drive today and in the afternoon attended a meeting of the cabinet. Your ed without the payment of duty. The correspondent saw the premier for a few minutes after the council. Sir is looking in splendid health and says that he feels remarkably well. At times his cough troubles him, but is gradually leaving him. It is expected that in a few days the duty on boom sticks will be removed, assurances having been received from Washington that the United States is reciprocating.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.—The total exports for the fiscal year ending 30th of June last amounted to \$117,524,949, of which \$104,161,770 was the produce of Canada. The total imports for the same period amounted to \$123,474,940. The total imports for consumption were valued at \$113,093,983. The total customs duty collected during the twelve months amounted to \$19,379,822.

Premier Bowell was at his office for considerable period today. His health is gradually improving.

The high commissioner has informed the interior department that W. Weeks, one of the British tenant farmers who visited Canada in 1893, can send out to Canada some strong ablebodied young men who are willing to act as farm laborers for one year for their board only, provided suitable places can be obtained for them. Mr. Weeks has already sent out between forty and fifty of this class of immi-

Ottawa, Jan. 18.—The cabinet held a two hours' session today, lasting from 11 until 1 o'clock. Because the minis-ters met early everybody supposed something important was in the wind, but it was not in the direction of the present trend of the public mind, that is, a session or dissolution. The French treaty having been adopted by the parliament of France, there are certain questions to be disposed of before ratification can be exchanged, and it was the consideration of these points the privy council. The question of to St. John, it would pay shippers to convening parliament together has not use St. John instead of Halifax.

yet been under discussion in council. The trade returns for the six months ending 31st December give the following comparative results: Exports were valued at \$92,599,132, a decrease of \$4,905,258 as compared with the corres ponding period of last year. The imports decreased \$6,321,667, the total value being \$54,572,395. The duty collected amounted to \$8,701,038 as against \$10,198,562. December shows a greater falling off in exports than any month for some time past, the decrease being two and a half millions. On the other hand, the imports are increased about

Hon. Mr. Foster, as treasurer of the Sir John Thompson memorial fund, is desirous of closing the subscription lists to the fund as soon as possible, in order that the money may be in vested by the trustees for the benefit of the family. He is desirous, therefore, that all persons intending to subscribe should send in their subscriptions by the 31st January. Up to date the sum of \$15,000 has been paid in, although the amount will doubtless be largely swollen by money which has yet to come into the treasurer's hands, or which has yet to be sub-

It is currently reported that the governor general has, in lieu of a subon to the Lady Thompson memorial fund, offered to defray the cost of supporting and educating the late premier's two sons, who are now studying law in Toronto, until such time as they become barristers and able to follow their profesison.

Sittings of the exchequer court will be held at St. John on Monday, June 3rd, and at Halifax on Tuesday, June

Ottawa, Jan. 20 .- The black plague in Hong Kong and the war between China and Japan have contributed in a large measure to the falling off in Chinese immigration to Canada during the past year. For instance last month only ninety-five Chinese paid the poll tax at Canadian ports, as against 152 in December, 1893.

The clerk of the crown in chancery still continues to receive lists of voters finally revised. Among those which have come in during the past wee were the lists for Colchester, N. S., and East Prince, P. E. I.

The remains of the late Senator Joseph Tasse were conveyed to their last resting place yesterday from the residence of his father-in-law. J. P. Lecourt. The funeral was very largely attended by the leading citizens of Ottawa. The pall-bearers were Sir A. P. Caron, Hon. J. A. Ouimet, Hon. A. R. Angers, Sir James Grant, M. P., H. Robillard, M. P., and A. D. Decelles, librarian of parliament.

ings banks during December exceeded the withdrawals by \$85,000.

It is in contemplation to publish an other daily paper here, and applica-tion is made for incorporation by letters patent of the News Printing and Publishing Co. of Ottawa, limited. The capital stock is placed at \$25,000.

