

Down by the Sea!

The Liberal Government of Nova Scotia Sustained.

In Spite of the Pressure Brought to Bear from Ottawa.

Cahan and Webster, Tory Opposition Leaders, Defeated—The Government Has a Majority of Two to One.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 15.—Beyond a doubt the Fielding Government is sustained.

SHELBURNE, N. S., March 15.—Two Liberals elected. This is a gain of one.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 15.—The general elections for members to the House of Assembly took place throughout the Province to-day.

The vote in this city is very close, with Premier Fielding leading. It is generally believed that all the Liberals will be elected in Halifax county.

Particulars and returns from a number of constituencies indicate that the Government will be sustained.

A later dispatch from Halifax says: In Halifax county Fielding and Roche (Govt.) are no doubt elected, but the third seat is uncertain as to whether Black (Opp.) or Power (Govt.) is elected. The other constituencies returned the following:

Antigonish—Melsaac and Chisholm (both Govt.).

Annapolis—Longley and Hancock (both Govt.).

Cape Breton—McKay and McCormick (both Opp.).

Colchester—Longworth and Dimock (both Opp.).

Cumberland—Black and Fraser (Govt.).

Digby—Tupper and Cemeau (both Govt.).

Guysboro—McKinnon and Sinclair (both Govt.).

Halifax—Fielding (Govt.), Roche (Govt.), Black (Opp.) doubtful.

Hants—Drysdale (Govt.) and Wilcox (Opp.).

Inverness—Campbell and Jamieson (both Govt.).

Kings—Dodge (Govt.) and Wickware (Govt.).

Lunenburg—Church and Sperry (both Govt.).

Pictou—Grant and Tanner (both Opp.).

Richmond—Hemson and Hunt (both Govt.).

Richmond—Morrison (Opp.) and Joyce (Govt.).

Sheburne—Johnson and Robertson (both Govt., Liberal gain of one).

Victoria—Morrison (Govt.) and Bethune (Opp.).

Yarmouth—Law (Govt.), Pothier (Ind.).

The parties will probably stand: Government, 25; Opposition, 13.

The returns for Halifax city give a majority of 1,435 for prohibition.

Cahan, in Shelburne, the Opposition leader, and Webster, in Kings, two principals in the late Opposition, and McDonnell, member of the Government in Inverness without portfolio, are defeated. All the other members of the Government are elected. Three Liberals were running in Victoria, and also three in Yarmouth, which made some difference in the former and elected one of the Conservatives in the latter.

The contest is very close in Halifax between Black (Con.) and Power (Lib.), with chances in favor of the latter.

Later returns from Colchester state positively that Lawrence (Lib.) is returned. Earlier reports indicated two Conservatives elected.

Ching Ming in Jail.

CHICAGO, March 9.—Ching Ming See, treasurer of the Chinese company of merchants in this city who operated the Chinese joss house and theater on Midway Plaisance, is in the county jail here, charged with embezzlement of nearly \$60,000 of the company's funds.

A Shot at Canadian Sportsmen.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 15.—Baker's bill compelling Canadians to take out a license at \$25 before they can hunt game or fish within this State was introduced in the Assembly to-day. It also provides that if apprehended securing game out of the State's seasons they shall be subjected to the game law fine and if apprehended without a license they shall pay \$50.

Imported 483 Chinese as Actors.

CHICAGO, March 15.—Ching Ming See, one of the Chinamen who brought to America the actors who performed in the Chinese theater on the Midway Plaisance last summer, has been arrested by United States Secret Service officials. He is accused of bringing into the country 483 Chinese laborers, whom he represented to the customs officers at San Francisco to be actors and performers intended for the exhibit on the Midway. Soon after the World's Fair opened See returned to China, and did not come back to Chicago until a few days ago. It was alleged that his theater was merely a scheme for evading the Chinese exclusion laws.

Rifts in the Cloud.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 16.—The Ontario and Western shops, which have been running on short time for several months, were put on full time yesterday.

