

The American Times Star

VOL. XVI, No. 88

PAGES ONE TO EIGHT

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1920

SIXTEEN PAGES—ONE CENT.

RETAILERS AND COMMERCE BOARD

Merchants Lay Grievances Before Government
Convention in Ottawa Deals Also with Co-operative Stores, Mail Order Houses, Daylight Saving and Night Hour Day.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Ottawa, Jan. 14.—The convention of the Dominion Board of Retail Merchants' Association of Canada, called to discuss the operations of the Board of Commerce, closed last evening after a short but eventful session. This morning a delegation representative of the Dominion Board and the Ottawa and eastern Ontario district, will be invited upon a committee of the federal cabinet to present a series of resolutions embodying grievances against the Board of Commerce and other matters of interest to Canadian merchants. The committee was representative of every province of the Dominion. It was presided over by J. A. Bamfield, of Winnipeg, the Dominion president.

Among subjects discussed was that of co-operative stores, and the necessity of voicing the strong opposition of the organization to any legislation which would give these stores any advantages which would be detrimental to the retail trade of the country. The mail order houses were also under fire and the opinion of the delegates was unanimously in effect with regard to the parcel post service, that all parcels by mail should cover the cost of carrying them; that no portion of the cost of operating the parcel post should be applied to the cost of carrying letters in the mail.

MISSING GIRL WAS ON SATURNIA

May MacIntosh, Who Was to Have Married New Brunswick Soldier.

(Canadian Press Despatch.)

Halifax, Jan. 14.—Officers of the immigration department here, when shown a report from St. John that Miss May MacIntosh, who arrived at Halifax on the Saturnia on Friday, had disappeared, said that their records showed that a girl named Annie MacIntosh, aged twenty-one years and a native of Scotland, had passed through the department here when the steamer docked on Friday. They said a man was to marry a returned soldier at Centerville, N. B., and that all the necessary regulations having been complied with, their knowledge in the matter ended.

DOMINION COAL AND MINE WORKERS

Halifax, Jan. 14.—The board of conciliation appointed to arbitrate between the Dominion Coal Company and the United Mine Workers at Springfield, N. B., met here this morning to discuss the terms which will complete its work. The board consists of Rev. Clarence MacKinnon, J. C. Waters and Col. W. E. Thompson. The board will receive reports from the company and the workers on negotiations that have been going on for several weeks. A member of the board said that if these reports were unfavorable, the board may have a difficult task to undertake.

Shoe Man Talks Of Trade Conditions

Boston, Jan. 14.—Shoe factories in the United States and Canada are producing more nearly a normal output than at any time during the last three years, said E. H. Simons of Philadelphia yesterday before the National Shoe Retailers Association. The two countries, he said, were probably the nearest to normal in the world adequately supplied with leather shoes. Mr. Simons said that the demand was entering industry on the best grades of leather, regardless of the price. The public was not interested, he added, in buying shoes made from the mean and lower grades of leathers, such as they bought in 1914 and before.

YARMOUTH GROCER FALLS DEAD IN STORE

Yarmouth, N. S., Jan. 14.—A. P. Lewis, sixty-five, grocer, fell dead on entering his place of business this morning. He had had heart trouble.

Germany is Placed Under Martial Law

At Least Ten Killed in Riots in Berlin Yesterday

Wild Scenes in Front of Reichstag Building, Where Mob of Thousands is Fired on—Fear of Renewal of Trouble.

(Associated Press.)

Berlin, Jan. 13 (8 p. m.)—The government tonight proclaimed martial law in all sections of Germany following a mob demonstration this afternoon in which at least ten persons were killed and many others were wounded by machine gun fire from guards in front of the Reichstag building.

Gustav Noske, minister of defence, has been appointed commander-in-chief for the greater Berlin district and Brandenburg province. Street parades, meetings and demonstrations of all kinds have been prohibited.

An Early Report.

