

THE WAR IN SOUDAN.

THE FIGHTING AT TOKA—COURAGEOUS OF THE EGYPTIANS—MIRZA PACHA IN A CRITICAL POSITION.

CAIRO, Nov. 17.—A letter from Jeddah confirms the report of the death of Commander Monasteri and the annihilation of the Egyptian force with him. The force, which numbered five hundred men, landed at Toka, where it was cut to pieces; only fourteen escaped. The convict station at Toka is in the hands of the rebels. It is stated that another Egyptian tribe has revolted at Senar. The situation has become so extremely critical that either Hlicks Pasha, commander of the Egyptian troops, must retire, or a strong contingent of Sir E. Wood's army must start forthwith to the scene of operations. The whole movement is due to the slave traders of Upper Egypt, who profess to act in the name of El Mehdj, the False Prophet.

CAIRO, Nov. 19.—The Governor has telegraphed to the Khedive that although the Bedouins were numerically inferior to the Egyptian troops, the latter attempted no stand, but deserted themselves of their arms and clothes and rushed naked into the sea, forsaking the Turkish officers commanding them, who were killed. The Governor urgently demands reinforcements, but says it is useless to send Egyptian soldiers, because they will not fight.

A council of Ministers, the Khedive presiding, to-day discussed measures for the protection of Suakin and the subjugation of the hostile tribes. It was decided to enlist Bashir Basha, and 150 of them started to-day for Suakin, and six companies of black troops will be dispatched from Wasehah. These will raise the garrison of Suakin to nearly 1,000. A council of war will also go to Suakin to inquire into the disaster and punish the guilty. The wildest rumors are again afloat concerning Hlicks Pasha, owing to the defeat of Egyptians at Toka. His force, however, and the force slaughtered at Toka, were entirely disconnected.

Latest official accounts of the fighting at Toka state that the Egyptians lost officers and 142 men, besides six Turks and several Greeks. They also lost one gun and 300 rifles. About 340 of them regained their ship. The Egyptians during the fight formed a hollow square, when a small number of the enemy locked their shields together and rushed through the Egyptian lines. An immediate panic among the Egyptians ensued. It is doubtful if black troops can be spared from Mesowah, which is in the same critical position as Suakin. The British gunboat Ranger, three guns, Commander Darwall, has been ordered from Aden to Suakin.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—The Times, in a leading article, concludes that the continued presence of a substantial English garrison in Egypt is essential to the interests of civilization. It is asserted that orders for refitting transports for conveying the British troops home from Egypt have been countermanded, owing to the alleged critical position of Hlicks Pasha.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

MARQUIS TSENG GIVES A REPURSE A PIERCE OF KIND—FRENCH OPERATIONS IMMINENT.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The Marquis Tseng told a reporter yesterday that during the last few days the situation between France and China had become very critical, owing to the proceedings of the French Government, the repeated votes of the Chamber of Deputies and the juxtaposition of the Chinese and French troops. Many well-armed Chinese regiments have crossed the frontier and encamped at Hsinchih, where they are closely watching the movements of the French fleet, three army corps of 10,000 men each, equipped in European fashion, can on short notice march against the French. Among the Chinese troops are many European and American engineers. The French may be able to throw a few shells into Canton, but it will be difficult for their fleet to approach, as the water is too shallow. If the Canton mandarins are energetic, the natives will fight well. China is receiving encouragement and offers of help on all sides. He said he had received no communication from the French Government since his last arrival in Paris, and should return to Fokelstone immediately. China will recognize accomplished facts and leave France the towns and forts captured south of the Red River. China is bound, however, to hold Bannan against all comers with the greatest energy. The passage of the Red River will certainly be considered a declaration of war. China is aware that Admiral Courbet is preparing for a campaign against the Chinese. To avoid war France must stop at once. To-morrow may be too late. La France understands that Gen. Camperon, Minister of War, and Admiral Pelron, Minister of Marine, have decided to form a brigade of Chasseurs d'Afrique for Admiral Courbet, in Tonquin. The brigade will be made ready to start immediately.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—It is stated that negotiations between France and China on the Tonquin question have been resumed. The Deputies are debating the budget. The Paris press urges the occupation of Fochow and the island of Hainan if it should be proved that Chinese troops are fighting against the French in Tonquin.

