YLUM FOR THE INSANE. or Mr. Doubles, the metica

эпреимением. medical superintendent of the for the insane, New Westmin C., in his report says:ing the year the total number its under treatment was 18-143 were males, and 41 females ining in residence at the close or ear were 133, of whom 109 were and 24 were females. number admitted was forty-nine

this being fifteen less than the preyear, which decrease is owing, no in a great measure to the restric placed by the legislation of last on admitting patients who did not rly belong to the province. In this were included five who were ulto return to their homes at the of their friends, but came back asylum before the end of the Deducting these, the number of patients received is forty-four (44) hole of these five had been in the during previous years, one. has been alternately between this

home since 1886. discharged number thirty-six, of twenty-one had recovered, ten discharged improved, and three discharged unimproved. Two were sane when they were admitted f these, a native of China, was sen, rough some quarrel over gambling other Chinese, A few days' reasylum soon satisfied me that the nent under which he was acting mission was not the result of in and he was discharged. The was a released convict from the tiary, where he had simulated ty to avoid having to work. were, as usual, several attempts to escape, one of which was suc ul, A man named Frank Hall

managed to baffle the surveillance keeper and get away. number of deaths was fourteer 7.6 per cent. of the whole number Table No. 5 shows the age. of residence and cause of death. m sorry I have to report one death cide. At midnight of November the watchman, going his rounds a man named Frank Fiedler. hanged himself to the transom of

other deaths were caused by th of the disease from which th suffered on admittance, except ne case of pthisis, which develo elf during the patient's residen On the whole, the general health patients has been very good, owing perfect sanitary conditions of the ventilation and drainage. Not a case of sickness traceable to a in the above showed itself during ear. Unfortunately, early in Dec r, la grippe made its appearance in ward, and although no fatalities he directly attributed to it, vet it oft a great number of the old and in a weakened condition. ring the past year all the available

d for garden purposes was cultito the best advantage. have done some necessary road g, excavating, and draining, and ying out the grounds in the front building, which, when finis greatly improve the appearance of ce, but the class of labor em akes it slow work, being all volon the part of the patie and delving through hard-pan. beg to draw your attention essity of increasing the garden by getting some of the forest land e back of the building cleared, as

ore produce we can raise ourselves. ore self-supporting the institution For the work of clearing this ould be necessary to employ outlabor, as it would not be prudent trust the patients with the tools, equired for such work. total amount of work done by the ts during the year represents the

of 9,924 1-2 days. ust again suggest that the asylum ghted by electricity instead of, as sent, with gas. The electric light e in the town is good, and I have that the cost is at least twothat of gas. Besides this, I beit to be much safer. The total cost roducing it into the building, ing wiring, cages, lamps, and every required, would not exceed \$250. per capita cost includes all the liture of the asylum, salaries, profuel, lighting, drugs, furniture ng, etc., in fact everything but belongs to the Lands and Works rtment, and transport of lunatics keepers. The cost this year per per month was \$15.85 5-6, and lay, 51 2-3 cents, the previous year 50 1-2 cents. This slight increase ounted for in several ways, viz. ure and light, and the addition of tendant in the opening of E ward January, an increase in the price ovisions in the contract over the ous year, and the extra amount of onsumed during the exceptionally weather of last January and Feb

excess of the expenditure in Land Works over the vote can only be aced for by the smallness nt voted, it being only half of what ed for in the estimates. vote of 1893 may be taken as a

stimate of what is required for the

ng year, with the following addi-

Salaries, \$950; fuel, \$200; and and works, \$1000. e only changes in the staff I have te is the resignation of Miss Hen-Jones, who resolved to go into ific training for a nurse at 's Hospital, San Francisco is most ably filled by Miss Maria ore, who has had several years ence as attendant in large eastern

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Edmund Yates Discourses on the Events of the Day.

THE LEADERSHIP OF THE LIBERALS

Descend on Herat.

A Force of 40,000 in Readiness on the Frontier-Concessions Made to Gerbers of One Family Poisoned.