Berlin, Jan. 13.—Many persons were killed and wounded in a melee between members of a mob and police guards in front of the Reichstag building here this afternoon. The mob, organized by extremists as a protest against the industrial council bill before the Reichstag, began to gather in the morning, and by every street leading to the Tiergarten was crowded with masses of people carrying red flags and placards. A disciplinary demonstration before the Reichstag, the authorities had surrounded the buildings with public security guards and machine guns, who barred the way to the Reichstag. As time passed the crowd was joined by striking tram employees, and soon inflammatory speeches were begun by agitators.

When the Reichstag convened at three o'clock the crowd surrounding the building was estimated at 40,000, and new delegations of working people were carrying red flags and banners inscribed with the words: "All power to the Soviets," continued to arrive. Troop reinforcements were added to the guards on duty, but only one arrest had been made since noon. The man taken into custody was identified as having shouted "Down with Noske."

Attempts were made by the guards to disperse the mob, but it was too quiet to disperse the mob. At last, the mob, regardless of the machine gunners and other defenders of the building made a rush against the guards and disabled the machine guns. When it was seen the mob could not be checked in any other way, fire was opened on the mob from a close range and the front of the building was littered with casualties were inflicted on the crowd which approached the Simonstrasse side of the structure. Order was soon restored.

The Reichstag continued its sitting until five o'clock, at which time it was announced that ten bodies of persons killed in the fight had been brought into the courtyard of the Reichstag. Rifle and machine gun fire was opened on the mob at 8:40 and lasted five minutes. It was most severe around the west portal of the building. Later the correspondent of the Associated Press recounted at least twenty men lying in the courtyard of the Reichstag, apparently wounded. When the troops began firing the crowd ran pell mell in all directions.

At the sound of the guns members of the Lower House left the assembly chamber and crowded into the lounge room, where there was intense excitement. Provocation for firing upon the crowd was furnished by its attempt to storm the west entrance of the building. When the mob attacked several guards and wrenched their rifles away from them just as soldiers rushed up, and then firing began. When the mob ran into the street, soldiers stationed there suspected they would be attacked and immediately opened fire. Six slightly wounded civilians were carried into the Reichstag building, a dozen others were transferred to the guard house near the Brandenburg gate and some were carried off by members of the sanitary corps.

The Reichstag temporarily adjourned and the members were obliged to leave the chamber, as he was unable to control the situation. Members of various parties engaged in violent recriminations and members of the cabinet left the chamber. A shot fired from a point directly in front of the Bismarck monument, struck the huge glass door leading to the lobby, which was crowded with agitated deputies, the bullet passing a few feet from the spot where the crowd was gathered in conversation with Herr Stresemann, a national liberal member of the Reichstag.

When the troops dispersed the crowd outside of the building, they extended their cordon in the direction of Unter Den Linden, where throngs filled the street. An officer who chanced to come along was severely beaten by the crowd. After a short recess the House visibly quieted down and President Feilerbach told the deputies the day's casualties had reached an total which would occasion profound regret and that further deliberations could, under the circumstances, hardly be expected to continue with the necessary calm. He suggested an adjournment until Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. The deputies received the announcement standing and then left the chamber.

As Hiram Sees It

"Well, sir," said Mr. Hiram Hornbeam to the Times reporter, "I went down to that Boys' Club last night and I had a real good time. Steve Bustin's a good feller. He had a picture machine and a screen and everything packed into two valises, and he took 'em down there to see the boys a good time. They was fine pictures, too. He showed 'em what alcohol does to a fellow, and he give 'em a fairy story, and showed 'em funny pictures, and then he said, 'No, I ain't no secretery, an' the King an' Queen an' the Union Jack. It was great. I'd like to hear 'em out the Settlement. Another feller told a story about ketchin' young bears alive in the woods. Captain M'Carthy he told 'em stories and had the hull pass of boys hollerin' for the naval brigade an' blue uniforms. I was just thinkin' while I looked at that crowd of over a hundred boys, what they'd all be when they grew up. Harry Scott told me he called them 'em as many as two hundred members there afore I like them little fellers. I seen down there with this town? I wonder if the people ever takes time to wonder if the people who look after 'em, but I guess they ain't thinkin' about that kind of boys."

