APPEAL TO CENTRAL JUDGE FAILS IN HALF THESE CASES

Twelve decisions made by the central appeal judge, Mr. Justice Duff, in the cases of men who appealed against findings of Western Ontario county appeal judges, have been received by Deputy Registrar W. E. Wismer.

The appeals to the central judge at Ottawa were entered from points all over Military District No. 1. Over 100 notices of appeal were filed and sent to Mr. Justice Duff on behalf of men in this district, but to the present only twelve decisions have been communicated to the deputy registrar.

In one half the decisions made by Mr. Justice Duff he sustains the findings of the tribunals and county appeal judges, so that the appellants are finally called upon to don their uniform after their claims for exemptions have had three hearings.

In six other cases the central appeal judge has reversed the decisions of the county appeal judges and tribunals, and the appellants are exempted.

WHERE IS THAT UTILITIES COAL? MOURNFUL LONDON DIRGE JUST NOW

No One Knows and That's the Trouble, For Extravagant Promises Buoyed Up Hearts of Heatless, and Mental Warmth Takes Place of the Black Diamond Variety Announced As On Way.

Where, oh, where are those 10,000 tons of coal the utilities commission promised the other day?

This might be a popular ditto but it isn't.

It was announced some days ago that the city had grabbed off the greatest little bundle of coal in captivity, and soon all the folks would be revelling in heat.

The days have come and the days have gone, but the coal seems gone forever. Not a forkful has come to London, and citizens have been besieging the offices of the commission for the diamonds.

Nobody seems to know where the coal is, when it will arrive, what kind of coal it is; in fact, "nobody knows nothing about it."

A lot of people are commencing to think that the whole deal was a "flivver," and are quite peevish about it. Reports from Buffalo are to the effect that the coal the city is supposed to get is soft coal, and that possibly 15 to 30 per cent of it might be used in furnaces and stoves. However, there seems to be some doubt even about that.

In any event, there is no coal here yet, and no likelihood of any coming here, and the people will have to drag along as best they can under existing circumstances.

FIRST THAWLESS JANUARY IN OVER HALF A CENTURY

Temperature Never Exceeded 32 Degrees This Month.

WENT TO 11 BELOW

Storms and Cold Weather Have Cost the Railroads $3,000,000.

This month will go down in history as the first "thawless January" in 50 years. A record of half a century was shattered today, when the mercury refused to go above 20. The highest point reached was 32, on January 7. There have been lower temperatures in January in the last 50 years than the minimum of 11 degrees below zero touched on the 20th of this month, but for persistent cold weather the past 31 days will be remembered by many a citizen who had his or her ear, fingers, nose, cheeks or feet frost-bitten. Many an individual is still displaying a "peeled ear" from the intense cold.

Householders will remember this month, when it comes to liquidating the coal dealers' and plumbers' bills.

Coal fed to furnaces and stoves at cost in times during this month disappeared like snow before the July sun. More water pipes were frozen up and burst during this month than any January in years.

Plumbers reaped a harvest, but the conditions under which they had to work they claim, was worth all they charged.

The railroads in Ontario have had the hardest battle of years against snow-blocked lines, frozen water tanks, and switches. In addition, the engines are steamed in zero weather with the utmost difficulty, double the amount of coal being required. The cost of the storms and cold weather of January to the railroads in Ontario alone will exceed $3,000,000.

But every dark cloud has a silver lining, so while the intense cold has caused much suffering some good has at least resulted.

The dry cold atmosphere has been conducive to health more so than thawing winter temperatures. Although many citizens have ordinary colds, there have been fewer deaths from pneumonia, diphtheria and other infectious diseases than in any January in years.

The merchants report the month as a record-breaker for the sales of all classes of winter goods. Winter goods cannot be sold, merchants claim, unless the temperature creates the demand. The demand this month has been greater in some lines than the merchants could supply.

FIRST CONCERT

The large brass band of the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, at Queen's Park camp, will make its initial bow to the public tonight in the Masonic Temple, under the leadership of Bandmaster Roselle Pococke. A large seat sale has already taken place, and a record crowd is expected. The funds realized will go to the band fund of the battalion.

Penetang, Jan. 31.—The Junior O. H. A. game played here last night between Midland and Penetang resulted 6—2 in favor of Midland, after playing 20 minutes' overtime.

We Help You Save!

