

Did You Know This?

Are you aware that this paper will bring you better results from a small advertisement than any other outlay you may make?

Give us a trial.

Only Costs 20c for Three Insertions.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DIED.
LALLEY—In this city, on Aug. 29, 1902, Michael Lalley, in his 73rd year.
Funeral from his late residence, 13 Palace street, on Monday morning, at 9 a.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND LABOR DAY.
MATINEE AT 2—EVENING AT 8.
"Shooting The Chutes."
Matinee, 5c, 35c, 50c; evening, 50c, 35c, 50c, 75c. Seats now on sale at the box office.

Baseball—Labor Day.
City League—Two games: Rockets vs. Struthers, 10:30 a.m.; Aberdeens vs. Londons, 2:30 p.m.
Admission, 10c. Ladies free. Stands, 5c.

SPRING-BANK.
Performance Every Night at 8:30.
20c to 10c.

SULPHUR SPRINGS BATHS—OPEN 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.
Single bath, 25c; five tickets, \$1.00. Col. & Edmonds.

WHITE STAR LINE EXCURSIONS.
To London to Detroit every Saturday and Sunday, 2:30 p.m. Saturday, Aug. 30; Sunday, Aug. 31, Monday, Sept. 1; return Tuesday, Sept. 2. P. B. Clarke, next advertiser.

PHONOGRAPH ENTERTAINMENTS.
I will provide evening's entertainment for schools, house concerts, parties, etc. Apply George Wilson, Hyde Park, Ont.

DANCING—SUMMER SEASON, PALACE Academy.
Private lessons any hour. Special orchestra for parties, garden or lawn socials, etc. Moderate. Day and McCormick.

HELP WANTED.

HELP WANTED—BOTH SEXES.
New article of merit, samples, etc., 10c. Address Box 74, Advertiser.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—APPRENTICE TO LEARN
litho-engraving. Apply Lawson & Jones, Clarence street.

WANTED—BRIGHT BOY
16 to 18 years of age to learn to make and wholesale clothing. Apply to C. E. Tolton Company, 420 Talbot street.

OFFICE BOY WANTED.
Apply in own handwriting. Drawer X. Y. Advertiser.

TRUSTWORTHY PERSON IN EACH
county to manage business of oldest-established house. Good weekly salary of \$3 paid by check each Wednesday, with all expenses direct from headquarters; money advanced for expenses. Manager, 312 Caxton building, Chicago.

YOUNG MAN FOR RIBBON AND SILK
department; must be good stock-keeper. Apply between 8 a.m. and 9 a.m. John C. Green & Co., wholesale millinery, corner Ridout and Carling streets.

MOLDERS WANTED—HEAVY
MACHINERY molders; highest wages paid. Apply William Hamilton Manufacturing Company, Peterborough, Ont.

WANTED—BOY TO WORK IN AFTER-NOONS.
Apply Advertiser office.

YOUNG MEN AND BOYS WANTED
for shipping routes and for factory. D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited.

BOYS WANTED TO SELL
Portraits in colors, four sizes, of his Holiness Pope Leo XIII.; equal to the best oil painting. Send 2-cent stamp for free sample of 8x10 inches, worth 25c. Sample of larger sizes, 12x20, 25c. Large profits. A. Joss Pictures, Box 58, this office.

BOY TO WORK IN AFTER-NOONS.
Apply Advertiser office.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.
ALBERT D. JORDAN, ORGANIST, First Methodist Church—Teacher of piano and organ. Apply between 1 and 2 p.m. 245 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,488.

G. E. SIPP, ORGANIST AND CHOIR
master, St. Paul's Cathedral, resumes vocal and instrumental instruction Thursday, Sept. 4, at 372 Maitland street. Art of breathing and proper tone production receives special attention.

ALICE CALDER STOCK—SOLOIST
First Methodist Church, Voice culture, 24 Queen's avenue. Concert engagements accepted.

ST JOHN HYTHEBATCH—PUPILS
received for piano, harmony, sight singing, history. Residence, 731 Richmond, or home of pupils.

WANTED.

