CONGER COAL CO'Y.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers. Standard Grades Hard & Soft Coal.
OFFICE.—6 KING EAST.

The Toronto World.

COX & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
26 TORONTO-ST.
Continuous market quotations by direct wires.

EIGHTH YEAR WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2, 1887. PRICE ONE CENT

THE "OLD MAN" IN THE CITY

MANUFACTURERS ENDORSE SIR JOHN'S NATIONAL POLICY.

East Toronto Reformers will Not Oppose Jury—Labor Candidate Sheppard Declares Himself—A Squabble Over the Don.

Sir John came to town yesterday, accompanied by Hon. Thos. White. They put up at the Queen's, where Hon. John Carling had already registered. The three ministers came here to make arrangements for carrying on the campaign in Ontario. The Old Man looked cheerful and not "insane," and he wore, probably for the first time in his political career, a turn down collar; but his tie was of the same old flame-red hue. In the forenoon the Premier received a number of callers and transacted business with some of the local politicians.

The object of Sir John's coming to the city is explained in this circular to manufacturers.

(Private.) EARNSCLIFFE, OTTAWA.

Dear Sir—At the present crisis it is in my opinion necessary that energetic steps should be taken to obtain united action in the maintenance and development of the National Policy. With this view I venture to write you, together with other gentlemen favorable to that policy, to meet me at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, on Tuesday, Feb. 1, at 2 p.m. Believe me, yours very truly, JOHN A. MACDONALD.

A large number of the manufacturers of Ontario assembled at the Queen's Hotel in response to the circular. Politics were not represented. It was a question as to whether the N.P. supporters of Sir John in 1878 would continue as such. Hon. Mr. White made himself agreeable to the visitors while awaiting Sir John's appearance. Shortly after 2 o'clock the Old Man came down stairs and shook hands with Mr. Adam Brown of Hamilton, who, with a pleased expression, conducted Sir John to the billiard room which had been converted for the purpose into an N.P. arena. The meeting was private as far as the press was concerned. The World hustled enough to ascertain that Mr. W. H. Storey of Acton was chairman, Mr. Edward Gurney of Toronto vice-chairman and Mr. Frederic Nicholls of Toronto secretary.

The following resolution was carried unanimously:

That this meeting of manufacturers and millers, representing almost every branch of the industry and every section of the Province of Ontario, hereby places on record their unanimous opinion that on the maintenance of the National Policy depends the continued prosperity of Canada, and that its maintenance can only be assured by a return of the Liberal-Conservative party to power on Feb. 22; the tariff policy of the Reform party being involved, uncertain and indefinite.

The meeting was regarded as highly satisfactory. "Much better than I thought," said a Toronto manufacturer.

Subsequently Hon. Mr. White left on the Northern to speak at Aurora. Sir John remains here.

TO JURY'S RELIEF.

The Reformers of East Toronto Will Not Oppose Him.

The Reformers of East Toronto assembled in good force at Temperance Hall last night to decide whether or not they would put up a man in that constituency. They decided that they would not. Mr. Peter Ryan was appointed Chairman, and General Secretary Richard Patching of the Toronto Reform Association was made Secretary. None but the faithful could get in, and they had to present their credentials to Outer Guard H. Manley, who defended the only door. All the big guns were there and most of the little ones.

After preliminaries the business was commenced by the moving of this resolution by Mr. F. G. Inwood, seconded by Mr. T. R. Wood:

That whereas the labor organizations in convention assembled have placed in nomination candidates for the East and West Ridings, and have refrained from nominating a candidate for the Central Riding of Toronto, and for the Ridings of East and West York, portions of which are embraced in the City of Toronto;

And whereas the Conservative party have disregarded the rights and interests of the laboring classes, and are seeking to monopolize the representation of the whole city by placing candidates of their own party in all of the ridings affected;

And whereas the Liberal party, recognizing the desirability of the laboring classes having direct representation in Parliament, and their moderation in putting candidates in but two of the ridings mentioned;

Therefore be it resolved, that we, the Liberal delegates of the East Riding of Toronto, in convention assembled, do refrain from placing any candidate of our own party in opposition to the Labor party.

This resolution did not meet with the approval of some of the delegates and accordingly Mr. H. H. Dewart, the rising Young Liberal, seconded by Mr. W. Adam Armstrong, moved in amendment:

That this convention, while conceding to the Labor party the right to representation in Parliament, considers that in view of the lukewarm support given to the Labor candidate by that party in East Toronto and the impossibility of his election under existing circumstances, does not deem it advisable in the interests of good government to leave the Conservative candidate in this constituency practically unopposed; and that we do now proceed to nominate a candidate to contest East Toronto in the interests of the Liberal party.