We desire to help you SAVE at least a small portion of what you earn.

If you do this you are making progress, and some day will be independent.

Our savings department will open an account for you when you deposit ONE DOLLAR, and pay 3½% compound interest for the use of the money.

Will you do this much toward making your life a greater success? Think it over, and when you get your next pay-envelope, walk in here and make your first deposit.

The Ontario Loan & Debenture Co.

A. M. Smart, Manager

Cor. Dundas Street and Market Lane, LONDON, CANADA.

37

FIVE ADDITIONAL ACT EVADERS ARE BROUGHT TO CITY

M. S. A. Round-Up Continues, Men Being Sent to W. O. R. Depot.

Five additional men were brought in by the military and civil police of District No. 1 on Wednesday, charged with evading military service. They were taken directly to the 1st Depot Battalion, W. O. Regiment, for disposition of their cases.

CLEARINGS FOR BOTH MONTH AND WEEK BIG

Local Returns Show Jump Over Corresponding 1917 Periods.

Clearing house figures for the past month and week in London show increases over the corresponding periods of 1917 which are directly due to the increased money circulation caused by payments made on the Victory Loan. Last week's returns amounted to $1,649,293, while the bank clearings of the last week of January, 1917, aggregated $1,555,181.

Returns for the month of January, 1917, were $9,537,107, and for the past month, $10,566,756. This is an increase of $969,649 for January, 1918, over the returns of January, 1917.

WHIRLED ABOUT SHAFT IN INGERSOLL PLANT

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ingersoll, Jan. 31.—Serious injuries were sustained early this morning by R. Northmore of Mossley, a member of the night shift at the factory of the Ingersoll Machine Company, when his clothing was caught in shafting. Besides a dislocated wrist, he sustained a scalp wound requiring a number of stitches and severe bruises.

Northmore went up a ladder to oil a pulley and his clothing was caught. After making several revolutions he fell to the concrete floor, a distance of eight or nine feet, when the motor was stopped. He was unconscious for some time and was removed to Alexandra Hospital.

WALL STREET.

New York, Jan. 31—Wall Street, 1:30 p.m.—President Wilson's significant comment on the duration of the war stimulated the market to greater activity and strength during the mid-session. Rails and Industrials supplemented their gains of the morning on confident buying, and the general list moved to higher levels.

MONEY.

London, Jan. 31.—Money, 3½ per cent.

Discount rates—Short bills, 4 1-32 per cent; three months, 4 1-16 per cen.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]

Toronto, Jan. 31.

	Asked.	Bid.		Asked.	Bid.
Ames, c.	14½	..	St Ch, p.	57	..
do pfd.	50	..	Stl Can.	53¼	52½
Barcel..	8⅞	8⅝	do pfd.	84⅞	83
Brazilian	34½	34	T Paper.	72	..
Burt, c..	68½	..	Tor Ry.	61	60
do pfd.	86	84¼	Tre'wey.	16	14½
C Bread.	17	16	Tucketts	19	..
C Car..	22	21	Tw City.	65½	65¼
do pfd.	54	52½	Win Ry.	48	..
Cement.	58½	58⅛	Banks—		
do pfd.	..	89¼	Com'rce	185	..
C S L...	41¾	41⅜	Dom ...	202	..
do pfd.	75½	75	Hamil'n	184	..
CGElec.	102	100	Merch...	..	167
C Loco..	56½	..	Molsons	179⅞	..
do pfd.	..	82¾	Mont'l..	210	..
C P R...	148	146½	NScotia	248	..
Dairy,p	60	..	Ottawa	201	..
ConLife	375	..	Royal ..	208	..
CSmelt.	25¾	25¼	Stand ..	200	..
Con Gas.	147	..	Toronto.	187	..
Cr Nest.	50	..	Union...	..	140
Caners,p	73	..	Loans, etc.—		
Dome ...	925	875	C Land.	149	..
D Steel..	58	57¾	C Perm.	162½	..
Mackay.	76	75⅝	C Invest.	74	..
do pfd.	60	59	H Prov.	..	134
M Leaf..	94½	93½	H & E..	207	..
do pfd.	..	91	20% pd ..	..	196
Monarch	..	30	L Bank.	..	139
N S Car.	..	61½	L & C..	126½	..
do pfd.	..	20½	T Trust.	202	..
Nipis'g.	850	820	T Mort..	134	..
NSSteel.	69	66	Bonds—		
Petrol.	1350	1275	M L & P	40	30
P Paper.	..	41	Penmans	..	80
do pfd.	82	..	Rio Jan.	..	81
Russell.	..	50	Stl Can..	89	88
Sawyer.	11	..	War Loan,		
do pfd.	41	..	1925...	95	94¾
Spanish.	14	12½	1931...	93¾	93¼
do pfd.	50	..	1937...	93¼	93⅛