Complete Collapse

Surrender of the Entire Insurgent Force in Brazil.

Result of the McCarthyites' Three Days' Session.

The Steamship Lucania Makes a Winter Record.

Gladstone Thanked by the Prince of Wales and the Duke of York—A Terrible Act of the City Clerk of an Australian Town—Kessuth Growing Worse.

QUEENSTOWN, MAR. 16.—The time of the Lucania's passage was 5 days, 13 hours and 11 minutes, thereby establishing a new winter record.

Kossuth Worse.

BUDA-PEST, March 15.—A dispatch from Turin this evening says that Kossuth is growing worse rapidly. He has been delirious since the middle of the afternoon.

Thanks Came Late.

LONDON, March 15.—The Prince of Wales has written a letter to Mr. Gladstone expressing his sincere friendship and gratitude to the ex-Premier for his long and valuable services to the country.

The Duke of York has also written to Mr. Gladstone, thanking him for the friendly terms in which the Liberal leader had publicly referred to him.

The Collapse Complete.

LONDON, March 15.—By a dispatch from the Brazilian Minister of Foreign Affairs, the report of the surrender of the entire insurgent force of soldiers, sailors and marines, with the exception of the naval officers at Rio de Janeiro, is confirmed.

The crews of Da Gama's ships were landed on one of the islands in the bay. Admiral Da Gama and his officers sought refuge on board foreign warships.

British Naval Estimates.

LONDON, March 15.—The naval estimates for the year 1894-95 were issued to-day. The Government propose to spend £17,366,100 in the next financial year on the navy, thus increasing by £3,126,000 the amount used last year. The number of men in service will be increased by 6,700, including marines. In the coming year 7, new battleships of the first class, 6 cruisers of the second class, 2 sloops and 36 torpedo destroyers of a new model are to be laid down.

The Bank of England.

LONDON, March 15.—At the meeting of the directors of the Bank of England to-day a statement was submitted by the governor of the bank saying that it was impossible to estimate the full amount of the bank's losses from Mr. May's transactions, but the sum of £250,000 had been set aside to meet them. Since August, 1893, the liabilities to the bank of the firm of Baring Bros. & Co., who failed last summer, had been reduced to £265,000.

The Standard says: "The bank directors' attitude is feeble."

The Daily Chronicle says that the statement shows that May has brought not only ruin and disgrace upon himself, but also discredit upon the bank.

Tragedy in an Australian Town.

The steamer Warrimoo, from Australian ports, brings word that William Paisley, mayor of Rudwood, was shot and mortally wounded on Feb. 12 by William Redfern, city clerk, who, when he saw his victim must die, sent a bullet into his own brain.

The reason for the tragedy was that the council clerk was smarting under a reduction of salary, and took revenge on the chief magistrate, who had sanctioned a general cut in the civic pay list owing to hard times. It was found that Redfern had no fewer than three loaded revolvers, and that in his coat he had a special pocket for a small French stiletto or double-headed dagger. It was also discovered that he had destroyed the minute books of the council since the incorporation of the city. Other facts seem to show that he was insane.

The McCarthyites.

LONDON, March 15.—The three days' session of the McCarthyite section of the Irish party in Parliament resulted in a victory for the Dillon faction. The principal object of the conference was to choose a new advisory committee of eight to act with Justin McCarthy (chairman) of the Irish Parliamentary party. The new committee elected is as follows: Edward Blake, Michael Davitt, John Dillon, Timothy Healy, William O'Brien, T. P. O'Connor, Thomas Sexton and Timothy D. Sullivan. Arthur O'Connor was dropped both as secretary and committeeman. Wm. Abraham was chosen to fill his place as secretary and T. D. Sullivan was elected in his stead as a member of the committee. Florence O'Driscoll, the anti-Parnellite whip, was also dropped as a candidate for re-election to the committee.

After Labouchere's Coup.

