

## The Evening Times Star

VOL. XVII, No. 238

ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 1921

TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

NOW AWAIT WORD  
OF ACCEPTANCE  
BY JAPANESEOther Nations Say Yes to  
Harding's Call.Speculation as to Whether  
Conferences Will be Held  
in Washington or London  
—Some Support for Each  
City.

London, July 13.—Three of the principal Allied nations, Great Britain, France and Italy, have officially signified their acceptance of President Harding's invitation for a conference on limitation of armaments, while China has indicated her readiness to participate in a conference relative to Far Eastern questions. Japan is the only one of the Allies which has not placed herself on record as being ready to take part, but her acceptance is expected soon.

It is thought that the meeting at Washington will be attended by some of the most prominent statesmen of the world. Advice from Paris is that the commission for reduction of armaments, appointed by the League of Nations, will probably hold only a brief session in that city on Saturday. Rene Viviani, president of the commission, is understood to favor an immediate adjournment, although such action would be upon the initiative of the council of the league.

It seems probable, however, that President Harding's proposal for a conference on steps toward disarmament will be the dominant feature of Saturday's meeting.

London or Washington.  
London, July 13.—(Canadian Associated Press, by Gratian O'Leary, staff correspondent Canadian Press).—The question as to whether the Pacific conference is to be held in London or Washington is understood to depend upon the attitude of President Harding. The British foreign office and most of the dominion premiers are urging in favor of London, but as the invitation came from President Harding and as he suggested Washington, there is no desire here to go beyond a mere suggestion of London.

The British press is sharply divided on the question, the Westminster Gazette maintaining that it would be folly to hold the Pacific conference before the question of disarmament was settled, and the Times, which is bitterly anti-Lloyd George, is savagely asserting that Premier Lloyd George and Lord Curzon, foreign secretary, are out to represent Great Britain in the U. S.

Premier Meighen is pressing to have the matter decided as soon as possible, as he is anxious to return to Canada at once. He is strongly inclined to favor Washington, particularly as the capital of the U. S. would be more suitable to his own convenience, although he recognizes there are strong arguments on the side of London.

The Canadian premier, whose fight for the Far East conference and against the Japanese alliance has brought him a curious measure of support from prominent Liberal statesmen, has today been given the guest of honor at a luncheon given by the Eighty Club, a famous London organization founded in the eighties to support Gladstone.

Paris, July 13.—Whether Premier Briand will attend the Washington conference will depend largely on the caliber of statesmen who will represent the other nations invited. No decision will be made until the invitation actually is received.

Something for Friday.  
The Right Hon. H. H. Asquith proposed the premier's health. Among those present were Lord Buckmaster, Sir Charles Hobhouse, Viscount Haldane, J. A. G. Reith, editor of the Westminster Gazette; Right Hon. Charles Masterman, Sir John Simon and other salient personalities of official Liberalism. On Friday Mr. Meighen will receive the freedom of the city, when it is expected he will make an important pronouncement.

SEND BACK  
BONUS BILLGoes to Finance Committee of  
Congress for Further Con-  
sideration.

Washington, July 13.—The soldier bonus bill, probably will be recommitted today to the finance committee for further consideration. The vote will be upon a motion of Senator Penrose, chairman of the committee, offered after President Harding's appeal in person to the senate yesterday that action on the bill be deferred because of the condition of the treasury.

When Senator Penrose offered his motion for recommitment yesterday, opposition, principally on the part of Democratic senators, prevented a vote, but it was said a vote probably would be reached today with recommitment assured by a wide majority.

Montreal, July 13.—The opening of the local stock exchange this morning was again very quiet. Albitz was a quarter of a point weaker at 25½; Laurentide was down a half at 25½; Laurentide was unchanged at 74.

PRINCE OF WALES  
HAS COLD AND IS  
KEPT TO ROOM

London, July 13.—(Canadian Associated Press). The Prince of Wales cancelled a dinner engagement yesterday. He is confined to his room with a cold, which, however, is not serious.

BRUSSELS STREET  
CASE RESUMEDSergt. Detective Power Testi-  
fies About Crowd in Street  
Car Incident — Comment  
from Bench.

