

# The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 1, 1919

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## HALIFAX JUVENILE COURT

There is a separate juvenile court in Halifax, presided over by Mr. J. Johnston Hunt, D. C. L., K. C. The work was formerly done by Judge Wallace of the county court, but new duties compelled him to relinquish it and Dr. Hunt was appointed. The judge's office is the court room, and across the hall are the offices of Mr. Blois, superintendent of neglected and dependent children for Nova Scotia. While the court holds a session every Saturday to deal with truants, there is business before it practically every day, and its work is of great value. In addition to the judge and Mr. Blois there are connected with the court a probation officer and trust officer, and the agent of the S. P. C. There is also a police-woman in Halifax, and of course the whole police force co-operates with the juvenile court officers. But there are also three active workers provided by the Bureau of Social Service, which pays their salaries. It will thus be seen that Halifax makes commendable provision for the care of delinquent as well as neglected children. The verdict in that city is that the children's court should be separate from the police court and administered by a different judge.

There is another point on which they are very insistent in Halifax. Boys and girls are not arrested, but summoned before the court. They are very seldom locked up. With regard to truants, the city last year spent \$4,700 to have the truancy law properly administered. It is worth while for the citizens of St. John to consider what Halifax does in regard to the care of the children. Dr. Hunt says that the work of the court has been of very great benefit and its usefulness is steadily growing. The appeal for the appointment of a juvenile court judge for St. John city and county should be acted on if for no other reason because juvenile crime has been increasing for several years.

## A GREAT NATIONAL SERVICE

The Rotary Clubs of Canada have pledged themselves to raise \$50,000 or more to be expended in connection with the great educational convention in Winnipeg next fall. Rev. E. Leslie Pidgeon of Winnipeg, who was last year international president of Rotary, explained the whole scheme to the Rotary conference in Halifax this week. Leaders of thought in Winnipeg had first met to consider what could be done to make Canada's educational system more efficient in teaching morals and citizenship. The plan of a convention was suggested. President Osborne of Manitoba University was sent out to deliver addresses and feel the public pulse in the various cities. The response was universally favorable. Then the convention was decided on and the raising of money to meet the expenses and provide a fund of \$50,000 or more to make effective the result of its deliberations. Rev. Mr. Pidgeon was chosen to go after the fund, and his church gladly released him for the time necessary. He appealed to Rotary. The Winnipeg Rotary Club pledged itself to raise \$10,000. Other western clubs responded so handsomely that when he came east to the lakes he had \$34,000 pledged. There was a fine response in Ontario and Quebec, and this week the clubs in Halifax, St. John and Charlottetown pledged themselves to lend assistance.

It is proposed to bring together in Winnipeg next fall leaders in education, industry, labor, and every department of activity, from various parts of the world, and have them deliberate on the question of how Canada can better give in her schools teaching in morals and the ideals of the higher citizenship. The result of these deliberations will be passed on to the federal and provincial authorities and the people at large, and followed up by definite action. This is a great national service, and deserves the most careful thought and study. A most hopeful beginning has been made, and the Winnipeg convention should prove a notable milestone in educational progress in Canada.

## THE TARIFF.

The Toronto Star, discussing the tariff issue, urges the farmers and manufacturers to get together and study the problem together, instead of assuming a hostile attitude. Its remarks are worthy of attention. We quote: "Why should not the agriculturists and manufacturers come together and discuss the whole situation, not as a matter of theory and politics, but as a matter of national business in regard to which the country has to arrive at some sort of a working decision? If they come together in such a way each side will find that the other is not as unreasonable as has been made to appear from the statements made by extremists. The manufacturer would find that the farmer does not want to see our manufacturing industries destroyed, but that he does want to see the agricultural industry and those engaged in it given due consideration. The farmer would find that the manufacturer is not so much opposed to tariff reduction or readjustment as he is to the opening of

the door to the influx of an attack that he fears may sweep him off his feet. It is a mistake for these two great interests to allow themselves to be misrepresented to each other. The government should bring them together to see whether they cannot arrive at a working basis for a league of citizens rather than a declared state of war."

