NOTICE

hereby given that application will be ovince of British Columbia, at its next with power to construct, equip, ate, by any kind or kinds of motive ver, and maintain either a standard. rrow gauge or light line railway, for the of conveying passengers and ght, including all kinds of merchandise a, at or near Victoria, Esquimalt dis an, in the said district, and Alberni, by most direct and feasible route alon oint on the extreme north end of sai couver Island, in the vicinity of Hardy Nahwitti bays, or thereabouts, with ower to construct, equip, operate and naintain branch lines and all necessary ocks and coal bunkers; and with power build, own, equip, operate and maintain nd boats; and with power to build, equip, perate and maintain telegraph and televay and branches, and to carry on a genral express business, and to build and rate all kinds of plant for the purpose supplying light, heat, electricity or any nd of motive power; and with power t expropriate lands for the purposes of the npany, and to acquire lands, bonuses, vileges or other aids from any governedies corporate: and to make traffic or other arrangements with railway, steamo build wagon roads to be used in th onstruction of such railway, and in advance of the same, and to levy and collect colls from all parties using and on all reight passing over any of such roads built by the company, whether built beore or after the construction of the railway; and with all other usual, necessary incidental rights, powers or privileges as may be necessary or incidental or conlucive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them. Dated at the city of Victoria the 30th day of July A.D. 1898.

S. PERRY MILLS, Solicitor for the Applicants. NOTICE

is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to make application to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of unsurveyed, unoccupied and unreserved crown lands, situate in Cassiar district, described as follows: Commencing at J. F. Fell's northwest stake; thence 40 chains west; thence 40 chains south to J. Lealy's corner post; thence ast 40 chains to T. Tugwell's northwest post; thence north 40 chains to place of commencement. Dated this 29th day of July, 1898.

THORNION FELL. s hereby given that 60 days after date

HENRY (OTHERWISE SAMUEL) CLAPHAM Late of Galianolsland, British (clentia, and formerly of Eynesbury, in the County of

Huntingdon, England, Deceased

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of three months from the first publication of this notice, I shall register the title of Amelia Franklin, of Eynesbury, St. Neots, in the county of Huntingdon, England, the wife of Stephen Franklin, and Mary Ann King of the town and county of leicester, England, widow, the two sisters of the said deceased, the sole co-heireses and next of kin of the said deceased unless proof shall be furnished me that other persons are entitled to claim heirship to the said deceased with the said Amelia Franklin and Mary Ann King.

Dated the 14th day of May, 1898.

S. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar-General.

WANTED—Principal for Nelson public school; experienced male, holding first-class certificate, grade A; duties to begin October 1st, 1898; references required; applications received till August 22nd. B. C. Arthur, secretary.





VICTORIA, B.C.

PROMPTLY SECURE

...

Victoria Times.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1898.

The Americans Demanded Surrender of the City But the Spaniards Refused.

The Bombardment on Sea and Land Continued For Two Hours.

Berlin, Aug. 16.-According to a dispatch from Hongkong the Americans about noon on August 7 addressed to the Spanish commander at Man-la an atum demanding the su.render or the city and the Spanish forces within 48 During the interval of grace the terman warships emparated terman subjects and others under German protection. The usmand for surrender was repeated on the afternoon of August 9, but the Spaniards requested a celay trenable them to obtain instructions from hadred by way of Hongkong. The request was refused. The dispatch con-

A bombardment of the lines and outer batteries by the American warships was begun at 10 o'clock on August 13. The Spanish were soon forced to evacuate their outer position at Mania and the Americans advanced on land, arriving soon after noon, but the town was then surrendered. Manila itself despite the heavy firing remained completely un-

Hongkoug, Aug. 16.-Admiral Dewey Hongkoug, Aug. 16.—Admiral Dewey gave General Augustin an hour in which to surrender, at the time of the last demand, made on Sunday. General Augustin refused to comply. The bombardment, which began at 9:30 a.m., was continued for two hours and then the

issued orders to spare all except armed defenders of thee ity, and consequently the town suffered but little damage. Some street fights between insurgents and Spaniards occurred in the outskirts, but order prevailed in the other sections. The American version of the buttle is The American version of the battle is obtainable.

Gen. Augustin, the former captain-general of the Philippines, starts for Madrid to-morrow by the German mail Washington, Aug. 16.-The war de partment late this afternoon posted the following reply to Major-General Lawton's request for instructions as to the policy to be observed toward the Cubans that are within his military department. Commander General's department of Santiago de Cuba. Replying to your message, the President desires that you be informed that the United States is responsible for peace and must maintain order in the territory surrendered and must protect all persons and the reproperty within said jurisdiction. ence from any quarter will not be permitted. The Cuban insurgents should be treated justly and liberally, but they as well as others must recognize the military occupation and authority of the United States and the cessation of hos-tilities proclaimed by this government, You should see the insurgent leaders and so advise them. By order of the

ecretary of war. (Signed) H. C. Corbin, Adjutant General.