In speaking to this motion Mr. Dewart opposed Mr. Jury because of the latter's religious beliefs—or disbeliefs, as one delegate murmured. He said that better work was being done for Labor Candidate Sheppard in West Toronto than for Mr. Jury in the East Riding. This statement was met with strong cries of dissent.

Mr. D. P. Cahill wondered that the convention did not enter a standing protest against the effort that was being made to introduce religious differences. He thought that if their Liberalism did not allow them to support a Labor candidate they were only dyed-in-the-wool Tories.

Mr. Robert McLean expressed himself as a strong Jury man. He thought Mr. Jury a better moral man than Alfred Boultbee or Sir Charles Tupper. Seconded by Mr. J. D. Edgar, he moved this amendment:

That, in the opinion of this convention, it is undesirable, in view of existing circumstances, to nominate a candidate to contest East Toronto in the Liberal interests at the approaching election.

Mr. W. A. Douglas was a Jury man. He spoke of palatial residences of wealthy men in one end of the city and the houses of poor men in the other. Some one yelled out something about preaching Henry George doctrines.

Then Mr. John Hallam seized the platform and advocated Juryism, although, as he remarked, the Liberal leaders of the city would not recognize Mr. Jury.

Mr. J. D. Edgar made a strong appeal on behalf of Mr. Jury, because he was a good Reformer, and because he had done great work for the party in the past.

Mr. Hallam wanted to introduce a motion pledging the convention to give Mr. Jury the assistance, and in a discussion which followed the Chairman ruled the Dewart amendment out of order on the ground that it was a distinct negative to the original motion.

President Gregory of the Young Liberals' Club said that Jury was in the field to stay, and if a straight Liberal was put up both would be defeated. Jury was an honest man who had the courage of his convictions.

Mr. Thomas Moor also spoke in favor of Mr. Jury, who had been spoken of by the Globe as the mouthpiece of the Liberals on the tariff question.

Mr. George Vennell expressed himself as a Jurymen. He did not agree with Mr. Jury's religious opinions, and he regretted that "some of us orthodox theologians cannot convince him."

The convention was decidedly in favor of not opposing Mr. Jury, while not endorsing him as the Labor candidate; and finally when it came to a vote the McLean amendment was carried by a good majority.

Honest John Hallam tried hard to get in a motion endorsing Jury, but he failed, and the meeting broke up in disorder, some delegates calling for the motion and others favoring an adjournment.

EDMUND IS ORTHODOX.

Candidate Sheppard Tells His Constituents What He Believes In.

A crowded meeting greeted Editor Sheppard at St. Andrew's Hall last night, to hear his views on the political issues of the day. Mr. Sam McNab presided, and called on Messrs. Charles March and John Roney successively for speeches. They were followed by Mr. Alfred Jury, who pointed proudly to "Double E" as the representative of peace, industry and intelligence, while his opponent—a lawyer and a soldier—belonged to useless professions. Mr. Jury expressed the opinion that those workingmen who did not vote the party ticket were "traitors who should be forever obliterated." He urged his audience to elect Mr. Sheppard and then they could hold up their heads again.

"This is the first time in my life I ever ran for office," began Mr. Sheppard, "and if I don't get there this time I don't think I ever will." He spoke for an hour and fifteen minutes, and kept his hearers convulsed with laughter most of the time. Several personal matters urged against him he proceeded to repudiate. He was not a slave-driver, nor was he an Atheist. He believed in God, who had been a great deal better to him than he deserved. The more he had to do with politics the more convinced he was of the absolute necessity for a hell. [Laughter.] By birth he was a Canadian. His father was not hung, but is an Englishman and is still alive. His mother was born here and she died and was buried here. All the real estate he owned was the land where his dead was buried, and all he possessed in the world was a wife and three children and a business. It was urged that his business was not paid for; well, he was trying to pay for it. If there was anything else, as the marriage service reads—he was only married once—"let it now be known or forever after hold your peace." He was not an annexationist, nor was he in favor of Imperial federation. He was a protectionist. In regard to prohibition, although not a total abstainer, he would always be in favor of reducing the sale of intoxicants, and believed the people should be allowed to decide whether they wanted a total prohibition or not. He had not given any pledge to either of the parties. The only pledge he gave was to his wife—he told her that if he was elected he would sign the temperance pledge and not take a drink so long as he was a member of Parliament. He thought the Government should own the Canadian Pacific Railway and the telegraph system, and that the Senate should be abolished.

After Mr. A. W. Wright had delivered an able speech, a resolution was adopted guaranteeing Mr. Sheppard a sure election.

PUGILISTIC POLITICIANS.