IF STOMACH HURTS DRINK HOT WATER

"If dyspeptics, sufferers from gas, wind or flatulence, stomach acidity or sourness, gastric catarrh, heartburn, etc., would take a teaspoonful of pure bisurated magnesia in half a glass of hot water immediately after eating, they would soon forget they were ever afflicted with stomach trouble, and doctors would have to look elsewhere for patients." In explanation of these words a well-known New York physician stated that most forms of stomach trouble are due to stomach acidity and fermentation of the food contents of the stomach combined with an insufficient blood supply to the stomach. Hot water increases the blood supply and bisurated magnesia instantly neutralizes the excessive stomach acid and stops food fermentation, the combination of the two, therefore, being marvelously successful and decidedly preferable to the use of artificial digestants, stimulants or medicines for indigestion.—Advt.

"GOT 'EM AT LAST"

Advertiser Illustrations. —New York World.

NUTTER CASE AGAINST BOARD SETTLED

Continued From Page One.

that kept hammering away until you got this school built?"

"Yes, I was anxious to have it built."

"You did not forego your salary as principal because you were anxious to get it built?"

"No."

"The architect was the only one who was expected to do so," repled Mr. McEvoy.

Not Foregoing Much.

Mr. Beal did not think that Mr. Nutter was foregoing very much when he agreed to drop all claim for previous work that he might get a share of the contract. He said that had the plaintiff not so agreed he would not have shared in the contract at all.

Mr. Beal held that the notebook presented was not a minute book of the advisory committee. He was not the secretary, but when he kept the minutes he sent them to Mr. McElheran. They were a duplicate of what he produced.

Mr. McEvoy produced the principal's report for the inaugural meeting of 1914. He asked why the balance of the minutes for this meeting were not presented as were these of 1915. The 1914 minutes are the ones that are strangely missing.

Uses Clipping as Evidence.

Mr. McEvoy read from an Advertiser clipping to the effect that at the January, 1914, meeting of the advisory committee, Mr. Nutter was engaged to prepare plans for a Technical School. Mr. Beal said he did not think that the report was correct.

Mr. McEvoy read from the minutes of the board in March, which contained extracts of the report from the inaugural meeting of the advisory committee and which said plans for the school were to be prepared. Mr. McEvoy asked witness if this did not substantiate the Advertiser report that Mr. Nutter was to prepare the plans?

Mr. Beal said no; he was the one to prepare the plans.

Beal Did Everything.

"You did everything, it seems," said Mr. McEvoy.

Later, when Mr. Beal said he made the estimates, though Mr. McEvoy reminded him that ex-Chairman Gammage had said that Mr. Nutter prepared the estimates, Mr. McEvoy remarked that "witness seemed impressed with the fact that he had done it all, had done all the architectural work and estimating which Nutter said he had done, and which he was claiming for."

Mr. Beal said his staff had done the work.

Mr. McEvoy read from the minutes: "Mr. Langford, supplies, $67.80." What were these supplies?" he asked.

Disguised Expense Account.

Mr. Beal said they were the expenses of the trip to Buffalo and Toronto. Witness said his expenses had been paid.

Mr. McEvoy pointed out that the committee report to the board showed the account buried in a total of $442.

Mr. Beal said he went to Buffalo with the committee to tell the members what they wanted. Mr. Nutter wanted to get posted on the best buildings possible.

Mr. McEvoy wanted to know if there was any more reasons why his expenses should be paid any more than Nutter's.

Witness said he went at the request of the committee.

Speaking of the alleged 25 cents per 1,000 that was to be added to the price of bricks, and the money go to Mr. Nutter, witness said that the contractor had said that he had paid the money to the brick company.

Mr. Beal swore that the contractor complained to him that it was costing him thousands of dollars because of delay caused by Nutter.