New York, Feb. 6.-Edmund Yates in is weekly cable from London says:-The Princess of Wales and her daugher left Sandringhan on Saturday after residence there of more than three months, and proceeded to Osborne on a visit to the Queen, accompanied by the prince. The princess had not seen the Queen for nearly six months, as Her Royal Highness returned from Denmark nam palace on Tuesday, Feb. 27, and princess at these functions, invitations which are limited to 200, are the best groof of the falsity of the reports which have been so recklessly circulated about er resolution to retire from society. The Prince of Wales' racing yacht Britannia completed her out-fit last week, and yesterday the yacht left Cowes for Gibraltar on her way to Marseilles. The Prince of Wales will not

eave for the Riviera until the second before his departure. He will return to before proceeding to Coburg. The Emperor and Empress of Russia have invited the Prince and Princess of Wales and the Princesses Victoria and Maud to go to St. Petersburg for the wedding of the Grand Duchess Xenia, and the Grand Duke Micolovitch, which

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are to go to Germany in April for a short time and will be at Coburg for the marriage of Grand Duke of Hesse and he Princess Victoria Melita.

The reconciliation of Prince Bismarck to the Emperor seems to have pleased everybody except perhaps, Dr. Schweninger, who was compelled to reach the Emporor's palace in a hackney coach and when there was cooly requested to Schwening r's influence with the ex- and several pieces of ice. On the 2nd chancellor is unbounded and seems likely the steamer only made 51 miles, being increase as time goes on.

Mr. Goschen, who is accompanying his at all, and almost standing still. daughter to Wiesbaden, where she will able, at the first court ball, on Wednespalace was one of the largest and most Europe, seemed depressed and retired

In consequence of the rumored resignation of Mr. Gladstone there has been Mr. Coventry in. Thinking nothing a revival of all the old speculations as wrong he went into the shop and found to what will happen when the resignaion actually takes place. It is a good opportunity for reviewing the prop-pect, if the phrase be admissable. There right to the reversion of the leadership-Sir William Harcourt by priority of serability and popularity. Both are indispossible, for Sir William will not serve under Lord Rosebery and Lord Rosebery will not serve under Sir William. is, then, to have it? Only one other name has suggested itself. Mr. Asquith's, but he is too young, and too shrewd students of politics hold that a good humored man of no importance, such as Mr. Campbell Bannerman has the best chance of succession to the leadership, if the Liberals should by any chance come back victorious from the

When military and naval officers are ordered to active service the extra premium demanded by the insurance offices is a very serious consideration. As instances of the same demanded, General Henry Brackenbury had to pay £21 for every one hundred pounds insured at the outbreak of the Ashantee war, and General Wolseley had to pay £25 for every one hundred. These war risks were not then based upon any known statistics, but elaborate calculations have since been gone into as the risks of officers from a life insurance point of view, and the board of Gresham hav adopted a set of premium rates within easy reach of officers. For instance, in the case of the outbreak of war for a policy covering risks of climate and warfare an officer aged thirty would pay only 8 shillings 8 pence per hundred bounds more than a civilian here in

London

The Sugar Bounty. New Orleans, Feb. 6.-At a meeting of the business men yesterday at which there were present representatives from all the exchanges, a resolution was adopted protesting against the action of the U.S. representaives in abolishing the sugar bounty and appealing to the senate to prevent the accomplishment of,

as the resolution declares "a great

wrong by which half a million people will be thrown out of employment and hundreds of millions of invested capital will be impaired.

STILL FURTHER OFF.

Parliament Not Expected to Meet Until the End of March.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.-The rumor was cur rent to-day that parliament will not meet until the 29th March. This is the last date at which it can be called, as the constitution provides that it will Russians Reported as Preparing to meet within one year from the date of prorogation. Parliament was prorogued

last year on the 1st April. The government organs will to-morrow be permitted to publish the order-incouncil containing the decision of tha cabinet on the petitions for the repeal many in the Matter of Dutles- A of the Northwest school ordinance. This Coming Encyclical-Thirteen Mem- decision was published in the Montreal Witness about two weeks ago and will be confirmed by the official announcement to-morrow morning.

Arrangements for the settlement of the Northwest of fifty Hungarian families now located near Pittsburg, Pa., have been completed.

EASTERN CANADA.