Another hearing was given in the police court this morning in the case of Simon Gurin, charged with being a member of a disorderly crowd, sergeant-Detective Power gave evidence. The testimony of Sergeant Power was materially the same as that given by Detective Biddiscombe on Monday. It dealt with events leading up to the arrest of the accused and of the finding of a small stone in his pocket.

Cross-examined by Mr. Ritchie, he said he had noticed only one window broken in the car and saw no stones going through the windows from one side to another. When walking up Brussels street he was about eighteen feet behind Biddiscombe. Three policemen were present and about 300 persons. He saw the policemen asking the crowd to move back, but not attempting to make any arrests.

At the time Biddiscombe seized the accused the car was in motion, and he did not see it stop until it reached the corner of Richmond street. The accused was standing near the car track when he saw him. He pulled the accused's hand out of his pocket and then found the stone there, though the stone did not come out when he removed the accused's hand. He did not see the accused make any effort to throw the stone and did not hear him shouting nor see him acting in a disorderly manner. The crowd was shouting to the operators of the car and the accused was shouting to the crowd. He did not see the accused throw the stone.

To the magistrate he said that on the car he saw one man in uniform and one without. The names of the three policemen were Dykeman, Lewis and Orr. The magistrate said that at this time people should be very careful about congregating in the streets. He called attention to an act passed in 1861, which made it illegal for three or more persons to assemble in the streets and said the police would only be doing their duty if they dispersed every group of three or more persons who were congregating in the streets. He referred to the use of the word "scab" and like terms, and to the plume strike in the city which the use of the word "scab" led directly to the death of a young man, and he appealed to all right-thinking people to do their share in maintaining peace and preventing further trouble. He adjourned the case until next Tuesday morning.

A. J. BALFOUR  
ON THE LEAGUE

London, July 13.—A. J. Balfour, lord president of the council, speaking on the League of Nations before the Imperial Conference on Friday, July 9, his speech, however, not being given out for publication until after yesterday's meeting of the conference, said:

"If the League of Nations were to dissolve, a new peace treaty would have to be framed and new machinery would have to be devised for carrying out the duties with which the league has been entrusted. The most serious differences between the league as it was planned and as it exists is the absence of the United States and Russia."

Mr. Balfour expressed the hope that Germany would soon become a member. There were other embarrassments, among which he cited reluctance of members to subscribe money for the schemes advocated by the league, but he asserted that the league has accomplished in some cases what the old diplomacy would have failed in.

B. C. MILL IS FIRE  
VICTIM; LOSS HEAVY

Port Alberni, B. C., July 13.—Fire last evening completely destroyed the Gilmour mill, with a loss in plant alone estimated at \$75,000. A million and a half feet of lumber was lost.

The Canadian Voyager was berthed at the mill loading 550,000 feet of lumber for Quebec ports. Both cargo and vessel were saved.

SETTLEMENT OF BOYS'  
STRIKE AT MINE IS  
MADE TEMPORARILY

Sydney, N. S., July 13.—A temporary settlement of the boy drivers' strike at the New Waterford mine has been effected and the miners of No. 12 colliery have resumed work. A permanent settlement will be reached by a conference.

RUTH MADE TWO  
MORE YESTERDAYWith 34, is Far Ahead of His  
1920 Record.British Boxers Win from Amer-  
icans in Bouts in Toronto  
—Many Horses for Fred-  
erickson Races — Late Sport  
News.

Chicago, July 13.—Babe Ruth had seven more home runs when the Yankees faced St. Louis today than he did at the end of the game in which he played on July 13, 1920. Babe's two homers yesterday brought his total for the season to thirty-four, while it was one year ago today that he made number twenty-seven of his 1920 string of fifty-four homers.

Ruth's home run off Kier in the White Sox game on Monday, the first he made against any White Sox pitcher since June, 1920, seemed to serve as an impetus to the swatter. He went to St. Louis yesterday with the Yankees and made two circuit smashes off Davis, the Brown pitcher.

The White Sox pitchers all have admitted they were trying to get through the season without letting the Bambino knock the ball out of the lot, but after Monday's game Kier had no excuse to offer and did not attribute the homer the "divine" ball.