NEED STRONG OPPOSITION

Viscount Haldane on Political Situation in Britain

Cannot Turn Out Coalition Yet—Speaks of Relations of Liberals and Labor—Reported Asquith to Be Candidate in Paisley.

London, Jan. 14.—Although the coalition government is losing seats in parliament and the "handwriting on the wall is against it" nevertheless, it cannot be turned out, because "there is nobody to take its place," declared Viscount Haldane, former Lord High Chancellor, at Edinburgh on Tuesday.

Viscount Haldane, who is an acute Liberal party politician, asserted that he did not believe the Laborists, Liberals or any other party was likely to come into power in the near future, and that a change in the government could not be brought about until a strong united opposition to the coalition regime could be formed. Such an opposition, he argued, could be established only by the formation of a great progressive party composed of Laborists and Liberals. He said Labor has captured the heights and Liberals are down in the plains. We Liberals, frankly, ideals which are as high as those of Labor must agree with Labor upon methods which, allowing freedom of opinion and of programme, will make it possible for us to work together on the same problems.

He appealed to the Liberals "to recapture the heights from Labor and to take the country they had something to preach even wider than Labor." He said groups of the best thinkers on the same problem and had put into operation a programme of building a series of bridges between the individual and the state so that the state should not be something apart but be an intelligent individual expression of the best collective will. He asserted that it was, perhaps, on such lines that Liberals and Laborists might co-operate.

CONDENSED NEWS

The Antwerp boatmen have declared a general strike. It is feared the movement will paralyze navigation with the interior of the country. Dr. Jose Luis Tamayo, former president of the senate and candidate for the Liberals, has been elected president of Ecuador. The S. S. Canadian Spinner, freed from the St. Lawrence ice, reached Sydney, N. S., yesterday afternoon, little damaged. Dock workers at Rotterdam went on strike yesterday as a protest against the new system of wage payments. It is said vessels bound to America will not be affected of this charge, which is being ignored by his political associates and press champions. The Daily Mail says today it is believed that the recent attempt of Churchill to succeed Mr. Churchill himself may seek the leadership. SYNOPSIS—Pressure is low over Nova Scotia and on the north Pacific coast and high to the west and north of the Great Lakes. The weather is cold from Saskatchewan to the maritime provinces, and mild in southern Alberta. Fair; Very Cold. Maritime—Strong winds or gales from north and northwest; cold and light local snow. Thursday, strong north-west winds; fair and decidedly cold. Gulf and North Shore—Strong north and northwest winds; fair and very cold tonight and on Thursday. New England—Fair and colder tonight; Thursday, fair and continued cold; strong northwest winds. Toronto, Jan. 14.—Temperatures: Highest during Stations. 8 a. m. yesterday, night. Prince Rupert . . . 42 48 Victoria . . . 40 44 38 Calgary . . . 10 48 6 Edmonton . . . 6 5 6 Winnipeg . . . 6 12 28 512 White River . . . 12 28 4 Sault Ste. Marie . . . 20 46 Toronto . . . 6 34 4 Kingston . . . 6 34 4 Ottawa . . . 6 10 0 Montreal . . . 4 6 2 Quebec . . . 4 6 2 St. John, N. B. . . 4 8 0 Halifax . . . 10 22 4 St. John's, Nfld. . . 14 20 14 Detroit . . . 10 32 10 New York . . . 24 38 22 Below zero.



The Shaker of Embers: "Awake, Arise." South: "No; I'd rather wait and see." The Shaker of Embers: "I know; but I want my coffin for Lloyd George." —Star, London.

TWO HUNDRED WANT POSITION

Managership of Co-operative Store in Fredericton

Wrap Bread After February 2—A Long List of Resignations and Appointments in Province Service Announced.

(Special to Times)

Fredericton, N. B., Jan. 14.—The condition of Dr. T. Carleton Allan, registrar of the supreme court, has improved sufficiently for him to be out yesterday. He recently for some time has been confined to his home for some weeks with serious stomach trouble. He will likely go to Montreal to consult a specialist.