G. B. Smith and Alfred Boultbee Have a Hot Time in St. Matthew's Ward.

The meeting held in Poulton's Hall last night in the interests of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie's candidature in East York, was characterized throughout by the persistent efforts of a certain element to turn it into a boom for that gentleman's opponent. Turbulence began with the selection of Mr. Peter Macdonald as Chairman, and his invitation to Mr. Boultbee to take a seat upon the platform and address the meeting upon the conclusion of the remarks of Mr. G. B. Smith, M.P.P. for the riding. Mr. Boultbee nimbly ascended the platform, but absolutely refused to speak according to the arrangement proposed. "I have come here," he said, to reply to Mr. Paterson, and I propose to do so." This assertion created an uproar. It was pointed out to Mr. Boultbee that it was not customary to grant the privilege of making the last speech to the opponent of the candidate at the latter's meeting. Mr. Boultbee was immovable however and so declared himself, and as the support of his friends showed that he was in a position to carry out his intentions, it was decided to proceed.

Mr. G. B. Smith, M.P.P., in a speech remarkable for its violence and personal allusions to Mr. Boultbee for his ungentlemanly conduct, dwelt with that gentleman's proclivities for securing timber limits during his parliamentary term. He claimed that Mr. Mackenzie was in every way the more desirable representative, as unlike his opponent, he placed country before party. The interruptions were so frequent and so uncommonly rude that Mr. Smith concluded his remarks by stating "that it was evident many of those present were instructed to disturb the meeting." A voice: "You are a liar."

Chairman Macdonald then called upon Mr. Boultbee, who replied that he would speak after Mr. Paterson. "Such trash as G. B. Smith gave utterance to is unworthy of notice." Mr. Smith jumped to his feet and rushed excitedly at Mr. Boultbee, and the two seemed to be on the eve of a pitched battle. Mr. Smith clinched his fist and assumed a defensive position, expecting, as he afterwards explained to The World, an attack, in which case, he said, there would have been no end of fun. The threatening aspect of affairs at this juncture fortunately disappeared, by Mr. Boultbee's resuming his seat, claiming, however, as he did so, that an attempt was being made to bulldoze him. "Who commenced the bulldozing?" excitedly demanded Mr. Smith.

Mr. J. J. Maclaren, Q.C., then addressed the meeting in support of Mr. Mackenzie, and referred to Mr. Boultbee's Morgan letter, the authorship of which had not yet been explicitly denied by that gentleman.

Mr. William Paterson, ex-M.P. for South Brant, made a vigorous and eloquent address of over an hour's duration, dealing chiefly with the policies of the two political parties. It was a recognized fact, he said, that through the Liberal party, not only of Canada, but all over the world, have come those blessings which the people enjoy. History proved that every wrong redressed, every blessing conferred, and the uplifting of those in the lower social scale was due to the triumph of the Liberal party. To that party likewise were the people of Canada indebted for responsible government, the existence of their municipal institutions, and the right to decide what laws shall be made for their government. He condemned the Franchise Bill introduced into Parliament in 1885, by which the revising officer would have been vested with despotic and supreme power. Whilst the present one did not wholly meet his views, it was a King of bills compared with the other. It was a costly system too, entailing an expenditure yearly of $500,000, and should be repealed for one embodying manhood suffrage. The Gerrymander Act of 1882 was cited as another effort of the Conservative party to secure power at the expense of the rights of the people. The deduction he drew from the policy of that party was that despotism was the very quintessence of Conservatism.

The tariff was then discussed, the speaker asking what new industries had been started since the N. P. went into operation. A pin factory in Galt, employing ten hands, and an electroplate industry in some other part of the country, were the only two cases that could be instanced. The manufacturers in 1878 were doing well, the exports reached $4,000,000 annually, but since the N.P. came into effect they had fallen off materially. The undue protection of certain industries resulted in the flow of a great amount of capital into these branches of trade, and a subsequent overproduction of goods, necessitating the closing of the mills. Reference was made to the speaker's action in protesting in 1878 against the expenditure to assist immigrants to this country. Every Liberal voted for his motion and every Conservative against it.

Mr. Boultbee was received with cheers and hisses. He complimented Mr. Paterson upon his manly treatment of his opponents in not characterizing them, as they generally were by their opponents, as sneak thieves and boodlers. He made a strong appeal to the Conservatives to rally around Sir John, and for the maintenance of the N.P. He contended that Mr. Mackenzie was an agnostic to the N.P., and that Mr. Paterson who represented him had found it convenient to absent himself from the House when the matter was being considered. Mr. Paterson, however, so he had been told, had telegraphed to put on all the duty possible on cigars and candies. [Mr. Paterson—"That is not so."] In conclusion, Mr. Boultbee referred to the Morgan letter, saying he never wrote, saw or sent it, and the paper which published it did not claim to have seen it. His closing remark was with reference to Mr. Smith, whom he charged as behaving in an ungentlemanly manner, and wondered whom he associated with.