GRADUATES OF THE LONDON
BUSINESS University are in demand. Three young ladies placed in first-class business offices this week. Three young men and boys called for during the last ten days. Our graduates get the good positions. W. N. Yerex, P.C., principal.

25% Discount

OFF ALL Banjos, Guitars, Violins, Mandolins, Etc., Sold During August.

We take stock Sept. 1 and wish to make room for new goods already ordered.

The Nordheimer
Piano and Music Co., Limited.
188 Dundas Street.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED
salesladies; one used to selling millinery. Apply Whiskard's, Dundas street, London, Ont.

SALES LADY FOR MANTLE DEPARTMENT.
Wanted; good wages to right parties. Apply to Knusson, Peterborough.

SALES LADY WANTED FOR THE
above department. Apply T. F. Kingsmill.

SALES LADY WANTED FOR HOSIERY
department. Apply T. F. Kingsmill.

COOK WANTED—QUEEN'S HOTEL.
Carling street. Apply at once. Good wages.

COOK WANTED. APPLY HOTEL
Normandy, Richmond street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED
NURSE for one child. Apply Mrs. F. H. Hunter, 483 Colborne street.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT.
Apply to Mrs. C. E. Sterling, 282 Piccadilly street.

GIRLS WANTED. PARISHAN STEAM
Laundry Company of Ontario, Limited.

COOK WANTED AT ONCE. APPLY
Hodgins House.

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT
for family of two. Apply 130 Mill street.

EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRLS
wanted; good wages to right parties. Apply Olympia Restaurant.

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT.
Apply to 417 Dufferin avenue.

EVERY COOK WANTED—LIBERAL
wages. Apply City Hotel.

COOK WANTED—APPLY FRASER
651.

GIRLS WANTED TO LEARN COOKING.
Late dipping, cream dipping, also caramel wrapping; and a few in other lines. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company.

BISCUIT PACKERS AND GIRLS FOR
icing department wanted immediately. Good wages. D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited.

GIRLS WANTED FOR FACTORY.
Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited.

LAUNDRY.

WONG LEM CHINESE LAUNDRY.
408 Dundas, opposite Dundas Center Church. First-class work. Parcels called for and delivered.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE
Licenses, C. D. Johnston, 188 Dundas street. Residence, 34 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. Phone 279.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OF-
FICE, 34 Dundas street, East London. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT
Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GIL-
LEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY
W. H. Bartram, 50 Dundas street.

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED FROM MR. KAY'S FARM.
A black and white cow, and a black and white cow and Ayrshire bull. Kindly leave any information at Britannia House.

LOST—ON AUG. 27, AT SPRINGBANK.
A large black broad-cape pointer. Please leave at this office. Suitable reward given.

LOST—ON EVENING OF 26th, AT
Springbank, collar bracelet. Particularly valued. Suitable reward by applying at this office.

HOUSES, ETC., FOR LET.

STORE DWELLING AND STABLE.
Good location; suitable for any business. Apply 625 Wellington street.

TO LET—SEVEN-ROOMED COTTAGE.
181 Erie street.

THE SHOP NOW OCCUPIED BY MR.
McLeod, corner Dundas and Adelaide streets, will be to rent shortly; has been a grocery for over 30 years; one of the best stands in London. Apply Lilley's Livery.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN.
Furniture carefully handled. John Basse, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. Phone 316.

REAL ESTATE.

A BARGAIN IN REAL ESTATE.
Large frame house and four lots at 1,088 Laura street; worth \$14,000; will take \$1,000; easy terms. Apply J. H. McMechan.

FOR SALE—NICE 14 ACRES WITH
good buildings, near the city; store on Dundas street; paying 12 per cent. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

FARM FOR SALE NEAR STRATH-
ROY. 75 acres; good buildings and water. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Three blocks from Victoria Park. Apply Francis Love, police court.

FOR SALE—PONY (YOUNG), CART
and harness. Farr's Grocery, Wharfedale and Byron avenue.

Men With Good Taste

patronize us because we keep the furnishings they admire and are glad to wear.