## IN PERSIA.

President Harry Pratt Judson of the University of Chicago, in a recent interview gave an interesting account of affairs in Persia, which he has just visited. He says:—"We have traveled hundreds of miles through the highlands of Persia in American motor cars and were everywhere received with the utmost kindness and the most cordial of welcomes. Most of Persia is a highland and plain and crops can be grown only through irrigation. There is great need of the construction of new and larger irrigation so that larger areas of the land may be brought under cultivation. In the whole country, which is twice as large as France, there are only fifty miles of railroad. One of the chief difficulties of the present situation is this lack of transportation. It is almost impossible to distribute food from one province to another on camel and donkey back over the high mountains, many of which are crossed by mere trails. There are no reliable figures about the population of the country. The best guess is 9,000,000 people when the war began. Of these it is estimated that more than 1,000,000 have died of starvation and violence, chiefly in the parts of the country devastated by the Turks and Russians in their battles."

Persia will henceforth be free from the fear of Turkish tyranny. We would like to think that something of her ancient glory, under new and happier conditions, might be restored to her; not by conquest, but by the development of a free commonwealth, with something of real value to contribute to the sum of human welfare. She has suffered greatly in the war, but a brighter day has dawned.

The strike situation in the mother country grows more serious. Whether military intervention will be necessary to prevent serious disorders in Glasgow and Belfast is still uncertain. Efforts are being made to extend the strike to other cities. The government still declines to intervene.

Toronto police commission is considering the question of having patrols of police women for the streets of that city, similar to those in England. Information is being sought in the old country. Leading Toronto women are behind the movement.

Foodstuffs are to be carried from England to Belgium by a squadron of airplanes. Thus the use of the airplane in commerce is shown to be practicable. There will be great developments along this line in the next decade.

The Standard is again disrupting the Foster cabinet. This is a harmless pastime. Meanwhile the Foster cabinet goes cheerfully on with its task of giving the province good government.

A portion of the British press is very critical of the proposed settlement of the question of the former German colonies.

The Royal Standard Chapter, I. O. D. E., was most successful in its appeal for books and magazines for the St. John county hospital. The books received will form an excellent nucleus for an up-to-date library.

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With the delicate, appetizing flavor of the wheat berry at its best, with La Tour Flour, which is milled to a uniform quality standard from the highest grade of Manitoba Hard Spring Wheat, and you'll keenly enjoy an entire meal of bread and butter.

Ask Your Grocer For La Tour Flour

**FWLER MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED**  
St. John West, N. B.

## LIGHTER VEIN

"What, my dear! Engaged to another soldier? Don't you ever get tired?" "But, father, they need the change as much as I do."—Life.

Mrs. Sufleigh (who has been drawn)—Oh, John! How can I evade this terrible jury duty? Mr. Sufleigh—Tell the judge how long it takes you to make up your mind, and if necessary you can call on me for corroboration.—Buffalo Express.

"Sail ending for a story." "What?" "To see a novel marked down from \$2 to 23 cents."—Kansas City Journal.

"What are you laughing about?" "Now that peace is here I'm thinking of the poor guys who got married to escape the draft."—Judge.

"Is Mrs. Flubdub at home?" "She is not," said the butler politely. "Are you quite sure?" "Quite. She told me so with her own lips."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

"The cuttlefish," remarked the school-

You Can Line Your Own Stove With

## FOLEY'S PREPARED FIRECLAY

To be had of W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., T. McAvity & Sons, Ltd., Emerson & Fisher, Ltd., G. W. Morrell, Haymarket Square; J. E. Wilson, Ltd., or at the Pottery.

gist, "when it becomes agitated scatters ink and slips away in the darkness." "Wonderful!" exclaimed the man with spots on his vest. "The fountain pen of the sea!"—Washington Star.

"Things are very high."

"Still, it doesn't cost any more to go shopping. In fact, it is more fun to shop where things are high."

## FREE PUZZLE PRIZE \$4500.00

In Cash has been Given Away FREE also hundreds of Merchandise Prizes \$200.00 more IN CASH will be Given Away as follows

1st Prize, \$50.00 in Cash. 2nd Prize, \$40.00 in Cash. 3rd Prize, \$35.00 in Cash. 4th Prize, \$25.00 in Cash. 5th to 9th Prizes—Each \$10.00 in Cash.