The reported views of Premier Bow-ell on the question of the union of Newfoundland and Canada are quite erroneous. While the premier is a strong believer in rounding off the dominion by bringing the ancient colony into the confederation, yet he considers the present a very inopportune time to resume negotiations. He thinks Newfoundland should settle her internal affairs before asking Canada

to assume heavy obligations.
Ottawa, Jan. 22.—Some time ago paragraph, which originally appeared in the London Canadian Gazette, and was therefore thought to have some authority, went the rounds stating that the British government had or-dered a large consignment of compressed fodder from the United States for the feeding of the army horses, the said fodder consisting of crushed oats, maize and chopped hay, the question being asked: "What has Canada been doing on the subject?" In the circumstances of this specific state ment an enquiry was made through the high commissioner's office, with the object of obtaining some information, if possible, regarding this alleged large consignment of compresed fod-der bricks, with the result that the London of any orders having been given for a consignment of compressed fodder from the United States.

The government has decided that the Manitoba wheat now in the elevators at Buffalo cannot be reimportprice of Manitoba wheat in Canada is higher than in the United States, and several Toronto grain handlers are anxious to bring many thousands of bushels back to the dominion. Tohave granted the request would have been to allow coasting in Canadian waters by American vessels, and moreover no means of identification of this wheat is available.

The Ottawa winter carnival was opened today by Sir James Grant. The weather was very unfavorable, rain falling all afternoon rendering the platforms and roadways one vast sheet of ice. Messrs. Grant, Caron, Haggart and Mayor Bothwick delivered addresses, and the ice castle was then formally opened. The decorations on the principal streets were elaborate, and at night presented a brilliant spec-tacle, electricity being utilized in a hundred different ways.

Annapolis, Jan. 19.—Business looks quite brisk at the Torbrook iron mines. On Wednesday a new air compressor was put in, to be used for driving six machine drills. Three drills have just been added. Seventy men are employed at the mines.

N. F. Marshall, one of Middleton's foremost citizens, has left for Chicago, where he will, for a time at least, reside. Mr. Marshall has always been a prominent worker in the conservative ranks, and was offered the las

nomination for the local house. Apple buyers have been nearly as plenty as apples during the week. Those who held their winter apples are now realizing good prices from shippers. A short time ago Frank R. Troop, sent about 300 barrels of apples to St. John, thence by Boston City for London. It is customary to send apples to Halifax and ship from which occupied the whole attention of that port, but Mr. Troop says, as the the ministers at today's meeting of rates are a good deal less by sending

> R. G. E. Lukie, manager of the Torbrook mines, says the outlook for coal at Grand Lake, N. B., is exceptionally good. He intends to push the mine for all it is worth, as he considers it will be a paying investment. Commercial men will be sorry hear that "Thad" Messinger, the well known traveller, is very sick at the home of his brother, near Kingston,

and there is but small chance of his recovery. George McLaughlin, dry goods merchant, of Annapolis, will open on Tuesday at Middleton a branch of his siness. His son, W. W. McLaugh-

lin, will take charge. Notwithstanding the general busi ness depression, the Buckler Brick Co. (Ltd.) have done a good business during the year. Their expenses have been great during the year ,as they were compelled to buy a new engine and also build a wharf.

Edward Butler, a young colored man, who was arrested for breaking into Lawrence Delop's store at Lower Granville, has been pronounced in sane by the doctors. His father says that the son has, at times, acted very violent, once threatening to stab him. He will be taken to the asylum a

the first of the week. A very quiet wedding took place a the residence of Mrs. Israel Balcom, Clementsport, on Wednesday, when her daughter, Kizboro F. Potter, was married to Howard E.Pierce of Greenwood, Kings Co.

A dancing class that promises well patronized has been started at Annapolis, Middleton and Bridgetown by Miss M. Webster of Kent

There is no customs house between Annapolis and Berwick and the pe ple of Middleton are agitating for one in their town Times are lively at Bear River.

Country trade is good and the farners from surrounding country have taken advantage of good sleighing and are busily engaged hauling lum-ber and produce. Clarke Bros. are getting out from 30,000 to 40,000 feet of lumber each day at their mills at Lake Wallace.