A Seaforth Suicide-Arrival of the Over-

due Steamer Baltimore. has begged the Princess of Wales to sel being light rolled and pitched about postpone her departure for the Mediter- in a frightful manner. Water was shiprooms which are to be held at Bucking- 2 p.m. on this day a big sea came on board on the port side, filling the decks and striking the port quarter and rudder Tuesday, March 6. The presence of the with terrible force, disabling the steamer's steering gear. The hand gear was shipped while temporary repairs were being made. The same sea broke into the poop and carried away the cargo battens, smashing four ventilators and one hold ventilator from the deck. Several deck planks were also torn up. A number of packages which were stored in the poop were smashed to pieces and everything movable was swept away. On the 20th the gale continued without abatement. week in March and will hold two levees The patent log was lost on this day by coming in contact with some wreckage London about April 9, about ten days and four feet of water was found in the after well through a leak in the ballast tank. At 6 p.m. on the 21st, lat. 98.2, long. 23, a lot of wreckage was passed. On the 22nd several sails were blown away. On the 23rd it was still blowing with hurricane force, and the heavy sea running was pouring over the ship on all sides. Several of the dead lights were ceremony will take place about Whit broken in by the force of the wind. On the 24th, owing to the rolling of the ship, the cargo shifted, and some packages were broken. The weather continued pretty much the same until the 30th, when a heavy fog was encountered. So heavily did it blow on the 29th that the ship was only able to make 23 miles during day. On the 31st, lat. 45.59, long. 46.50, ship passed through a quantity of field ice, and after getting throught it ran into another, but managed to back out of it. The vessel then steamed south dine with some subordinate functionaries. The medico was furious, for in day. On February 1st a terrific norther crafts will be in attendance. other days he always had a court car-riage and a place at the high table. A on that morning a large black object was actical error had been comitted, for Dr. sighted, supposed to be a ship bottom up.

Seaforth, Ont., Feb. 6,-Early this corsult a celebrated oculist, halted for morning the people of Seaforth were two days at Brussels as the guest of Sir shocked to hear that Thos. Coventry, Francis and Lady Plunkett, and was one of the leading business men of the town, an old resident and very respected day evening, to satisfy King Leopold's citizen, had committed suicide. Last legitimate curiosity as to the sensational evening about five o'clock he purcha ed reports of Mr. Gladstone's impending a revolver from Reid & Wilson's hardresignation. The great gathering at the ware store, and went home as usual coming back after tea with his brother, animated ever remembered, but the who noticed that he was very despond queen, who wore her priceless five row ent all day. Leaving his home about tiara, one of the most costly jewels in half past six this morning he went to open up his shop, but when his workman came about fifteen minutes after seven he was surprised at not finding the body lying on the floor in the back part of the shop with a revolver in his hand. He gave the alarm, and soon the are two men marked out for the first scene. They examined the body and decided it unnecessary to hold an inquest, as there was every evidence to show vice and Lord Resebery superiority of that deceased had taken his own life. They found that the bullet had entered pensable to the party, but both are im- his right temple and the revolver was was covered with powder. The body was then conveyed from the shop on Main street to his residence under the charge of Undertaker Holmes. Mr. inexperienced and too much envied. lately, being under the care of Dr. Caven of Toronto. His only son Fred being accidentally shot last May, he never got over the loss of his darling boy.

unable at times to make any headway

He leaves a widow and daughter. Toronto, Feb. 6.—At a meeting of the Ministerial association yesterday the Rev. J. E. Stewart stated that he did not consider it desirable to send divinity students to conduct services at the men's reformatories, as the guards make fun of them

and laugh at them. Catholic Church Union. Berlin, Feb. 6.—The commercial treaty between Germany and Russia shows that Russia made several concessions in reducing duties on German goods. Vienna, Feb. 6.-Dr. Billroth, a distinguished German surgeon, died last night at Abbazia of heart disease.