LONDON, March 15.—The Daily News (Radical) says that at yesterday's Cabinet meeting the Ministers discussed at great length the defeat of the Government on Mr. Labouchere's motion against the House of Lords. Several Ministers favored resigning in consequence of the adverse vote, but they were finally persuaded to accept the plans of a substitute address.

"It was arranged, however," says the News, "that in the event of the recurrence of such a defeat the Government would either resign or dissolve Parliament."

In the New York Assembly a bill to prevent the display of foreign flags on public buildings has been offered.

Dominion Parliament

The Liberal Members Congratulate Premier Fielding.

The Result in Nova Scotia a Blow to the Conservatives.

Coal Oil Men Lobbying Again at Ottawa—Aberdeen Observer Notes From the Capital.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, March 15.—On returning to the House of Commons, it was resolved, on motion of Sir John Thompson, to take the address in reply to the speech from the throne into consideration to-morrow.

After the House adjourned a Cabinet Council was held.

Mr. Boyd, the Conservative member for Marquette, Man., who has been recently expressing his entire satisfaction with the Government's policy, places on the notice paper the following: "That it is expedient to place lumber and barbed wire on the free list and to reduce the duty on agricultural implements to the lowest possible point."

The school questions in Manitoba and the Northwest are dealt with by motions, of which notice has been given by Mr. LaRiviere and Mr. Tarte, both of whom are asking for papers and correspondence, including correspondence between the Archbishop of St. Boniface and any member of the Government; also all reports of council, etc.

Mr. Laurier gives notice of a question as to the policy of the Government in regard to the ratification of the French treaty.

Mr. Martin gives notice of a bill to extend the charter of the Northwest.

Mr. Denison (Toronto), is moving in favor of making navigation from the "So" to Montreal of a uniform depth of twenty feet.

Mr. Chilton gives notice of a bill to secure the better observance of the Lord's Day, also a bill to repeal the Franchise Act.

Mr. Weldon will re-introduce his bill of last session to disenfranchise voters who have taken bribes.

Mr. McLean (York), will re-introduce his bill of last session to give a 2-cent rate on railways to passengers.

The brilliancy of Lord Aberdeen's equanimity was much talked of to-day at the opening of Parliament. The new Viceroy's sum of money at such a function created unusual interest. Among the 6,000 or 7,000 sightseers his Excellency's carriage was drawn by four horses, manned by outriders. The coachman and footman were in black, and the white cockades of the outriders were covered with crapes. The scene in the Senate chamber was unusually brilliant.

An incident of the opening was the cheers which greeted Lord Aberdeen when he entered the gates. Few governors, if any, have ever evoked cheers from the satiated onlookers who view the spectacle annually. Among those in the Senate were Lieut.-Gov. Mackintosh, Chief Justice Sir Henry Strong, Archbishop Duhamel, Consul-General Riley, Premier Haultain and Mr. Justice Falconbridge. Col. Gzowski, A. D. C. to the Queen, and Mr. Arthur Gordon, C.M.G., military secretary, drove up with his Excellency.

On the resumption of the House of Commons the following new members were introduced amid the cheers of partisans: Sir James Grant, Ottawa, by Sir John Thompson and Mr. Robinson; Mr. H. S. Harwood, Vancouver, by Mr. Laurier and Mr. Tarte; Hon. Joseph Martin, Winnipeg, by Mr. Laurier and Mr. Davies; Mr. A. Hassland, Vancouver, by Sir John Thompson and Mr. Mara.

Mr. Davies invited the Minister of Justice to state the attitude of the Government in respect to the resignation of Judge Palmer. The resignation was surrounded by an exceptionally grave and serious character.

After a reference to the purity of the bench, Mr. Davies alluded to the grave charges made by a St. John newspaper against Judge Palmer. He believed that in fact the attention of the Minister had been drawn specially to the circumstance before the resignation had been accepted.