KILLED BY COUGH MEDICINE

Nashua, N. H., Jan. 21.-Rev. R. A Beard, of the Pilgrim church, created sensation here yesterday by show ing his congregation two sample bottles of a cough remedy, and stated that the death of A. McBride was caused by it. He warned his hearers against it. It had been distributed by a Boston firm. City Physician Hammond will prepare a legislative mea-sure to prevent the peddling of patent

TELEGRAPHIC.

ONTARIO.

Toronto, Jan. 15.-Hon. Messrs. Haggart, Ives, Tupper and Montague will enter upon an Ontario campaign at nce. The first meeting will be held at Galt on January 28th. This will oe followed by one at St. Marys, 19th; Listowel, 30th; in South Essex, 31st: at Blenheim on February 1st and at Chatham on Saturday, February 2nd. As to the remainder of the meetings which were promised they will be held shortly after those named in the list already given.

A rise of insurance rates is now in order. The rates on retail stores will be raised slightly to conform with the tariffs in London. Hamilton and Ottawa. On wholesale stores and warehouses, not more than three stories in height, the rates will stand as they are. On those risks, however, the rates will, it is stated, be increased 10 cents per \$1 on a four story, 20 cents per \$1 on a five story, and 40 ents per \$1 on a six story building. To secure the most favorable rates. wholesalers will be required to insure up to 75 per cent. in value. Merchants carrying only small lines on their stock, on which, in case of fire, the loss would be nearly total, will be called on to pay increased rates.

Toronto, Jan. 20 .- The grand jury at the criminal assizes yesterday brought in a true bill in the case of Clara Ford, mulatto tailoress, charged with the murder of young Frank Westwood in October last.

QUEBEC.

Montreal, Jan. 17.—Senator Tasse, who died this morning, will be buried in Ottawa beside his son Saturday norning, but the libera will be sung here in St. James' church tomorrow afternoon. Hon. Joseph Royal, exlieutenant governor of the Northwest. will replace the hon. gentleman in the editorial chair of the La Minerve, and it is rumored that he may also succeed him in the senate. It is stated here today that Hon. Alphonse Nantel, the present minister of public works at Quebec, will soon be appointed sheriff of Montreal. Senator Thibeadeau, the present incumbent, who is president of the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway, is unable to perform

the triple duties. Montreal, Jan. 17.-All the missionaries in Japan who belong to the Canadian Methodist church have resigned. This statement was rumored in Montreal this morning, and is certified to by a prominent minister of that denomination. Dr. Ryckman was seen and said that while the facts were as above no statement could be made until the mission board meets next week in Toronto. With the report of the resignation came the rumor that dissatisfaction with the methods of

the mission board had been the cause Quebec, Jan. 18.—Hon. W. Laurier has informed the Gaspe liberals that they will have to look out for another standard-bearer, as he will not accept the nomination in that county. It is also said Charles N. Armstrong of the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway will oppose Fauvel, liberal M. P. for

Bonaventure.

Montreal, Jan. 18.—Your correspon lent has learned from Senator Thibadeau and C. N. Armstrong, who left London tonight, that English bankers have agreed to handle the oonds of the company here that will build the bridge over the St. Lawrence from Montreal to Longueuil.com necting with the Atlantic and Lake Superior railway. The structure will cost \$6,000,000, and the terminus in the centre of the city three millions more. Nicholas and Michael Connolly have signed a contract to build twenty miles of new road for the company to the deep water at Paspebiac, there to connect with a line of steamers to St.

Johns, Newfoundland. Montreal, Jan. 18 .- A couple of thou and unemployed again visited City hall today clamoring for work or bread. The city has no means to aid them, but the mayor promised to try and get the Canadian Pacific railway to start work on its new station. A subscription fund has been started by

The demonstration of the unemploy ed turned into a small riot at abou 1.30 p. m. The crowd had gradually grown so large that it obstructed th electric car tracks, and when ordered away by the police refused to move The police then charged on them, and a short and not very severe fight fol lowed, resulting in the dispersing of the crowd and the arrest of ten of the

