

In the corpora striata were observed several bloody extravasations. On the brain surface corresponding with the right frontal eminence, there was a circular ulceration, with a granular, depressed base, and hard red edges. The lungs contained numerous cartilaginous nodules, which when cut into were found filled with grumous pus. Crude tubercles were also found sparsely throughout the lung substance.

Register No. 2992.—A. R. A woman of 39 years. Epileptic and insane many years. Died of latent phthisis. Nothing abnormal discovered in the head. Both lungs almost totally destroyed. Liver, kidneys, uterus, ovaries, normal. Spleen studded with cretified tubercle. Mesenteric glands in all stages of tuberculation.

Register No. 2231.—E. S. A man aged 33. A case of chronic mania. Died of latent phthisis. Dura mater adherent to subjacent membranes along middle third of longitudinal sulcus, and of a rusty brown color. Extensive pleuritic adhesions in chest. Lungs showed some tubercles. Parenchyma of right lung to a large extent carnified. The left lung showed sero-pneumonia. Concentric hypertrophy of left ventricle of heart. The cavity greatly reduced in size. Its walls were lined with a musculo-fatty layer. Fatty deposits on tricuspid valves. Mitral valves normal. Semilunar aortic valves thickened.

This patient had been enfeebled for a long period. The tuberculous disease of the lungs had not, however, advanced so far as to be the direct cause of death. He apparently succumbed under an intercurrent sub-acute pneumonia.

Register No. 2948.—D. McD. A male, aged 47. General paretic. He was advanced in the second stage of the disease when he was admitted, yet he was brought here with a promise of recovery by somebody. He was of course a keen eater, therefore it was believed a good case. He died in 17 months after entrance.

For a long time before his death, the power of deglutition was dangerously impaired, and two or three times he was very nearly choked, by filling his mouth too full, and omitting to swallow as fast as he should have done. The membranes of the brain were extensively and firmly adherent. About two ounces of serum