Sir John Thompson agreed that this was a question of grave importance, but it could be better discussed after the papers were laid on the table. A copy of the St. John Globe containing the charges had been sent to him when he was out of the country. A statement had been made to him indirectly by the judge, who had absolutely denied the charges, and explained that Judge Palmer intended to vindicate himself if any attempt was made to follow up the charges in a regular way. The judge, who was 74, had tendered his resignation, which had been accepted. Medical certificates of failure of eyesight had accompanied the resignation. Under these circumstances the Government had been fully justified in accepting the resignation. The discussion went no further, and the House adjourned.

In the Senate, the new Senator, Donald Ferguson, was introduced and took his seat.

They will debate the address on Monday. (Special to the ADVERTISER.)

OTTAWA, March 16.—Mr. James Sutherland, chief whip, sent a telegram this morning in the name of the Liberal members of the House of Commons congratulating Premier Fielding upon his splendid victory in the elections. The result has depressed the Conservatives here very much, and is a great blow to Sir John Thompson, who tried to carry one of the two seats in his own county of Antigonish and failed. The loss of Halifax is regarded as a severe blow by Conservatives.

Hon. Francis Langelier will not arrive for the session until Easter, being busy with the courts. Mr. Choquette is detained by the illness of his wife.

Mr. J. F. Lister, of Lambton, is busy at the St. James Assizes, and will not arrive for some days.

Sir Richard Cartwright is here and all the leading members of both sides. Mr. McCarthy will likely be in his place this afternoon.

The coal oil men are here in force again this morning and being piloted about by Mr. Mowbray, M.P. Among them are Messrs. Fitzgerald, Kerr and Jenkins.

Shot by a Woman.

HALIFAX, March 15.—A woman named Mary Connelly, from Pictou, N. S., a peddler, shot a Mr. Wellnor, a commercial traveler, this morning in the North street railway station. Wellnor lives at Bedford and was coming into the city. The woman says he insulted her on the train. She was arrested. The extent of his injuries are unknown.

Late Canadian News.

Two Montreal Children Kidnapped from Their Mother.

Failure of a Hardware House for \$70,000—An Express Messenger in Trouble.

Indications are that within a week Kingston harbor will be clear of ice.

W. H. Radenbush, barrister and town clerk of Perth, died on Wednesday.

Toronto School Board estimates call for \$394,000, of which the city will be asked to furnish \$364,188.

The Winnipeg Presbytery has nominated Rev. Dr. McKay, of Formosa, as moderator of the next General Assembly.

Friends of ex-Lieutenant-Governor Royal in Montreal will tender him a banquet because of the stand he took with regard to independence.

The demand of assignment has been made on T. Wilson & Co., wholesale hardware merchants, Montreal. The liabilities are \$70,000.

William Lockridge, of Brandon, has pleaded guilty to the charge of raising bank bills and been sentenced to three years in the penitentiary.

At the assizes in Goderich in Irwin vs. Broadfoot, an action for seduction, the parties residing at Seaford, verdict by consent for plaintiff for \$300.

Ex-Lieutenant-Governor Royal's friends are raising money for the express company of Winnipeg, he superannuated, and the place given to ex-Governor Royal.

The case against Cowan, charged with perjury at the last Dominion election in Winnipeg, was called at the assizes Wednesday afternoon. Cowan did not appear and the judge ordered that his bail be forfeited.

The late Rev. Dr. Douglas has an estate valued at about \$35,000, which he left to his widow for life. At Mrs. Douglas's death it will be equally divided among the three daughters of deceased.

Messenger J. H. Narden, of the Canadian Express Company, Hamilton, was on Thursday committed to trial by Police Magistrate Jells on charges of stealing sums of money from the express company.

Montreal speculators have been badly bitten in their Chicago wheat deals, the price on Thursday dropping to 57½ cents. One Chicago broker telegraphed that it looked as if the market would go 15 cents lower.

A well-known and respected resident of Owen Sound, Mr. John Hunter, passed away on Tuesday at the age of 84. He was one of the early settlers, and 50 years ago carried the mail between Barrie and Owen Sound.