The war department did not publish the despatch from General Lawton relative to the Cubans in Santiago but the order which Lawton reports that the Cubans are encamped about the city and do not feel disposed to accent the cun oin. Adjutant General. do not feel disposed to accept the conditions imposed by the armistice and some troubles have occurred. Secretary Alger in speaking of the matter said it might as well be fully understood that the United States would control the surrendered territory and it would manage the affairs of that territory. Those who remained within the jurisdiction will

have to obey the laws and officers of the

inder consideration are likely to take in war began.

ssy, called and was made acquainted red on the 13th. the general plans of this government in restoring a stable administra-The French ambasador has also The names of the commissioners has

purpose to appoint Spanish commissioners of the same rank as those named by the United States.

During the day the government began an effort through diplomatic channels to re-establish cable communication with Manila. It was believed by officials to-night that the efforts would prove successful, although some days may elapse before the diplomatic representations have borne fruit. The cable out of Manila is under the control of a British company. The line is understood to be cut near Manila, but Admiral Dewey has buoyed the severel ends so that a conection can be restored if the com pany will permit the line to be operated. Pending the renewal of the cable 100 fe the authorities here remain without di rect advices of the reported bombaid ment and surrender of Manila last Sat urday. The fact that the city has passed into American hands is accented practically certain by the authorities ere, although there is nothing from Admiral Dewey or General Merritt.

Kaiserin Augusta brought only her

own mail.

"No consistent story of the fight has arrived, but it appears that on Saturday morning the Spaniards refused to surrender. At 10 o'clock Admiral Dewey took the squadron over from Cavite to be more humane than the Americans the front of the city. At the same time capture of the town. General Merritt the American troops advanced to attack the Spanish trenches at Malate. A fierce struggle ensued, lasting over two hours. The ships reduced the forts while the

Germany Explains. Berlin Aug. 16.—Papers here, commenting upon the interview between United States Ambassador White and the Berlin representative of the New York States Zeitung on the relations between Germany and the United States, word the Nord Deutsche Zeitung reproduces in big type, the Vossische Zeitung reproduces in big type, the Vossische Zeitung reproduces in big type, the fact that press not only gives praise to the war-like deeds of the American nation, but

recognizes also the moderation of the Mustered Out of Service. Washington, Aug. 16 .- An order was issued to-day mustering out of service 50,000 men of the volunteer forces.

Movements of Carlists. London, Aug. 16.—The Daily Mail cor-London, Aug. 16.—The Daily Mail Correspondent says: The troops sent in pursuit of a band of Carlists which appeared recently at Alcana de Chisvert, in Valencia, failed to capture them owing to the complicity of the inhabitants, who are Carlists. They fed and concealed the fugitives and gave the pur-suers false information. Many prominent Carlists have settled at Bayonne, deliberate breach of the neutrality laws Biarritz and San Juan de Lucar, close But for the Germans General August to the Spanish frontier, as many did previous to the last Carlist rising, their object being to establish a contact with the local leaders in the Basque provinces and Navassand and Navarre.

Manila Surrenders. who will last night that Manila had surrendered, but nor-General Augusti is likely to increase the no news is obtainable from the Spanish tension between Germany and America nited States, as General Lawton has consul. Governor-General Augustin refused. The Standard says: "The fall of Manila to speak to the German consul when called gives America a valuable asset in the peace washington, Aug. 16.—At the outset upon, and he informed a correspondent that negotiations, but does not diminish the different difference will be in charge the outskirts of Manila was bombarded by all administrative affairs in Cuba, Americans and the city had surrendered. Washington, Aug. 16.—At the outset the military authorities will be in charge the military authorities will be in charge of all administrative affairs in Cuba, No damage was done to the city proper, No damage was done to the city proper, a state of anarchy, unless measures are only the outskirts being bombarded. The outskirts being bombarded. The outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded. The outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded. The outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded to face. The overthrow of spanish in the outskirts of Manila was pombarded. tore mail communication between this the German consul, who refused to say ment. country and Cuba, but the plans now more, Governor Augustin told a lady that Admiral Dewey had demanded the surrenthe question of handling mail inside of der of Manila within an hour. The Span-lards declined to surrender. Dewey then lards d uba which has left New York since immediately jumped into a German launch attack on Manila, eight being killed, 34 in waiting and went to the Kaiserin Augusconference held this after- tin, which sailed before the bombardment the city and threaten to cause trouble. It Thiebaud, of the Frnech em- was concluded. The bombardment occur-

It's not the cough, but what it may easily defeated after a brief conflict. end in that makes it so serious. The cough may be cured, the serious conseof the selection for the military commis-cion to meet at Havana and San Juan.