The committee on Tonquin credit had a secret session to-day. The public debate on the Tonquin question will probably begin on Monday next. In case of war with China it has been decided to employ trans-Atlantic companies' steamers as transports. The intention prevails here that the Government has recently received bad news from Tonquin.

TOULON, Nov. 19.—The French transport Mytho, with 350 sailors and 900 troops, has sailed for Tonquin.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 19.—Many coolies who went to Hankow for the tea season are remaining there in hope of being enlisted. The presence of a large number of unemployed natives alarms the foreigners, who have asked that a gunboat be sent for their protection.

THE U. S. IRON TRADE.

MORE PENNSYLVANIA MILLS SHUTTING DOWN FROM LACK OF ORDERS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 17.—Workmen in the iron mills are filled with the gloomiest forebodings and apprehensions for the future by the announcement to-night that a number of mills had closed down owing to lack of orders and the generally unsatisfactory condition of the iron trade. The mills referred to were three, owned by Oliver Bros. & Phillips, the Superior Rail Mills, operated by Kroman heirs and Moorehead & McLain's puddling department. While Shoenberger & Co. notified their employes that after Monday they would run single instead of double time. By these suspensions over eight thousand men are thrown out of employment just at the beginning of winter, and fears are entertained that if trade does not improve very soon others will be obliged to close also. At Johnstown, Pa., the Cambria Iron Co. have notified their five thousand employes that on December 1st wages in all departments will be reduced 10 per cent, owing to the depression in trade.

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THE MINISTERIAL PROGRAMME.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The Sun's London special says:—"The programme of the session has not been revealed, because it has not been fixed, but Mr. Gladstone's speech at the Guildhall suggests that the 'Grand Old Man' will follow his favorite course of making up his own mind at the last moment and without much previous warning to even his own colleagues. Mr. Forster expressed the opinion at a meeting of London Liberals on Friday night that there might be both a Franchise and a London Bill. The barrenness of the incessant talk about the session is relieved in some of the speeches by proposals for dealing with bad dwellings and other grievances of the poor. The desire to take up this subject energetically may have been a passing freak, but it is turning into a very potent craze. Public opinion has become so sensitive that the Duke of Bedford is blamed in all the papers for some petty squabbles to poor tenants in London hotels, and there are altogether unprecedented comparisons between the heartless eviction and crowd-baiting brigades as they work in London homes and Irish farms."

THE YEAR'S LUMBER PRODUCTION.

OTTAWA, Nov. 17.—The estimate of the year's cut by the principal saw mills in this vicinity is as follows:—Sherman, Lord & Hurdman, fully 35,000,000 feet; E. B. Eddy, Hill, 30,000,000; Hronson & Weston, Ottawa, 60,000,000; J. B. Booth, 55,000,000; Carley & Patten, 40,000,000; Capt. Young, 20,000,000; J. Rochester, 10,000,000; McLaren's, New Edinburgh, 20,000,000; McLoyne, Hill, 45,000,000; Gilmour & Co., Hill, 45,000,000; Conroy Bros., north shore, 35,000,000; Allan Grant, south shore, 15,000,000; McLaren's, Carleton Place, 30,000,000; Gilles Bros., Brantford, 3,000,000; Fambrook Mills, 28,000,000; W. C. Edwards & Co., Rockland, 20,000,000; McLaren & Co., 65,000,000; Gilson's, Gaitheun Mill, 25,000,000; Hillman's, Rockville, 4,000,000; total, 747,000,000. There are a number of other mills whose cut could not be ascertained, but in these the cut will doubtless equal that of last year, which was estimated at 800,000,000 feet. The estimate on an average is probably lower than the actual figures, and as none of the mills have stopped running yet the quantity at the close of the season may be much larger, as the mills cut 30,000,000 feet per week.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