MANITOBA. Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 21.-The Pa

trons of Industry in convention Brandon on a very close vote added prohibition to their platform A memorial was also passed recom back land grants from railway com panies, notably the companies northwestern Manitoba and northeastern Assiniboia, to set these land grants aside as a security for the guarantee of the bonds of the railways at 3 per cent interest for thirty years, and that the railway companies so aided be required to pay three per cent on their gross earnings into the treasury of the government and that the government take a first lein upon the railway companies so aided as further security on the condition that these railways be immediately pro-M. Scott van Koughnet of Toronte

who was visiting his sister, Mrs. Hugh John MacDonald, here, was taken with an apoleptic fit yesterday and is now in the hospital in a serious condition.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 19.-Advice received from the Squamish valley state that that district also suffered severely from the recent high tides. Water overflowed the dykes and floo gates, and also a portion of the dyke was carried away. Farms suffered onsiderable damage, but no stock wa

A. E. Planta. late police magistrat of Nanaimo, is missing, and he is be lieved to have gone across the lin A royal commission is now being held to inquire into the manner in which he conducted his court and disposed of his fines, and yesterday afternoon when he was wanted to explain certain matters it was noticed he had disappeared.He was also public adminstrator of the interstate estate,

and consequently there is a large amount of money in his hands, so that his absence is causing his friends much anxiety.

UNITED STATES.

New York, Jan. 20.-Mayor Strong's recent avowal that he is in favor of the opening of saloons in this city or Sunday called forth excitement in the press and resolutions from clergymen and others at a meeting held in Chickering hall tonight. The meeting was called by the American Temperance Union, and Joseph Bogardus, the president of the union, was in the chair. The Rev. C. Henry Meade denounced Mayor Strong. He said: "When the body of the saloon-keepers called upon Mayor Strong he patted them on the back and said: 'You frame a law that you want and I will do all I can for its passage.' The idea of saying such a thing to such a set of law-breakers. This reform mayor practically says he is in favor of breaking the Sabbath day.

Another speech of protest was that of J. A. B. Wilson, pastor of the Eighteenth street Methodist Episcopal church. "All of New York is on its knees to 2,500 liquor sellers, who are trying to secure more power. Before the election we prayed for the election of a reform mayor, and forty-four days later we rise en masse to protest against his action." Eastport, Me., Jan. 20.-The two-

year-old daughter of Loring Cross was burned to death Friday. Her clothing ignited from the stove. The body of Dr. Luther P. Babb. which certain papers erroneously

stated to have been cremated in Boston, was buried here yesterday. The women of this vicinity are pushing the fight for female suffrage. Several petitions, signed by nearly every woman and more than half the men in this locality, are on their way to the legislature.

Presque Isle, Me., Jan. 20.-A heater car loaded with one hundred barrels of potatos by Hiram Sawyer, took fire on the B. and A. side track today. potatoes are a total loss. car is badly damaged.

Portland, Me., Jan. 20.-Adjutant General Selden Connor is not expected to live through the night. His family have given up all hope of his recov-ery, and his death is only a question of time.

Fire in the tenement house of Peter

Daley on Mountfort street this after-noon burned four families out of house and home. Loss, \$6,000; insured. Owensburg, Ky., Jan. 20.-The big New Orleans packet steamer State of Missouri, struck a rock on the Indiana side of the Ohio river near Alton, Ind., about 6 o'clock last evening, and sank in fifty feet of water. It is not yet known how many were lost. The Missouri carried fifteen cabin and thirty deck passengers and a crew of sixty.

News of the accident reached here onight. From the rescued ones it was learned that the Missouri left Cincinnati on Friday for New Orleans. Saturday evening, while ploughing steadily along, the passengers felt a sudden Snock to the steamer and then a crashing of timbers, and the vessel lurched forward and began to sink. She had struck on a rock, which pene-

rated her hull near the stern. Orders to clear away the boats were mmediately given and a yawl was gling in the water.

point where the Missouri struck, and the four passengers who were rescued by the Owensburg were swept swiftly down river on such pieces of wreckage as they could lay hold on.

Leathers of Hopkins county, Ky., says he saw four men go under, near him, but could not help them. News of the disaster has created much excitement, and parties are be-

ing organized to patrol the river in search of those who were drowned. All sorts of rumors are heard, but no definite estimate of the loss can be given at present.