New York, July 13.—Arriving from England on the S. S. Olympic today were many notable of the sporting world, including Wm. T. Tilden of Philadelphia, world's singles tennis champion, Shun Shimizu, Japanese tennis star, and the Oxford and Cambridge track teams.

Frederickson Races.  
Frederickson, N. B., July 13.—The Fredericksburg Race Association has made a formal application to the Fredericksburg racing management for the use of forty stalls on the first grounds adjoining the race track for taking care of the overflow of horses that will be here for the circuit races on July 19, 20, 21 and 22.

Imports From Canada Now  
Given a Preference of at  
Least 50 p. c.

Ottawa, July 13.—(Canadian Press).—The department of trade and commerce has received a cablegram from the governor of Barbados stating that the Canada-West Indies trade agreement has been ratified and that the new tariff became effective as from July 1.

Imports from Canada into Barbados have been given a preference of at least fifty per cent over imports from any foreign country. It is also announced that a bill has been introduced in the legislature of Antigua, the purpose of which is to give effect to the provisions of the various trade agreements so far as they affect that colony.

STILL CONFERRING  
ON PAY CUT ON  
THE RAILWAYS

Montreal, July 13.—Conversations between representatives of the railway unions and the representatives of the C. P. R., Grand Trunk and C. N. R. with regard to an agreement to be carried on in an amicable fashion, but no decision has been arrived at yet for some days and not until agreement or rejection of terms is reached will any definite statement be given out.

## EXCHANGE TODAY.

New York, July 13.—Sterling exchange weak. Demand 86.83-4; cables 86.45. Canadian dollars 12½ per cent discount.

Phetis and  
Fardmand  
WEATHER  
REPORT

Issued by author-  
ity of the De-  
partment of Ma-  
rines and  
H. E. Stewart,  
director of meteor-  
ological service.

Synopsis.—Pressure continues remarkably uniform over the greater portion of the continent. Showers have occurred very locally over the western provinces and Lake Superior. Otherwise the weather in the dominion has been fair and continued very warm in Ontario and the greater portion of Quebec.

Fair and Warm.  
Maritime.—Moderate winds, mostly south and southwest, generally fair and warm today and on Thursday. No much change in temperature.

New England.—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; little change in temperature; light variable winds.

Toronto, July 13.—Temperatures:  
Highest during day 80  
Lowest 62  
Rainfall .02  
Wind S.W. 10-20  
Direction of wind S.W. 10-20  
Direction of wind S.W. 10-20

Prince Rupert . . . 80  
Victoria . . . 62  
Kamloops . . . 58  
Calgary . . . 50  
Edmonton . . . 46  
Prince Albert . . . 56  
Winnipeg . . . 60  
Saskatoon . . . 60  
Sault Ste. Marie . . . 72  
Toronto . . . 80  
Quebec . . . 78  
Ottawa . . . 78  
Montreal . . . 78  
St. John, N. B. . . 72  
Halifax . . . 74  
Sydney, N. S. . . 72  
Yarmouth, N. S. . . 70

Rev. S. W. Anthony, formerly minister in the congregational church in this city is now in Brighton, N. S. He was overseas three years in Y. A. C. A. work. His church in Brighton was burned last year and a new one is being erected of brick, colonial design. The building fund was over-subscribed by \$1000. His old friends will be glad to hear of his continued success in the ministry. Mr. Anthony was given a very hearty reception at last week's convention in Yarmouth, N. S.

## As Hiram Sees It

"Hiram," said the Times reporter to Mr. Hiram Horne, "It was thinking last night about the advantages of education. It enables you to have wider interests. You are less moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

"Yes, sir," said Hiram. "That's so. Now you take right here in St. John. Some folks here are just moved by trivial things. You are a citizen of the world."

BUSH FIRES IN  
THE PROVINCE  
WORSE TODAYSeveral New Ones Reported  
to Department — An In-  
quiry Into Charges in Que-  
bec.

Frederickton, July 13.—(Special).—New forest fires were reported this morning but details are lacking and it is impossible to state definitely whether or not they are serious. Calls for additional firemen were received from Millstream last night, and the report received at the same time from the inspector in charge was that more than 1,000 acres and was still considered serious. The fire which is burning between Prince of Wales and Spruce Lake on the Shore Line Railways is also still considered serious.