An Italian Vendetta Rome, Feb. 6.-In 1884 Signor Campanella, a prominent resident of Civita Lavigna in a quarrel killed a man nemed Falcini. The killing was done in self defence but Fakcini's brother swore to avenge his death. Campanella was to have been married this morning. Falcini's brother cut the throat of the expectant bridegroom and then placed the corpse in the nuptial bed that had already been prepared. Falcini gave himself up to the police. The bride elect when informed of the fate of her intended husband became frantic with grief. It is

believed she will lose her reason. Rome, Feb. 6 .- It is authoritatively stated that the Pope will shortly publish an encyclical on the union of the Western and Eastern churches,

ABROGATION DAY

Celebration of the Anti-Royalists in Honolulu.

THE ANNEXATIONISTS TO THE FORE

Representatives of Foreign Powers Carefully Hold Aloof.

Indian Territory Sharpers Bent of Defrauding the Public Programme for the Closing Celebration of the Pope's Jubilee Year-Treachery in Hayti.

Honolulu, Jan. 19. (per barkentine W. H. Dimond)-The observation of abrogation day passed off with perfect good order. The American League raised a new American flag. The military paraded and a noon salute was fired. Public reception was held in the council room. Illuminations and fireworks were display-Halifax, N. S., Feb. 6.-The long over ed with a brilliancy unprecedented here. due Furness line steamer Baltimore ar- All closed with a very enthusiastic mass rived this morning from London, after meeting. The executive building swarmed is the one reservation Mr. Herbert made Chinese exclusion act. in the autumn direct to Sandringham, a passage lasting 22 days. The steamer with visitors to the reception. No uniand the influenza prevented the usual safled from the other side on the 16th forms were seen except a few of the lovisit to Windsor castle in December. of January, and the second day out the cal military. A few consuls and naval Her Royal Highness is now quite re- wind freshened, and was soon blowing a officers were present in ordinary garb. stored to health, and she will probably gale, with a heavy sea. This sort of The warships were decked out with the pay a brief visit to the Duke and Duch- weather continued until the 19th, when week's washing, and the men kept s of Fife at Sussex Square, Brighton, the wind increased to a hurricane, with aboard. Some of the officers did not when she leaves Osborne. The queen squalls and mountainous seas. The ves- stint their denunciation of Minister Willis. Willis was the only foreign representative who made any reply to the notices sent them of the recention. ranean until after the two drawing- ped fore and aft and the deck filled. At avoid the discourtesy of a refusal they treated the notices as merely notifications, not invitations, and needed no reply. It is learned that they were under general instructions to avoid anything offensive to the queen whom Frescient Cleveland has announced his intention to restore. To have in any wav rarticinated in the celebration of her deturenement would have been an offensive act to her. Most of the consuls are in earnest sympathy with the government, but were compelled officially to follow-the

lead of Willis. The mass meeting was attended by a growd of several thousand people, attracted by the illuminations and fireworks. Two hundred incandescent lights illuminated the Square. Unlike the defiant tone of the meeting of November 25, the speeches were hopeful and congratulatory though tinged with a heroic tone. The audience listened with great enthusiasm for an hour and a quarter. Hartwell pointed out the monarchy had its Runnynede in 1887 and that in 1893 its trampling on that constitution left nothing but deposition. Walter Smith glorified the heroism of the Honolulu battalions, who defied the demands of the President. All the speakers pointed to annexation as

the goal to be sought. Washington, Feb. 6.-There is some doubt as to the action of the House this afternoon when the vote is reached on the Hawaiian resolutions. The Democrats believe the Republicans will refrain from voting in order to break the quorum. If this be done a motion will be made to adjourn until to-morrow, at which

Dayton, C., Feb. 6.-Frank Schivairosky and Stephen Burns fought near the timekeeper and declared the fight a

Probably Sold to Hippolyte. Kingston, Jamaica, Feb. 6.-General Manigat's steam yacht Natchle, which he purchased in New York to bring down arms and ammunition for his secret expedition against President Hippolite, of Hayti, left Savannah, Ga., three weeks ago for Morant Cays, Jamaica. She has not been heard from since, but it is suspected by Manigat's followers that her secret, her cargo, and

herself have been sold to Hippolyte. Indian Territory Frauds. Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 6.-Chief Harrist of the Cherokee nation arrived in coroner and Dr. Campbell were on the Fort Smith to-day and held a long conference with United States District Attorney James F. Read, in regard to extensive swindles that are being perpetated upon people in Texas, Arkansas, Mirsonri, Illinois, and nearly all the Southern states. It has ben discovered held very close to the head, as his face that attorneys in Arkansus and the territory are sending circulars broadcast over the country announcing that any person who has a drop of Indian blood in his veins can be admitted to citizen-Coventry had been in very poor health ship in the Indian territory in time to shere in the \$6,000,000 from the sale of Cherokee bonds. To establish this claim and a perfect citizenship a good round fee is exacted from the dupes who bite at the announcement. In the second place there are 7,000 persons illegally scattered about the territory who are sending out circulars offering to sell lands which they occupy but to which they have no title.