Deeks & Munson,
Tailors and Drapers,
393 Richmond Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RUBBISH, BRICKBATS AND MORTAR
to be had for the taking away, at Thompson's Mill.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

J. H. TENNANT, VETERINARY SUR-
GEON—Office, 131 King street. Resi-
dence, 101 Mary street, corner King
and Wellington. Treatment of all dogs
and cats. "Phones 278 and 683.

SATURDAY REVIEW HAS NIGHTMARE

Britain Menaced by United States Expansion.

MONROEISM MAY CAUSE WAR

On the Other Hand, the Spectator Says the Doctrine is Good for Both Countries.

London, Aug. 31.—"A hatred rivalry which may some day be settled by the arbitrament of the sword" seems to sum up the Saturday Review's opinion of the relations between Great Britain and the United States. Discussing President Roosevelt's pronouncement on Monroeism, the always bitter anti-American Saturday Review uses the president's speech as a text on which to expound a long sermon on "American Greed and Hypocrisy" and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

"It is unfortunate, if not exceptional, that the United States cannot be satisfied with the plain, straightforward policy of self-interest without attempting to explain it as a disinterested and highly moral position. It was on this basis that the war with Spain was justified, resulting in the Philippines being annexed and Cuba being put under the heel. South America's natural resources are enormous, but the individual states cannot act together. It is plain that they will not long resist American expansion, and American protection, and the danger threatening the British empire from the United States' future expansion. It says, in reviewing the history of the Monroe doctrine:

ALBERT MEMORIAL, HYDE PARK, TO BE COMPLETELY REPAIRED

Has Been Untouched Since Its Erection in 1872.

ACTUAL COST WAS \$2,500,000

Great Interest Felt in Holbein's Splendid Swim—A New French War Balloon.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

London, Aug. 30.—Engineering prints a description of the type of balloon ordered by the French war office. An attempt is to be made to send it across the Desert of Sahara. The balloon will not be manned. The sole living occupants will be six pigeons, which will be in the lower compartment of a small car.

Water ballast will be carried in a tank suspended by wire ropes below the car. Attached to the valve is a brass wire, twelve meters long, bearing a steel ball weighing twenty kilos, which will keep the valve closed, except when the weight of the steel ball is removed, as when it touches the ground. The valve will then open, the water will flow, and the balloon will go up again. Even after a loss of a portion of water the valve will remain so long as the steel ball is suspended. The upper division of the car is provided with a camera, which is capable of taking a photograph every fifteen minutes.

The car will also carry a hydro-meter, a barometer, and thermometer. All the instruments are capable of working five days. There are also arrangements for the escape of pigeons when the balloon strikes the ground. There will be a small internal air balloon of 568 cubic meters. The balloon itself will be of 1,000 cubic meters. Another balloon of 67 cubic meters will accompany the main balloon. It will be composed of varnished cambric and inflated with illuminating gas, and will carry a sail. The total weight will not exceed 170 kilos, including the entire equipment.

The Albert Memorial.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

London, Aug. 30.—The Albert Memorial in Hyde Park, which has not been thoroughly overhauled since it was completed in 1872, has fallen into great disrepair. The mosaics, gildings, etc., are in very bad condition. The memorial is now surrounded by scaffolding. It has been examined by experts, and will be thoroughly restored. An examination has revealed the fact that the memorial bears evidence of the late Queen Victoria's love and esteem for her consort to a greater extent than was ever expected.

At a meeting at the Mansion House in 1882 for the purpose of organizing subscriptions for a national memorial to Prince Albert, the voluntary contributions amounted to £60,000. Parliament voted £50,000.

Queen Victoria then announced that she would personally contribute to the fund for the erection of the memorial in order that it might be recounted in future ages that it was raised by the Queen and people of a grateful country.

The amount of the Queen's contribution was not divulged at that time, but it was generally understood to be £10,000, making the total cost £170,000, or £60,000. The examination now shows that the memorial probably cost about £500,000, or £2,500,000.

Everything for the restoration of the memorial will have to be specially made, just as everything used in its construction was. The cost of repairs is estimated at between £8,000 and £10,000.

A Brutal Race.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Antwerp, Aug. 30.—The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is demanding the prosecution of the promoters of a recent cavalry ride from Brussels to Ostend, owing to the suffering inflicted upon the horses. An autopsy performed today on one of the horses, shows that the cause of death were swelling of the heart and the wounds of spurs.