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Herewith will be found the picture of an Aviator who has just dropped a bomb on a pile of shells. At first glance the Aviator and the Explosion appear to be all there is in the picture, but by careful study the faces of several soldiers will be found. There are 7 of them all. Can you find them? It is no easy task but by patience and endurance can be accomplished.

You may win a cash prize by doing so. Many have done this as will be shown by the names and addresses which we will send you. If you find the faces mark each one with an X, cut out the picture and send it in, together with a slip of paper on which you have written the words "I have found all the faces and marked them." Write these words plainly and neatly, as in case of a tie, both writing and address are considered factors in this contest.

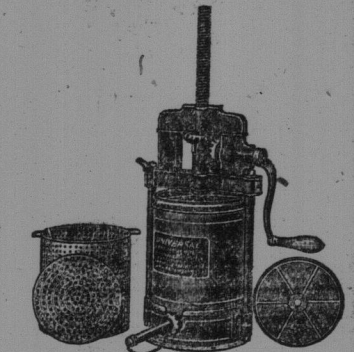
This contest is on a little of your time but as TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS in cash and many merchandise prizes are given away, it is worth your time to take a little trouble over this matter. Remember all you have to do is to mark the faces, cut out the picture and write on a separate piece of paper the words, "I have found all the faces and marked them."

WE DO NOT ASK YOU TO SPEND ONE CENT OF YOUR MONEY IN ORDER TO ENTER THIS CONTEST

Send your answer at once we will reply. Upon receipt of your reply we will send a complete list of the names and addresses of persons who have won \$4500.00 in Cash Prizes in recent contests held by the publishers of this advertisement. Although these persons are entirely unknown to us, they are our references. An enquiry from any one of them will tell you the information that our contests are carried out with the utmost fairness and integrity. Your opportunity to win a good round sum is equally as good as that of anyone else, as all previous winners of cash prizes are barred from entering this contest.

Send Your Reply Direct to  
**GOOD HOPE MANUFACTURING COMPANY**  
46 ST. ALEXANDER STREET, MONTREAL, CAN.

## 'Universal' Lard and Fruit Press and Sausage Stuffer



Made of steel. Lighter and stronger than cast iron. Unbreakable, and equipped with ball bearings. Top can be swung around permitting machine to be filled where it stands. Bowl can be handily taken out to be filled, emptied, or cleaned. Capacity 4 quarts; Height over all 20 inches; PRICE \$12.00.

## T. McAVITY & SONS LTD



## Wringers and Washing Machines

The Washing Machine (the modern labor-saver), does away with all the wash-day troubles—saves both health and strength. Prices \$7.80 to \$23.25

Wringers (Wood and Iron Frames) \$4.25 to \$8.00

Wash Boards, Ironing Tables, Clothes Baskets, Clothes Horses, Clothes Dryers, Galvanized Fibre Pails, Wood, Fibre and Galvanized Wash Tubs

**Emerson & Fisher Ltd.**

## R. N. W. M. POLICE TO USE AIRPLANES

Ottawa, Jan. 31.—That the equipment of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police will soon be supplemented by the addition of an airplane service is declared here to be assured. As a matter of fact, it is stated that the force, during the war, supplied a sufficient quota to the overseas flying service to form the nucleus of a flying force, which will annihilate the distances, which now render the northern patrols both tedious and hazardous, and which will also facilitate greatly regular communication between the present outposts of civilization, and the outlying police and trading posts round the Arctic.

The French patrol, which went to Coronation Gulf to investigate the Hudson street murders, was on three occasions faced with death through shortage of provisions. The Dawson patrol is always fraught with danger, while on one occasion, at least, the Herschell Island post was dangerously short of provisions, because of its temporary inaccessibility from the outside.

Yet none of these places are more than ten hours' journey by airplane from the nearest outpost of civilization. And the quantity of provisions which a plane can carry is very considerable. The planes do not need to return empty, either. Furs, which now have to be packed out at considerable expense and trouble, may form the return cargoes of the machines.

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