Lutheran Church and Unionism. Oskosh, Wis., Feb. 4-The latest rewas made on the application of Henry Hoggens, a printer, who was not permitand his father is an officer. Rev. C. Dowidat, the clergyman in question, was interviewed on the position of the Lutheran church towards unionism and this principles and endeavors of the unions because their principles, endeavors and proceedings are against God's commandment. The Lutheran church is ruled solely by God and His word, Because the princpls and endeavors of the unions are against God's commandments, therefore, and therefore alone, we are obliged to be against the unions. Such principles are evidently against the Fourth commandment. The workman removes the hars which God has nut between

for union members in prefernce to others. Union men altenate the servants from their employer by falling him from their employer by telling him whom he has or has not to employ."

BENHAM AND DA GAMA. Discussion Over the Rio Affair-Reports

as to Mello's Operations. London, Feb. 2.-The Pall Mall Ga zette, commenting on the action of Admiral Benham at Rio Janeiro, says: "As long as Admiral Benham was content to protect American vessels he was well within his rights and duty, but the government at Washington has issued a paper declaring that Admiral Benham, be sides protecting American commerce ought to end monarchic aspirations. This is the Monroe doctrine, which is not yet codified within the law of nations. Admiral Benham attacks a single Brazilian insurgent merely because he suspects that he is a monarchist, he will be as much a pirate as Admiral da Gama would have been had he fired on an American trading vessel. Brazil is no more under President Cleveland's suzerainty than the United States are under

Great Britain's suzerainty." Washington, Feb. 2.-Secretary Herbert, after the cabinet meeting to-day, declined to make public the latest cable message received from Admiral Benham, but repeated his assurance that it had no special public interest. It is accordingly understood that the dispatch involved a question of international policy, which in his promise to give out all future dis

Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 30, via Montevideo, Feb. 2.—The negotiations for arbitration of the differences between the govern- nays. 3. ment and the insurgents have been continued during the past week. Admiral da Gama's written proposition has been submitted to Rear-Admiral Benham, commander of the United States fleet. The government propositions were combe delivered to Rear-Admiral Benham toagent in the negotiations, says that his chief is anxious for a peaceful settlement The government is willing to make a compromise, despite all warlike reports. The trouble over discharging the cargoes of American vessels interrupted the negotiations, but did not stop them permamently.

The spectacle of the American fleet all ready for action yesterday was magnificent. All the Americans in the city are rejoicing over Admiral Benham's decisive action in behalf of American commerce. The British minister cabled 2,000 words concerning the incident to the London foreign office. Persons sympathizing with the insurgents are bitter towards the American commander. They say that he acted solely in the interests of President Peixoto and otherwise misrepresented his course. Admiral da Gama's position in the harbor grows worse daily. Three desperate night attacks on Armico have failed, while the government has mounted several new seven-inch guns at that point. Rear Admiral Benham said vesterday: "Admiral da Gama will not be able to leave the harbor unless he acts soon; but he can surrender and obtain asylum with us at any time."

Admiral da Gama said yesterday that Admiral Mello, with the insurgent cruiser Republica and three transports of troops, was approaching Santos, co-operating arrived at Key West under contract to with an army that was marching on the work in a cigar factory there. city. The naval and military forces ought to reach Santos to-day, he said, and proon Santos The vonneer officers of the insurgent fleet in the harbor are impatient for action. They urged Admiral da Gathe mouth of the Miami river yesterday. Ima fiercely yesterday to fight the United In the fourth round the referee and States fleet, and they may persuade him time keeper started a scrap and the at any time to bombard Rio de Janeiro. seconds joined in. The referee whipped The foreign fleets might not prevent the The foreign fleets might not prevent the bombardment in case two days' notice should be given, for Rio, with its forts on the hills and lits cannons on the beach. is not an open city. The government fleet was reported off the harbor last night, and the captain of the America came ashore to get orders. The America may go south before attacking the insurgent fleet. Many new cases of yellow fever are reported here. The deaths number more than thirty daily.