A fire has broken out on the south side of Second Eel River Lake and fifty men were sent in last evening. There is a serious fire in the parish of Havock, Kings county, near Thorne's Brook. Additional men have been sent in to deal with the fire.

The Hopewell fire is still reported as serious, but as yet no buildings have been burned and every effort is being made by those engaged fighting the blaze.

The country is still very dry and the wind, which has been blowing more of late than previously during the period, makes the labor of the fire fighters very difficult in some localities.

The people are requested to be extremely careful of anything that might give rise to a fire, and should report a fire at the earliest possible moment to headquarters in this city, or to a ranger.

A telegram received from Campbellton reporting a fire at Mile 63 on L. N. E. It was promptly extinguished. So far Resolute county has been entirely free from fires. All things considered conditions are worse today than yesterday.

In Cape Breton.  
Sydney, N. S., July 13.—Forest fires continue to keep local fire departments on the qui vive, although no extensive damage has yet been done except to timber lands. Last yesterday afternoon the fire department was called to a fire at a place called "The Point" near Birch Cove, and colliery and town were also threatened. The fire was extinguished by the fire department.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24. At one time the dam and pulp house from which the reserve water was also taken at Steele's Hill, and number 24.

TRAIN WRECK IN  
NEWFOUNDLAND

Sydney, N. S., July 13.—A locomotive and three passenger cars were derailed, but no one was hurt, in a wreck on the Reid-Newfoundland Railway about two miles east of Miller's Junction, Nfld., yesterday. News of the accident was brought by the S. S. Kyle, which arrived seventeen hours late with sixty-three passengers who were on the train.

TRURO TRACK  
RECORD BROKENCorwin Hall Does It in Free-  
for-All on July 12.

Truro, N. S., July 13.—Thirty-one horses started in yesterday's programme at the Truro Speedway in the free-for-all, 228 and three-minute class races. The track record was broken in the first heat of the free-for-all, the time being 2:16. The racing was close and spectacular and was watched by more than 2,000 spectators.

Summary:  
Free-for-all, Trot and Pace, \$400.  
Corwin Hall, J. P. Smith, 1 1 2 1  
Kinsore, P. E. I., 1 2 1  
Plucky Dillard, W. Moore, 5 5 1 8  
Kentville, 3 2 5 2  
Belle Mead, 2 3 4  
Truro, 2 3 4  
Silver Fox, A. L. Peaton, 4 4 4  
Chimes Hal, Dr. Cavanaugh, 4 4 4  
Upper Stewiack, 2 2 5 2  
Lucky Kip, Dr. Purdy, 4 4 4  
Mother's Boy, Wm. Muir, 4 4 4  
Truro, 2 2 1 1  
Time—2:16 (track record); 2:19.

Reports from Ireland indicate the truce arranged, which became effective at noon on last Monday, was being observed. The observance of "Orange Monday" in Belfast yesterday was not attended by any violence, and it would appear that both sides in the bitter strife in the Emerald Isle were resolved not to embarrass their leaders in arranging a possible peace.

Speech by Sir  
JAMES CRAIG.  
Belfast, July 13.—Sir James, speaking at Finaghy yesterday, gave his reasons for accepting the invitation of Lloyd George.

"First," he declared, "if we did not go to the conference, we would be misrepresented behind our backs. We would have nobody to say a word for us. Second, we are a small community on the face of the earth, and foreign countries, as well as our own dominions would misconstrue Ulster if she stopped out of the conference. She would be condemned in her absence and told you would not go to the conference; therefore, you must be ruled out of court."

"Third, it gets into the minds, even of things to give away. While I and my colleagues are there, there will be nothing to give away. Therefore while I am in Belfast, I will be there. While I am in Belfast, I will be there. While I am in Belfast, I will be there."

Another reason given by the Ulster premier was that it would have "created a bad impression if we did not accept the prime minister's invitation after the king's speech on Ulster's behalf."

Sir James said he had "tested the minds and feelings of people worth knowing during his recent visit to London and that they believe the Ulster parliament to be sacrosanct in the eyes of those who brought it about."