QUEBEC, Nov. 17.—A judgment of great importance to the mercantile community was rendered yesterday in the Superior Court in the case of Greenhalgh vs. Dubau. The object of the action was to test the validity of a seizure made by plaintiffs on behalf of Messrs. Gillespie, McEath & Co., of Montreal, of goods sold and delivered by the latter to Mr. J. B. Z. Dubau, of this city, sometime ago, paid by a note, but seized after Mr. Dubau's insolvency. The plaintiffs returned the note given by Mr. Dubau into court and claimed that the goods sold by them, being still unpacked and in their original cases, were liable to seizure by them in order to protect themselves against being divested of property for which they could not be paid. The insolvent law being no longer in force, which fixed at ten days prior to insolvency the period in which goods sold might be seized for non-payment of dues, the plaintiffs in the present case held that they could follow their goods as long as they remained in their original packages. Judge Casault held that the seizure was good, and accordingly gave judgment in favor of the plaintiff. Messrs. Andrews, Caron, Andrews & Bentland appeared for plaintiffs, and Messrs. Langlet, Montambault & Langlet for defendants. A number of similar actions are pending against the same defendant, representing property to the value of \$29,000. It is understood the estate will be sold by auction, the creditors not being satisfied with the offer made.

THE NEW SUEZ CANAL.

LONDON, Nov. 17.—The Paris correspondent of the Times says there is reason to believe that the basis upon which an agreement is likely to be arrived at between the Suez Canal Company and the English shipowners is that the administration of the company shall consist of forty-four per cent. English and fifty-six per cent. French; that England as well as France shall be a part of administration; that all differences that may arise shall be settled by English tribunals, and that all surplus dividends shall go toward the reduction of transit duties in the canal. This is stated to be the English proposal, but it is generally supposed that M. DeLesseps will not consent to the proposition that all the surplus earnings shall go toward the reduction of the tolls, but will insist that a portion of the surplus shall go to the shareholders. A part of the agreement will be that the English Government shall lend £8,000,000 to help in the construction of a second canal. A Cairo despatch says it is understood that the legal advisers of the Egyptian Government decidedly oppose M. DeLesseps' claim to the right to widen the Suez Canal without the permission of the Government.

CAIRO, Nov. 17.—A syndicate of bankers, represented by the Anglo-Egyptian Banking Company, has offered to provide the capital necessary to construct a new Suez canal if the Government will build it.

A COURTIER WHO BECAME AN AROB-BISHOP.

Napoleon I., while yet his career was undimmed, one night entered a theatre, accompanied by a very young courtier of rank, Rohan Chabot, Prince of Leon. The Emperor paid little attention to the play, but amused himself by watching the audience. After some time he noticed, with surprise, that his courtier also was but little interested in the play. He had hidden his hands in the folds of his coat upon his knees, when Napoleon suddenly grabbed at them and seized a rosary. The young prince, not being in favor with the Emperor at the time, expected a severe reprimand, but Napoleon said: "You are above the frivolities of the night; you will be a perfect man; continue saying the rosary, I will no more disturb you." The Prince lived to become indeed a perfect man. He was made Archbishop of Besancon, and left many marks of his piety and benevolence to his diocese.

MR. HEALY AT DROGHEDA.

DROGHEDA, Nov. 19.—Mr. Healey M. P. addressed a large meeting here yesterday. Referring to the report that the Government intended to introduce a bill extending the franchise from the benefits of which Ireland would be excluded, declared that if Ireland did not obtain the extension of the franchise, England would not get it. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, and kindred affections. For treatment giving successful self-treatment address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

MR. BIGGAR AT OLDHAM.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Mr. Biggar M. P., speaking at Oldham stated that Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, had caused innocent people to be hanged upon notoriously false evidence. He declared that Orangemen were unimportant in numbers and composed of knaves and dupes. The torchlight procession to which Sir Stafford Northcote was treated, he said, was only organized after those who composed the procession were served with half a crown each.