Buenos Ayres, Feb. 4.-A dispatch from Brazil confirms the report that the insurgents have captured the government transport Itaipu. She was forced by the insurgents' warship Republica to baul down her flag. Admiral Goncalves, who was aboard the Itaipu, was made a pris-

the Herald from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, via Galveston, Texas, says the report that the town of Nitherohi has been raptured by the insurgents is false. loyal garrison still holds out stubbornly against the bombardment. There i much mystery and secreey concerning Admiral Benham's conferences with Admiral da Gama. It is known that he has close relations with the insurgent admiral. The launches from the rebe fleet have made several trips to the San Francisco. Notwithstanding all the runore in circulation it is not thought that President Peixoto dare resign. It is believed, however, that some expedient may be found to end the revolution.

Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 4.-A fresh sensation was created yesterday by the summary seizure of a British tag by order of Peixoto. English friends of Melle and Gama, it is asserted, have not only given ammunition to insurgent sailors, but have attempted to supply them with dynamice The boat captured by Peixo a's men is the tug Cardiff, the property of an Engligious sensation in Oskosh has been lish coal company. She arrived tere the barring out of his congregation by a south side Lutheran minister of all was discharged, and has since remained members of labor unions. A test case in the harbor. Shortly after she left the wharf she was overhauled by one or Peixoto's boats and the Brazilian officials ted to join, although his parents have went aboard, despite vigorous protests been life-long members of the church, of the captain. The Cardiff was taking dynamite to the insurgent warship Trajano. The Brazilian officials compelled the captain to return to the wharf, where the dynamite was taken ushore and put is what he said in substance: 'We Luth- | in possession of the government. The matter was reported by the captain to the British officials, but nothing has so far been done except cabling the captain's statement and Peixoto's reasons for making the seizure to the home government. The action of Great Britain over this in cident is awaited with much interest.

Belief in Six Hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pair in the bladder, kidneys, back and every cost of the unearly passages in male of employer with decent requests or desires.

A sincere Christian cannot pledge himself to endeavor to secure employment of the urinary passages in male or temale. It relieves retention of water and wain in passing it a most immediately. Sold by Langley & Oc.

A Busy Day for the Legislators at Washington.

DEMOCRATS STRAINING EVERY NERVE

To Secure a Quorum to Pass Hawaiian Resolutions. English of California Wins His Case-

Appropriation for Enforcement of

Chinese Exclusion-Commander Lud-

low Examined by Hawaiian Com-

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.-The house walian resolution, and yeas and nays were called.

mittee Fo-day.

The house committee on appropriations to-day reported the bill making appropriations of supply and for urgent deficiencies for the current fiscal year. Among the appropriations made by the bill is one of \$50,000 for enforcing the

The house has again failed to adopt the McCreary resolutions for lack of a quorum, the vote standing:-Yeas, 174

Every effort is being made to get a Democratic quorum in the house to pass the Hawaiian resolution. Telegrams were sent to 33 absent members from the house last night and this mornpleted yesterday, and were placed in the ing. A dozen of these members were in hands of General Carvallo last night, to their seats at first roll call, and it was found that five votes only were needed day. G. M. Rollins, Admiral da Gama's to make a quorum of Democrats. Half a dozen Democrats on the floor refrained from voting.

