

Flotsam and Jetsam.

INDIGNANT LAWYER : If we can't get justice in this court, we shall carry the case up. Your honour may mark my words.

THE JUDGE : I have marked them, sir. They will cost you ten dollars.

ANY one who had prosecuted a man to death for a criminal offence used to obtain a "Tyburn ticket," which conferred upon him and his heirs male future exemption from serving on a jury. These tickets passed, like a freehold estate, from father to son.—*Green Bag.*

WHEN Mr. Justice Day was raised to the Bench, and the customary honour of knighthood was proposed to him, it is said that the learned judge at first demurred to receiving the accolade because, he said, "it was against his principles to turn day into night." His scruples on this ground were, however, happily overcome.

THE following holograph will of a simple testator, and made a little over a year ago, has just been proved in a Surrogate Court in Manitoba: "Before leaving this world I would like to leave things so as there would be no noise about my property. The widow's cattle must be kept just the same as the rest all winter.

See that A. S. gets something to please him, and not grumble; and all I ask is a tombstone over me and my wife. So that is all I have to say. The last of Jemsie."

AN AUTOMATIC VOTING MACHINE.—A machine has been patented, and authorized for use at municipal elections by the New York State Legislature, by which the act of polling is confined to the pressing of a knob marked with the name of the candidate favoured by the voter. A vote is thereupon automatically registered for that candidate, and it is claimed that an immense saving of time is effected in the counting as well as in the polling of votes. The machine has now passed out of the merely experimental stage, and has been actually used at the municipal elections of Lockport, when the votes given for sixty-four candidates were counted in ten minutes at the close of the poll.—*Law Journal.*

Law Society of Upper Canada.

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This School was established on its present basis by the Law Society of Upper Canada in 1889, under the provisions of rules passed by the Society in the exercise of its statutory powers. It is conducted under the immediate supervision of the Legal Education Committee of the Society, subject to the control of the Benchers of the Society in Convocation assembled.

Its purpose is to secure as far as possible the possession of a thorough legal education by all those who enter upon the practice of the legal profession in the Province. To this end, with certain exceptions in the cases of students who had begun their studies prior to its establishment, attendance at the School, in some cases during two, and in others during three terms or sessions, is made compulsory upon all who desire to be admitted to the practice of the Law.

The course in the school is a three years' course. The term or session commences on the fourth Monday in September, and ends on the first Monday in May, with a vacation commencing on the Saturday before Christmas and ending on the Saturday after New Year's day.

Admission to the Law Society is ordinarily a condition precedent to attendance at the Law School. Every Student-at-Law and Articled Clerk before being allowed to enter the School must present to the Principal a certificate of the Secretary of Law Society, showing that he has been duly admitted upon the books of the Society, and has paid the prescribed fee for the term.

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The students and clerks who are exempt from attendance at the Law School are the following:

1. All students and clerks attending in a Barrister's chambers, or serving under articles elsewhere than in Toronto, and who were admitted prior to