DORCHESTER.

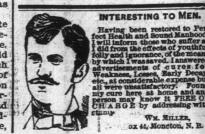
eopening of the Circuit Court-The Case of Capt. Newcombe for Damages.

(Special to the Sun.) Dorchester, Jan. 21.-The adjourn session of the January term of the circuit court opened here this afteroon at two o'clock, his honor Judge Landry presiding. The first case to be heard is that of Capt. Chas. Newcombe against the city of Moncton. It appears by the evidence that in 1891 the plaintiff owned and captained a schooner which went to the port of Moncton; that, according to the general custom, he applied to the harbor master for a berth; that the harbor master would not give him a suitable berth at any of the wharves and in consequence his vessel was sunk, and he claims damages therefor. Good progress was made this after R. W. Hewson and C. E. A ncon. Simonds appear for plaintiff and H. A. Powell, M.P.P., and D. I. Welch appear for the city.

STEAMER COMPETITION.

Liverpool, Jan. 21.-The Journal commerce reports that two of t leading transatlantic steamship com panies are making a working agreement, to take effect in the spring which will lead eventually to an amalgamation. The present object of the agents is to offer severe competition to the lines running from Southamp

G. Bert Clinch of St. Andrews is in



BOSTON LETTER.

A Serious Blow to New England's Manufacturing Business.

Many of Her Largest Cotton Mills will be Moved to the Southern States.

Lumber Dealers Much Encouraged by Pros pects of an Advance in Spruce The Fish Market.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) Boston, Jan. 19.-The dining craze s flourishing in this city just now and the hotel landlords are making Young's, Parker, the Vendome, the Quincy, United States, and, in fact, all the leading city hote's, there are from three to eight dinners or banquets nightly. Every society and of New Englan I, it would seem, has been seized with the latest idea to hold monthly, and in some cases, weekly dinners. It is a great thing for the hotel business, which has not been any too promising within the past year or two.

Boston was honored a few nights

ago with a visit from the long whiskered populist senator from Kansas, Hon. W. A. Peffer, who found time enough to leave Washington for 24 hours in order to speak at a banquet of his sympathizers in this state. Various artists in times gone by have attempted to do Mr. Peffer's whiskers justice, but no one can realize how grievously they have failed until one meets the senator himself. Senator Peffer is perhaps a pessimist, but his story of the west and how it has been affected by the national depression furnishes splendid material for wise men to think about. He said that there were men in the west who owned upwards of 50,000 acres of wheat, and who operated fifty reapers. These men were the ones who played havoc with the common farmer and was one of the causes of the heavy mortgage list in Kansas and other states. third of the Kansas farmers, Mr. Peffer said, tilled land belonging to others. The Kansas senator also said that seventy-seven New Yorkers had a relentless money clutch on the Unit-

ed States. The new secretary of the American Federation of Labor is a Prince Edward Island boy. His name is Augustine McCraith and about ten years ago he lived in Charlottetown and Summerside, where he learned the printing trade. He came to Boston and in a few years was elected secnetary and business manager of the Boston Typographical union. Last month he was elected secretary of the federation at the Denver convention. He was given a send off by

the printers a few nights ago, before he left for Indianapolis, the new head-quarters of the federation. A very great problem in New England has forced itself to the front dur ing the past few weeks and threatens launched. The passengers made a rush for it and the next instant it sank. Then the steamer went down, leaving passengers and crew strugbut to give it as much publicity as The current is very swift at the its news value would warrant. This problem, which will probably affect hundreds, is suggested by the southward movement of New England cot-ton mills. Manufacturers claim that there are great advantages in the south that can not be found here. There the mills would be near the cotton fields, where labor is cheap. Fuel cotton would be saved, besides several other benefits which manufacturers do not derive in these states In the city of Lowell, whre the cotton manufacturing industry is the main stay of the city, four mills have de cided to move south. They are: the Booth mill, employing over 2,100 operatives; the Whittier mill, employ 100; Massachusetts mills, with 1,800 employes, and the Merrimac Manufac turing Co., which employs over 4,000

