PUBLISHERS' DEPARTMENT.

THE EARLY DIAGNOSIS OF LOCOMOTOR ATAXIA.

The poor results derived from the treatment of tabes is often due to the fact that an early diagnosis has not been made or that patients do not apply for treatment in the early stages of the disease. Erb (Med. Wochenschr.) details a series of cases which had all been preceded by symptoms of secondary syphilis some as far back as twenty-four years. In one group of cases the tendon reflexes were normal even after four to seven years duration of slight lancinating pain, bladder insufficiency, sensory disturbances, easy fatigue, slight pupillary sign and "Rhomberg's Symptom." A second group presented no subjective symptoms whatever, and but very few and almost unnoticeable objective symptoms. another group was attended by marked gastro-intestinal disturbances, not typical of tabes, and with bilateral paresis of the sixth nerve and Author insists on the necessity of always investigating the pupil sign. knee-jerk and pupil reflex in suspected cases. Tabetic symptoms with an antecedent syphilis are always serious. Absence of a syphilitic history does not establish the existence of tabes, even though some symptoms may exist. For the pains in tabes dorsalis, Antikamnia and Salol Tablets have been found most excellent when given in doses of two tablets every two or three hours. The antikamnia acts particularly upon the spinal cord and its sensory tracts, and consequently takes the place of opium and its alkaloids so often used to relieve patients subject to these attacks. The favorable effect of salol in this and similar conditions is well known.

HYPEREMESIS GRAVIDARUM.

Dr. J. W. P. Smithwick writes in the Southern Medical Journal concerning vomiting during pregnancy and its remedies. He says: "I find that Ingluvin, manufactured by Wm. R. Warner & Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., gives me the best clinical results. I have frequently seen patients who would vomit immediately upon taking anything into the stomach almost relish this preparation, and the vomiting immediately cease, irrespective of its primary cause. Having had such good results with it in the various forms of nausea and vomiting, I was induced to try it in the vomiting of pregnancy, both physiological and pathological, and have had excellent results up to date. In those patients in whom the vomiting amounts to nothing more than the "morning sickness," which may be considered physiological, I have found it to give a very great amount of relief, as well as in others, when it becomes to be pathological. It relieves the nausea and increases the appetite and assimilation to a marked degree,