WHAT PHYSICIANS SAY.

SAN LEANDRO, CAL. Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.: Dear Sir,—I have employed your "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" in my practice for the last four years. I now use no other alternative or cathartic medicines in all chronic derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. I know of nothing that equals them. J. A. MILLER, M.D.

Finance and Commerce.

FINANCIAL. TRUE WITNESS OFFICE, THURSDAY, Nov. 20, 1883.

The New York stock market was irregular but generally firmer at 1:30 p.m. Canada Pacific sold at 61, Manitoba at 100, Louisville and Nashville at 50, Northern Pacific at 30 1/2 for common, and 65 for preferred, Canada Southern at 55, Oregon & Trans Con at 50, Pacific Mail at 40 1/2, Lake Shore at 10 1/2, and Western Union at 79 1/2.

The local money market is unchanged, rates being 7 1/2 per cent for discounts, and 5 to 5 1/2 per cent for call loans. Sterling exchange is firm at 8 1/2 prem for round amounts of 60-day bills, 8 1/2 prem cash over the counter, 8 1/2 to 9 prem for demand bills. Drafts on New York are drawn at 1-16 discount to 1-16 prem.

The stock market this morning was again firm, but very dull. Federal was dealt in at 130, an advance of 2 per cent. Richellens was firm, and favorable news is expected from Mr. Senecal to-day. Telegraph, Gas and Royal Canadian, all exhibited an improvement. There was no demand for most stocks on "long" account and the "bears" appear afraid to sell the market "short." The result is a complete stand-off.

Stock Sales.—25 Montreal 182; 20 Ontario 100; 4 Commerce 124; 25 Federal 130; 50 Telegraph 118; 25 Gas 168; 50 Richellens 55; 10 Royal Canadian Insurance 55; 28 do 54; 23 do 55.

The cautious and conservative policy which was adopted by the management of the Hochelaga bank as a result of the crisis through which it has passed, will now stand it in good stead. The bank is interested in the S. W. Beard matter for the sum of \$18,500, but it has made few bad losses of late, and holds collateral on which it can realize something in connection with its advances to Beard. Under the circumstances the call of ten per cent announced on Saturday should cause no uneasiness among the stockholders.

At the close in New York the market was weaker with Canada Pacific 60 1/2; Manitoba 98 1/2. On pressure to sell Loan and Mortgage a severe drop took place without sales. It was offered at 6 1/2 at the close, 40 bid. The general list was inactive and slightly weaker this afternoon.

Afternoon Stock Sales.—2 Montreal 181; 2 do 182; 25 Merchants 121; 115 do 112 1/2; 95 Commerce 123 1/2; 35 Federal 129; 25 do 129 1/2; 25 do 130; 25 Richellens 55; 25 Passenger 109; 100 do 108.

The Senecal stocks did not "boom" this afternoon, though we believe some news was received to-day from Mr. Senecal. Passengers dropped 1 per cent. Richellens fell at 55; and Gas was 168 to 169.

LONDON, 5 p.m.—Consols 101 11-16; 4 1/2; 117; 65; 104. Erie 300; Illinois Central 138 1/2; Canada Pacific 62.