mills will be able to get away before

the end of the year, but their remove

means a great loss to Lowell and to the operatives, only a very small percentage of whom will go south. Two big companies in Nashua, N. H., have transfer their plants to Georgia. These two mills employ over 2,000 people and will seriously affect Nashua. Corporations in other manufacturing cities are considering the advisability of moving southward, and it is expected several will shortly announce their intention to quit the state. T. Jefferson Coolidge of this city, treasurer of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Co., of Manchester, N. H., one of the largest textile manufacturing corporations in the world, says in regard to this exodus; "I think that southern mills will in crease. We are hampered here by trades unions, strikes and legislation making it more difficult for us to manufacture at a profit, and unless the legislature of Massachusetts instead of doing all it can to injure manufacturers, turns round and assists them there will be a further loss of business. There certainly is no prospect of any new mills being built in New England, and old mills will have great difficulty in living. Mills here have got to reduce wages or shut up It is a melancholy fact, but the fact is there. General business is no better that I can see. More goods are made than are wanted, and cotton goods are lower than they have been since the depression began." It will thus be seen that prospects are not

very brilliant for the New England states just now. Farming in Ohio appears to be also suffering from the general depression ecretary of State Taylor reports that farm values in his state have deprec ated in value to the extent of \$50,000, 000 during 1894, while the indebtedne of their owners has grown \$8,000,000 After New Brunswick farmers think the situation over they must come to the conclusion that they are not by far as badly off as their brethren in the "Buck-eye" state, who enjoy the full "blessings" of the "sixty million

William Amsden, 24 years old, who was arrested in Boston this week

charged with stealing diamonds from George E. Homer, a winter street jew-eller, claims to have spent considertime in Amherst, N. S., and towns in the lower provinces. He will probably spend the next few years at the state prison. Charlestown.

The weather this week as it has been dealt out to Boston and vicinity has not been all that could be desired. The streets have been like canals, and the sidewalks dangerous to life and limb. The temperature is hardly below freezing.

The stimulated movement in spruce lumber has been the feature of the market during the past few days, and dealers have been much encouraged thereby. The mills that are now running are not putting out much lumber. as they do not care to start up in full blast until they are sure of higher prices. The winter trade in some of the yards has been unusually good consequently several dealers found themselves with only small stocks on hand. There has been a very strong system of competition in force between many large dealers during the past few months, and this has helped to keep prices down. A movement is now on foot to form a consolidation and fix prices higher. It is proposed to put spruce frames crdered by car to \$15 per M: At present the ordinary price for these frames is \$13.50, while in many cases the price is cut . Cargo spruce remains unchanged, with prices steady. Large dealers recommend early shipments, as they expect a brisk demand within the next two months. Laths continue in good demand, and clear shingles are firm, with sales slightly is selling slowly, and does not find a very ready sale. Eastern hemicck boards are in good demand at well sustained prices. Quotations this week are as follows:

week are as follows:

Spruce—Ordinary spruce frames, ordered by car, \$13.50; yard orders, \$13; random, \$12.50; 12 inch frames, \$14.50; dimensions, \$13.50 to 14.50; wide and long, \$15 to 16; cargo spruce boards, \$13.50; random, \$12 to 13; laths, carload lots, \$2 to 2.15; cargo lots, \$1.75 to 1.90; shingles, \$1.50; 4 foot extra clapboards, \$30; clear, \$23; second clear, \$24.

Pine—Eastern pine, coarse No 2, \$16 to 17; refuse, \$12 to 13; outs, \$8.50 to 9.50; rough edge stock, box boards, etc, \$8.50 to 12.50; eastern pine clapboards, \$40 to 45; pine sap, extra, \$48 to 50.

Hemlock, etc—Eastern planed and butted extra, \$48 to 50.

Hemlock, etc—Eastern planed and butted hemlock boards, \$12; random, \$11.50; rough hemlock boards, \$9 to 11; extra cedar shingles, \$3; clears, \$2.50; second clears, \$2; extra No 1, \$1.75; No 1, \$1.25.