The property of the state department quences prevented by Dr. Chase's Syrup reached Manila safe.

The property of the state department quences prevented by Dr. Chase's Syrup reached Manila safe.

The property of the state department quences prevented by Dr. Chase's Syrup reached Manila safe. cents, at all druggists.

Short and Densive Conflict Settled the Fate of the Phillipine Capital.

The Insurgents Attacked the Americans at a Critical Time But Were Repulsed.

Washington, Aug. 17 .- Admiral Dewey's official announcement of the bombardment

Manila, August 13th To the Secretary of the Navy, Washington, D.C.:

London, Aug. 17.—The Hongkong correspondent of the Times, commenting upon the reticence of the officers and crew of the Kaiserin Augusta says: "The curious attitude of the Germans has provoked a deal of feeling here and some suspicion as to the real object of their secretiveness. The practice has been for cruisers leaving Manila, of whatever nation, to bring the mails of every nationality represented at Manila. The Kaiserin Augusta brought only her arms all strength of the city, which the Spanisn governor-general reduced. (Signed) DEWEY.

London, Aug. 17 .- The Manila correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, tele-Dewey graphing Saturday, says: "Nothing could capture of the town. General Merritt and Admiral Dewey's plan was to spare

bombardment. The Spanish commanders, being convinced that further resistance

tung's comments upon the fact that
France is openly espousing the Spanish
cause and the Russian p.e.s is pleased
with the American victory. It says:
"Public epinion in Germany, on the con"Public epinion i trubble epanion in Germany, on the contrary, though somewhat outraged at papers express much anxiety regarding this the outset by American ruthlessness, made no secret of its desire that America should win. To day the German, surgents from Manila, and are hopeful that pine problem. The government has requested the Cuban autonomist cabinet to remain in office and dispatch government business until a settlement be arranged.

British Press Opinions. London, Aug. 17 .- The papers this morning are commenting upon the unheroic and theatrical figure cut by Governor-General Augusti and Blanco.

The Times, in an editorial article this "As the signing of the protocol could not have been known when the Germans arranged to remove Governor-General Augusti the transaction comes remarkably near a deliberate breach of the neutrality laws would have been a most important prisoner of war. The whole story decidedly wants

The Daily News congratulates Admiral Dewey upon the humanity displayed. The Daily Chronicle says the action of

Insurgents Attacked Americans.

wounded. The insurgents are shut out of is stated that after the surrender of Manila Aguinaldo's followers turned upon the Americans and attacked them, but were The United States monitor Monadnock, which left San Francisco six weeks ago,

The American Loss. New York, Aug. 17 .- The Journal prints |

the following from Manila, dated August 13th, via Hongkong: Five American soldiers were killed and

45 wounded in the capture of Manila this afternoon. The Stars and Stripes were raised over the city at 5:20 o'clock this afternoon. In the bay Admiral Dewey's fleet thundered a national salute. The Spaniso oss has not been ascertained, but it is probably several times larger than the American forces. Shops are again opened, the blockade has been raised, and things will soon be just as they were before Admiral Dewey came to destroy Spanish rule.

London, Aug. 17 .- The papers this morn ing, while expressing regret at the departure of Col. Hay, voice with satisfaction that he is going to fill a post which promofficial announcement of the bombardment ises important results for Anglo-American of Manila has been received. It is as follows:

HOW CLAUS DIED

the Last Moments of the Stikine Murderer and Suicide.

Inquest Does Not Bring to Light Any Facts Showing Who Procured the Poison.

Nanaimo, Aug. 16 .- The details of Claus's last moments on earth are as follows:

the front of the city. At the same time floogloug, Aug. 16.—Adming Dowey and admend to a tracked a description in a while flooglough. The bombared some of the last description of the surrenders of the surrenders of the surrenders of the surrenders of the trenches and forced act, which began at and then the continuous attempted to resistance the city of the surrenders of the trenches and forced attempted to resistance the city of the surrenders of of the surrend The prisoner had retired at the usual

been on duty since his conviction gave evidence to the effect that nobody other than Rev. C. E. Cooper, Bishop Perrin and Father Durand had access to the prisoner. Mrs. Cans saw her husband two or three times, but when any in-terviews took place the prisoner or the wife were fenced off from the wicket

removed from it a small piece of news-paper was found with a number of crystals of strychnine to it. This paper had a date upon it which leads to the belief that he must have obtained the poison from outside sources on or about the time of his conviction. As the guards had warning that Claus intended to do away with himself they were on the lookout for his attempting to strangle himself or cutting himself with a knife but the idea of his using poison never for a moment entered their heads. Claus had stated to the constables on the way from the Stikine to the Nanaimo jail that he would never be hanged.