The house committee on elections today decided the contested election case, English against Hilborn, from the third, California district, in favor of English. The formal presentation of the boundary controversy between Brazil and Argentine Republic will be made on Saturday next to President Cleveland, who is to arbitrate the dispute. The territory in question lies at the junction of the two countries with Paraguay, and has been the subject of controvery for many

vears. On the second roll call the Hawaiian esolution was agreed to. The senate committee on foreign lations examined Commander Ludlow of this city to-day. He gave testimony upon the subject of annexation and the ing the testimony given to the committee

Secretary Carlisle yesterday signed writs for the deportation to Havana of 123 Spanish cigar makers who recently

The bill to repeal the election laws passed the senate this afternoon. Yeas, seed at once to the uttack. The insur- 39; ways, 28.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The house naval surrender at once. Only the insurgents affairs committee ordered a favorable rebelieve the reports of the coming attack port on the resolution expressing pleasand satisfaction at the prompt

tion of Benham in protecting American commerce at Rio de Janeiro. Washington, Feb. 7.-In the Senate the Hawaiian resolutions were taken up and Outhwaite addressed the house, endorsing the action of the President and also the policy that the islands should not be allowed to fall into the hands of foreigners. Culberson also defended the resolutions. At the meeting of the Senate finance committee this morning objection was made to giving hearings. If the privilege extended to one industry it The vould have to be made general. Democrats have decided to refuse hearings until the bill is reported to the Sen-They say the Republicans followed the same plan on the McKinley bill.

The Chesapeak's Figurehead Elizabeth, N.J., Feb. 7.-Rev. W. H. Sherman, pastor of the East Baptist church, who, in the summer '92, found the figurehead of the famous man-of-war Chesapeake, lying on the shores of Chebuctoo or Halifax Bay, has made ever since determined efforts to get the from the British navy yard in Halifax, where it is said it now lies neglected. In response to a petition sent to the secretary of the U.S. navy to aid in securing the relic to place it in a museum in Washington, the following reply has been received from the secretary: ment could move in the matter. The question is a very delicate one, and any proposition to restore the relic to those from whom it was bravely and honorably captured, should, it seems to me, emanate from its captors rather than from

those who lost it in fair fight. The Silver Question. Washington, · Feb. 7.—Secretary Carhiste is disturbed over the Bland hill to coin the seignorage silver in the treasury. He has discovered that under the proposed legislation not only would silver certificates to the amount of fifty-five milliions be immediately issued, but it would put in circulation 28,000,000 silver dolfars that have been lying in the treasury vaults for years. Carlisle came to the capitol this morning and conferred with several Democratic members of the house regarding this matter. It is understood secretary will prepare a substitute for the Bland bill that will permit the coinage of the seignorage and its use as fast as practicable. It is believed Bland will not accept Carlisle's suggestion but will press his own measure.

Alaska-B. C. Boundary. Washington, D.C., Feb. 6.-The president has sent to the senate a treaty negottlated with the representatives of the government of Great Britain for the extension of the time for making the survey of the boundary line between Alaska and the British possessions. The original treaty providing for a joint commission for this work was negotiated and ratified during the summer of 1892, and commissioners were appointed on behalf of the two governments. In accordance with the terms of the treaty the commission was to make a survey of the territosion was to make a survey of the territory adjacent to that part of the boundary line of the United States and Camada Sold by Langley & Co.

and dividing Alaska from the Northwest Territory from latitude 54.5 degrees north to a point where the boundary line enters the 141st degree longitude west. purpose of the survey is to set at rest some questions of dispute going back of the time of the ownership of Alaska by Russia and involving a conflict in claims made by the two coutries to land along the seacoast opposite the Channel islands. Under the terms of the treaty this commission was to complete the work inside a perilod of two years, which would expire this fall. It had been found impractical to accomplish this, and the present treaty extends the time for another year.

A National Academician's Works. New York, Feb. 7.-The sale of the paintings of the late A. H. Wyant, N.A., was opened auspiciously in the Fifth avenue art galleries last night. Seventytwo paintings were sold for \$17,900. The bidding began brisk and was well sustained. The highest price obtained was \$1,000, for which sum the Union League club purchased "The Valley of the Houon assembling to-day took up the Ha- satoric." For the same price George A. Hearth obtained a striking work, "Moonlight and Frost." "The Sunlit Vale" was sold for \$800. Other notable pieces sold were "A Rocky Ledge in the Adirondacks," for \$525; "Sketch in the Woods at Sunset," \$180; "Sunlight Through the Clouds," \$450; "Woodland," \$390; "A Summer Day," \$430; "Solitude Adirondacks," \$520; "Clearing After Rain," \$390. The rest of the paintings, "Clearing After seventy in number, will be sold to-night The sale is made by the executors of the

FIGHTING FOR PROTECTION.

