

for admission to practise law until the expiry of the candidate's clerkship.

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED THAT

- 1) this Faculty is in entire sympathy with the aim of the General Council of the Bar to raise the standards of the profession and in particular to improve the level of the general and legal education of candidates for admission to its ranks, and in consequence approves in principle the proposals a) to require a university degree from all candidates for admission to study; b) to increase the minimum time in which a student may be admitted to the Bar to four years to be divided between university and office training.

It should be remembered, however, that a candidate's attainments under whatever system he is trained are not to be judged by the length of his preparation whether measured in years or in hours spent in the classroom or in the office, but by the quality and quantity of the work done by him personally;

- 2) It is of the opinion that, in view of the preliminary training of students attending this Faculty, the course of legal study for such students which will give the most satisfactory division between the claims of university and practical office work is that for three years the student devote his full time to the university and for one year thereafter his full time to practical office training.

This system was adopted in principle by this Faculty in 1926 after much discussion, consented to by the Bar, and sanctioned by the Legislature of Quebec.

- 3) This Faculty agrees that admission to practice should by all means be deferred until the end of the fourth year, at which time a substantial oral examination should be held. It is of the opinion, however, that in the case of students attending a three-year full-time law course the