The meeting then broke up in disorder, W. Hodgson endeavoring vainly to move a resolution favoring Mr. Boultbee's candidature. Cheers were given for the candidates and Mr. Paterson.

McCallum Called to the Senate.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—L. McCallum, M.P. for Monck in the late Parliament, has been appointed a Senator.

The Macdonald Club.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—A new Conservative organization, to be known as the Macdonald Club, was formed here this evening by the young men of the party. Sir John Macdonald was made patron, and Messrs. Perley and Robillard, the Conservative candidates, Honorary Presidents. Mr. Taylor McVelty was elected President.

A Reform Split in Halton.

HAMILTON, Feb. 1.—There is said to be a split among the Halton Grits and Jno. Waldie, their nominee, is to be opposed by D. Henderson of Acton. He will also most likely have a Grit opponent in R. Baxter of Burlington.

Mr. Neelon Nominated in Haldimand.

CAYUGA, Feb. 1.—A meeting of the Conservative Association of the County of Haldimand was held in the Court House to-day for the purpose of nominating a candidate to contest this constituency. The following gentlemen were nominated: C. G. Snyder, George Martin, G. A. Gibson, E. S. Martin, John Hull, Dr. Cameron, Jos. Martindale and Sylvester Neelon. All retired in favor of Mr. Neelon, who was enthusiastically declared the unanimous nominee.

Ottawa County.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—The requisition now being signed, to be presented to Alonzo Wright in Hull by the Conservative electors of Ottawa County, will contain about 10,000 names. The only probable opposition candidate is Mr. Charles Devlin of Aylmer.

Blake Nominated in West Bruce.

KINCARDINE, Feb. 1.—At the Reform convention held here to-day Hon. E. Blake was nominated as candidate for West Bruce.

Campaign Notes.

It is announced that should ex-Mayor McDougal of Ottawa contest as a Grit candidate the latter party will treat him as an enemy.

The report that Mr. C. C. Colby would not again be a candidate in Stanstead turns out to be incorrect. Mr. Colby wished to retire, but his constituents objected, and he has been nominated again.

It is reported that Sir Charles Tupper will deliver some speeches in Ontario before election day.

Mr. McGillivray, the opponent of the Minister of Justice in Antigonish, was an unsuccessful applicant for the judgeship of the county.

The Junior Conservatives of Stormont have declared in favor of Dr. Bergin.

Mr. D. W. Davis of McLeod has received the nomination of the Alberta Conservatives for the Commons.

E. Crow Baker and Mr. Shakespeare are the Conservative caddidates for Victoria, B.C.

Sir Donald Smith will sail from Southampton on Thursday for New York, and will be in Montreal about Feb. 12.

In London the Liberal and Conservative newspapers are wrangling over the merits of a city loan floated by Mr. Hyman, the Liberal candidate, some years ago when he was Mayor.

Conservatives argue that, as at the last election Mr. Porter, who opposes Mr. M. C. Cameron in West Huron, was behind by only twenty-eight votes, and as the franchise is extended and there is a strong feeling against Mr. Cameron for his pro-Riel vote, Mr. Porter will win.

Mr. J. C. Rykert announces in his card that if the Ontario Government decline to enforce the Scott Act he will aid the passage of legislation to settle the question as to the enforcement of the law. He will also "vote for a measure giving the electors of Canada an opportunity of deciding whether or not they will have prohibition with compensation." He says he has always been opposed to assisted immigration.

J. P. Planta will be the Conservative candidate in Vancouver Island District, and John Grant, M.P.P. for Cassiar, will be the Reform candidate.

R. A. Lyon, M.P.P., James Conmee, M.P.P., W. J. Smith and C. P. Campbell are spoken of as possible candidates on the Grit side at the approaching election in Algoma.

In Leeds and Grenville besides Dr. Ferguson, the late member, there are in the field canvassing Messrs. F. Jones and Henry Merrick, while there is a section of the party in the riding in favor of the nomination of Mr. George E. Kidd, barrister, of Kemptville and Ottawa.

MARRIED BY PROXY.

Miss Van Zandt Determined to Have Her Anarchist.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—The announcement is made this evening that August Spies and Miss Nina Van Zandt have been married by proxy, the groom being represented by his brother. A suburban justice of the peace officiated.

A Doctor's Suicide.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 1.—Dr. Mott Alexander committed suicide this afternoon by taking five grains of morphine. He was one of the leading physicians of Knoxville, but had recently been dissipated. He left a note saying: "I die with malice toward none. I go to hell. Tell my son to go to Heaven." Dr. Alexander was a member of the Board of Examining Surgeons of the Pension Department.

Cigarmakers to be Dropped.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 1.—A sensation has been created here among the Knights of Labor by the receipt of an order purporting to come from the General Executive Board that all cigarmakers belonging to the International Union must be dropped from membership in the local and district assemblies. This is thought to be the first step toward carrying out the program adopted at Richmond by the General Assembly.