Mr. McEvoy wanted to know if the contractor had complained of Nutter being too strict.

The answer was "No."

Knew of Check Trap.

Mr. Beal admitted that some time before there ever was a check, the committee knew there was to be one. Mr. Silverwood had so reported. He heard from Mr. Puterbough..

Witness said that the $40 was added at the request of Mr. Nutter, according to the contractor.

"Did the sub-committee know that the $40 was added to the contract?"

Witness "thought so."

"Did the committee know when the architect was told to prepare an estimate for the wall that the contractor was going to put $40 on the contract?"

Witness did not think so.

"Who was the man bringing the information to the committee?"

Silverwood Talked With Contractor.

"Mr. Silverwood talked with the contractor."

"He was managing it?"

"Not managing."

"Where was he getting the information?"

"From Mr. Futherbough."

"When the contract was let the committee knew there was $40 graft in it for Nutter?"

"Yes."

"Who got it?"

"Nutter."

Mr. McEvoy then read from the minutes to show that the committee authorized the architect to do so.

"Mr. Silverwood made this gentlemanly arrangement with the contractor," said Mr. McEvoy, adding to the witness: "You knew it."

"Yes."

"This committee and contractor sat there and passed a contract containing the $40?"

"Yes."

"Was the plan discussed as to how to catch Nutter?"

Were To Use Check.

"I understood he was to be paid by check."

"It was understood that he was to be paid by check?"

"Yes."

"They wanted to get the check for $40 into the hands of this man who built eleven or twelve schools, and who the contractor claimed was holding him up?"

"Yes."

Walls Increased.

Mr. Beal said he thought the wall was about finished when meeting in question was held. Mr. Beal said that just the night before last the contractor said the walls were six inches higher than called for. He had never heard this before. It was not mentioned at the June meeting.

Mr. Beal remembered no other charges being made at the meeting in question.

"Did Mr. Nutter admit getting the check?"

"Not at first."

"I am speaking of the $40 check from Silverwood to be given as 'graft,'" said Mr. McEvoy.

Mr. Beal repeated that Mr. Nutter denied giving the check when Mr. Silverwood said he could produce the $40 check. Nutter then admitted he had got one.

"Did he not say he got it for private work?"

"Yes, that was the first explanation. He did not explain what the private work was."

"Who was Silverwood's choice for architect?"

"He voted for joint architects."

"Don't you know that Mr. Blackwell was the man whose cause he was urging?"

"I don't know."

Introduced Other's Name.

"Mr. Nutter was the architect, and Mr. Silverwood put forward the name of Watt & Blackwell, did he not?"

"Yes."

"The committee knew the check was going on to the contractor?"

"Yes; there was no pretence that it was there to pay Mr. Nutter his fee," said Mr. Beal.

Witness admitted that it was made plain to Mr. Nutter at the exposure meeting that his services were no longer wanted.

Mr. Meredith asked witness about the increased height of walls. He said that the contractor told him about this a few days ago. The six-inch increase ran around the building, and there were other changes in lavatory walls. The cost was about $2,000.

Overlooked $350 Claim.

At the Wednesday afternoon sitting, Mr. Nutter discovered that he had overlooked a $350 claim. It had to do with the heating system of the school. The tender which the committee received for this work was for $57,000. This was too high, Mr. Nutter was appealed to. He went into the matter and reported that he could put in a satisfactory system for from $26,000 to $30,000. This led to the engineer going over his figures. The result was that the second tender showed the figures to be $29,000. The inference was that his plans had brought about this saving of about $28,000.

Mr. Meredith asked Mr. Nutter what became of all specifications he had prepared.

Given to Principal.

The reply was that he had given them to Mr. Beal, whom he considered an officer of the board.

Mr. Meredith said that Mr. Beal had said that he had not received the estimates.

Mr. Nutter replied that he did. To which counsel remarked that it would then be a question of veracity between he and Mr. Beal.

Mr. Meredith asked if the cost of the heating was contained in the maximum cost of $132,000 for the school.

Mr. Nutter said "Yes."

"Then if the maximum were exceeded, you would not have got the contract?" asked Mr. Meredith.

"Correct," replied the witness.

Mr. Nutter said he had no statement of account other than the account rendered after he had resigned. He had not previously rendered an account; he had merely mentioned that the money was due.

"You are desirous of getting this plum to act as architect on the new school?" asked Mr. Meredith.