The incorporation of the Fredericton Co-operative, Ltd., is expected to be gazetted this month. Those interested in the establishment of a co-operative store, chiefly members of the Fredericton labor council, say that stock subscriptions are coming in in a most gratifying manner. Upwards of 200 applications for the position of manager of the co-operative store have been received.

On the recommendation of the minister of health, the regulations for the wrapping of bread are to become effective on February 2 instead of January 14. The following resignations are accepted: Hon. Sir Ezekiel McLeod, as a member of the U. N. B. senate; John P. Noble as a member of the U. N. B. senate; W. E. Flewelling as a member of the U. N. B. senate; W. E. Flewelling as a member of the U. N. B. senate; W. E. Flewelling as a member of the U. N. B. senate.

Northumberland—Mrs. James F. Connors, reappointed school trustee for Chatham; Mrs. Edith Sargent, reappointed school trustee for Newcastle. Restigouche—Henry J. Currie, chairman of school trustees for Campbellton; in place of Francis F. Matheson, resigned; Mary Bradley to be school trustee for Campbellton; in place of Mrs. Edward McQuillan, resigned; John Harward, of Campbellton; William H. Miller, of Campbellton; William Copeland, of Dawsonville; James A. Craswell, of Mann's Mountain; Robert McIntyre, of Mountain Brook, and Simeon LeBlanc, of Balmoral, to be justices of peace. St. John—Francis H. McNair, of 224 Waterloo street, to be issuer of marriage licenses. Sunbury—Scott McLeod, of Minto, stipendiary and police magistrate, for the Minto police district, in parishes of Northfield and Canning, with criminal, quasi-criminal and civil jurisdiction, in place of J. Henry Halifax, resigned. Westmorland—Camille Hillaire Boudreau, of Moncton, and S. Howard Hicks, of Jolicoeur, to be justices of peace. From December 15, 1919; Alfred Searle, of town of Woodstock, to be caretaker of River St. John and Meduxnakec bridges, in place of John Brown, deceased; in place of J. Henry Halifax, resigned, to be commissioner for France, to administer oaths and take and receive affidavits in province of New Brunswick. Upon the recommendation of Chief Liquor Inspector W. D. Wilson, Bernard Doucet, of Richibouctou, will be granted a retail license, and George Leclaire, of St. Quentin, has been appointed inspector for the parishes of Hazen and Grimmer, Restigouche county.

APPROACHING A COMPROMISE

Get-Together in Washington on Peace Treaty

Lodge and Hitchcock Give Assurances to Delegations of Organizations Said to Represent Twenty Million People.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Assurances that Democratic and Republican senators were uniting in endeavoring to end the senate treaty deadlock were given by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Hitchcock of Nebraska, Republican and acting Democratic leaders, respectively, yesterday to spokesmen of organizations who said they represented 20,000,000 people desirous of early ratification of the treaty.

Senator Lodge told the delegation he would be "glad" to consider any modifications of the treaty reservations which the Democratic minority might present, and that there was being evinced "a general desire" to dispose of the treaty promptly so as to avoid its injection into the elections.

At the office of Senator Hitchcock, the delegation was told by the acting Democratic leader and by Senator Smith, Democrat, of Georgia, of the efforts he had made on the Democratic side of the chamber to bring about prompt ratification. The spirit of antagonism which dominated the treaty debate in the last session congress, Senator Hitchcock said, had given way to a spirit of an honorable compromise, which led to the belief that ratification of the treaty with some reservations would be attained before a A Prediction.

Montreal, Jan. 14.—Hon. Theodore Marburg, former United States minister to Belgium, addressing the Young Men's Canadian Club here last night, said the attitude of the United States Senate towards the peace treaty would be much modified by pressure of public opinion and that it would compel adoption of the peace treaty, by the senate and that the United States would then become a member of the league of nations.