Another Blizzard.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 1.—A Bismarck, Dak., special reports another blizzard raging in that section. The wind is blowing seventy-five miles an hour and trains are all delayed. In St. Paul the weather has moderated greatly since morning. At 7 a.m. the mercury was 30 degrees below zero.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

O'Neill, another of New York's boodle aldermen, has been found guilty.

Congressman Rengan has been elected United States Senator for Texas.

Frank Beeb, a German actor, committed suicide in a Chicago variety theatre on Monday.

John D. Lisle, discount clerk in the First National Bank, Baltimore, has disappeared with $3500.

The Grace Flouring Mill, owned by Albers & Co., at Carthage, Ill., was burned on Monday; loss $50,000.

Thomas Moolick, an old man, was murdered in a house in Schenectady, N.Y., yesterday by Edward Zeph, who chopped his victim's head to pieces with a hatchet.

Many trains are stalled by snow on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha, and the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern railroads.

Gerald Maxwell of the Wilson Barrett Dramatic Company, who has become insane, is a son of Mrs. H. E. Braddon, the novelist. His condition is not serious and it is thought he will soon recover.

Bishop Potter of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New York, has arranged for a memorial service celebrating the hundredth anniversary of the consecration of the first bishop of New York, which took place at Lambeth Palace on February 4, 1787.

Mrs. Edward Walker, residing nine miles north of Devil's Lake, Dak., perished in attempting to go to a neighbor's house during Saturday's blizzard. Her husband found her body half buried in the snow, one-third of a mile from the neighbor's house.

The great event of the season in political circles in Washington is to be the dinner given to Senator-elect Frank Hiscock of New York by Congressman William Walter Phelps of New Jersey. Covers will be laid for twenty-two and Chamberlin's is to be the scene of the gathering.

THE COLONIES MUST PAY

If They Indulge in the Luxury of Imported Officers.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—Information reaches here that the Imperial Government has just issued a warrant distinctly stating that when officers of the Imperial force are lent to the various colonies they are to look to the latter for all pay and emoluments. This decision come to by the English Government will have the effect of cancelling the allowances of all English officers employed in the colonial service in the British Empire. The question has been under consideration for several years past and during all this period has naturally met with considerable opposition. It will have the effect of discouraging English officers from entering the service of the colonies, for the simple reason that they can secure better remuneration at home. For instance, the predecessors of General Middleton received, in addition to their salary from the Dominion, an Imperial allowance of £500 a year.

Steel wire mats are wear and weather proof. Snow, ice, mud, clay and water are wiped out of sight by the slightest scrape. 61

A $30,000 FIRE.

The Simcoe Woollen Mills Completely Destroyed.

SIMCOE, Feb. 1.—The Simcoe woollen mills took fire this afternoon about 5 o'clock. The flames spread very rapidly, and two of the operatives were badly burned before they could escape. The whole main building and contents are a total loss. It is feared a young man is lost in the building, as he is missing. The storehouse and fuel were saved. Loss about $30,000. There is a good deal of insurance, but the amount is not known.

The Railway Race for Sault Ste. Marie.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—It is understood that the interview of Joseph Hickson, general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, with Sir John Macdonald yesterday, was in connection with impending trouble with the Canadian Pacific over the construction of the branch to Sault Ste. Marie. Litigation is almost sure to ensue, as the projected line of the Grand Trunk, starting from Kirkfield or Lindsay, and running as direct as possible to the Sault, a distance of 380 miles, has stirred up its rival to extend the Algoma branch to the same point.

A Break in the French Cable.

OTTAWA, Feb. 1.—The Marine Department was notified last evening that the French cable lies broken in thirty fathoms of water two knots from St. Pierre. The agent of the company, in the absence of the cable steamer Minia, has chartered the Government steamer Newfield to make the necessary repairs. The Deputy Minister of Marine has ordered the commander of the vessel to be prepared to sail for St. Pierre from Halifax on Thursday.

Burglary At St. Catharines.

ST. CATHARINES, Feb. 1.—Sometime during Sunday night some parties effected an entrance into the office of the St. Catharines and Welland Canal Gas Company, Ontario-street, and forced open the safe. They secured between $60 and $70 in money and $2 worth of postage stamps.

Elected Mayor of Ingersoll.

INGERSOLL, Feb. 1.—In the election to-day between M. T. Buchanan and E. Caswell for Mayor, Buchanan was elected by fifty majority. There was a larger number of votes polled than at any previous election.

The patent improved reversible steel wire door mat, manufactured exclusively by the Toronto Steel Wire Mat Co., 6 Wellington-street west, Toronto. 61

Iddesleigh's Private Life.

From the London World.