"Yes, I always want work."

"Would you say that this preliminary work was not done in the hopes of getting this task?"

This the witness denied.

Was Not There.

Mr. Nutter denied being present at a meeting of the advisory committee at which the question of securing an architect was discussed. He denied having said or intimated that if he got the contract there would be no claim for the post.

Mr. Meredith made the witness repeat this several times. "Absolutely wrong," declared Mr. Nutter. "The matter was not so discussed."

Witness said his contract did not mention extras. On the instructions of the committee or sub-committee, he increased the cost. He claimed an additional percentage because the amounts were not included in the contract.

"Did you change the plans and have the contractor increase the height of the walls?" asked Mr. Meredith.

"Not that I know of."

"Is it correct to say that the walls were increased six inches in height to the cost of $2,000 on your instruction?"

"No."

No Other Changes.

Mr. Nutter was asked if there were other changes.

"No."

"The lavatory walls, were they not changed?" asked Mr. Meredith.

"No."

"And the walls were not made higher?"

"No."

Mr. Nutter said about seventy per cent of the work was done when he left the job.

"There was some truth about a $40 check from Futherbough?" asked counsel.

"Yes."

"Did you attend a meeting of the advisory committee, and were you told that the contractor said you had figured on the cost of the retaining wall and fence, and that you got $40 commission?"

"No. The statement was not made; nothing like it."

"Was it said that you had got the $40 check?"

"Yes."

"Did you get the check?"

"I did."

"Was it said that it was paid you in consequence, or by way of or in addition for getting that retaining wall and fence?"

"I denied the statement."

"Was it said that the check was added to the cost of the wall?"

Takes It Back.

"That was said, I think."

Mr. Nutter then added: "I will take back that last answer. That was not stated at the meeting."

"You cashed the check?"

"The same day, I think."

"Were you asked to explain to the committee how you got the check, and were you told as to how it was said you got it?"

"I was not told anything."

"Did you tell the contractor that it was unfair that you should do all the work for half the fee?"

Witness said the contractor said that. Witness denied admitting that the $40 was added to the cost of the walls. He said he was asked to explain the $40 check and did.

Mr. Meredith read the minutes of the meeting. Dr. Mugan asked for an explanation. There was no response.

Witness swore he made a response.

Rake-Off Mentioned.

Was there anything said of a rake-off or commission that you were to get from a brick agent named Fraser?"

"The name was mentioned," was the reply.

Was it said that he had said that 25 cents per 1,000 had been added for you?"

"It was," Mr. Nutter said. "This agent's brick was used in the building," he said. No explanation was asked by the committee.

Mr. Nutter said that the statement was made that he got the 25 cents. I denied it.

"Were you to get it?"

"No. I never made such an arrangement. Mr. Fraser suggested it. It was turned down."

"Why did you refuse to make such an explanation to the committee?" asked counsel.

"I would not tell about a man making such an offer."

"Don't you think that with such a charge on your integrity that you should make some explanation?"

"No."

"Why did you lead them to suppose it was true?"

"I'd do the same thing again."

"Why did you lead them to believe you had received it as a commission?"

"I said I got the check."

Denies Allegation.

Witness denied leaving the impression referred to. He did not consider "sneaking a duty" and did not clear up the impression

"Did you admit or lead the committee to understand you had taken the $40 because you were getting so little on the contract and doing so much of the work?"

"No."

Mr. Meredith took the witness back to his statement that he had not agreed to drop his claim if he got the contract for the school. Mr. Nutter said early in January, 1916, the matter had been broached to him in Mr. Beal's office. It had not been agreed to. Mr. Beal's proposal was that Mr. Silverwood had said that if he did not withdraw previous charges he would not get the contract. Witness replied that he refused to agree to such an arrangement in strong language.

"That is absolutely clear and beyond doubt?"

"Yes."

For Work Done.

To Mr. McEvoy witness said the $40 check from the contractor was for work done and advice given Mr. Futherbough on other matters. He mentioned plans for a house.

Arthur White, of the advisory committee, said that he was present at a meeting and heard Mr. Nutter agree to a proposal made by Mr. Silverwood that if he got the job on the Technical School he would drop all other claims.

Mr. McEvoy objected to the taking of oral evidence to add anything to the contract already in writing.