On Saturday the two children of Mrs. Dorion were kidnapped from their home on Wellington street, Montreal. It is supposed that their father, from whom Mrs. Dorion has obtained a decree of separation on the ground of neglect and ill-treatment, is the kidnapper.

SHIELDING THE REBEL.

Portuguese at Rio Refuse to Give Up Da Gama.

The Brazilians Incensed—Da Gama a Coward—Never Meant to Fight.

RIO JANEIRO, March 16.—The Portuguese officials here refuse to give up Da Gama or the other rebel officers who fled and were transferred from the French cruiser to the Portuguese corvettes Mindello and Albuquerque.

President Peixoto's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Senhor Nogueira, has informed them that Da Gama is not an ordinary political offender but a rebel, a pirate, a conspirator against the law of the Government, and that it is the duty of the Portuguese authorities to deliver him and his officers up on the assurance of the Brazilian Government that they will be tried by a formal tribunal and are in no present danger of losing their lives.

Brazilians are incensed against the Portuguese over the affair, and there is much talk of a popular demonstration of disapproval in front of the Portuguese consulate here. A number of dynamite bombs were found among the ammunition of the rebel ships when they surrendered.

Da Gama and his officers will sail for Lisbon if not prevented. The English give their share of the ill-feeling of the populace for aiding the rebels.

Da Gama sailors say they never thought he was such a coward as to leave them. After the surrender, President Peixoto sent food and water to the starving garrison on Cobras and Paqueta Islands and ordered the ill and wounded to be taken care of. Da Gama never intended to make a fight against the loyal fleet. Steam had not been gotten up in his ships. They were not cleared for action and a large amount of water had been let into the flagship, the Tamandaré, preparatory to sinking her. The whole conduct of the rebels in the fight is like an opera bouffe, though every one is surprised that they did not show some resistance at the last.

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess of overwork, suffering from any of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emaciation, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, basiness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, diarrhoea of bowels, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring or vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada.

Please mention this paper.

The Legislature

Hon. John Dryden Defends the Agricultural Department.

Mr. Woods Advocates Abolition of the Fee System.

Two Sessions and a Long Debate Without Reaching a Vote.

(Special to the ADVERTISER.)

PARLIAMENT HOUSE, TORONTO, March 15.—Mr. Dryden, resuming the debate on the budget this afternoon, spoke for an hour, creating an admirable impression. He referred to the criticism made on his department and remarked that, while he did not object to fair criticism, he had a right to complain of censorious and unjust fault-finding. It had been suggested that the Department of Agriculture should be amalgamated with some other branch of the Government. Every member of the Administration took issue upon this question. The necessity for an agricultural Minister was imperative and approved throughout the Province. Referring to the charge that there was no return for the large expenditures made on the Agricultural College, Mr. Dryden pointed out the enviable position Ontario had taken in agricultural products at the World's Fair. He then met the criticism that during the past ten years an increase of over \$10,000 a year had necessarily been made at the college on new services. He instanced the importance of the dairy department, in which 100 young men and women were receiving instruction. Mr. Dryden compared the salaries paid at the Agricultural College with those of the Experimental Farms at Ottawa and in the United States. The principal at Guelph got \$2,000 a year. At the Ottawa Experimental Farm, Prof. Saunders received \$4,000 a year and a free house, while the professors each got \$1,400 a year and a free house. At Lansing, Mich., the principal got \$3,000 with a free house, and twelve professors each received \$1,800 with free houses. At Cornell, N. Y., all the agricultural professors received \$3,000 and free houses. In comparison with these figures the salaries at Guelph were not high. If the best men were to be kept in Canada they would have to be paid good salaries. The revenue of the Guelph College in 1893 was \$4,240, while at Ottawa in the same year the revenue was \$2,552. The Opposition had said that the attendance at Guelph was not large. The attendance would never be what it should be while the college was being belittled for political purposes. There were, however, more pupils in attendance than at any other period in the college's history. It had been said that pupils left the college and never returned because they were disgusted with it. This was not true. The present time was one of depression and the farmers found it hard to spare their sons. The Guelph College was the best equipped one of its kind on the continent, and this fact had been subscribed to by innumerable visitors from the United States and Europe. While an advocate of economy, he was an equally strong advocate of efficiency, and he did not intend to sacrifice efficiency for the sake of making a cheap Jack school at Guelph—the only one of the kind which the farmers of Ontario possessed. (Great cheering.)