Lord Iddesleigh disliked his elevation, and it is a fact that he entered the House of Lords with tears in his eyes, but I believe that more than once last season he expressed his belief that he was physically the better for the change. He hesitated whether his title should be Kennerley or Iddesleigh, but ultimately chose the latter. It was not till nearly six months had elapsed that he took the trouble to have the armorial bearings on his carriage changed. Lord Iddesleigh was a man of deep religious convictions and of true piety. He invariably conducted family prayers at Pynes. Lord Iddesleigh was proud of the name of Northcote, and he dearly loved Pynes, which is a grand old manor house of red brick, beautifully placed on a well-wooded hill which slopes to the River Exe. It contains some very fine pictures, of which the best is a Van Dyck in the dining room, and at the end of that apartment is the portrait of Lord Iddesleigh which was presented to him about ten years ago by the County of Devon. There is a splendid library at Pynes. Lord Iddesleigh read the lessons at Upton Pyne Church, of which his third son, the Hon. and Rev. John Northcote, is rector, on the Sunday before his death. The church was built in 1323, and restored about ten years ago by Sir Stafford Northcote, who was lord of the manor and patron of the living.

The Shaded Candle in Use.

From the New York Mail and Express.

The candle on the dinner-table holds its place still. The latest device that the artware establishments have contrived for its adorning is a sliding shade that falls imperceptibly as the candle burns lower. The shade is made in the simple Bohemian glasses, in decorated art glass of every description, and is sometimes seen in rare jeweled glass in every rich, soft hue. The shaded candle sheds over table furnishings, flowers and faces of the guests the very perfection of light that the dinner givers have looked for these many years in vain.

Why the Wren is an Orange Favorite.

From the Boston Herald.

On one occasion James II's forces were on the point of surprising King William's army early in the morning, when some wrens, attracted probably by the fragments of the preceding night's repast, alighted on the head of a drum, which had served for a table, and the noise of their bills in the act of picking awoke the drummer, who instantly beat to arms and saved William's army from defeat. The wren, accordingly, has ever since been a prime favorite with the Orange party.

Money the Pope Might Claim.

From the London Daily News.

According to the Reforma the annuities due to the Papal Government by the Law of Guarantee amounted from Jan. 1, 1871, to Dec. 31, 1885, to £2,064,000, of which, according to the provisions of the same law, £1,416,800 have been forfeited, as neither Pio Nono nor Leo XIII. has ever put in any claim. There still remains £645,000 which the Pope might claim.

OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Items of Interest Received by Mail and Wire.

Great activity in the building trade is looked for in the spring in St. Thomas.

The Chinese of Victoria, B.C., celebrated their New Year, Jan. 23, with great ceremony.

Archdeacon Lander of Kingston was thrown from a sleigh the other day and sustained severe injuries.

Nicholas Ormsby, an old citizen of London, and for many years a hotelkeeper there, died in that city on Monday.

At Dutton on Monday Ed. Smith, hotelkeeper at Rodney, was fined $50 and costs for violating the Scott Act.

The duties collected at the port of London for January, 1887, were $15,061.70; for January, 1886, $38,143.05; increase, $6918.25.

Thomas Lee, sentenced to twelve months in the jail at Montreal, has escaped. He once served five years for burglary at St. Thomas.

A man named Alexander Douglas was shot in a disreputable house in Westminster on Friday night by a frequenter of the place. No arrests were made.

Julius Barnun of New Westminster, B.C., has been summoned to appear before the Police Magistrate of that city on the old charge of selling sausages without a license.

Lewellyn Evans, a Brantford painter, has become insane. He became enamored of a young lady in that city, and his attention to her rendered her life miserable. He will be sent to an asylum.

—**Steel wire door mats will not wear out. They require no shaking as they clean themselves. They do not fill with dirt and dust; all dust falls through and can be readily swept up. 136**

NEW YORK'S GREAT STRIKE

ALL THE FREIGHT HANDLERS ON THE PIERS TO JOIN IT.

Thousands of Men Out of Employment—The Trouble Causing Great Delay and Loss in Business—The "Plan of Campaign" to be Adopted.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The extension of the strike to the freight-handlers on the railroad piers of New York is the most serious blow to commerce that the union men have struck. The effect of it on one road, the Jersey Central, it was admitted at the office on the dock this morning, was an almost complete suspension of business. The men turned out so suddenly that the company was left at a great disadvantage, and its inability to deliver freight was the cause of much inconvenience to merchants.

The men on the Pennsylvania piers along the North River are ready to come out the very minute the time for receiving the answers to their demands from the company has expired.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Co.'s freight is handled by the J. H. Starin Transportation Co., and the men are in sympathy with the freight-handlers on the other lines and are ready to come out at any time.

The Lehigh Valley freight-handlers at piers on the North river have also notified their employers that unless the demand for an increase of salary was given they would quit work at noon. The company will not concede the advance.