When the chamber opens the minister of war will be asked to explain the ride. Many people held him responsible for the alleged brutality. The people are excited over the matter, and are demanding that the riders of horses as well as organizers of the test shall be punished.

Holbein's Swim.

London, Aug. 30.—Montagu Holbein's almost successful attempt to swim the channel from Cape Grisnez to Dover, when he stayed in the water 22 hours and 21 minutes, and got within half a mile of shore, aroused great interest.

The general impression, especially among channel pilots, is that Holbein added immensely to the difficulties of his task by selecting the course from France to England. The currents mostly set in toward the French coasts, as is proved by the fact that wreckage generally drifts there, rather than to the English side.

With the conditions as favorable as they were, the opinion is that he would have succeeded if he had followed the course taken by Capt. Webb. Holbein himself is almost converted to the same opinion. He is wonderfully well after the severe strain. Beyond a stiffness of arms, shoulders and legs, and a sore throat and mouth, caused by swallowing sea water, he feels little the worse for his experience.

After a temporary collapse when he was taken out of the water, he walked the length of the pier with the assistance of the arm of a friend on either side. Capt. Webb, after his swim, waded out and walked on the beach without assistance.

In describing his swim, Holbein says that for the most part of the time his mind was a blank, as he tried not to think of anything. He calculates that he made 25,000 strokes in his swim across the channel, and this fully accounts for the stiffness of his limbs. He says that he had the greatest hopes of succeeding, when he was half a mile from the shore, but the western tides set in strong and sent him out again.

The president of the swimming club, who was in a tug, discovered that Holbein was in a current, which in his feeble condition would be sufficient to drown him. Holbein admits that at the time he was in desperate straits. Replying to a question which was much debated on the tug and at Dover, whether the last hour or two of his swim would not have been advantageous to him, he said he did not believe that they would. "My own experience has proved this point," he says. "The only exception I have made is about ten minutes before the end of an especially big feat of endurance, such as the 24 hours of cycling, when I take a little egg and brandy. The reaction after alcoholic stimulants during such undertakings I have found to be terrible."

THE BOER GENERALS

They Arrive in London and Refuse To Be Interviewed.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

London, Aug. 31.—The Boer generals and their assistants arrived in London this morning, crossing, in the special steamer Batavia, which was placed at their disposal. They adhere to their previous policy of refusing to be interviewed, but it is understood that they hope to meet Prime Minister Balfour and Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, during the week, and discuss various matters affecting the future administration of the South African colonies, such, for instance, as the Boer representation in the administrative council.

Referring to the visit to The Hague Adjutant Ferreira, the son-in-law of Gen. Dewet, says they found Mr. Kruger in the best of health. The London papers, he said, greatly exaggerated the differences between the generals and the leaders in Holland. They were on the most friendly terms, although, of course, there may have been slight differences of opinion in regard to the future policy. The disagreement, however, did not amount to anything serious, and he added: "We do not consider the cause hopeless."

Speaking of the statements that Mr. Kruger had lost confidence in the Boers, and resigned their leadership to Gen. Botha, Mr. Ferreira said: "There can be no nominal leadership now, but if it came to a test I think the people would put their trust in the fighters."

He concluded by saying that judging from the subscriptions that were being received there was no truth in the report that the feeling on the continent had changed.

Joseph Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, in a speech at Birmingham today, referred to the unpreparedness of Britain for war at the beginning of the recent campaign in South Africa. He expressed his opinion that the country would never submit to the expenditure which would be necessary

if they were to be always prepared for coping with such trouble as that they had just emerged from. They would always have to call upon voluntary patriotism to supplement the defects of the regular service. It was mainly, if not wholly, due to the assistance of volunteers that they had come successfully out of the campaign just concluded.

SERIOUS STRIKES IN PROGRESS

The Labor Situation Has Become Acute in Florence.

[Special to Advertiser.]

London, Sept. 1.—Serious strikes of municipal employees are in progress in various continental centers. The lighting and traction industries are chiefly affected. The situation as most acute in Florence, where the gas connections have been covered and the cafes are all closed