H. Hayman, W. T. Strong, James Hussey and W. W. Gammage gave similar evidence.

Should Be Recorded.

Mr. McEvoy pointed out that if Mr. Nutter was to give away $3,000 or $4,000 at the meeting in question in January, 1916, he thought his presence should have been recorded in the minutes. These do not make mention of such an agreement as mentioned, he said.

Mr. Gammage said that he and Mr. Beal took a plan to Mr. Nutter, showing a proposed addition to Alexandra school. They asked that he estimate the cost, at the same time telling him if it went through he would get the work; if not there would be no charge.

Mr. McEvoy read from the minutes of No. 2 committee in March, 1913, saying that a proper sketch of the addition to the Alexandra school would be prepared. Mr. Gammage was asked who was to prepare this. He replied Mr. Nutter. He did not think that the plans were before the board. Mr. McEvoy read from the minutes of the board to show they were.

Mr. McEvoy asked Mr. Gammage if there was any reason why Mr. Nutter should be "jewed" out of his fees for the work he had done.

Pure Speculation.

Mr. Gammage said it was pure speculation.

"Twelve grown men were asking the city council for $35,000 for mere speculation? asked Mr. McEvoy.

"It was speculation, because the council turned it down."

"That is no reason why Nutter should not be paid," said counsel.

Mr. Gammage admitted that he had paid Mr. Nutter for a building plan which had been abandoned. He said there were others, but they had not paid for them.

Mr. Meredith objected.

"You are suffering, Mr. Meredith," said Mr. McEvoy. "I can smell your skin burning here. You have had evidence that you do not control me."

"If I did you would not go on as you are," said Mr. Meredith.

"Perhaps I would not have brought this action," replied Mr. Nutter's counsel.

Were Informed.

Mr. Gammage said the board was kept informed of what the advisory committee carried on.

Mr. McEvoy presented a clipping of the press reporting a meeting in March 19, 1914. He had promised earlier in the day to establish the fact that this meeting was held. Mr. Gammage said he remembered the meeting from the report, and said he thought the report accurate.

Mr. McEvoy again asked for the missing minutes. He said that his client contended that it was at this meeting that he was appointed architect for the Alexandra Industrial School.

Not Enough Room.

Mr. Gammage said that the plans for the Alexandra School showed that they did not have enough room and it had to be abandoned. Later a plan was prepared for the "convent" site.

"You wanted these plans and had to have them to see if your building would stand on the sites," asked Mr. McEvoy.

The reply was "Yes."

"And you ordered them?" "Yes."

"And expected to pay for them?"

Mr. Gammage did not answer.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

BORN HERE 76 YEARS AGO.

Mrs. Fannie Charlotte More, widow of the late Colin More, died at her residence, 717 York street, this morning. Mrs. More was in her 76th year, and had been a resident of London all her life. She was born in the old Union block on Dundas street in the year 1842, when this city was little more than a small village.

Mrs. More is survived by one brother, Reuben Short; five sons—John and Fred of this city, James of Dorchester, George of Detroit, Charles of San Francisco, and one daughter, Mrs. Thomas Wyatt of this city.

The funeral will be held Saturday afternoon from 717 York street. Rev. W. R. McIntosh will conduct the services and interment will be made in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

DEATH OF MRS. WREN.

The death of Mrs. Catherine Wren, widow of Alexander Wren, occurred at her late residence, 204 Central avenue, on Wednesday.

The funeral will be held on Friday afternoon and will be in charge of Rev. W. J. Knox. Interment will be made at Woodland Cemetery.

INTER-A. Y. P. A. VISIT.—The A. Y. P. A. of St. Matthew's Church paid a visit to St. Peter's A. Y. P. A. at Dorchester Tuesday evening and spent a pleasant time. Supper was served in the schoolroom by the young people of Dorchester parish.

RETURNED SOLDIER'S INJURIES SERIOUS

Pte. Ernest Lewis of No. 1 Detachment, Military Police, suffered severe injuries last night at the armories, when he slashed his throat, wrist and feet with a razor.

Pte. Lewis was taken to the military hospital at Carling Heights today, where his wounds were dressed. He was reported to be doing well this afternoon, and it is thought that he will recover.

Pte. Lewis, who resides at 82 Cartwright street, is a former member of the 70th Battalion, who has seen service in France, but was invalided hoem on account of illness.