At the New York Central Pier 26 the superintendent said the company had not received any demand from the men. Everything was quiet. It is reported that the men organized and will join the strikers as soon as the word is passed for them to do so.

The Erie Road freight-handlers made a demand for an increase at the same time as the men on the other roads. The company refused to concede it, and will give the men a determined fight. The next move on the part of the strikers will be to induce the train men to come out and thus tie up the railroads centering on the Jersey shore. There is some talk of getting the deck hands and firemen on the ferryboats to join the strikers, but these men are adverse to such a course. The boat service of the Boston and Providence line has been suspended for the present.

The longshoremen, truckers, pilers and the members of the numerous branches of workmen who are members of the Longshoremen's Union, employed on the railroad piers of the North River, turned out at 1 o'clock to-day. The men on the Lehigh Valley Road pier No. 2, the Pennsylvania piers No.'s 1, 4, 5 and 16, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and the New York, Lake Erie & Western, numbering nearly 1000, quit work by order of the Longshoremen's Union. Elsewhere on the river front the situation remains unchanged.

It is stated that the next step to be taken by leaders of the strike is to put into operation the Irish "plan of campaign."

PLOTTING FOR CHURCHILL.

A Ministerial Circle Working for His Return to the Cabinet.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The nucleus of a Churchill party is being formed by the younger members of the Carlton Club.

In the Ministerial circle Sir Henry Thurston Holland, A. B. Forwood, Sir John Gorst, Lord Harris, W. H. Long and Sir Edward Clarke, who are in sympathy with Churchill, are plotting for his return to the cabinet.

An Unprincipled Politician.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The St. James' Gazette denounces Churchill as an unprincipled politician, who is playing his own game without regard for the interests of his party.

DAVITT'S ARRIVAL AT CORK.

The Mayor of the City Presents Him With an Address of Welcome.

QUEENSTOWN, Feb. 1.—On the arrival of the steamship Alaska here this afternoon the Mayor of Cork, accompanied by a large deputation of prominent members of the different branches of the Irish National League, went aboard and presented an address of welcome to Michael Davitt. Davitt thanked the deputation for the heartiness of their reception. Davitt left the ship at Queenstown and proceeded to Cork, where he was received with enthusiasm by the people. The Municipal Council of Cork will give a banquet to-morrow in Davitt's honor.

Panic on the London Exchange.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A panic prevailed on the Stock Exchange to-day, slightly abating toward the close. Throughout the day orders to sell poured in from the continent, and only buying by English operators prevented an extreme fall in rates. Business after the official close was active. The street was excited over the reports of impending failures of many Paris dealers which would involve English houses. Latest quotations showed a decline for the day of 2½ in Hungarian securities, 1⅝ in Italian, 5s, 1⅝ in Spanish, and 4s, and 1½ in Turkish, Russian and French securities.

The European Mails.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The Government has settled the trans-Atlantic mail contracts so that the White Star steamers leaving Liverpool on Wednesdays and the Cunard steamers on Saturdays will take the mails. The vessels of both line will call at Queenstown. The mails will also be sent by the steamships of the Inman line, leaving Liverpool on Tuesday, and by the North German Lloyd steamers, which leave Southampton on Thursday.

William's Significant Words.

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The Emperor William today gave audience to the President of the Prussian Landtag, and in the course of his remarks said: "Once before we had to dissolve the Reichstag owing to its refusal to vote on the Army Bill, and then the differences between the Government and the Parliamentary majority were only brought to an end by a foreign war."

Steel wire mats are the greatest thing in the way of a mat ever devised. Made from galvanized steel wire with Japanned iron frame. 61

Sale of Archer's Effects.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—A throng of sportsmen and sporting men attended the sale to-day of the effects of the late Fred Archer. The bidding was very spirited, and very fancy prices were paid for the most simple articles among the dead jockey's effects.

The Bulgarian Question.

PESTH, Feb. 1.—Pesther Lloyd says it fears the negotiations between Russia and the Porte concerning Bulgaria were instituted merely to give time to prepare for an invasion of Bulgaria.

CABLE NOTES.

There was almost a panic in the Austrian Bourse yesterday.

Mr. Goschen has issued an address to the electors of St. George's Division, Hanover-square.

An order has been issued in Russia forbidding newspapers to publish other than official notices of military movements.

The London Daily News complaints Lord Randolph Churchill at having in his speech struck a blow at the Liberal Union.

The Edison-Swan electric light interest in London has secured a verdict against the Woodhouse-Rawson interest for infringement of patent.

The French Chamber of Deputies yesterday, at the request of Premier Goblet, reinstated, by a vote of 301 to 208, the credit for Canon's salaries, and finally adopted the Public Worship budget.

