

***Colaptes auratus* (Linn.) FLICKER.**

Abundant from April to October. Usually the flicker's nest is situated quite a distance from the ground, as one of the bird's names—"high-hole"—suggests, but last summer a nest was observed so low that the bottom was on a level with the ground outside the stump in which the nest was made. The nine eggs which this nest contained were also remarkable. One egg was no larger than a sparrow's and contained no yolk while the other eight varied greatly in shape, from spherical to extremely elongate.

***Chordeiles virginianus* (Gmel.) NIGHT-HAWK.**

Abundant from May 20th till September.

***Chaturia pelagica* (Linn.) CHIMNEY SWIFT**

Abundant from May till the middle of September.

***Trochilus colubris* (Linn.) HUMMING-BIRD.**

Common during the summer.

***Tyrannus tyrannus* (Linn.) KINGBIRD.**

Fairly abundant from the middle of May till the middle of September.

***Contopus borealis* (Swains.) OLIVE SIDED FLYCATCHER.**

Fairly common from May 20th till October. Two sets of eggs of this bird from Wolfville are now in the National Museum at Ottawa.

***Contopus virens* (Linn.) WOOD PEWEE**

Not very common, but pretty evenly distributed. Arrives here from the south, about the 1st of June, and leaves again about the 1st of September.

***Empidonax flaviventris* Baird. YELLOW-BELLIED FLYCATCHER.**

Fairly common in dense low woods during the summer.

***Empidonax traillii* (Aud.) TRAILL'S FLYCATCHER.**

Quite common from June till September.

***Empidonax minimus* Baird. LEAST FLYCATCHER.**

Common from the middle of May till September.

***Otocoris alpestris* (Linn.) HORNED LARK**

Very common from November till April.