The Main Artery In the Colossus of Power.

DODGE WOOD SPLIT PULLEYS

With Dodge Wood Split Pulleys belt slippage and weight friction have been almost eliminated.

In this respect they are at least 50 per cent. more efficient than metal pulleys.

Then, too, they may be bought for but a fraction of what metal pulleys now cost.

We carry a large stock of all sizes ready for immediate shipment.

London Engine Supplies Co., Limited

Stockers for London and District, 83-85 Dundas St., London

'O-T'

Tell the man to add a dash of 'O-T' to your next drink of "two and a half," lemonade, ginger ale or soda water. It will put little hills of pleasure on the flatness.

'O-T' stimulates the appetite and aids digestion. It is pure and beneficial. It contains no alcohol, but has a punch that is like a poke in the ribs from a cheerful friend.

Ask the man and look for the label, or get it from your grocer, druggist or soda fountain.

Hamilton Importing Co., Limited

AGENTS FOR CANADA

HAMILTON, - - ONTARIO

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Jan. 31.

	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Baltimore & Ohio.	51	52	51	51⅞
Erie, com.....	15½	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝
Erie, 1st pfd.....	26	..	..	..
Great Northern...	89⅞	90⅛	89⅞	90⅛
Illinois Central...	94⅝	..	..	..
New Haven.....	29	29⅞	29	29⅞
New York Central	70	71¼	70	71¼
Rock Island.....	19⅞	21¼	19⅞	21
St. Paul.....	43¾	46	43¾	45½
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com....	83	84⅞	83	84⅞
Canadian Pacific.	144	148	144	148
Missouri Pacific..	21¾	23	21¾	22¾
Northern Pacific..	84⅛	85	84⅛	84⅞
Southern Pacific..	83½	83¾	83½	83½
Southern Railway	23⅝	24	23⅝	24
Union Pacific.....	114¼	115½	114¼	115½
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio.....	53⅛	54⅜	53⅛	54¼
Norfolk & West..	103⅜	104	103¾	104
Pennsylvania	46¼	46⅜	46⅛	46¼
Reading Railway.	73¾	75¼	73¾	75
Tractions—				
Brooklyn Transit.	44	46	44	46
Interboro, com...	8	8¼	8	8¼
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers ...	19¾	..	..	..
Am. Beet Sugar..	78¼	78¾	78¼	78⅝
American Can....	38	39	38	38¾
American Car....	72	72¾	71⅞	72¾
Am. Locomotive..	57¾	58½	57¾	58⅛
American Sugar..	106	106⅝	106	106⅝
Am. Smelters.....	81¾	83⅛	81¾	83⅞
Am. Tel. & Tel...	105¼	106	105¼	105¾
American Wool...	48¼	49⅜	48¼	48⅞
Baldwin Loco....	61¾	63½	61¾	63
Central Leather..	66¼	67⅞	66¼	67¾
Corn Products....	33	34¼	33	33¼
Col. Fuel & Iron..	38⅜	38⅝	38¼	38¼
Distillers	40¾	41⅜	40½	40⅝
Dome Mines.....	9	..	..	..
General Electric..	131	136	131	135⅝
General Motors...	125½	127	124⅞	126⅛
Goodrich Rubber..	45	47¼	45	47¼
G. Northern Ore..	27¼	28⅛	27¼	28
Inter. Nickel.....	28¾	29¼	28¾	29
Maxwell Motor...	27¾	28	27½	27¾
Marine, com.....	24½	25⅛	24½	24¾
Marine, pfd.....	91⅝	92¼	91⅜	92
Studebaker	51⅞	52⅞	51⅞	52½
U. S. Rubber.....	55⅞	56½	55⅞	56½
Virginia Chemical	42	42⅜	42	42⅜
Westinghouse	40½	42	40½	42
Willys-Overland...	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper.	62⅜	63⅝	62⅜	63⅝
Chino Copper.....	43⅜	43¾	43	43¾
Inspiration	46	46¼	46	46⅛
Miami Copper....	32¾	33	32½	33
Nevada Con.....	19	19⅛	19	19⅛
Ray Consolidated.	23¾	24	23¾	23⅞
Utah Copper.....	82¼	83	82¼	83
Oils—				
Am. Cotton Oil...	30	32½	30	32
Cal. Petroleum...	15	..	..	..
New Mexican.....	91	92½	90⅞	92⅜
Texas Oil.....	151½	155	151½	154⅞
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel..	76⅞	78	76⅞	78
Crucible Steel....	56⅞	58⅛	56½	57½
Lackawanna	77	78	77	77¾
Pressed Steel Car.	62½	..	..	..
Republic Iron.....	76⅜	77½	76¾	77¾
Railway Steel....	52¼	52⅝	52¼	52⅝
U. S. Steel.....	93¼	95⅞	93¼	95⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd...	111	111⅞	111	111⅞
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's.	89	89⅝	89	89⅝