IN MEMORY OF BISMARCK. Germans in Chicago Remember the Iron

Chicago, Aug. 16.—Prof. Camillo Von Keize, of the University of Chicago, Speaking in the tongue of the fatherland, and Luther Laffin Mills, using the Engand Luther Laffin Mills, using the English language, paid a tribute to the great Bismarck at the Auditorium before a large assemblage of Germans and other lovers of the "Iron Chancellen" last Hong Kong. The navy department now night. It was a formal memorial meet-

Of the orators, the one spoke for the Peutonic population, the other for the dwellers in Chicago. On the stage were 600 singers from the German

William Vocke, president of the Ger-William Vocke, president of the Germania club, was chairman. He made a tion in case an enemy was encountered. brief opening address and introduced the speakers with suitable remarks. In re-

Quickcure heals Sores. Cuts. Bruises. Burns. etc.

The Number of United States War Not To Be Reduced-A New Policy.

The Collier Service Will Hereafter Be an Important Feature of the Naval Department.

Washington, Aug. 16 .- The strength of the navy will not be precipitatedly reduced on account of the cessation of hos-

the prosecution of energetic operations at all naval stations to speedily put in fine trim all the regular warships of the fleet, but a very large proportion of the auxiliaries which were purchased to the number of nearly a hundred, will be considered in the category of permanent additions to the navy and will not be turned back to their original owners or sold to the highest building.

ed than there resulted a more adequate realization of the great change which the national policy of the United States had almost invisibly undergone, and to-day the conviction is forced upon the naval administration that administrative sea

Appointed by President McKinley—Nearly All Are Well Known. power cannot be safely curtailed, if, in fact, it will not be essential to materially increase the service affoat as rapidly as

The revenue cutters which were added to the auxiliary force a few days before the first gun was, fired by the Nashville on April 12 last, will be restored to the treasity department for coast duty almost immediately and in such condition with their arms and equipments that their arms and equipments that don. a moment's notice. In the same manner the vessels which

were chartered as auxiliaries under the provisions of the "postal subsidy lay" will be returned to their owners, in acas soon as they can be restored to their original condition after the declaration of peace.

These lasted the Contract, and served in the confederate army. He is 61 years of age.

Senator Allison, of Iowa, will not be

These include the St. Paul and the St. These includes the peace commission. His membership was urged by the president, but Allison was not able to accept on account of other important duties.

IGNORANCE WAS BLISS.

IGNORANCE WAS BLISS.

IGNORANCE WAS BLISS.

IGNORANCE WAS BLISS.

Spaniards Preferred the Tune of the Star Spaniards Pref

the navy yards of this country. Such Strangely enough, through the long nights vessels are required constantly at New of the slege, the favorite piece of music York, Hampton Roads and Key West for towing warships, for carrying supplies and for countless purposes, and when possessed of sea-going qualities they will be invaluable for duty around the new island possessions of the United

States.

As fate would decree, on the morning
The ambulance ship Solace, formerly of July 17, when the American flag was the Cromwell line steamer Creole, it is hoisted over the governor's palace, the proposed to maintain permanently in the regimental band of the Sixth Cavalry play-

Perhaps the most remarkable economical achievement affecting the navy which has occurred during the war has feet, and a guard was stationed by me side of the prisoner inside of the door and another guard beside his wife on the outside of the door. There is no ground perhaps be dispensed with, but most of the colliers are certain of retention. papers express much anxiety regarding this point. The Spaniards are pleased with the fact that Admiral Bewey excluded the united the prisoner by his wife. After hear outside the United States had risen on account of the Welsh strike to an exorbing the friction thus indicated will weigh with the United States in settling the Philippine problem. The government has request the poison, but the cause of death was strychnine poisoning.

On examining the cell after Claus was American ports it averaged \$12. The American ports it averaged \$12. English manoeuvres were abandoned on

account of it. account of it.