New York, Jan. 14.—On ratification of the peace treaty by colleges and universities here, has been reported. In thirty-two colleges, which included Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Columbia, Cornell and the University of Pennsylvania, a total of 29,910 votes were cast. Of these 11,182 were for ratification without compromise and the next highest figure, 9,928, was for ratification without reservations or amendments.

EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES IN A PARTNERSHIP

J. C. Waters Expresses That Hope in Address to Students at Pine Hill.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 14.—J. C. Waters, who represented the employes on the conciliation board headed by Rev. Dr. Clarence McKinnon, who is a member of the board, addressed the students of Pine Hill College last night that there was no adequate compensation for the right to strike. But he explained that "it was the barbarous method he used only after all other means had failed."

By educating the educators, the public and themselves to a complete understanding of the economic system, and the industrial system, in the long lines of service, he hoped that labor would be able to gain its ends peacefully, so that the industrial system, which he defended the attitude of Russell throughout the Winnipeg strike, holding that he had been misrepresented. He then addressed the students on the invitation of Dr. McKinnon, principal of the college.

HIT BY STREET CAR IN HALIFAX; SERIOUSLY HURT

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 14.—At the Victoria General Hospital this morning it was reported that there was no change in the condition of W. A. Monaghan, who was yesterday seriously injured as the result of being struck by a tram car. An operation on his head was performed last night. The motorman and conductor of the car are being detained at the police station pending an investigation.

RETIRED AMERICAN SAYS AMERICAN PEOPLE MUST HELP

New York, Jan. 14.—It is the conviction of Sir George F. Cook, English financial author, that if the American people could take the present vast flow of exports to Europe such as it is maintained without a disastrous breakdown, it will be necessary for them to offer their support to the purchase of bonds—just as they supported the war itself with bonds.

In a speech last night Sir George warned his hearers that in the present critical situation of export trade some device will have to be arranged quickly to relieve the existing situation of financial straits. This system, he said, is one which contemplates some reasonable balance between exports and imports; it never contemplated that there would come a time in the world when all the Atlantic freight would be carried one way.

SAYS REV. MR. DIGBY HAS RECEIVED NO CALL

New York, Jan. 14.—Denial of the announcement from London by the Rev. Eberard Digby, known in England as "The Sporting Parson," that he had received a call from the Episcopal church of the Ascension in Brooklyn, was made yesterday by Rev. Walter Bentley, who appointed school trustee for St. Andrews.

Gloucester—George H. Landry, of Grand Anse, Justice of Peace for James sirables confined at the Deer Island house of correction was made yesterday afternoon when Thomas G. Connolly, in behalf of 112 of the prisoners, filed in federal district court a petition for habeas corpus. He holds that the petitioners are being unlawfully and forcibly detained by Immigration Commissioner Skeffington under a warrant alleged to be defective in that it does not specify as required by the law the act or acts for which they presumably have been arrested. The arguments will come before Judge Anderson tomorrow. Of the petitioners fifty-three hail from Boston.

Resignations of the Harvard Liberal Club and its free speech doctrine, Bolshevism is the greatest danger that has ever confronted the United States, said Congressman Neely of West Virginia last evening at a dinner of the New England Iron and Hardware Association. One of his colleagues, Congressman Simon D. Fess of Ohio, agreed with him.

Shoot the Moon Rocket. Prof. Robert H. Goddard of Clark University of Worcester has achieved international fame as the inventor of a rocket, which when perfected he claims will be capable of traveling to the moon. If the armistice had not come in the nick of time the United States, through his efforts, would have had a surprise for the Germans in a projectile with a range of 120 miles. He is being financed by the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. When asked yesterday how soon he expected to be able to shoot to the moon he replied that the present series of experiments perfecting his invention are more likely to be restricted to a region nearer than the neighborhood of the moon. He will continue his work in Worcester some months toward the development of reloading or multiple charge rocket.

PREMIER GOING TO EUROPE AS SOON AS THE SESSION CLOSES

Quebec, Jan. 14.—L'Action Catholique announces that Sir Lomer Gougeon and Hon. G. E. Amyot, M. L. C., will leave immediately after the present session on a trip to Europe.

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