New York, 1 p.m., Nov. 20.—Stocks lower. Am Ex 92, O N 55 1/2, D H 108 1/2, L D 118 1/2, D & R G 24, bid 75 1/2, L B 101, L N 50 1/2, M O 92, M O 47 1/2, J O 83 1/2, N F 20 1/2, bid 66, N W 125, bid 146, N Y C 116 1/2, St P M & M 100 1/2, U P 88, W U 70 1/2.

ments also are larger. Purchasers, however, are keeping in the background, and the market is weak and unsettled. The market for finished iron presents a more satisfactory appearance and prices very steady under a moderately active demand. There has been an improved demand for structural iron, and some good sized orders have been placed. In tin-plates a fair amount of business has been accomplished at a steady price. Canada plates continue in good request at a slight advance. We quote:—No 1 Eglinton at \$18; No 1 Garthside \$20; No 1 Sumner \$20; No 1 Coltness \$21 50; No 1; Dalmington \$18 25 to 18 50. As the season for cheap freights has closed, it is expected that prices will shortly advance. Ingot tin is weaker; London cabled £88 10s for fine foreign. Here 23c to 24c, according to brand. Copper steady but weaker, in sympathy with tin; here 17c to 18c. Canada plates have sold as low as \$3, but most dealers ask \$3 10 for Penn or equal. Tinplates are unchanged at \$5 to 5 25 for good U charcoal, and \$4 40 to 4 50 for coke. Bar iron sells at \$1 90 to 2 00. Remittances are very good. General hardware, although not active, meets with fair inquiry at fairly steady rates. Remittances are reported to be more satisfactory.

LEATHERS has shown no change since our last report, and has a generally quiet appearance. At the same time a fair aggregate of business is reached considering the season, and prices are about steady. The supply of most descriptions is quite full enough for the outlet offered, and sellers are not willing to neglect buyers whose bids are any way near the market. Taken all through, there is no significant feature in the market. We quote:—Spanish sole, No. 1, B, A, 25c to 26c; do No. 2, B, A, 23c to 24c; do No. 3, 15c to 21c; China, No. 1, 22c to 23c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; Buffalo, No. 1, 22c to 23c; do No. 2, 20c to 21c; slaughter sole, No. 1, 27c to 28c; English sole, 48c to 49c; rough belting, 32c to 34c; hares, 25c to 30c; waxed hide, 32c to 37c; do, grained, 35c to 38c; do Scotch grained, 36c to 38c; buff, 14c to 16c; polished, 11 1/2 to 16c; splits, ordinary to choice, 22c to 30c; do, under junc, 16c to 18c.

LUMBER.—The export trade is at an end and business is much quieter. Laths continue firm at the late advance. We quote prices in this market at the yards as follows:—Pine, 1st quality, per M, \$35 to 40; do, 2nd, \$22 to 24; do, shipping culs per M, \$14 to 15; do 4th quality, per M, \$11 to 12; do, mill onils, per M, \$10 to 12; spruce, per M, \$10 to 13; hemlock, per M, \$9 to 10; ash, run of logs culs out, per M, \$20 to 25; bass, run of long culs out, per M, \$17 to 20; oak, per M, \$40 to 50; walnut, \$60 to 100; cherry, per M, \$60 to 80; butternut, \$35 to 40; birch, per M, \$20 to 25; hard maple, per M, \$25 to 30; lath, per M, \$3 to 2 60.

FUR.—The receipts of No. 2 Labrador herring having been larger, prices are easy. Sales of that grade are reported in quantities at \$3.38 to 4.50 and in retail lots at \$4.75. There was some demand from the West. The receipts at this port of Labrador herrings were received by Lord & Munn, John Baird & Co., Major Bros. and Bendell & Browning. The total consisted of 27 cargoes and 35,508 barrels. No. 1 grade Labrador are scarce at \$6. Cape Breton herrings have sold at \$5.80. Salmon is quiet and unchanged. Green cod are firmer and higher at \$5.90 to 6 for No. 1 and \$4.90 to 5 for No. 2, while large drafts are at \$6.25 to 6.50. Dry cod ranges from \$5 to 5.50 as to size of lot. In a wholesale way trout is quoted at \$4.75 to 5, and whitefish at \$5 to 5.25.

Wool.—The last sale of Cape heard of was at 17 1/2c, and it is questioned if there is any to be had at our inside figure. Domestic wool is quoted easier, with a moderate trade. We quote Cape 17c to 19c, and Australian 22c to 30c, as to quality. Domestic is at 28c to 30c for A super, 23c to 25c for B, and 23c for black.