Woelen Men, Printers and Bookbinders Interviewing Tariff Committee.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.-Woolen manufacturers are here again to-day interviewing the tariff committee. They are objecting strongly against any reduction in the protection now afforded them, McKay, M. P. for Hamilton, is with them. A delegation from Toronto is here to-day also seeing the committee about the tariff as it affects printers and bookbinders. The full text of the order in council dealing with the Northwest school ordinance will not be made public until it has reached Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh of the Northwest Territories. It is, how ever, officially given out, as was stated in the Star of last night, that the law will not be interfered with. The cabinet holds that the ordinance passed is strictly within the powers of the Northwest assembly, and that therefore the government could not exercise the power of disallowance. It is also shown that to disallow the ordinance would not remedy the grievance complained of. ordinance of 1892 is merely a consolidation of all the laws in the Northwest in regard to school matters. It is an embodiment of the ordinance of of the amending ordinance of 1890, so general commercial value of the Haw- that to meet the wishes the petitioners aiian Islands. He was not there during it would be necessary to de flow both of the revolution, but in years past was on these, which were now be oud the power duty at the station. At a meeting of of disalbowance. The government could the full committee this morning no con- not order the assembly to amend the law, clusion had been reached regarding mak- but it has asked the Lieut. Governor, the executive and the assembly to give care full consideration to the complaint of the pethiciloners, that relief, if necessary, may be given by amending the ordinance.

EASTERN CANADA.

Bowell on Australian Trade-Quebec's Carnival Financially Successful. Toronto, Feb. 7.—The Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of trade and commerce has accepted an invitation of the Canaflacturers' association to dress them on the question of Australian trade at a luncheon to be tendered him on Wednesday, Feb. 16, by the association, immediately previous to the regular annual meeting of the association to be held on that day. A large attendance of manufacturers is expected, not only from Ontario, buit from Quebec and the Lower

Provinces. Torontto, Feb. 7.—The ratepayers' asociation has decided to petition the legislature for a law to suspend the exercise of the aldermanic and school trustees franchise by all civic officials and permanent employes, such as firemen and high school teachers.

Quebec, Feb. 7,—It is now certain that

the carnival committee will have a large surplus after paying all expenses, and the question at present is what is to be done Toronto, Feb. 7.—The official returns of the recent vote on the plebiscite on prohibition in this province show a total

for of 192,487; against, 110,757; majority,

The Lugos' Trial.

Caracas, Venezuela, Feb. 6-The trial f the Lugo brothers, charged with atempting to poison and assassinate Roberto Rodriguez after using him as a tool to defraud the bank of Venezuela out of large amount through a forged check, be cannot see in what way the depart- gan last Thursday. Long before the hour appointed for the opening of the loors of the Palacio Federal the streets were filled with excited people of all classes. So incensed were they that it was removed the prisoners would be lynched on their way to court. The government quickly nipped this in the bud, however, by sending an escort of 40 fully armed soldiers. Manuel Felipe was the first to appear on the street, marching to court in the centre of a hollow square of soldiers. He looked a little pale but held his head nigh and looked upon the crowd with disdain. Dvon the sight of the bloody daggers, revolvers and ropes with which his unsuspecting victim was to be lowered into his grave did not disturb him. He took a seat facing the judge, who will alone try the men, there being no jury system in Venezuela. The district attorney opened the case for the people and made the charge. The prisoner pleaded "not guilty" of eith er the forgery or the attempt to assassinate Rodriguez. The boy he claimed to be insane; that everybody was intoxicated and in a free fight he and his accomplices merely acted in self defence.

He said the grave in the yard was s well dug by his uncle, and that he had assisted in hiding Rodriguez, who was a lifelong friend. Manuel brought into court, then the uncle, Francesco Paolo and finally Rodriguez. The testimony of the Lugos was much the same. Rodriguez in substance repeated his story as told the night of the crime. The trial proper will commence next week. The general impression here is that the Lugos will receive a light sentence, as their victim has entirely recovered and their old father has agreed to pay back all the money obtained on the check to the bank of Venezuela.