DREADED NEURALGIA

Most people think of neuralgia as a pain in the head or the face, but neuralgia may affect any nerve in the body. Different names are given to it when it affects certain nerves. Thus neuralgia of the sciatic nerve is called sciatica, but the character of the pain and the nature of the disease are the same. The cause being the same, the cure to be effective must be the same. The pain in neuralgia is caused by starved nerves. The blood which carries nourishment to the nerves has become thin and impure and no longer does so, and the pain you feel is the cry of the nerves for their natural food. You may ease the pains of neuralgia with hot applications, but you can only cure the trouble by enriching and purifying the blood. For this purpose we know of no medicine that can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make new, rich blood and thus act as the most efficient of nerve tonics. If you are suffering from this most dreaded of troubles, or any form of nerve trouble, give these pills a fair trial, and see how speedily you will be restored to good health.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

THE SAFEST MATCHES IN THE WORLD

also the cheapest, are

EDDY'S SILENT 500's

SAFEST because they are impregnated with a chemical solution which renders the stick "dead" immediately the match is extinguished.

CHEAPEST because there are more perfect matches to the sized box than in any other box on the market.

War-time economy and your own good sense, will urge the necessity of buying but EDDY'S MATCHES.

ywt

LONDON TEAMS NOW LOOK LIKE WINNERS

Both of London's hockey aggregations seem to be getting their ice less now, so to speak, and have commenced to bring in the wins. The Soldiers defeated Sarnia here on Saturday night by a good score, and last night went to it and put one over the Hamilton squad by 8 to 6. The Sarnia team was not an exceptionally fast one, and has since dropped out, so that only a small amount of credit should be taken for this game.

But with the Hams it is a different proposition entirely. Hamilton possesses a fast team, composed of some real snappy puck-chasers, and the boys in khaki can pat themselves on the back all they want to after Wednesday night's happening. This was a real test of their ability. They displayed pep, combination and good stick work, and looked like a real hockey team. We have a feeling that the Soldiers are going to put London on the hockey map all right.

Next Tuesday evening they journey to Kitchener, where they will connect with the unbeaten Kitchener team. This should be a fine game. There is a general feeling among local hockey fans that London will show up well against the league leaders. Just what the seniors are really capable of has never been fully shown yet.

The juniors, too, are getting into better condition. They have been practicing assiduously, sharing the rink with the seniors several times. Undoubtedly they benefited from these workouts with the older boys. No bright youngster could play against men on the class of Ruppell, Sauercock, Rose, Klaenn and the other stars garnered in by Manager Storey for his squad without picking up some of the fine points of puck-chasing.

The juniors are scheduled to play again on Friday night at Woodstock.

BOUT STOPPED BY REFEREE.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 30.—After nine rounds of good fighting the Packey Homey (New York) and George Chaney bout was stopped by the referee, who decided the visitor had no chance for victory. Both men are lightweights.

BREAKS PLUNGE RECORD.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—B. H. Princess, of the Chicago Athletic Association, broke the world's record for the 60-foot plunge in an indoor swimming meet at the Chicago Athletic Association tonight. He made the distance in 15 4-5 seconds. The previous record of 17 2-5 seconds was held by J. P. Lichter, C. A. A. The meet was under A. A. U. auspices.

ANGLICAN CARPETBALL

The carpetball game of the Anglican League between Cronyn Memorial and St. Mathew's Churches was played Tuesday evening. Cronyn Memorial won by four balls. Lineup:

Cronyn Memorial — Captain, Tom Clift, and C. Howard, J. Collinson, W. Pring, C. Lenz, G. Pring. Captain, F. Bilbyea, and F. Lapthorn, A. Ings, D. Taggett, R. Carter, A. Wistow.

St. Mathew's—