The market for pickled fish is re ported considerably stronger week, with an improved trade. position of mackerel is firm, there being a very small supply on market. About fifty barrels of the latter fish have been received from the maritime provinces within the past ten days. Codfish continue firm, with prices well sustained. The mar-ket for barrel herring is firm. There is a scarity of frozen herring, and prices are higher. The fresh fish market has been well supplied of late, and prices have weakened. Lobsters, live and boiled, have been in small supply, with prices well up. Prices

follow:

Street fish—Market cod \$2 to 3 per 100 lbs; large cod, \$2.50 to 3.50; steak cod, \$5 to 5.50; haddock, \$3 to 3.25; large hake, \$1.50 to 2; small, 75c to \$1; pollock, \$1.50 to 2; small, 75c to \$1; pollock, \$1.50 to 2; steak pollock, \$2 to 2.50; white halibut, 12 to 14c; gray do, 8 to 10c; chicken do, 14 to 17c; native smelts, 10 to 12c; N B and N S, 5 to 7c; extras, \$ to 10c; fresh Oregon salmon, 15 to 16c; native frozen, 18c; frozen bluefish, 10 to 1c; large frozen mackerel, 15 to 16c; frozen herring, \$1.25 to 1.50 per 100; lake trout, 10c; live lobsters, 12c; boiled do, 14c.

Salt fish—Large No 3 mackerel, \$14 to 14.50; No 2, \$16; bloaters, native, \$20 to 24; Norway bloaters, \$30 to 32; large shore cod, slack salted, \$6.50 per qii; dry bank, \$4.50 to 5; pickled bank, \$4 to 4.50; Georges, \$6.75 to 7; medium dry bank, \$3.50; Newfoundland, \$6.50; pollock, \$2; English pollock, \$3; hake, \$2.50; Labrador herring, \$5 per bbl; Scatteree, \$6.50; N S large split herring, \$4.25; Bay of Fundy split, \$3 to 3.50; round shore, \$3; box herring, medium, 11c; lengthwise, 9c; N F salmon, No 1, \$16 per bbl; No 2, \$13 to 14. These prices are those at first hands.

Canned fish—Eastport sardines, quarter oils, \$3.20 to 3.25 per case three-quarer mustards, \$2.20 to 2.29; one-quarter mustards, \$3.30 to 3.40; one-half oils, \$5 to 5.25; domestic brand lobsters, \$1.75 to 1.85; maritime province packs, \$1.50 to 1.55; canned mackerel, fancy packs, \$2.25 to 2.75 for 2 and 3 lb ovals. The coal trade continues slow, but the producing companies are maintaining circular rates and production down in order to strengthen the market. The mild weather which thus far characterized the present season, is the cause of the poo trade. Circular prices are: Stove coal, \$2.75 per ton; chestnut, \$3.60; egg, \$3.60; broken, \$3.60. Pocket prices ere are: Stove, \$4.50; nut and egg. \$4.35; broken, \$4.25. Retail prices are Stove, \$5.25; egg, \$5; furnace, \$5; franklin, \$7.

DALZEL PROCESS FOR STEEL

Will Effect a Considerable Saving in the Cost of Producing Tools.

It is asserted that by the new, cr Dalzel, process of treating steel, any of the ordinary steels, of the usual lengths and shapes for making tools, punches and dies will, when treated, ecome so soft as to affect a very material saving in the cost of producbeen softened and cut to the required form, the steel is handled in precisely th same manner as any of the wellknown sorts, and it is claimed that the process in no way interferes with the chemical composition of the metal but it so alters its physical structure as to insure the qualities mentioned In proof of this, a piece of Jessop steel which had been duly softened was made into a punch to cut a five-pointed star, seven-eighths of an inch in diameter and unusually sharp at the points, the result showing that in the naking of this punch there was a saving of about 20 per cent. in the cost, owing solely to the softness of the metal. After being cut it was tempered in the usual way in water, then forced through German silver 3.32 nches thick, also through wrought ron 3.16 inches thick, and as a final test was forced through metal which cut only a part of the star, thus giving an unbalanced pressure tending to beat the punch. It underwent a serie of tests in this unusual way, passing from one test to another more severe -the tool coming out at last as perfect as when it originally left the mak-