Commodore Bradford found that he could buy all the coal he needed for \$1.82 at Lambert's Point, Va., loaded and trimmed on board vessels. This was Pocahontas coal, unequalled the world over for steaming. At first he chartered a large fleet of schooners, but after hostillties began he found he could not deliver coal to the fleet at any price. Samp-son and Schley were cabling for coal, but could obtain none, and in this emergency the purchase of coal was begun The fleet of these vessels in the Atlantic now includes the Abarenda, the Alexandria, the Caesar, the Hannibal, the Justin, the Leonidas, the Niagara, the Lebanon, the Pompeii, the Cassius, the Saturne, the Scandia, the Southery, the Sterling, the Hector and the Marcellus,

vessels and \$10 by steamer and at these rates over 40,000 tons have been sent

him.

When the problems of sending the Monterey and the Monadnock were forced upon the navy department Commodore Bradford solved it and avoided modore Bradford solved it and avoided singing societies of the city and an or chestra of 60 pieces. A large bust of the "Iron Chancellor" draped in black occupied a place near the footlights and at sea by purchasing two of the largest at sea by the stage was de orated with German colliers, in that ocean to tow the war-and American flags. colliers, in that ocean to tow the war-ships, as the latter might save their own The Brutus, which towed the Monte-rey and the Nero, which went with the peakers with suitable remarks. In respected demands from the Monadnock, each took 4.700 tons of coal and inner the Monadnock each took 4.700 tons of coal and inner the Monadnock each took 4.700 tons of coal and inner the Monadnock each took 4.700 tons of coal and gone 1,000 miles at 10 knots.

With the certainty that the United
States will hereafter maintain a large

tilities, but, on the contrary, the admin-istration has determined that a very pow-erful naval force is necessitated by the

increased obligations the United States has undertaken and has been forced upon it.

Orders have been given not only for the prosception of congretic angles it is therefore unlikely that more than it is therefore unlikely that more

which have entered the naval fleets in provide means for a very large pro-Such a policy was favorably considered by the authorities a few weeks ago, but hardly had the peace protocol been signed than there resulted a more adequate

Washington, Aug. 16 .- The president has appointed the commissioners to adjust the evacuation of Cuba and Porto Rico.

General William A. Gordon, one of the commissioners for Porto Rico, and the only one of the six appointees to the commis-sions who is not widely known, is a well known citizen of Savannah, Ga. He is senior colonel in the Georgia state militia

and the Venezuela and Yumuri, of the Red II line.

Two as five tugboats were also bought at 13.—Fine tugboats were also bought at 13.—Finums of the war, and more of these, especially the largest and highest-powered, may be needed for a long time, at least as naval auxiliaries in the harbors of Cuba and Porto Rico and at harbors of Cuba and Porto Rico and at them.

West which they were in the habit of having

fleet, and after her present voyage to Posto Rico it is probable that she will start for the Philippine islands to care for the sick of Admiral Dewey's squadforce and with no little discomfiture to their force and with no little discomfiture to their force and with no little discomfiture to their already ruffled feelings.

PRAISE FOR COL. HAY. The London Times on U. S. Secretary

says:

London, Aug. 16.—In reference to the reports that Col. Hay, U. S. ambassador to England will succeed the United States secretary of state, the T.mes

"Of itself this is evidence of the strength of the entence which recent events have brought about. Not long since Lowell, Phelps and Bayard were fiercely attacked by America because they made themselves too popular here. We are not so certain it would be desired. able to transfer Col. Hay; but are quite certain, that this country and government would be sorry to lose him, con-sidering the delicate and difficult questions coming up for settlement. It would be consoling, however, to know that the American foreign office is in the bands of a man who has learned from actual observation what are the necessities of England's foreign policy. His place will

not be easy to fill. The Daily News expresses profound regret over the reported departure of Col. Hay, and says: "Not even Lowell was more popular here in private as well as in public. He was the right well as in man in the right place. There are strong reasons for not forcing the page of the desired entente. Col. Hay in this respect has been eminently judic ous; far more so than Mr. Chamberlain."

EMPEROR AND CZAR.

London, Aug. 16.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph "Persistent reports are current that a meeting will take place between Emperor William and the Czar the first week in September, Emperor William desiring to remove the suspicions with which his eastern tour is regarded in Russia and France."

MADRID REMAINS QUIET.

Madrid, Ang. 15 .- The city was patrolled by police last night, but perfect tranquility prevailed. The publication of the protocol produced keen disap-Philippines, where it had been hoped Spain would preserve her sovereignty introduced Cleuse 3 of the protocol dispels

States will hereafter maintain a large There are many forms of nervous debil-fleet in Asiatic waters and with the ne-lity in men that yield to the use of Carter's cessity for keeping large amounts of fuel at Honolulu, Samoa and Guam, as well at Honolulu, Samoa and Guam, as well should try them.