A panic prevailed in the Paris Bourse yesterday owing to the situation of political affairs in France and in other European countries. Three per cent. rentes were quoted at 77f. 70c., a decline of 1f. and 67½c. from the closing quotation yesterday.

Coal versus Burns.

—Coal is made to burn (Burns). Burns has a great call for coal. The case is dismissed without going before the jury, and "sighed-on (Simon) will no doubt have the reverse, (sigh-Tom-off), and he'll just get away about as fast as the sleighs and toboggans sell at Strathern's, 179 Yonge. x

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

What the Theatres Are Doing—The Attractions for Next Week.

Those who wish to see excellent comedy well played ought to see Mansfield in "Prince Karl" at the Grand. It sparkles throughout, makes people laugh, and is just the kind of piece and just the style of actors that one longs for after the performance that we have had of late. There was a good house of leading citizens last night, and the matinee and evening performances to-day ought to be crowded.

You cannot help but admire the performance given by Corinne and her company at the Toronto Opera House. Everything is so pleasing, charming and picturesque. There is burlesque, variety and enchantment, all worked out on an entertaining scale. Matinee this afternoon.

Sol Smith Russell will be "Pa" at the Grand Theatre from Thursday for the week out.

Lehnen & Bateman's "Romany Rye" company will appear at the Toronto Opera House all next week. It is nearly the same company that we had last season.

The Philharmonic Society have commenced practice again, Handel's "Judas Maccabeus" being the work chosen. Tenors and basses are invited to join the society, especially those who have sung in the work before.

At next Saturday's "Pop" in Shaftesbury Hall Mr. E. W. Schuch will present a pleasing program, principally of quartet music by the Mozart Quartet, comprising Miss Berryman, Miss Jessie Corlett, and Messrs. Schuch and Taylor. Miss Elwell of London, Eng., will give a solo on the concertina. Other participants will be Miss Maggie Lester, elocutionist; Mr. Arlidge, flutist; and Mr. E. Lye, tenor.

The annual ball of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, which comes off in the Pavilion Music Hall to-morrow night, promises to be the usual big success. Everyone who is anyone will be there.

The officers of the Royal Grenadiers are completing arrangements for their ball on the 17th. They say that they will make it an eclipse of anything of the kind heretofore known in Toronto.

The Metropolitan Roller Rink on Shaw-street is under good management, and every facility for enjoyment is afforded its patrons. Open all day and evening. 36

TORONTO TO WINNIPEG.

The Presbyterian Delegates Get a Cheap Rate to the Prairie City.

Toronto Presbytery held its monthly meeting in St. Andrew's Church lecture room yesterday. Rev. Peter Nicol, the Moderator, presided. The resignation of Rev. James Alexander of the pastorate of Norval and Union Churches, whose spiritual adviser he has been for thirty-five years, was accepted. Messrs. James Alison and P. G. Close asked for and obtained permission on behalf of the trustees of Cooke's Church to mortgage the church property for an amount not over $15,000, to carry out plans for building a schoolhouse, remodelling the Church and putting in an organ. Rev. Dr. Reid explained that the Canadian Pacific Railway authorities had promised rates from Toronto to Winnipeg and return, to attend the General Assembly in June, for $30, all rail route, or $35 rail one way and water the other. Rev. D. J. Macdonnell and Rev. H. M. Parsons were appointed to represent the Presbytery before the Synod in regard to the petition of Rev. Wm. Inglis. The Presbytery discussed a remit from the General Assembly on ecclesiastical co-operation in sparsely settled mission fields. The principle of the scheme was approved of.

—**Wire mats may be left out of doors in the rain, as all the parts are thoroughly galvanized and japanned, and will not rust or injure carpets or painted floors. 261**

The Billposters' Convention.

The Canadian Billposters' Association met in the city yesterday. Representatives were present from all the leading cities and towns in Ontario and Quebec. Officers were elected as follows: President, Frank Kirchmer, London; Vice-President, Henry Jackson, Toronto; Secretary, P. J. Culhane, Hamilton; Treasurer, Thos. Quinn, Montreal. Col. James E. Henry of Detroit installed the officers. At the request of Manager Shaw the delegates attended the Toronto Opera House, and were very much pleased with their reception.

John Property Irwin's Hospitality.

Chairman Irwin took his Property Committee out for a tour of inspection yesterday afternoon. After visiting the western fire halls and admiring such parts of the city as were visible from the cab windows, a halt was called at Chairman Irwin's residence on Grenville-street. An elegant repast was partaken of, washed down with good temperance beverages, the guests being Mayor Howland, Ald. Gillespie, Graham, Roaf, Wickett, Morrison, Boustead and Frankland. Ald. Irwin's hospitality was acknowledged by several votes of thanks.

**Fun and music at the roller skating rinks. The Met