Mr. Wood (Hastings) here sprung an amendment to the motion "That Mr. Speaker do now leave the chair." The amendment called for the abolition of the fee system of paying all public officials, and he advanced it in a speech of an hour's duration. His remarks were mainly an elaboration of those which he had made at previous sessions.

Sir Oliver Mowat replied. He thought that Mr. Wood's statement that \$250,000 would be saved to the Province were the fee system abolished was absurd. The Province would undoubtedly be the loser were such a change made. He had often before justified the present system on the ground that where the large salaries were procured there was a corresponding increase in the responsibility and work. He had no reason to change his judgment now, and he had no hesitancy in saying that the fee system was greatly superior to the salaried system.

For three hours this evening the want of confidence motion was debated. A vote was not reached. An incident of the discussion was Mr. Whitney's suggestion that all officials should be elected either by the people or by the county councils.

Mr. Ross thought that if such a proposition were carried into effect numerous evils, as in the adjacent Union, would result.

Mr. Meredith pointed out that there was always strife over the appointment of officials by the Government, and on this account the Administration dared not make an appointment of registrar in Midland. The fee system, he said, was demoralizing.

The House adjourned at 11 o'clock.

A deputation which waited upon the Government this evening advised that the proposed bill to tax gas and electric plant be rejected.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

Two Good Performances Billed for To-morrow at the Grand-Grosmont, "The Sunnys of Living Men."

MISS MARIE WAINWRIGHT.

There will be two performances of unusual interest at the Opera House to-morrow (Saturday) March 17, when the famous actress, Marie Wainwright, one of the acknowledged leaders and beauties of the American stage, will appear in two celebrated English plays. At the matinee Tom Taylor's brilliant comedy-drama, "An Unequal Match," which shows many varied phases of English social life. The night programme will be "Man and Wife," Wilkie Collins' wonderful story as dramatized by the well known manager and playwright, Augustin Daly.

From the Montreal Herald: "His popularity was attested by hearty applause all through his performance last night, and he was funny enough to render many of his hearers helplessly hysterical. He remains ennobled as the funniest of living men."

His two sketches are quite new and are billed as having been "written and composed especially for his second tour of America and Canada." "The Art of Entertaining" is already a well-trodden path, but

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A Reliable and Exquisite Toilet Lotion.

For Chapped Hands, Face, Lips, or any irritation of the skin, Sunburn, Wounds, Chafing, etc., prevents tendency to wrinkles, keeps the face smooth, and preserves the complexion. Gentlemen after shaving will find it a superior lotion to allay irritation and soreness.

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Mr. Grossmith enlivens the way in a manner of his own. Under his hands the piano talks, and it talks in Grosssmith's own funny way. He tells of the agonies endured by the great world of the entertained and of the trials of the goodly fellowship of entertainers, of whom he is one. He sings the words of "La Marseillaise" to the air of "Rule Britannia" and vice versa. He sings "Daisy" with a Schumann accompaniment, and displays in rather marvelous fashion the latent beauties of the popular air. He makes "The Bower" so romantic and classical after the schools of Strauss and Gounod respectively.

"How I Discovered America" is a clever sketch. He tells about the way an American instructed him in the use of the English language, and says something of the peculiarities of the American upper classes. Then he sings his new and original song, "The American Girl." He outlines an American drama of "The Old Homestead" type and sings another original song, "I'm His Daisy," built upon the "Annie Rooney" and "Maggie Murphy" plan. "The Paderewski Craze," a sketch at the piano