RAW FURS.—Trade dull. Prime skins are quoted as follows:—Beaver per lb, \$3; bear per skin, \$10 to 12; bear cub \$5 to 6; fisher do, \$6 to 7; red fox do, \$1 to 1 1/2; cross fox do, \$2 50; lynx do, \$2.50 to 3; marten do, \$1; mink do, \$1.25 to 1.50; muskrat do, 10c to 12c; otter do, \$10 to 12; raccoon do, 60c to 70c; skunk do, 75c.

LOCAL COMMERCIAL.—Nov. 20. A few lots of wheat have sold at about quotations which are as follows:—Canada red winter wheat \$1.19 to 1.23, spring \$1.16 to 1.20, white winter \$1.15 to 1.17. Corn 62c to 63c; oats 33c to 34c; peas 93c to 95c; rye 62c to 65c; barley, Province of Quebec, 53c to 58c; Ontario, 65c to 75c per 48 lbs. In the flour market business keeps very dull. The sale is recorded of 250 spring extra at \$5.25 and 100 extra at \$5.50. Seventeen car loads of American flour arrived here yesterday. Oatmeal quiet and unchanged at \$4.75 to 5 00 for ordinary as to quantity, and granulated scarce at \$5.30. Cornmeal \$3.20 to 3.40. In provisions the sale is reported of several lots of mess pork at \$14.75 to 15 per brl. The sale of 300 jalls of Anchor brand was reported at 10 1/2c. Dressed hogs were dull, and prices were somewhat in buyers' favor owing to the mild weather. A few sales were made at \$7 per 100 lbs. Eggs in cases sold at 26c, and fresh stock is worth 27c to 28c. Partridges are quoted at 40c to 50c and venison carcasses at 7c to 8c. A mixed lot of chickens and ducks was sold at 8c. We quote prices wholesale as follows:—Turkeys 9c to 11c, chickens 8c to 9c and geese 7c to 9c. Ashes.—The market was dull, the only sale reported being that of a lot of 18 lbs per cwt at \$4.90, and we quote \$4.95 to 4.95 as to tears. Pearls nominal. Butter.—Several steamers have left with butter for the English markets. A lot of Morrisburg was reported sold at about 21c. Kamouraska was enquired for but it could not be had under 17c. We quote as follows: Creamery fine to choice, 25c to 26c; Eastern Townships, good to choice selected, 20c to 22c; Morrisburg, and Brookville, good to choice selected, 20c to 21c; Western, 17c to 18c; Kamouraska, 17c; low grades 15c to 16c. Add 1c to 2c for jobbing lots. Rolls 18c to 22c in cases. Cheese is firm at 11c to 11 1/2c for September and October makes. Most of it is held by one firm. The supply in the city approaches 50,000 boxes.

LITTLE FALLS, Nov. 19.—Cheese firm, but excited. Sales at 11 to 12c; few sold at 12 1/2c. Bales consisted mostly of October make. Butter—Sales at 25 to 27c.

URICA, Nov. 19.—Cheese sales "c.-day, 8,500 boxes at 10 to 12c; but, at 11 1/2c. All October make.

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET.

The market for export cattle is firm at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per lb, live weight, as to quality, the outside figure for extra choice. Sheep are in about the same way as cattle, prices ranging from 40 to 4 1/2 per lb, live weight. There was a large supply of hogs on the market. Prices remain firm: at 50 to 5 1/2 per lb, live weight, as to quality. At Viger market the receipts of beef cattle were about 500 head. These met a good demand at prices ranging from 30 to 4 1/2 per lb, live weight. There was about 800 head of sheep and lambs offered. Demand was good at the usual prices, viz, sheep \$4 to 8 00 each, and lambs \$2 to 4 50 each, as to quality. A few calves were in offering at from \$3 to 5 00 each, as to quality, the outside figure for choice.