That is something gained, he added. Pointing out that the whole situation has changed since July 22, Sir James declared:

"I am no longer James Craig, except to my friends but to those who would tamper with Ulster rights I am prime minister of Northern Ireland. The way of peace is in our own hands and their own hands only. The way of peace is in our own hands and their own hands only. The way of peace is in our own hands and their own hands only."

Further Clash in Mexican Village Where Catholics Resisted Radicals.

Mexico City, July 13.—Efforts on the part of the governor of the State of Michoacan to impose a mayor of his own choice upon the village of Ixcama were met yesterday by armed resistance. Several persons were reported wounded.

Catholics residing in the village objected to the mayor chosen by the governor, and it is said they were still in control of the place.

Jacont was recently the seat of a radical demonstration, and Catholics protested against the alleged desecration of their churches. In fighting between the two factions there were several casualties.

Dumbells' Programme.  
Will Entertain at Several American Summer Resorts.

New York, July 13.—The Dumbells, Canadian soldier-actors, concluded their New York engagement at the Ambassador Theatre last Saturday. Previous to August 15, when they will commence the new season at Boston, they will appear at various summer resorts and present "The Bing Bang" for the benefit of charitable organizations. Their first appearance for this purpose will be at Southport, July 16, following which they will entertain at Newport, Narragansett, Pier, Lenox, Glencover, Lakewood and Atlantic City.

SCOTTISH CATHOLIC SOCIETY IN CONVENTION IN NORTH SYDNEY, N. S.

North Sydney, N. S., July 13.—The third annual convention of the Scottish Catholic Society of Canada, is in session here. The conference was formally opened with high mass, celebrated by Father MacKinnon in the church of the Immaculate Conception.

NAVAL APPROPRIATION BILL IS SIGNED

Washington, July 13.—The annual naval appropriation bill was signed yesterday by President Harding. It carries approximately four hundred million dollars, and is in session here.

The bill represents a decrease of about eighty six million dollars in the original figures and on increase of about 14,000,000 over those first advocated by the House.

FIRST MEETING  
RE IRISH PEACE

THURSDAY AT 4.30

Lloyd George and De Valera  
at 10 Downing Street.Truce Observed, Except in  
Belfast—Earl of Bandon,  
Who was Kidnapped, is Re-  
turned to His Home—A  
Speech by Ulster Premier.

London, July 13.—Final preparations for the meeting of Eamonn De Valera, Irish Republican leader, and Premier Lloyd George, here tomorrow, were being made by the government and the Irish delegation today. The first conference will be held in the cabinet room at No. 10 Downing street, at 4.30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, but the procedure to be followed had not been announced early today.

British officials who have been closely associated with Irish affairs during the negotiations, and Premier Lloyd George, here tomorrow, were being made by the government and the Irish delegation today. The first conference will be held in the cabinet room at No. 10 Downing street, at 4.30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, but the procedure to be followed had not been announced early today.

Reports from Ireland indicate the truce arranged, which became effective at noon on last Monday, was being observed. The observance of "Orange Monday" in Belfast yesterday was not attended by any violence, and it would appear that both sides in the bitter strife in the Emerald Isle were resolved not to embarrass their leaders in arranging a possible peace.

Speech by Sir  
JAMES CRAIG.  
Belfast, July 13.—Sir James, speaking at Finaghy yesterday, gave his reasons for accepting the invitation of Lloyd George.

"First," he declared, "if we did not go to the conference, we would be misrepresented behind our backs. We would have nobody to say a word for us. Second, we are a small community on the face of the earth, and foreign countries, as well as our own dominions would misconstrue Ulster if she stopped out of the conference. She would be condemned in her absence and told you would not go to the conference; therefore, you must be ruled out of court."

"Third, it gets into the minds, even of things to give away. While I and my colleagues are there, there will be nothing to give away. Therefore while I am in Belfast, I will be there. While I am in Belfast, I will be there. While I am in Belfast, I will be there."

Another reason given by the Ulster premier was that it would have "created a bad impression if we did not accept the prime minister's invitation after the king's speech on Ulster's behalf."