Table with columns: Per, To Cattle, Sheep. Rows: 85 Dominion, Liverpool 154, 1,333; 88 Toronto, Liverpool 213, 1,077; 88 Lake Winnipeg do 177, 2,213; 88 Lake Manitoba do 228, 1,502; 88 Buenos Ayres, Glasgow 259, 128.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET.

Mr. Kimbal, of the Montreal Horse Exchange, recalled by steamship Hanoverian 9 Clydesdale stallions, the property of Messrs. Norris, Clark and Bae, of Huron county, Ill. Eleven were shipped from Glasgow, but one died on the passage and the other on its arrival. They will stay at the Exchange until the end of the week. Mr. Maguire, of the College street market, has just received by steamship Buenos Ayres six two-year old stallions and four colts, the property of Col. Alloway, of Indiana. Mr. Maguire also received six Shetland ponies by the same vessel, belonging to Mr. Hamilton, of Lowell, Mass. He sold one horse for \$35 and one brown horse, three years old, weight 1,050 lbs, for \$95. The following are the shipments of horses to the United States for the week ending November 17:—November 12—One horse for \$267.50. November 13—Eight horses for \$385; three mares for \$390. November 14—Seven horses for \$1,055.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

Samuel H. Gilchrist, of Wickham, Queen's county, N. B., builder, has assigned; liabilities about \$3,500; assets, \$3,400. T. H. Loakey, an Ottawa confectioner, has failed, owing \$2,700; W. Crompton, a small grocer at Cornwall, is reported failed, and Jas. Beld, tinmith, of Kingston, is offering forty cents on the dollar. Onellet & Bernier, a small grocery firm of Quebec, are seeking a composition at the rate of 75 cents on the dollar. Liabilities small and entirely local. N. Canan & Co, in the same business and of the same place, are also reported in an embarrassed shape. A Toronto despatch says:—The bear raid of Saturday was continued on Monday, with Federal and Imperial the objective points. A few weak holders were closed out and a good buying set in. Federal, having lost five per cent, regained 4 1/2, and Imperial closed steady. It is said the attack was directed against one or two large holders, but failed through their being prepared for the emergency.

BIRTH.

BOHL.—At 54 Notre Dame street, November 12th, the wife of Ulrich Bohl of a daughter.

CALLAHAN.—On Monday, November 12th, at No. 42 St. Constant street, the wife of J. T. Callahan, of a son.

MARRIED.

PLUNKETT-SMODGRASS.—In this city on the 17th inst., at the Bishop's Palace, by the Rev. J. M. Emard, Mr. Jas. M. Plunkett, to Miss Mary Alice Smodgrass, both of this city. 119 1/2

DIED.

RAY.—In this city, November 12th inst., Kate, infant daughter of C. W. Ray, age 4 days.

DEWEESY.—In this city, on Tuesday night, 13th inst., Thomas Patrick Deweesy, aged 5 years, 1 month and 2 months.

DALRY.—In this city, on the 14th inst., at the age of 21 years, Michael, second eldest son of Michael Dalry.

PATTERSON.—In this city, Nov. 15, John Patterson, formerly of Co. Donegal, Ireland, aged 68 years.

MOHAN.—In this city, on November 15, of congestion of the brain, Mary Anne, only daughter of the late Philip Mohan, aged 5 years 1 month and 5 days.

DRUMM.—In this city on the 16th inst., Francis Bernard, son of Francis Drumm.

KINSELLA.—In this city, on Sunday, the 18th inst., James Kinsella, grocer, aged 41 years. Quebec and Waterbury (Vermont) papers please copy.

TIERNY.—In this city, November 16th, Susanna Hitchman, beloved wife of Henry Tierney, aged 87 years.

MCNALLY.—In this city, on the 18th inst., William J. McNally, aged 21 years and 10 months, youngest son of Thomas McNally.

O'BRIEN.—On November 19th, Patrick Henry O'Brien, son of Patrick O'Brien, aged two years.

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